

SURVEYING: INSTRUMENTS AND METHODS

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for their own sake but in a large measure for the geometric principles involved. Contrary to usual practice, the transit is taken up before the level. This arrangement has been adopted after many years of experimentation in the author's own course. It enables the student to determine horizontal position at once, and as a result he is ready to make a complete survey at the earliest possible moment.

The basic surveying methods have been presented in detail. To shorten the text and at the risk of considerable criticism, only those procedures that the author believes to be the best practice have been included. Alternate procedures frequently found in use today have either been omitted or simply mentioned by name. The subjects covered in detail include the transit traverse, ties, stadia, bench-mark and profile leveling, establishing line and grade, and such additional material as is necessary to carry out these operations successfully and to finish the work in hand.

A number of problems are given at the end of each chapter. They are included so that a wide selection will be available to the instructor, not as a requirement for each student.

The course upon which this text is based has been found to be not only a satisfactory short course for general engineering instruction but also an excellent first course in surveying for civil-engineering students. The author first used a special introductory course for civil-engineering students and another course for academic students but obtained better results when this course was given to all.

The author is indebted to many persons and organizations for advice, encouragement, and assistance. Chief among these are Hugh C. Mitchell, formerly of the U.S. Coast and Geodetic Survey; Prof. Charles Roth of Newark College of Engineering; Prof. Herman J. Shea of Massachusetts Institute of Technology; Robert R. Singleton of Aero Service Corp.; Robert S. Rowe of Princeton University; Maj. Alden W. DeYoe, U.S. Coast Artillery; C. L. Berger & Sons, Inc.; Keuffel & Esser Co.; W. & L. E. Gurley; Eugene Dietzgen Co.; Fairchild Aircraft Div., Fairchild Engine & Airplane Corp.; and John A. Roebling's Sons Co.

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CHAPTER I

SURVEYING AND ITS APPLICATIONS

1. Definition. Surveying is the art of making relatively large precise measurements with a maximum of accuracy and with a minimum expenditure of time and labor.

2. Use. Surveying is used for two specific purposes. The first is to make maps, charts, and profiles and therefore to find the exact relative positions and elevations of existing objects. It is thus the basis of plans for nearly all engineering projects and a means of checking conformity to a plan. The second purpose is to lay out or mark the desired positions and elevations of objects to be built or placed as directed by a completed plan. In this capacity, surveying comprises the first step in any actual building process, and it is essential if the work is to be held to close tolerances or if any of the work is to be fabricated elsewhere.

3. Basis of Surveying. Surveying is based on method and on the two chief instruments employed, the transit and the level. By adroit use of the method and skillful use of the instruments, almost any measurement problem can be solved and the work facilitated. Conversely, it is difficult to solve any problem of relatively large measurement with reasonable facility without resorting to surveying methods and surveying instruments.

4. Importance to the Engineer. Surveying is obviously a fundamental element in civil engineering. Most civil-engineering projects are large in size and surveying presents the only means of planning or controlling them. But the method and instruments have been so developed that they usually present the best means of measurement for **any** work where bench-plate or optical techniques cannot be successfully employed. All types of engineers must use surveying to determine the possibilities of a plant site, to lay out plant equipment, to establish grades for liquid transfer, etc. But surveying methods and instruments also offer a tool that proves invaluable to the engineer who knows how to apply it to the small and complex measurements that are involved in manufacturing.

5. Surveying as a Means of Making Small Measurements. Although originally developed for field use, the transit and level are finding their way more and more into the shop (see Figs. 1, 2, 3). They are used to set up machinery, to align shafts, to establish close tolerances on

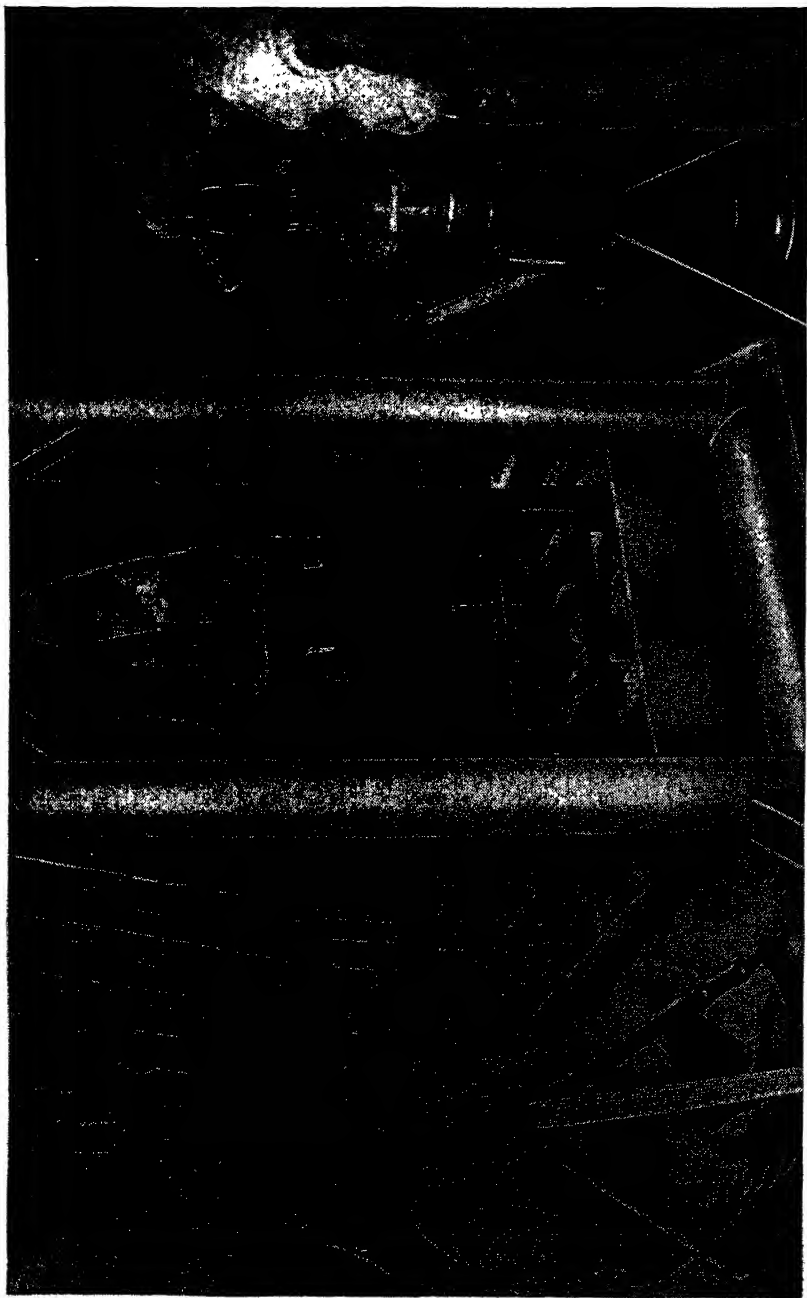


FIG. 1.—Berger instruments used to align a jig in an Aircraft plant. (C. L. Berger & Sons, Inc., and Douglas Aircraft Co.)

large jigs and fixtures, and to hold tolerances on large products like airplanes, railroad cars, and ships. Owing to their inherent precision, the measurements desired are usually obtained more quickly as well as more accurately with surveying instruments than by other means. The advantages to be gained by the use of surveying instruments have become particularly evident during the Second World War, and many new techniques have been developed around them.



FIG. 2.—A Y level in use at a Boeing plant. (*Boeing Aircraft Co.*)

6. Advantages of Surveying Instruments. Surveying instruments have certain advantages not found in most measuring devices. They are listed below.

1. Use of gravity. Gravity is used as a reference direction. The instruments are therefore self-aligning to a horizontal plane and yet free from the restrictions of the bench plate.

2. Optical sights. Optical sights with magnification are used instead of straightedges or wires. With the optical sight used in an ordinary transit, it is possible to hold a line straight to within ± 0.005 inch for 50 feet or to ± 0.001 inch for 10 feet.

3. Accurate angles. Angles can be set off within 30 seconds of arc or measured within 6 seconds with an ordinary transit.

4. Accurate levels. Differences in elevation of 0.01 inch can be observed between points 100 feet apart with an ordinary level.

5. Inherent adjustment. Surveying instruments are designed so that they may be used to test themselves, and they can be adjusted to eliminate any errors that these tests disclose. Surveying instruments are thus self-calibrating.

7. Surveying Techniques. To utilize the possibilities of surveying instruments, surveying methods must be thoroughly understood. The standard procedures that have been developed through the years nearly always produce the most accurate results in the shortest time and

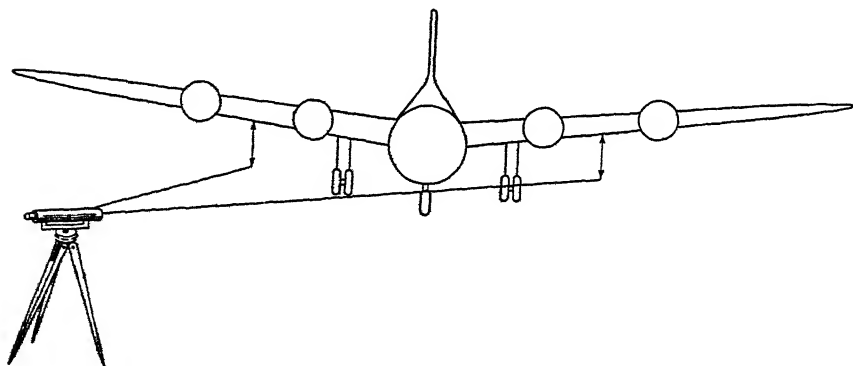


FIG. 3.—Airplanes are leveled by surveying instruments. Here gauge points have been incorporated under wings for this purpose.

with a minimum of opportunity for mistakes. These procedures are based on the fundamental principles of accurate measurement and are designed to meet the necessity for speed. An engineer does well to familiarize himself with these methods, for they not only give him an understanding of proper measurement procedure but also offer a basis for the design of methods to solve the particular measurement problems that may confront him.

8. Geometry of the Instruments. The geometric relationships that must be maintained in a transit are always present in any angle-measuring device. It is impossible safely to establish any angle-measurement procedure without a thorough understanding of the transit.

9. The level instrument is based on a principle of determining the direction of gravity that has almost universal application. It should be thoroughly understood both for designing other instruments and for successful use of the instrument itself.

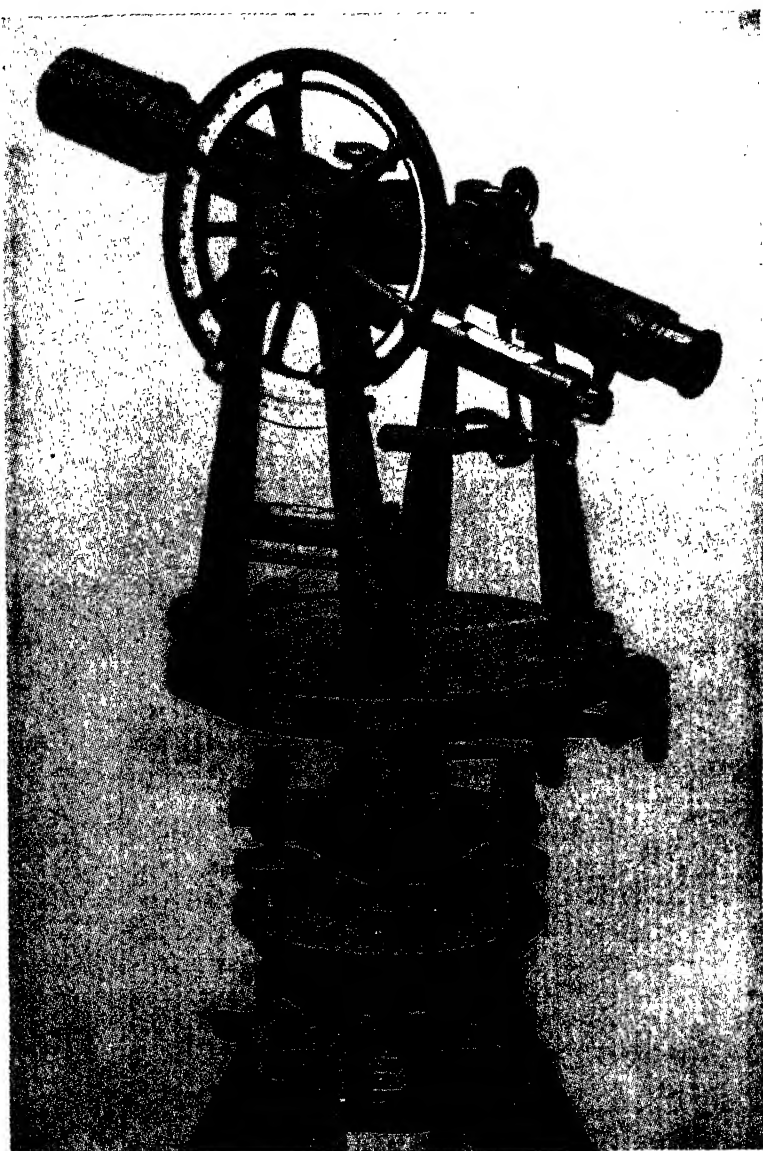


FIG. 4.—A Berger engineer's transit. (*G. L. Berger & Sons, Inc.*)

10. The Purpose of This Textbook. This book is designed to demonstrate as briefly as possible the surveying methods and instruments that are applicable to small areas. It therefore deals with the basic principles of surveying and is chiefly concerned with the understanding and the use of surveying instruments. It is intended to give the reader a complete concept of what surveying will do and to make it possible for him to map small areas, lay out construction details, and effectively utilize surveying for any measurement problem he may encounter in the field or in the shop.

CHAPTER II

THE SURVEYING METHOD

11. The surveying method is based on certain elements that facilitate operations and increase the accuracy of the work. These elements are described in the following paragraphs.

12. **Gravity as a Reference Direction.** The direction of gravity is used as a reference for all measurements. By **vertical** is meant the direction of gravity, and by **horizontal** is meant the direction perpendicular to gravity. Since the earth's surface is not a plane,¹ the direction of gravity is different at every position on the earth's surface.

13. The effect of the differences in the direction of gravity on horizontal measurements is so slight within a radius of 12 miles or so that it is almost impossible to measure it. For all small surveys, therefore, the curvature of the earth is neglected in the use of horizontal measurements. Plane geometry and plane trigonometry are used for the reduction of results, and such a survey is said to be a plane survey. It is the only type of survey covered in this text. When spherical trigonometry or elliptical formulas are used, the survey is called a **geodetic survey**.

14. **Measurements Made.** Measurements are made of only four types of dimensions. They are (1) **horizontal lengths**; (2) **vertical lengths**; (3) **horizontal angles**; (4) **vertical angles**.

15. **Horizontal Length.** A length measured horizontally throughout that does not change in horizontal direction is called a **horizontal length** or **distance**. Sometimes a distance is measured on a slope and immediately reduced to the horizontal equivalent (Fig. 1).

16. **Vertical Length.** A vertical length is measured along the direction of gravity and is equivalent to a difference in height.

17. **Horizontal Angle.** A horizontal angle is an angle measured in a plane that is horizontal at the vertex, i.e., at the point of measurement. When a horizontal angle is measured between points that do not lie in this plane, it is measured between the perpendiculars extended to this plane from these points (Fig. 2).

18. **Vertical Angle.** A vertical angle is sometimes called the **altitude angle**, **angle of elevation**, or **site angle**. The vertical angle of a

¹ It is nearly an oblate spheroid, i.e., the solid generated by an ellipse rotated on its minor axis.

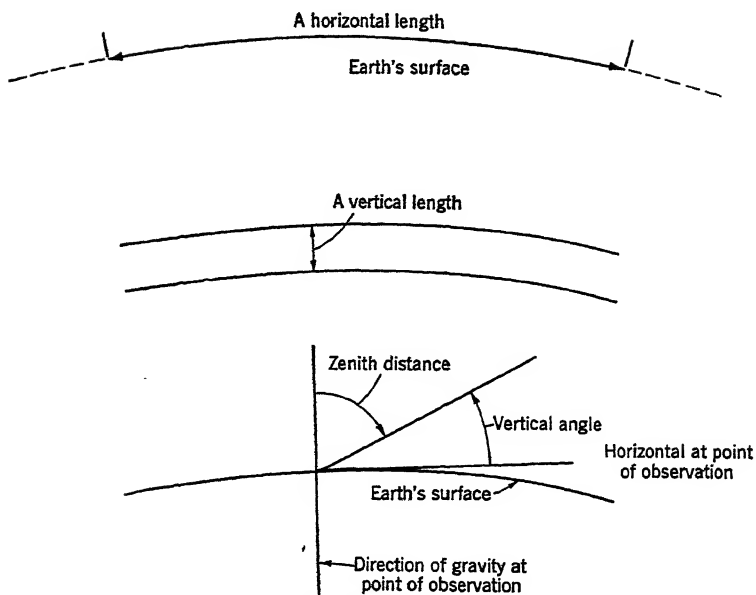
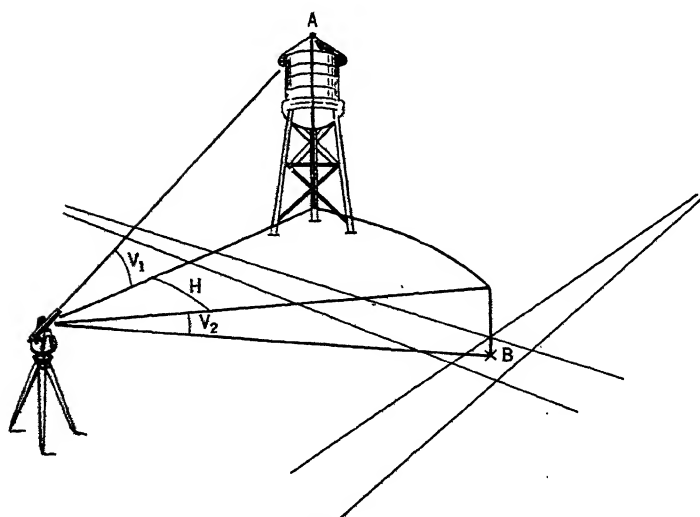


FIG. 1.—Dimensions measured.



H is the horizontal angle between A and B
 V_1 is the plus vertical angle from the transit to A
 V_2 is the minus vertical angle from the transit to B

FIG. 2.—Horizontal and vertical angles.

point is measured in a plane that is vertical at the point of observation and contains the point. Vertical angles are always measured up or down from the horizontal. Those measured upward are called **plus**, and those

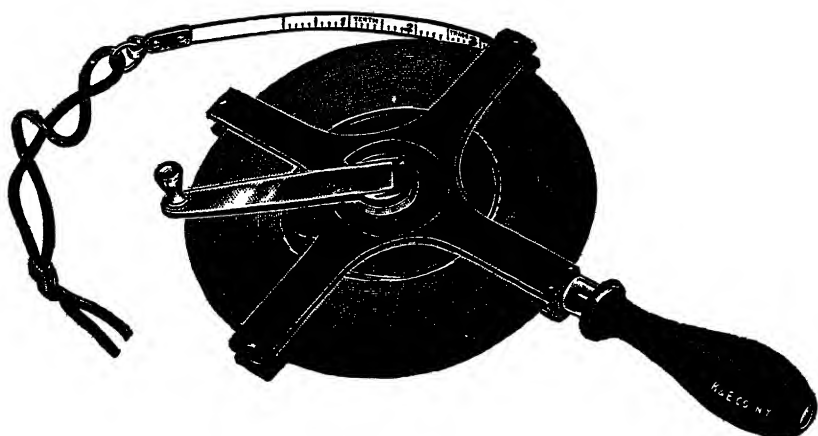


FIG. 3.—Surveying tapes are graduated in feet and decimals of a foot. (*Keuffel & Esser Co.*)

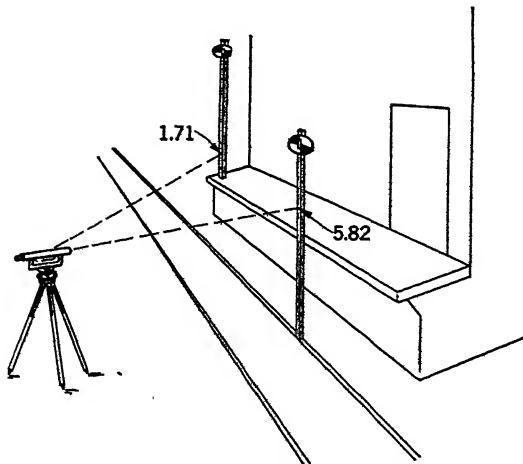


FIG. 4.—Measuring a difference in height between a rail and a platform. Difference is $5.82 - 1.71 = 4.11$.

measured downward are called **minus**. Sometimes the complement of the vertical angle is measured. This is the angle from the vertical above the point of the observation, i.e., the **zenith**, down to the point. Such an angle is called a **zenith distance**.

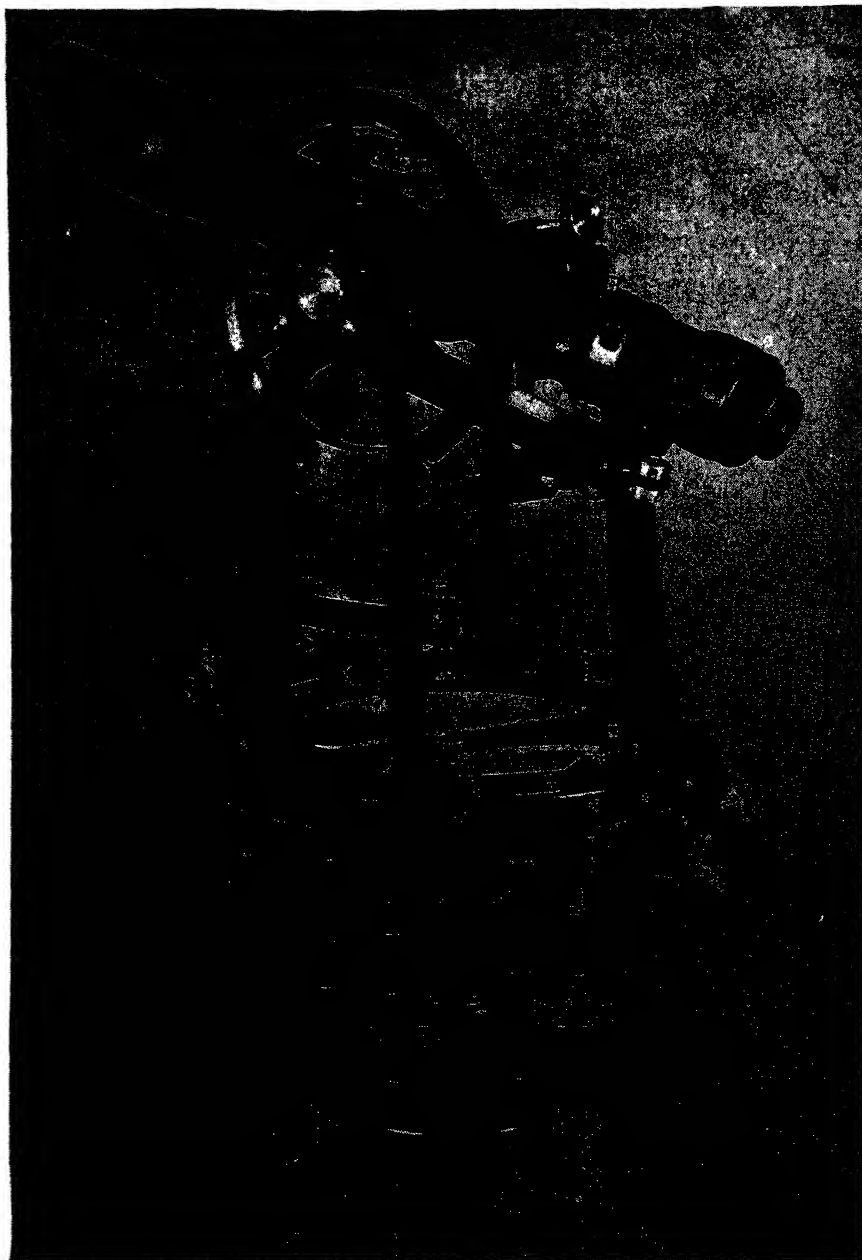


FIG. 5.—A Keuffel & Esser engineer's transit. (*Keuffel & Esser Co.*)

19. Measurement of Horizontal Lengths. Horizontal lengths are usually measured with steel tapes, usually graduated in hundredths of a foot, seldom in inches (see Fig. 3).

20. Measurement of Vertical Lengths. Vertical lengths are usually measured with wooden rods held vertically and graduated in hundredths of a foot. The level instrument or its equivalent is used to observe the rods. A level consists of a telescopic line of sight, which can be made horizontal by an attached sensitive spirit level. The instrument

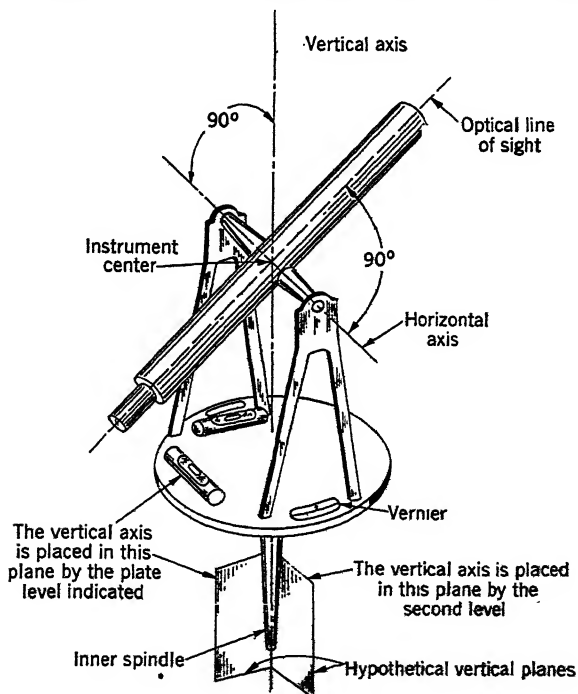


FIG. 6.—Transit essentials. Schematic diagram of an alidade.

can be turned in various directions around a stationary vertical axis. The differences in the readings on the rods are the differences in height of the points upon which the rods are placed (see Fig. 4).

21. Measurement of Horizontal and Vertical Angles. Horizontal and vertical angles are usually measured with a transit. A transit consists essentially of an optical line of sight, which is perpendicular to and supported on a horizontal axis. The horizontal axis is perpendicular to a vertical axis about which it can rotate. Spirit levels are used to make the vertical axis coincide with the direction of gravity. Graduated circles with verniers are used to read the angles (Figs. 5 and 6).

22. Designation of Horizontal Angles. Horizontal angles are designated according to a system that differs slightly from the method used in geometry. The system is introduced so that it is possible to designate exactly which angle is measured. Figure 7 illustrates the surveying method of designating horizontal angles.

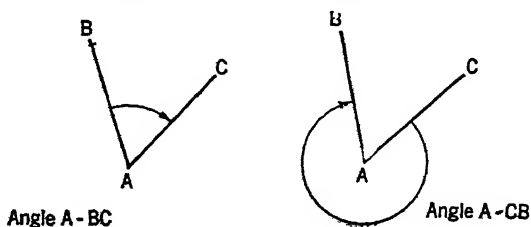


FIG. 7.—Method of designating angles. Clockwise measurement is always assumed. The designation shows which of the two angles at A is actually measured.

23. Measurement of Horizontal Position. The relative horizontal positions of points are usually determined by traverses or by triangulation. A traverse consists of the measurement of a series of horizontal lengths called **courses** and the horizontal angles between these

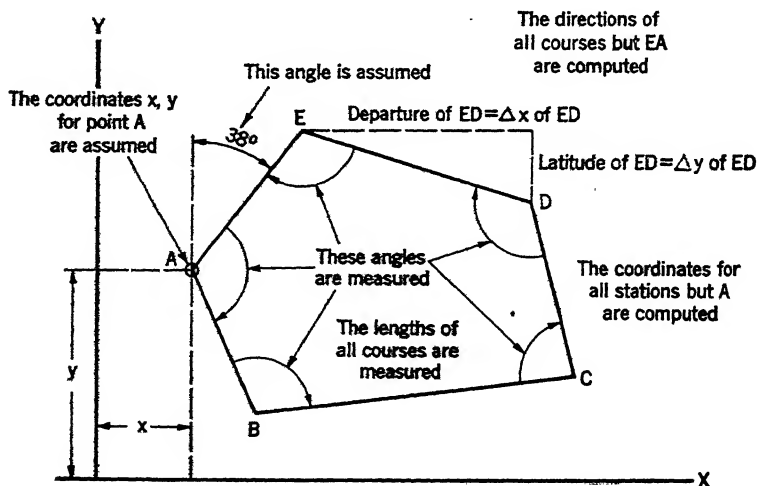


FIG. 8.—Method of establishing a coordinate system.

courses. Triangulation consists of the measurement of the angles of a series of connected triangles. At least one side of one triangle is measured. In both cases the final results are computed by trigonometry.

24. The results of a horizontal survey are best expressed by rectangular coordinates. One of the courses, or sides, is given a direction with

respect to north, by measurement or assumption, and the directions of the other lines are computed from the measured angles. The direction used for north thus fixes the orientation of the coordinate system with respect to the survey courses (see Fig. 8).

25. Direction. The directions of the sides, or courses, are expressed either by **azimuths** or by **bearings**. An azimuth is ordinarily a clockwise horizontal angle from a reference direction, usually north. South is usually used for geodetic surveys that cover great areas. A bearing is the angle from the north or south, **whichever is nearest**, with the added

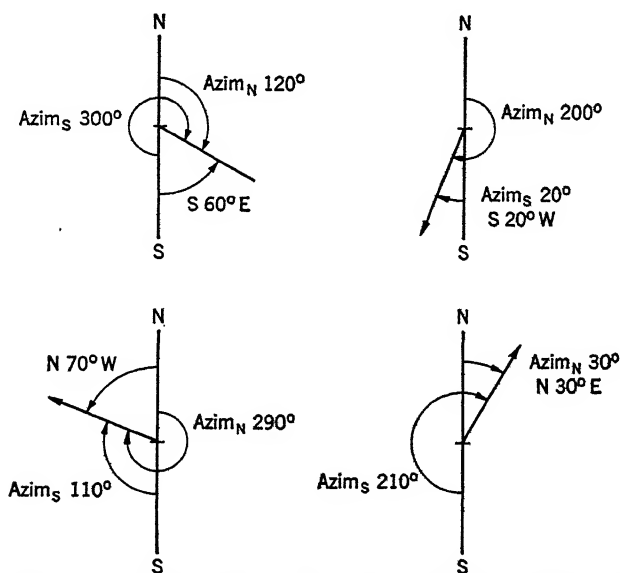


FIG. 9.—Methods of expressing direction. Equivalent azimuths and bearings.

designation of east or west, whichever applies. A bearing can never be greater than 90 deg. For example, the following four directions are expressed by these three methods (see Fig. 9):

Azimuth _n		Azimuth _s		Bearing
120°	=	300°	=	S 60° E
200°	=	20°	=	S 20° W
290°	=	110°	=	N 70° W
30°	=	210°	=	N 30° E

26. The opposite direction to the one stated is often called a **back direction**. The back direction of a line can be found by adding ± 180 deg to the forward direction. When bearings are used, this results

in merely changing both letters. For example, the back bearing of S 27°10' E is N 27°10' W, etc.

27. Position. The coordinates used are called **north** and **east** or y and x . North, or y , ordinates are measured northerly from an east-west line, or X axis. East, or x , abscissas are measured easterly from a north-south line, or Y axis. To establish them, the coordinates of one of the angle points are arbitrarily chosen. The coordinates of the other points are computed by trigonometry. The coordinates of the starting point

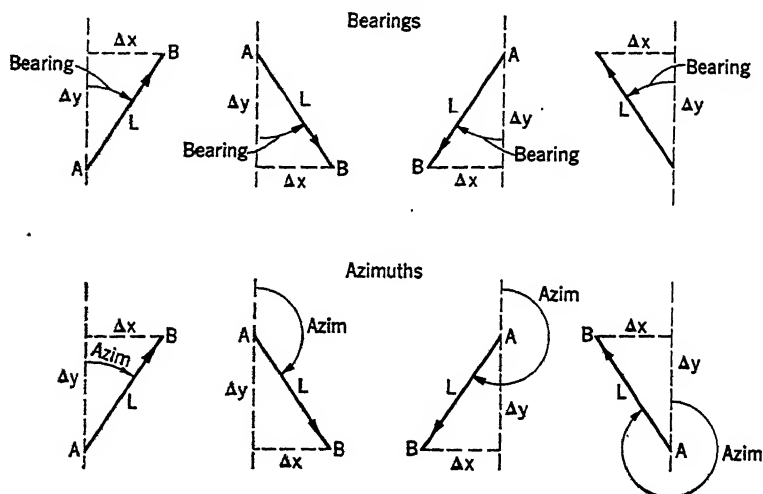


FIG. 10.—Computation of latitudes and departures. In every case

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\Delta y}{L} &= \cos \text{ direction} & \Delta y &= L \cos \text{ direction} \\ \frac{\Delta x}{L} &= \sin \text{ direction} & \Delta x &= L \sin \text{ direction}\end{aligned}$$

where Δy = latitude of AB
 Δx = departure of AB
 L = length of AB

should be so chosen that there will be no minus coordinates, i.e., the whole survey will lie in the northeast quadrant. Every line has a Δy called a **latitude** and a Δx called a **departure** (see Fig. 8). The latitude of a line is equal to the product of the length of the line multiplied by the cosine of its direction. The departure of a line is equal to the product of its length multiplied by the sine of its direction (see Fig. 10). A marked point showing horizontal position is called a **station**, usually abbreviated to Sta.

28. Vertical Position. The relative vertical positions of points are determined by a series of level observations. Since the line of sight of the

level is horizontal at each observation, the reference surface is made up of very short horizontal lines, or very nearly a curved surface everywhere perpendicular to gravity.

29. It is easier to refer the results of a level survey to a **standard datum**. Often mean sea level is used. The vertical heights above the standard datum are called **elevations**. Sometimes the standard datum surface is called a datum **plane**, even though the surface is curved. A marked point of known elevation is called a **bench mark**, usually abbreviated to B.M. (see Fig. 11).

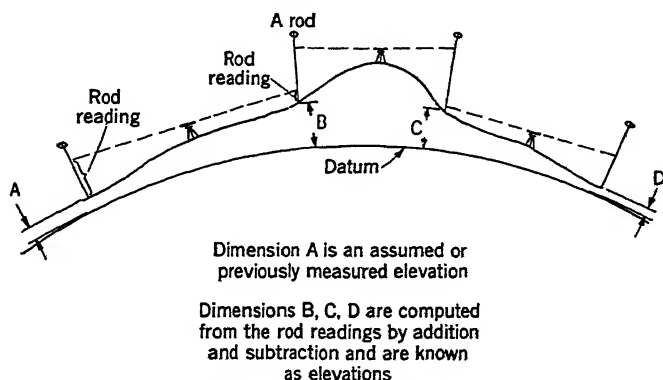


FIG. 11.—Principle of vertical position, or elevation.

30. **Errors.** It has been shown that surveying consists in making many measurements. When measurements are made, the results always contain errors, for no measurement can be perfect. There are three general types of errors, **accidental errors**, **systematic errors**, and **blunders**.

31. **Accidental Errors.** Accidental errors are the type of errors that represent the limit of the instruments, equipment, or skill in the determination of a value. Their sign and size are accidental, and they obey the laws of chance. With repeated measurements they have a tendency to cancel. Gauss has shown that, when a measurement depends on the sum of individual determinations, the accidental error in the final result varies with the square root of the number of individual measurements.

32. **Systematic Errors.** Systematic errors are the type of errors that are caused by some bias in the instrument, equipment, or procedure. Under the same conditions they are always of the same size and sign. A measuring tape that is the wrong length introduces a systematic error.

33. **Blunders.** Blunders are mistakes that are not the result of lack of judgment, skill, or ability.

34. **Accuracy and Precision.** Since no measurement is perfect, the results obtained are qualified by some measure of **accuracy**. Usually

this is estimated by a comparison of two or more independent measurements. When the accuracy is to be increased, greater **precision** must be used in the instruments, the methods, and the observations. Precision therefore can be defined as the degree of perfection **used** in the instruments, methods, and observations. Accuracy is the degree of perfection **obtained**.

35. High precision is costly but necessary for high accuracy. The chief art of surveying is to obtain the data required, with the degree of accuracy desired, at the lowest cost.

36. The degree of accuracy of a horizontal measurement is usually expressed as a ratio of the error to the total distance measured. For example, if an error of 0.18 feet were made in measuring 577.80 feet, the accuracy is expressed as follows:

$$\frac{0.18}{577.80} = 1/3,210$$

Ordinary measurement with a steel tape gives an accuracy of about 1 part in 3,000.

ORDER OF ACCURACY DEFINED BY BOARD OF SURVEYS AND MAPS
OF THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, MAY 9, 1933

Type of survey	Type of error	Limits of error Order of accuracy			
		First	Second	Third	Fourth
Triangulation	Maximum angular closure per triangle	3"	5"	10"	No appreciable error in resulting map
	Average angular closure per triangle	1"	3"	5"	
	Error in length of base as computed through triangles after angles are adjusted	1/25,000	1/10,000	1/5,000	
	Probable error* of base measurement	1/1,000,000	1/500,000	1/200,000	
Traverse	Position closure after angles are adjusted	1/25,000	1/10,000	1/5,000	
Leveling	Error of closure, ft, divided by square root of distance leveled in miles	0.012	0.025	0.050	

* Probable error = 0.6745

where n = number of measurements

Σx^2 = sum of the squares of the quantities by which each measurement differs from the mean of the measurements.

37. The degree of accuracy of leveling is expressed as a ratio of the feet of error to the square root of the miles traversed. For example, ordinary leveling should not exceed

$$0.05 \text{ foot } \sqrt{\text{miles}}$$

An error of 0.20 foot in 9 miles would indicate too low an accuracy by this standard, since the allowable limit of accuracy is 0.15 foot.

38. **The Solution of a Complete Surveying Problem.** The method employed of attacking a problem is **always the same** and applies to all engineering projects. It is often called the **engineering approach**. It can be best explained by an illustration. Consider for this illustration

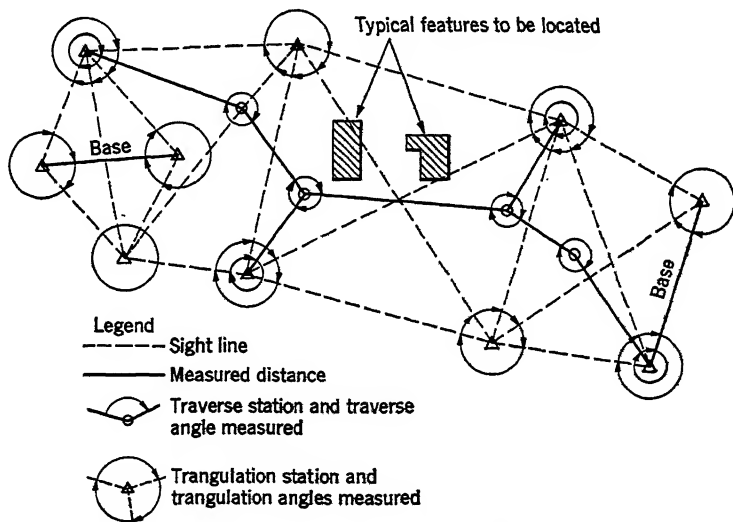


FIG. 12.—A horizontal control system showing a triangulation system and traverses closing on it.

the process of constructing a hydroelectric power plant. There are five steps in the method, as follows: (1) reconnaissance; (2) preliminary survey; (3) map; (4) plan; (5) location survey.

1. Reconnaissance. The general site is decided by a careful study of existing small-scale maps and a thorough study of the actual ground, augmented by rough surveys.

2. Preliminary survey. A survey is made of the chosen site. This survey covers the watersheds, possible reservoir sites, dam sites, and sites for the buildings. It is called a **preliminary survey** and consists of determining the relative positions of existing topographic features and existing construction. Any survey which measures that which already

exists is called a preliminary survey. The preliminary survey includes **control surveys** and **topographical surveys**.

2a. Control survey (see Fig. 12). A relatively few points called stations are permanently marked by monuments. They are arranged so that they can be easily surveyed, and their horizontal positions are determined by relatively precise triangulation and traverse. The elevations of the same or other permanent points called bench marks are determined by relatively precise leveling. These positions and elevations provide an accurate framework upon which less accurate surveys can be based,



FIG. 13.—A cloth tape. These tapes contain metal threads to reduce stretching. They are also known as metallic tapes. (*Keuffel & Esser Co.*)

without the accumulation of accidental errors or the high cost of making all measurements precise.

2b. Topographic survey. By using cloth tapes (metallic tapes) (see Fig. 13), hand levels, plane tables, stadia, or photogrammetry, the topographic features are connected to the control surveys by comparatively low-precision measurements.

3. Map. Maps and profiles are drawn, giving all the required data.

4. Design or plan. By use of the map data, the construction plans are completed, and upon them are stated **location dimensions** to be measured from topographic features or control points. Vertical heights are usually given by elevations. Horizontal positions are given in the best practice by coordinates (see Fig. 14).

5. Location survey. The plans are executed first by marking on the ground the positions of the construction planned, according to the location dimensions. This is called **staking out**. It is accomplished by measuring from the control points or topographic features. This is the reverse process of the preliminary survey, requires different techniques, and is called a **location survey**.

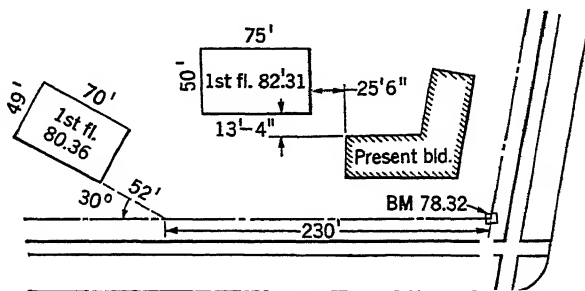


FIG. 14.—Typical location dimensions found on plans.

The techniques used in a location survey are the same as those used in aligning master jigs and assembly jigs and in positioning large or heavy parts. In both cases the problem is to establish position, size, and shape according to an existing plan.

PROBLEMS

1. Express the following directions by two other means:

- | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| a. N 20°10' E | e. A _s 90°50' | i. A _n 310°50' |
| b. A _n 130°40' | f. S 20°30' E | j. A _s 210°20' |
| c. A _s 320°20' | g. A _n 30°10' | k. S 40°10' W |
| d. N 10°30' W | h. A _s 40°20' | l. A _n 250°40' |

2. Compute the opposite, or back, directions for the values in Prob. 1.

3. Express the rule for computing back directions for (a) azimuths, (b) bearings.

4. Express the following vertical angles by zenith distances:

- 20°10'
- 6°20'
- 60°40'
- 7°10'

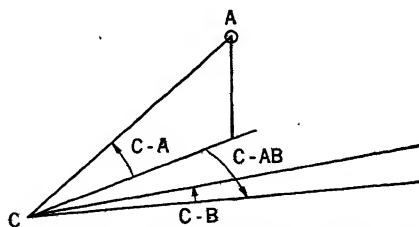


FIG. 15.—Illustration for Probs. 5-10.

5-10. Assume that the instrument center is at *C*. Find the difference in elevation, the horizontal length, and the slope length between *A* and *B* for the six sets of data given. Compute to the nearest foot only (see Fig. 15).

	5	6	7	8	9	10
Horizontal angle <i>C-A-B</i>	20°	30°	40°	10°	25°	35°
Horizontal length <i>C-A</i>	100'	200'	200'	100'	60'	40'
Horizontal length <i>C-B</i>	200'	100'	200'	100'	20'	30'
Vertical angle <i>C-A</i>	20°	10°	10°	15°	-5°	8°
Vertical angle <i>C-B</i>	30°	-10°	20°	-5°	10°	-4°

11. Indicate by *A*, *S*, or *B* whether the following produce accidental errors, systematic errors, or blunders:

- | | |
|--|--|
| <i>a</i> . Swinging plumb bob. | <i>f</i> . Poor light. |
| <i>b</i> . Reading 9 for 6. | <i>g</i> . Recopying field data. |
| <i>c</i> . Repaired tape. | <i>h</i> . Uncorrected slope measurements. |
| <i>d</i> . No reading glass for transit. | <i>i</i> . Transit not level. |
| <i>e</i> . Using the wrong clamps. | <i>j</i> . Failure to focus. |

12. Determine the accuracies of the following surveys, and name the order of accuracy:

	Error in measurement	Distance measured, ft
<i>a</i>	10'	22,361
<i>b</i>	0.05'	3,005
<i>c</i>	1.27'	14,000
<i>d</i>	0.09'	1,002
<i>e</i>	1.00'	25,000
<i>f</i>	0.84'	8,400

Determine the orders of accuracy of the following level surveys:

	Error, feet	Distance, miles
<i>g</i>	0.027	10
<i>h</i>	0.035	2
<i>i</i>	0.016	1
<i>j</i>	0.016	0.5
<i>k</i>	0.117	8
<i>l</i>	0.164	2

CHAPTER III

HORIZONTAL MEASUREMENT

39. Steel Tapes. Except for determinations of low precision, horizontal lengths are measured by steel tapes. In use they are supported either throughout their entire length or at regular intervals (Figs. 1, 2).

40. Whenever possible a spring balance handle should be attached to the forward end of the tape. A spring balance handle indicates the value of the pull applied. This ensures an accurate pull and speeds up the work

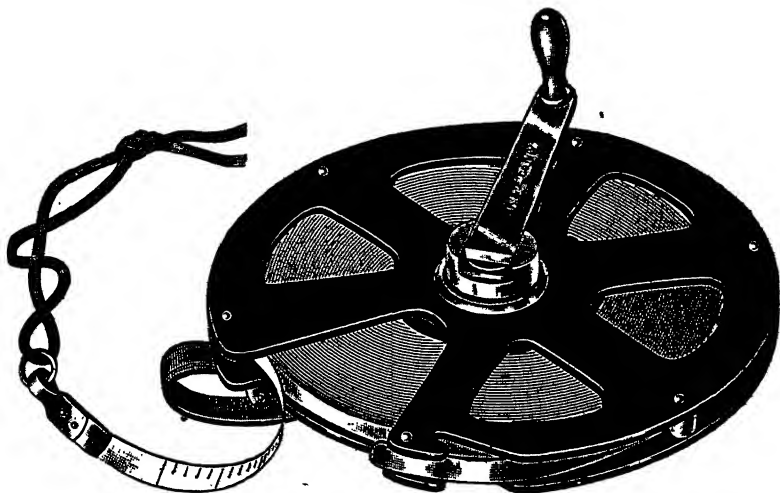


FIG. 1.—A Keuffel & Esser Wyteface steel tape in a convenient reel. (*Keuffel & Esser Co.*)

by steadying the pull. When the accuracy required is greater than 1:3,000, a thermometer must be used to measure the tape temperature. This is attached to the tape near one end with adhesive tape. The bulb should be in contact with the steel (Fig. 3).

41. Corrections to Field Measurements. Three corrections are applied to field measurements, **tape correction**, **temperature correction**, and **slope correction**.

42. Tape Correction. A tape must be compared with a standard to determine its actual length. The U.S. Bureau of Standards is equipped to compare a tape with the international meter, which is now accepted

as the standard of length for the United States. Tapes standardized by the Bureau of Standards are often kept in the office and used as standards for field tapes (Fig. 4).

43. Since the length of a tape is affected by the temperature, the tension applied, and the type of support, a tape should be standardized at the

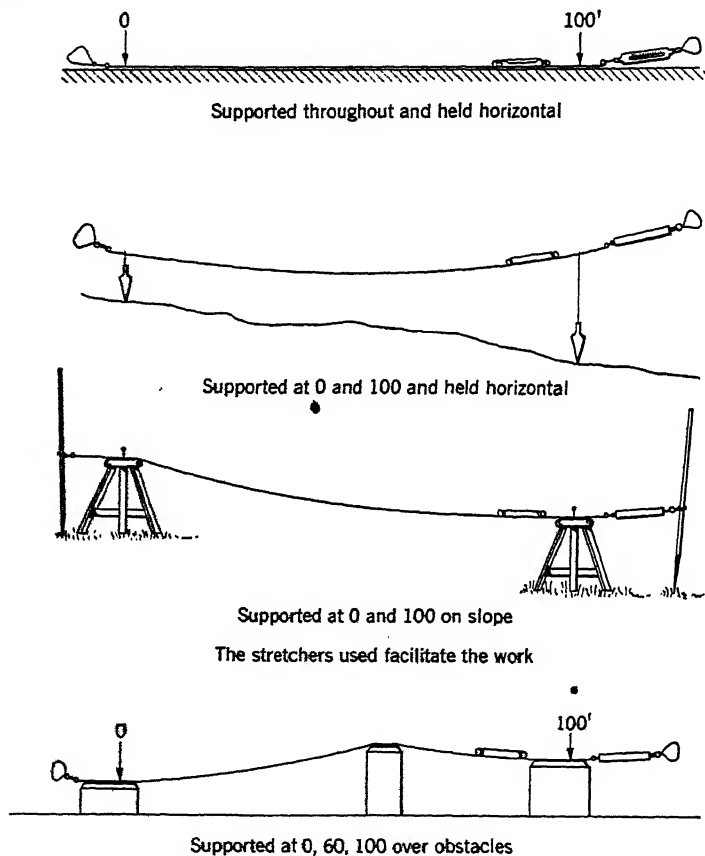


FIG. 2.—Methods of supporting a tape.

standard temperature of 68°F and with the same tension and type of support that will be used in the field.

44. A tape correction is that quantity which must be added to the **nominal** length of a tape to obtain the **actual** length of the tape (at 68°F).

45. Thus a tape that is too short has a **minus** tape correction. Also, the value of a measurement determined with a tape that is too short must have a correction **subtracted** from it.

46. For example, assume that a tape nominally 100 feet long is found to be 99.98 feet at 68°F when standardized. The tape correction is then -0.02 feet. A length found to be 300 feet with that tape is actually 299.94 feet.

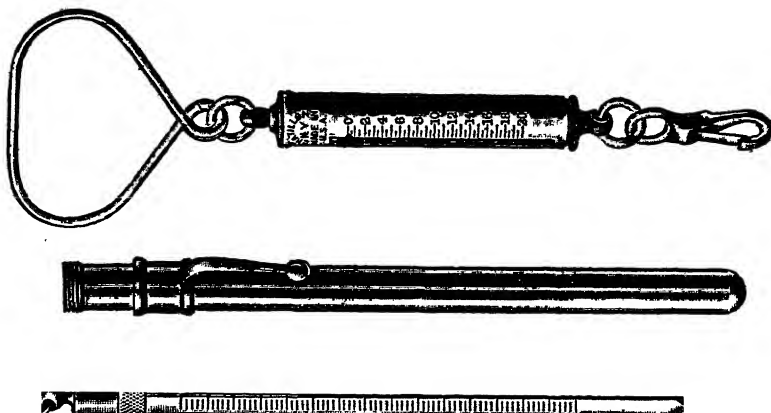


FIG. 3.—A spring balance handle and a tape thermometer. (*Keuffel & Esser Co.*)

47. In applying a tape correction, either to the tape itself or to a distance measured with the tape, the rule is: "Subtract when the tape is too short; add when the tape is too long."

48. **Temperature Correction.** The coefficient of expansion of steel is usually taken at 0.00000645 per degree Fahrenheit. This amounts to

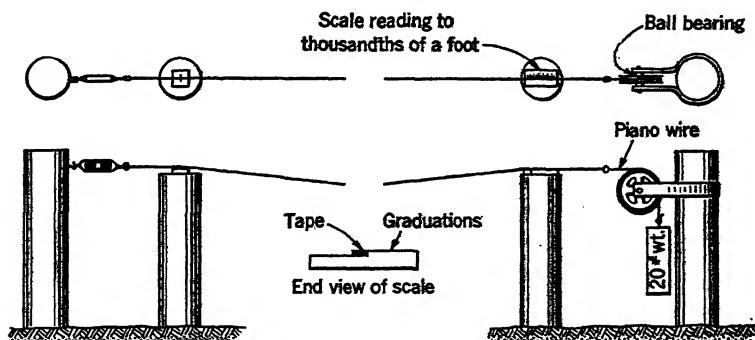


FIG. 4.—Base for comparing tapes.

about 0.01 foot per 100 feet per 15°F. It is to be remembered that the tape is standardized at 68°F.

49. For example, assume that a tape has a correct length at 68°F, i.e., no tape correction. If a measurement, made at 53°F, was recorded as 300 feet, the tempera-

ture correction would be

$$C_f = 300 \text{ ft} \times 0.00000645 \times 15 = 0.029 \text{ ft}$$

or

$$C_f = 3 \times 0.01 \text{ ft} \times 1\frac{5}{15} = 0.03 \text{ ft}$$

50. The correction is subtracted as the tape would be too short. Hence the actual length would be 299.971 feet.

51. **Slope Correction** (See Fig. 5). Often a measurement is made on a slope and reduced to the horizontal by computation. When the slope is measured in angular units, the correction is given as follows:

$$C_h = L \text{ vers } \alpha$$

where L = length recorded

α = angle of slope

(NOTE: versine = $1 - \cos$; tables are available.)

52. When the difference in elevation of two ends of a measurement is known, the correction is computed as follows:

$$C_h = \frac{h^2}{2L}$$

where h = difference in height of the two ends

L = length recorded

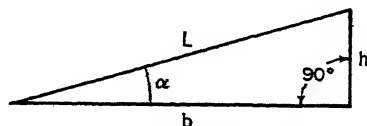


FIG. 5.—Slope correction.

NOTE: From Fig. 5,

$$\begin{aligned} L^2 - b^2 &= h^2 \\ (L - b)(L + b) &= h^2 \\ L - b &= \frac{h^2}{L + b} \end{aligned}$$

But

$$\begin{aligned} L - b &= C_h \\ L + b &= 2L \text{ (very nearly)} \end{aligned}$$

By substitution,

$$C_h = \frac{h^2}{2L}$$

53. Slope corrections are always subtracted, as the tape is made too short by the slope.

54. Combining Several Corrections. Strictly speaking, corrections should be combined by successive multiplication. Assume that for a given length the following unit corrections have been computed and were to be applied:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Unit tape correction} &= a \\ \text{Unit temp. correction} &= b \\ \text{Unit slope correction} &= c\end{aligned}$$

Let

$$\begin{aligned}D &= \text{true distance} \\ L &= \text{length recorded}\end{aligned}$$

Then

$$\begin{aligned}D &= L(1 + a)(1 + b)(1 + c) \\ &= L(1 + a + b + c + ab + ac + bc + abc)\end{aligned}$$

But the values of a , b , and c are very small so that products of any two are negligible. Eliminating such products,

$$\begin{aligned}D &= L(1 + a + b + c) \\ &= L + La + Lb + Lc\end{aligned}$$

Thus each of the corrections can be based on the length recorded and combined by addition.

55. For example, a length of 200 feet was measured at 38°F with a 100-foot tape actually 99.97 feet long at 68°F. The total slope correction was 0.07; then,

$$\begin{aligned}L &= 200 \\ a &= -\frac{0.03}{100} \\ b &= -\left(\frac{68 - 38}{15}\right)\frac{0.01}{100} = -\frac{0.02}{100} \\ c &= -\frac{0.07}{200} \\ D &= 200 - 0.06 - 0.04 - 0.07 = 199.83\end{aligned}$$

56. In practice, the computations are made in a slightly different way. The following example represents the conventional form of computation.

57. Example. Assume the measurement had been made as shown in Fig. 6. The notes and computations would be as follows:

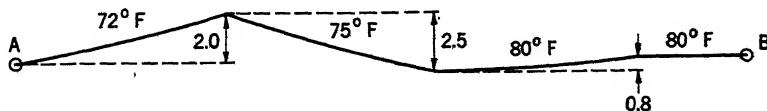


FIG. 6.—Example of field measurement.

Length A-B. Tape 99.982.

Dist.	Temp.	h	Slope cor.	
100	72	2.0	$\frac{4.0}{200}$	0.020
100	75	2.5	$\frac{6.25}{200}$	0.031
100	80	0.8	$\frac{.64}{200}$	0.003
52.71	80	0	0	0
352.71	Aver. 76 -68			0.054
	8			

$$\text{Tape cor.} = 3.53 \times 0.018 = -0.064$$

$$\text{Temp. cor.} = 353 \times 0.00000645 \times 8 = +0.018$$

$$\text{Slope cor.} = -0.054$$

$$\text{Total cor.} = \text{sum} = -0.100$$

$$\text{Recorded length} \dots \dots \dots 352.71$$

$$\text{Correction} \dots \dots \dots -0.100$$

$$\text{Final length} \dots \dots \dots 352.61$$

58. Changes in Tape Correction. Sometimes a tape is used in the field under conditions other than when standardized, i.e., with different tensions and different types of support. When this occurs, it is necessary to change the tape correction for the new tension and the new sag.

59. Tension. When the tension is increased, the tape stretches. The increase in length is expressed as follows:

$$C_p = \frac{L(t - t_0)}{30,000,000S}$$

where C_p = increase in length, ft (a negative result indicates a decrease in length)

L = length of tape, ft

t = tension, lb, applied in the field

t_0 = tension, lb, applied when standardized

S = cross-sectional area, sq in.

60. Sag. Of course, when a tape is supported at several points, it sags between the supports. The sag causes the ends of the tape to move together. The following formula expresses the amount the ends of the tape are brought together by this sag effect only. The tape is assumed to remain the same physical length, no matter what the tension may be.

$$C_s = \frac{w^2 l^3}{24t^2}$$

where C_s = shortening between one pair of supports, ft

w = weight of the tape, lb per ft of tape

l = distance between the pair of supports, ft

t = tension, lb

61. When the values of the effect of different types of support are computed, they are added algebraically to the tape correction determined by the standardization of the tape and thereafter the new tape correction is used in the usual way.

62. **Example.** Assume that the length of the tape by standardization is 100.010 feet and that it was standardized at 68°F when supported at 0- and 100-foot marks under a tension of 20 pounds. The tape correction therefore is +0.010.

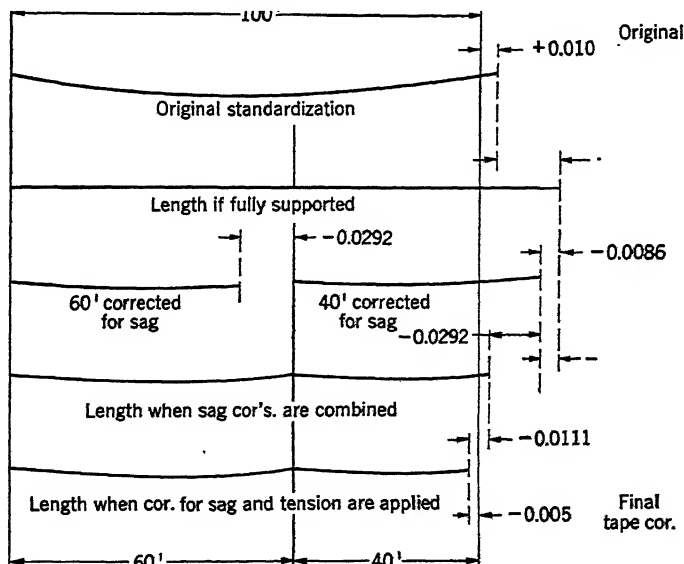


FIG. 7.—Steps in computing a new tape correction.

What will be the tape correction when supported at the 0-, 60-, and 100-foot points and at a tension of 10 pounds?

Assume the following values:

Cross-sectional area.....	0.003 sq. in
Weight.....	0.018 lb per ft

First find the increase in the length of the tape correction if the tape had been fully supported when standardized, other conditions being the same. This would mean adding the sag correction for 100 feet. Then subtract the sag correction for

60 feet and also for 40 feet. Finally, subtract the decrease in length due to the decrease in tension (see Fig. 7). Thus,

When standardized,

$$C_s = \frac{(0.018)^2(100)^2}{24(20)^2} = 0.0338 \text{ ft}$$

When used (60-ft section),

$$C_s = \frac{(0.018)^2(60)^2}{24(10)^2} = 0.0292 \text{ ft}$$

When used (40-ft section),

$$C_s = \frac{(0.018)^2(40)^2}{24(10)^2} = 0.0086 \text{ ft}$$

Change in tension

$$C_p = \frac{100(10 - 20)}{30,000,000(0.003)} = -0.0111 \text{ ft}$$

Collecting,

	Ft
Tape cor. when standardized.....	+0.010
Sag cor. to fully supported.....	+0.0338
Sag cor. for 60-ft span.....	-0.0292
Sag cor. for 40-ft span.....	-0.0086
Tension cor.....	-0.0111
New tape cor. = sum.....	-0.005

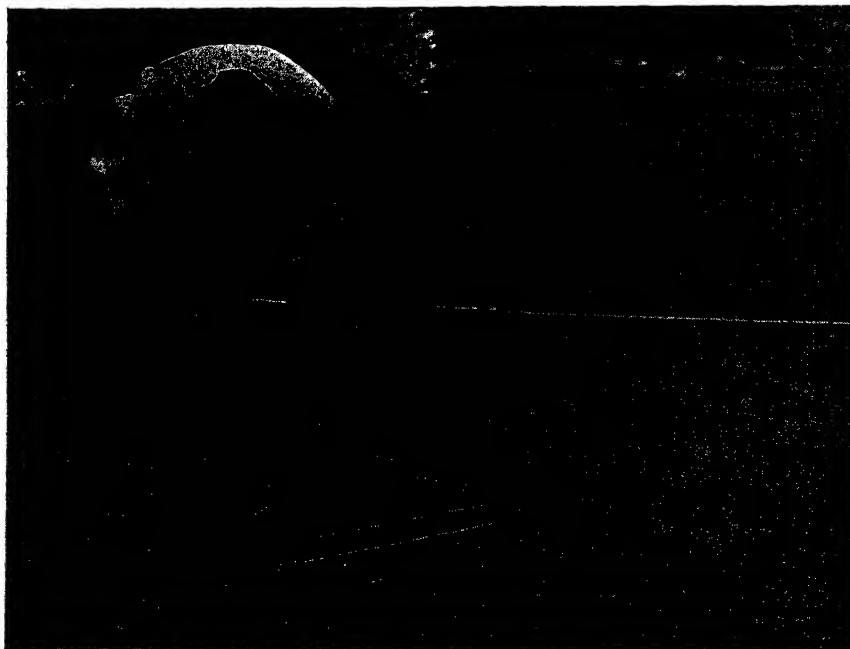


FIG. 8.—Precise taping, applying tension.

63. Taping Procedure. There are many standard procedures for taping, depending on the accuracy desired and the quantity of the work. In large projects, speed becomes a very important item.

64. Precise Taping. Accuracies of better than 1:3,000 can be obtained only when the tape is supported throughout or held on permanent or semipermanent supports which are placed at known intervals and the elevations of which are determined by leveling. The tension must be controlled by a spring-balance handle and the tape temperatures are measured with a thermometer so that proper corrections can be applied. Intermediate points should preferably be aligned with a transit. Fine

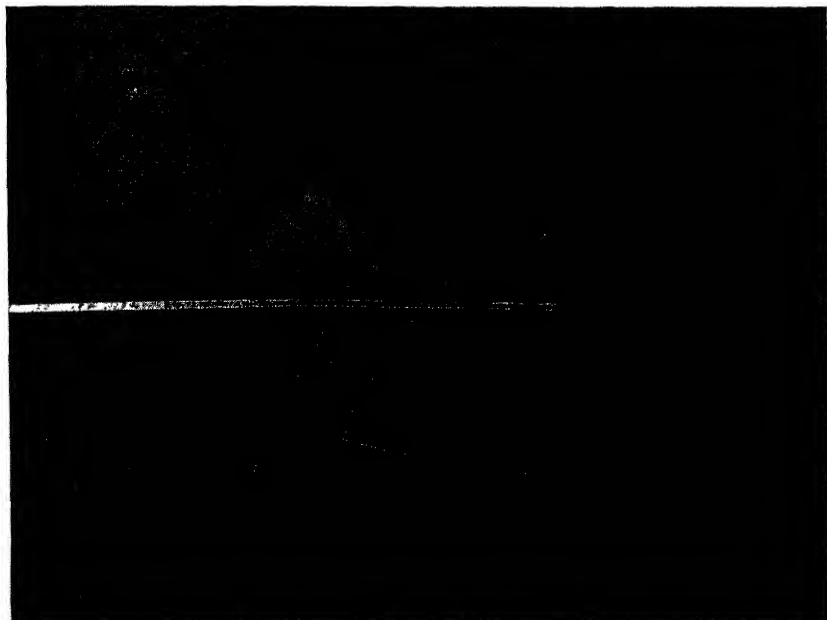


FIG. 9.—Precise taping, “head contact.”

marks must be used to show the positions of the end of the tape. When speed is not essential as is the case for the type of work covered in this text, any method that conforms with the above will be successful. The tape can be supported on a floor, a street pavement, wooden stools, or other objects. Ordinary pins or fine pencil marks can be used to mark the intermediate points. If the surface will not take a pencil, adhesive tape should first be laid down (see Figs. 8, 9, 10).

65. Typical Taping. Most taping required must have an accuracy of 1:2,000 to 1:3,000 and must be accomplished over obstacles or rough ground. It is so frequently used that it is here described in detail.

There are basically two procedures, the measurement of a distance between two existing points and the setting of stakes and tacks in the proper positions for construction. The first type is covered in this chapter and the second type in a later chapter.

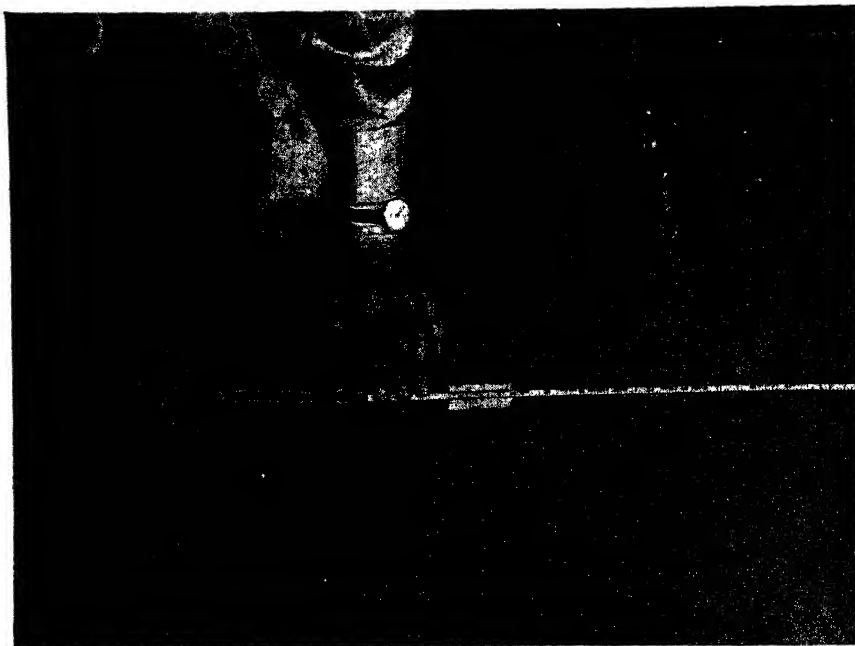


FIG. 10.—Precise taping, using a mark on adhesive tape.

66. Procedure for the Usual Method of Taping.¹ Usually a 100-foot tape, graduated to hundredths of a foot, should be used. The inch is not generally used in surveying, for it introduces difficulties in computations and increases the opportunity for blunders. In jig alignment and the like, when dimensions are given in inches, special tapes and rules reading in inches and fractional or decimal parts of the inch are used. If available, a spring balance should always be attached to the forward end of the tape. In the following description a distance is to be measured from A

FIG. 11.—A range pole.

to B. The zero mark on the tape is kept to the rear, although some engineers prefer to keep the tape reversed. The position of the hands, etc., mentioned refers to right-handed persons.

67. A signal, usually a range pole (see Fig. 11), is set at Station B. The head tapeman unreels the tape by walking toward B while the rear tapeman holds the zero end at A. When the head tapeman reaches the end of the tape, he removes the

¹ See also Arts. 228-232.

reel and attaches a handle at the end of the tape. The rear tapeman, sighting the signal at *B*, directs him by voice until the head end of the tape is on line. He should name the direction and estimated length of movement, thus, "west, two-tenths," etc. The head tapeman pulls the tape straight and makes a rough measurement while the rear tapeman checks the alignment. The rear tapeman should keep his eyes above the mark and the head tapeman should keep on one side of the tape so that the rear tapeman can see the target at *B* during this process. An error of 6 inches in alignment will not affect the results, and therefore subsequent to this rough measurement no further attention is given to alignment. The head tapeman prepares a place to mark the distance where the rough measurement fell. In grass, he rubs a small spot



FIG. 12.—Keel, often called lumber crayon. (Keuffel & Esser Co.)

clear of vegetation; on a pavement, he may mark a small spot with **yellow keel** (see Fig. 12).

68. The men then adjust the lengths of the plumb-bob cords so that the bobs will just swing clear when the tape is in position. The tape should be horizontal in the judgment of the head tapeman and should be as near the ground as possible. If accuracy is desired, it should hang free of all support. With the handles of the tape in their right hands, the men should face the tape (their left sides toward each other). The plumb-bob cord is held on the far side of the tape bent over the tape and held on the proper graduation with the thumb of the left hand (Fig. 13). In measuring,

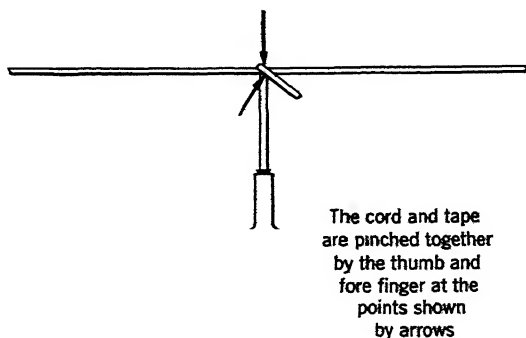


FIG. 13.—Holding the plumb-bob string on the tape.

the tape is moved up and down slightly, tapping the point of the bob on the mark to dampen the swing. The stance must be steady. When the tape is high, the feet should be planted well apart along the line of the tape; when the tape is low, one knee must be placed on the ground.

69. The head tapeman applies the tension gradually, estimating the correct pull. When the tape becomes steady and his bob still, he lowers the tape so that the bob rests on its point. If the ground is soft, the hole the point makes is sufficient for the moment. He releases the tape and places a tack in the hole. Usually a **chain pin** (see Fig. 15) is placed in the ground near the tack so that the rodman can find the

tack and also so that it may act as a tally. If he is working on a pavement or other hard surface, the head tapeman holds the bob nearly upright and thus the point remains where it marks the correct position. He accomplishes this by regulating the cord in his left hand. He then releases the tape, reaches the bob with his right

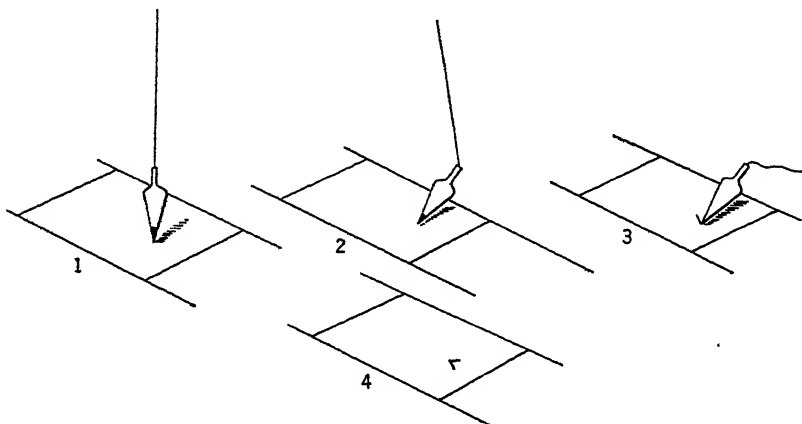


FIG. 14.—Steps in making a mark on masonry.

hand, and marks the position of the point (Fig. 14). Usually he does this by making a scratch with the point from the position it occupies. The beginning of the scratch is the mark. He makes a second scratch from the point, at right angles to the first, forming a V. He marks the number of tape lengths (stations) on the pavement with keel. The rear tapeman calls the number of the station he occupies, and the head tapeman calls the number he is marking.

70. Frequently the measurement is repeated for a check after it is marked if either man believes this to be desirable.

71. The head tapeman moves forward toward *B*, dragging the tape. The rear tapeman recovers the chain pin. When the zero mark comes to the station, the rear tapeman calls "chain" or the number of the station. The head tapeman stops and can usually line himself in within a foot or so by looking back along the line. The procedure for measurement is then repeated.

FIG. 15.—Chain pins, often called chaining arrows. (Keuffel & Esser Co.)

72. Upon reaching *B* the head tapeman either reels in part of the tape or walks on past *B* carrying the head end forward. He returns to *B* to make the measurement. While plumbing as previously described, he slides the plumb-bob cord along the tape until the bob is on the mark; then, holding the cord in position on the tape, he reads the graduations to himself. The rear tapeman comes forward and reads the graduations out loud. If the readings agree, they are recorded. The number of tape lengths is checked by the chain pins or the number marked on the last station.

73. Breaking Tape. When at any time the slope is so great that the entire tape cannot be used, a process called **breaking tape** is employed. After carrying the tape out to the full distance the head tapeman returns to the point where the tape can be held level. He selects a certain foot mark, which he announces to the rear tapeman. When the mark is set at this distance, the rear tapeman comes forward, taking the tape from the head tapeman so that there is no opportunity of using the wrong tape graduation, and then uses this graduation as though it were zero. No chain pin is set. Sometimes the **plus** (distance from the last station) is marked on the pavement (Fig. 16).

74. Other Methods of Taping, by Use of Plumb Bobs. Stakes are used in taping over soft ground, particularly when measurements for topography are to be made from them later. When stakes are set, the head tapeman must obtain a more precise measurement at first. Usually both men use plumb bobs even for the first rough measurement. The head tapeman allows the bob to drop so that it stands in the position where the stake is to be set. The stake is then driven, and the tape is

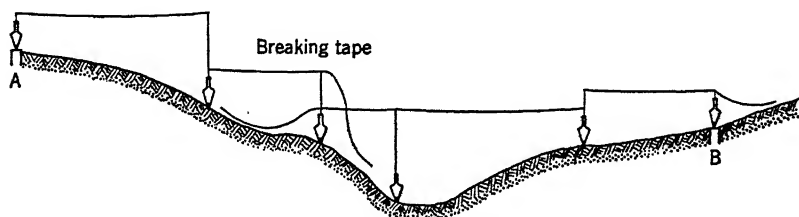


FIG. 16.—Operations in taping.

used again to find the exact position on the stake. To mark the point on the stake the bob is forced into it so that the point makes a hole. A tack is driven in the hole.

75. The stations are aligned with a transit when precise measurements are later to be made from them.

76. The Accuracy Obtained with Plumb Bobs. Even experienced tapeman have difficulty in preventing the tape and the bobs from moving during measuring. The error from this source is between 1:5,000 and 1:10,000. Variations in tension of 5 pounds introduce an error of 1:10,000 with a tape of average cross section 100 feet long supported at the ends. Temperature may introduce an error up to 1:5,000, so that all in all this type of measurement has an accuracy seldom better than 1:2,500. Using spring-balance handles will improve the accuracy to 1:3,000; with temperature correction as well, an accuracy of 1:5,000 can be reached.

77. The great advantage in this type of taping is that the tape is held level. The effect of slope increases nearly as the square of the difference in elevation of the ends; thus, when the tape is nearly level, the error can be disregarded. This eliminates the necessity of measuring the slope.

PROBLEMS

Find the corrected length from the following field notes:

	Tape length by standardization	Dist.	Temp., °F	<i>h</i>
1	Tape 99.998.....	100	40	2.0
		100	41	3.0
		52.68	41	0
2	Tape 99.964.....	100	95	1.5
		100	96	0.7
		75.62	97	0
3	Tape 100.027.....	100	37	3.0
		100	38	3.2
		14.61	38	0
4	Tape 100.008.....	100	62	2.0
		100	62	2.1
		100	62	2.2
		100	62	0.8
5	Tape 99.981.....	10.74	62	0
		100	87	0.8
		100	87	0.7
		100	86	1.1
		46.71	85	0
6	Tape 99.997.....	100	47	3.0
		100	48	1.0
		100	49	2.0
		58.83	48	0
7	Tape 99.990.....	100	35	4.2
		100	36	0
		100	37	2.5
		100	36	5.0
		14.20	36	0

	Tape length by standardization	Dist.	Temp., °F	Slope
8	Tape 99.961.....	100	90	3°00'
		100	91	1 15
		100	89	1 55
		22.10	90	0
9	Tape 100.005.....	100	45	2 00
		100	42	2 10
		100	41	1 15
		100	40	0 10
		41.06	42	0

Find the tape length to be used for correcting field data when the following conditions existed:

	Conditions when standardized					Conditions when used	
	Std. length	S	w	t_0	Support used	t	Support used
10	99.998	0.003	0.018	20	0-100	10	Supported throughout
11	100.027	0.0025	0.015	10	Throughout	20	0-50-100
12	100.008	0.003	0.018	15	0-100	10	0-50-100
13	99.980	0.004	0.024	12	Throughout	22	0-100
14	100.016	0.002	0.012	8	Throughout	15	0-100

CHAPTER IV

THE TRANSIT

78. The Transit. The transit is, of course, the key instrument in surveying. With its aid great structures and small machines are laid out. The accuracy it produces results from careful manufacture, good design, and the important fact that it can be so operated that it automatically eliminates any residual errors in its construction or its adjustment. The principle upon which this depends is the principle of **reversal**. It is introduced in the transit by mounting the telescope on the horizontal axis so that it will **transit**, and thus can be used both in its normal position called **direct** and in its inverted position called **reversed**, and by mounting the levels on a part that turns about the vertical axis.

79. To be able to recognize when the transit can and should be used and to obtain good accuracy in its use, it is necessary to know how it is constructed and particularly to understand the geometric principles involved in its design.

80. Transits are designed for a number of specific purposes. The type described in this text is a repeating instrument equipped with a vertical circle and telescope level. It is often called an **engineer's transit** and is the most useful instrument for the type of work covered in this text. Figure 1 shows the construction of a typical engineer's transit.

81. (See Fig. 2.) The transit consists of three parts, the alidade at the top, the horizontal circle in the center, and the leveling head at the base. The alidade includes the entire upper part of the instrument, i.e., the telescope, the standards, the verniers, the plate levels, and the inner spindle (inner center). The horizontal circle includes the outer spindle (repeating center). The leveling head includes the leveling screws, the bearing for the outer spindle, and the threads that screw on the tripod. The alidade and the horizontal circle can turn independently in a horizontal plane around the vertical axis.

82. The three parts are operated by two clamps, each equipped with a slow motion. The upper clamp clamps the circle to the alidade, and the lower clamp clamps the circle to the leveling head. When a clamp has been tightened, the appropriate slow motion can be used to make a fine setting.

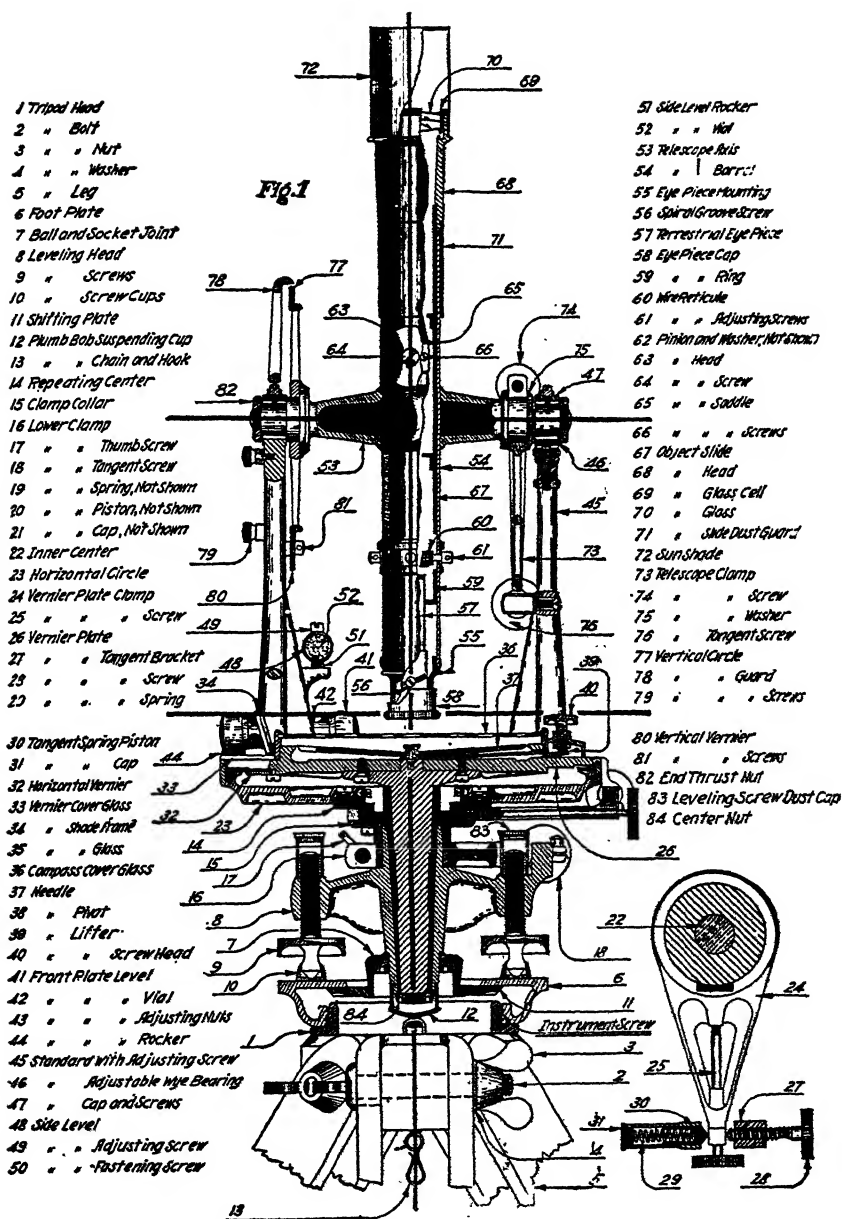


FIG. 1.—Cross section of a transit showing the nomenclature of the various parts and the chief geometric lines that must be properly related. (C. L. Berger & Sons, Inc.)



FIG. 2.—The three parts of a transit: alidade, circle, and leveling head. (*Keuffel
Esser Co.*)

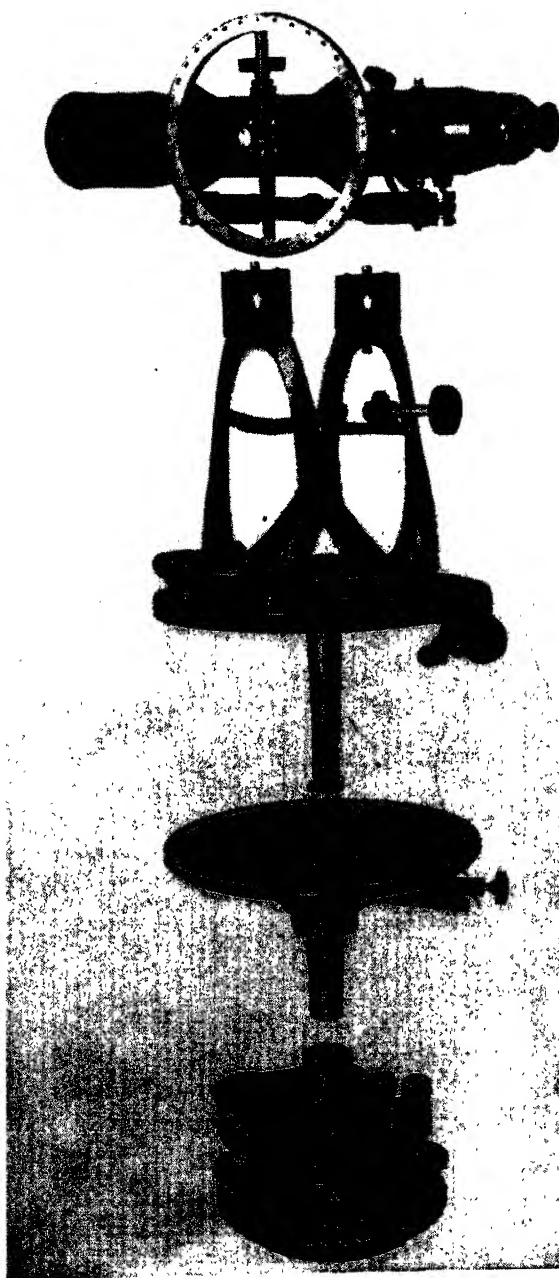


FIG. 3.—A Gurley transit taken apart. (*W. & L. E. Gurley.*)

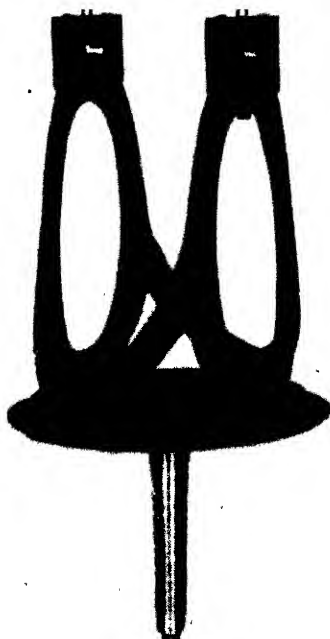


FIG. 4.—A Gurley standard. (*W. & L. E. Gurley.*)

83. The arrangement of the clamps and slow motions makes it possible to measure a horizontal angle as follows:

By using the upper clamp and slow motion, the zero of the vernier is set precisely opposite the zero on the graduated circle. Then, by using the lower clamp and slow motion, the telescope is pointed at a target or signal marking one side of the angle. The zero setting is, of course, undis-

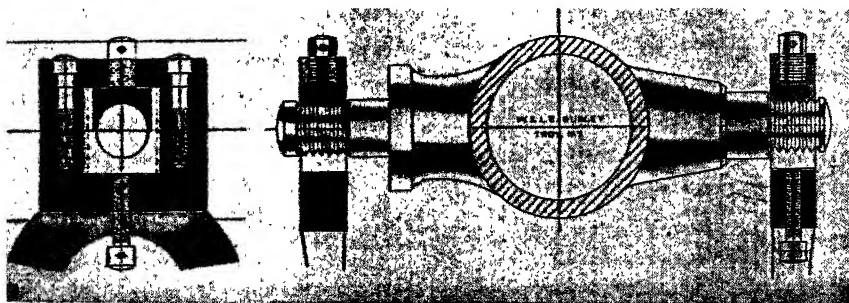


FIG. 5.—The Gurley type of horizontal axis bearings. (*W. & L. E. Gurley.*)

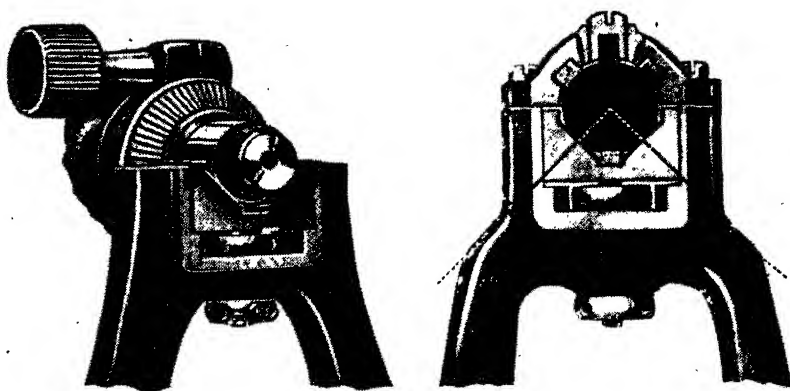


FIG. 6.—The type of bearing for the horizontal axis used by C. L. Berger & Sons.
(*C. L. Berger & Sons, Inc.*)

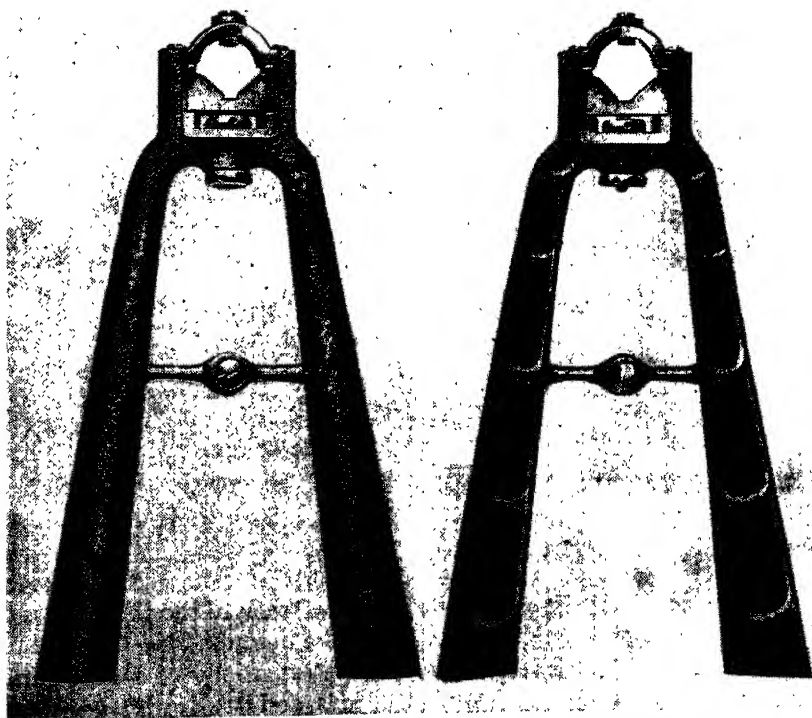


FIG. 7.—Typical transit standards. (*C. L. Berger & Sons, Inc.*)

turbed by this process. By using the upper clamp and slow motion, the telescope is pointed at the second signal. The circle remains stationary during this process while the vernier travels around the circle. When the pointing is complete, the position of the vernier on the circle gives the value of the angle.

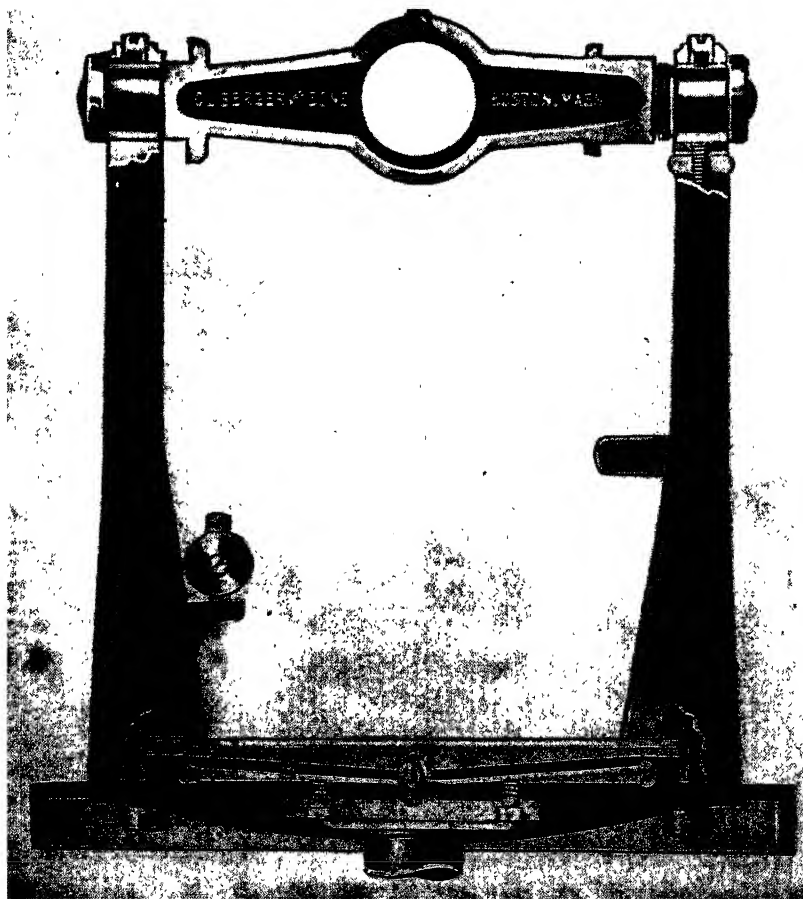


FIG. 8.—A vertical cross section through the alidade. (C. L. Berger & Sons, Inc.)

84. It is clear that the essential elements of each of the three parts of the transit are of great importance. They are described below in detail.

85. **The Alidade.** The alidade consists essentially of a **telescopic sight**, which is mounted on the horizontal axis, and two **double verniers**, called *A* and *B* respectively which together act as an index showing the

horizontal direction of the alidade according to the graduations of the horizontal circle. The two plate levels are mounted on the alidade.

86. The Telescopic Sight (See Fig. 9). The telescopic sight consists of the following: (1) A pair of cross hairs mounted in a ring or reticle near the rear of the telescope tube. (2) A microscope, or eyepiece, which magnifies the cross hairs and must be focused on them according to the eyesight of the observer. (3) An object glass, or objective lens, which

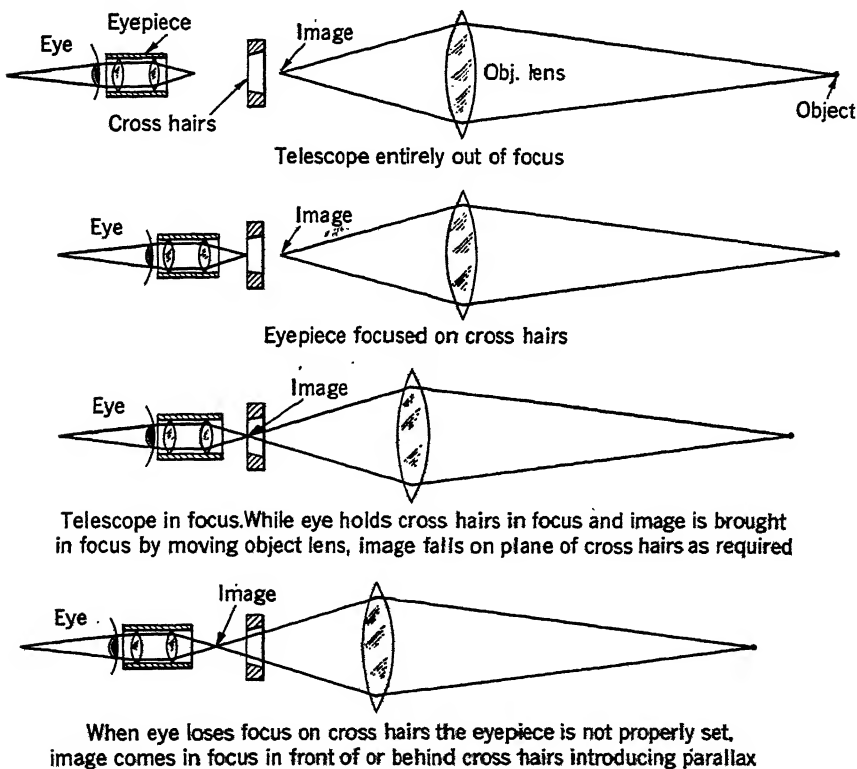


FIG. 9.—Diagrammatic view of telescopic sight in use.

forms an image within the telescope. The image is found at a distance behind the lens that varies with the distance from the lens to the object sighted, as the object and its image are at conjugate foci. The observer observes the cross hairs through the eyepiece and moves the lens backward and forward until the image is clear. This can occur only when the image is on the plane of the cross hairs. Under these conditions the cross hairs become part of the image, and to the observer they appear superimposed on the object toward which the telescope is pointed. If

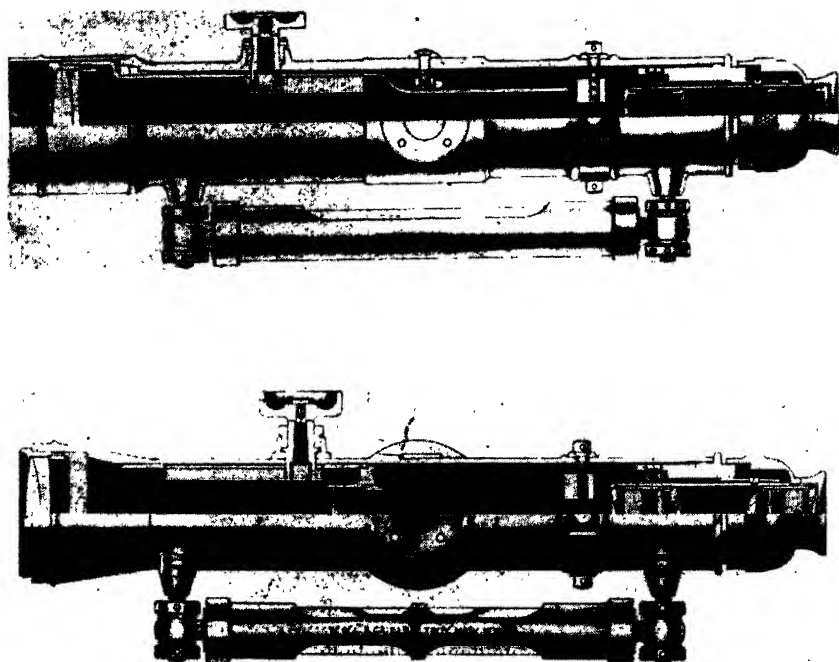


FIG. 10.—Quarter sections of external and internal focusing systems as used in Gurley instruments. The upper picture is the external system. (*W. & L. E. Gurley.*)

the observer allows himself to look at the image instead of the cross hairs, it is possible to change the focus of the eye so that the image is seen clearly a short distance in front of or behind the cross hairs. The cross hairs will then appear to be nearly as sharp as before. When the image is not at the same distance from the observer as the cross hairs, the cross

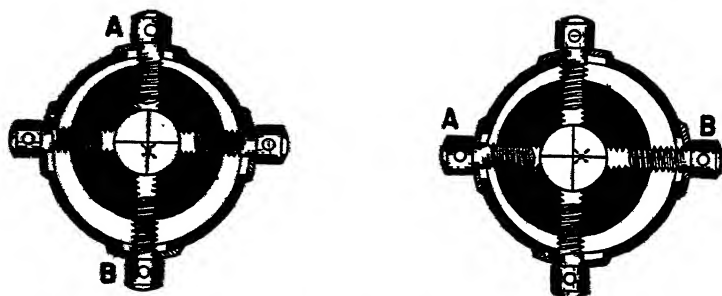


FIG. 11.—A cross section of a transit showing the cross-hair reticle mounting and the means of adjustment. (*C. L. Berger & Sons, Inc.*)

hairs will move across the image when the eye is moved, just as is the case in observing two objects at different distances with the naked eye. Under these conditions, parallax exists, and the direction of the sight is not fixed. When the telescope is properly focused, however, the cross hairs will always appear superimposed on the same point on the object no matter how the eye is moved and therefore the telescopic sight will have a definite direction.

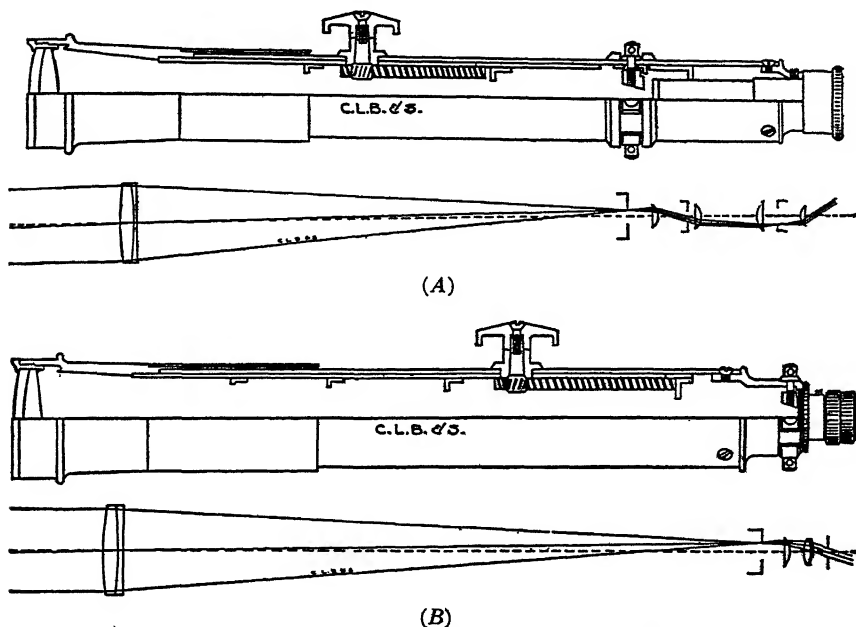


FIG. 12.—The lens arrangement and the path of a pencil of light rays in exterior-focusing telescopes: (A) erecting type; (B) inverting type. (C. L. Berger & Sons, Inc.)

87. Some transit telescopes are focused by moving a concave lens on a slide behind the main lens. The optical principle involved is shown in Fig. 7, Chap. XIII. The general principles of the optical line of sight are not changed by this device; but the optics are improved, and by having a fixed objective lens the telescope tube can be made more nearly dust-tight. These telescopes are called **internal-focusing telescopes**.

88. A straight line from any point on the image through the optical center of the objective lens will strike a corresponding point on the object. A straight line from the cross hairs through the optical center of the lens will strike the point on the object where the observer sees the cross hairs apparently located. Thus the line of sight of a telescopic sight is defined by the cross hairs and the optical center of the objective.

As stated above, when a telescopic sight is properly focused the observer can move his eye slightly without changing the position of the cross hairs on the object. This differs in principle from a rifle sight, for the eye must be accurately aligned with the latter in order to determine where it is pointing. The telescopic sight on a transit also magnifies the object about 25 diameters. The diameter of the field of view is therefore very small, about 1 deg or 1.75 feet at 100 feet. Since the image formed by the lens is inverted, it is usual to design the eyepiece so that it erects the inverted image. Such an eyepiece is called an erecting eyepiece. When

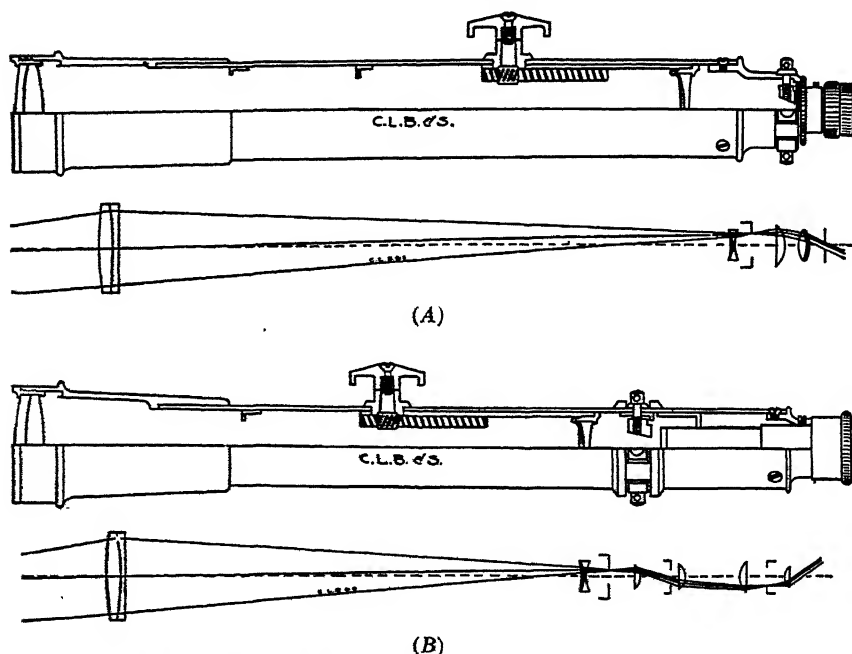
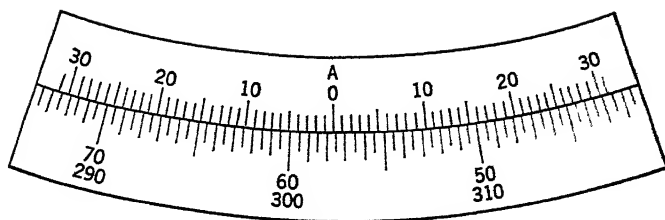


FIG. 13.—The lens arrangement and the path of a pencil of light rays in interior-focusing telescopes: (A) inverting type; (B) erecting type. (C. L. Berger & Sons, Inc.)

the eyepiece does not erect the image, it is called an inverting eyepiece. Inverting eyepieces require only two lenses instead of four and therefore give better results as they absorb less light and have other optical advantages. It takes only a short time to become accustomed to using them.

89. Verniers. Verniers in general are devices for determining readings smaller than the smallest division on the scale with which they operate. When the graduated circle is marked off in half degrees, i.e., divisions 30 minutes in length, it is usual to design the verniers so that the direction of the alidade can be read to 1 minute. In this case each vernier



Clockwise $57^{\circ} 37' 00''$

Counterclockwise $302^{\circ} 23' 00''$

FIG. 14.—Double 1-minute vernier.

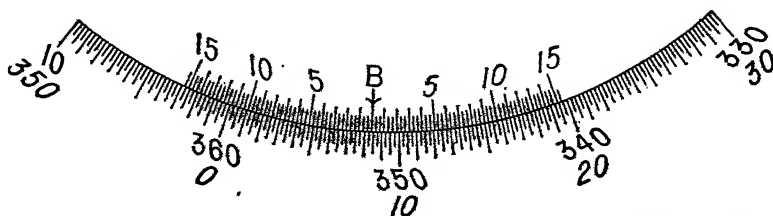
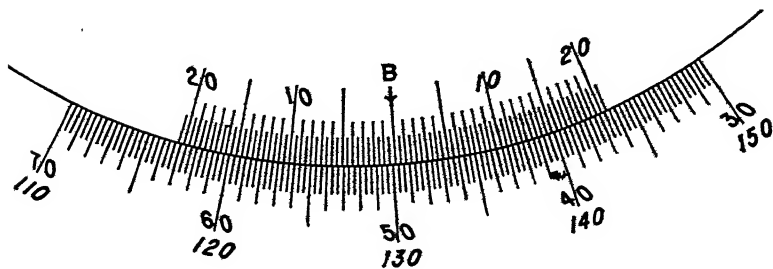
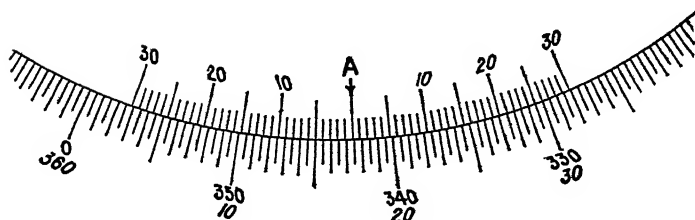


FIG. 15.—Typical verniers and scales: double verniers. (Keuffel & Esser Co.)

consists of a series of 30 divisions, each division being $\frac{1}{30}$ shorter than a division on the graduated circle so that the whole vernier scale of 30 divisions covers exactly 29 divisions of the graduated circle.

Assume that the zero graduation of the vernier coincided with the $57^{\circ}30'$ graduation of the circle; the reading would be $57^{\circ}30'$ (see Fig. 14). When the alidade is turned 1 minute of arc ($\frac{1}{30}$ of a division on the circle), the next graduation on the vernier will coincide with a graduation on the circle. The reading will then be $57^{\circ}30'$ plus 1 minute (as shown by the

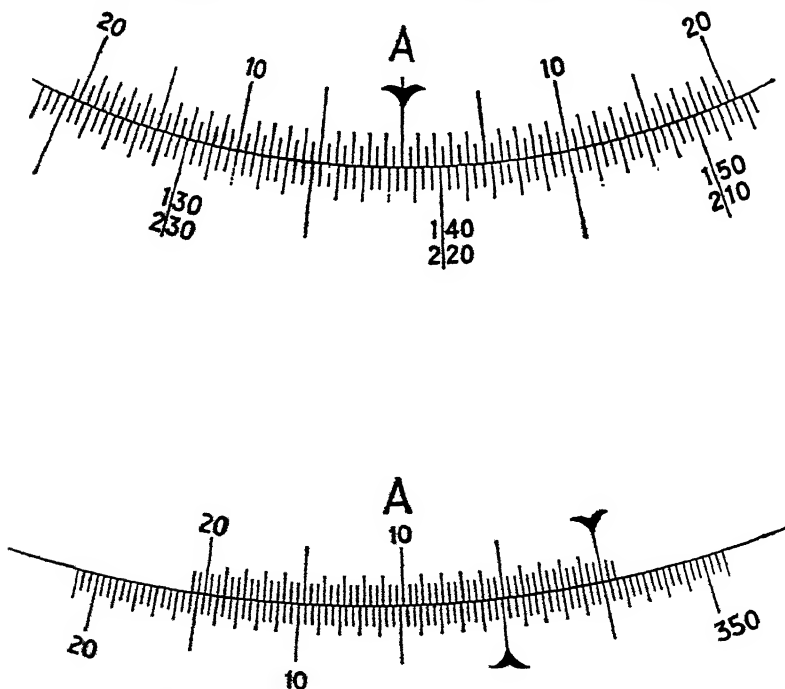


FIG. 16.—Typical verniers and scales. (C. L. Berger & Sons, Inc.)

vernier) i.e., $57^{\circ}31'$. Likewise, when the alidade is turned 7 minutes of arc, the seventh-minute graduation on the vernier will coincide with a graduation of the circle and the angle will be read $57^{\circ}37'$, etc. The vernier described above is called a 1-minute vernier, and a transit with such a vernier is called a 1-minute transit.

90. Ordinarily **double verniers** are used having complete sets of divisions running both ways from a common zero line. With such verniers, directions can be read clockwise or counterclockwise whenever desired. Since the verniers are placed to be read from the part of the circle nearest the observer, a clockwise angle is read from right to left.

In that case the set of divisions on the vernier to the left of the central zero mark are used.

91. The patterns of lines on the graduated circles and the verniers have become standardized. The circle described above will have three lengths of lines. The longest lines mark the 5-deg graduations, the lines of the next length mark the 1-deg graduations, and the shortest lines are used for the $\frac{1}{2}$ -deg positions. The 10-deg positions are numbered. Each 10-deg position (except zero) has two numbers, one for the clockwise direction and one for the counterclockwise direction. Other systems of enumeration are used.

92. Two lengths of lines are used for the 1-minute verniers described above, the longer length to mark the 5-minute graduations and the shorter

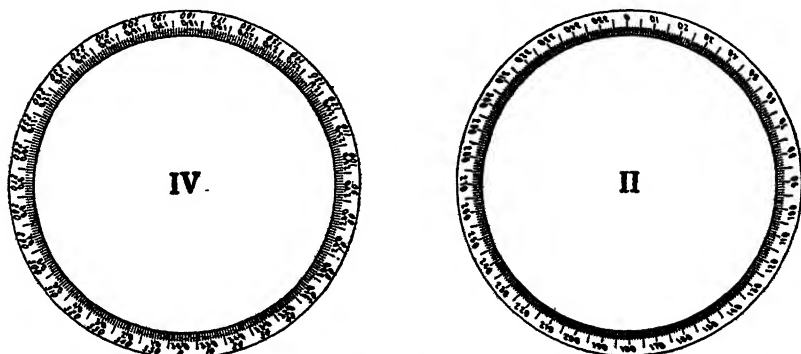


FIG. 17.—Usual methods of marking the graduated circle. (Keuffel & Esser Co.)

to mark the 1-minute positions. The 10-minute positions are appropriately numbered.

93. The arrangement of vernier and scale described above is probably the most generally used. Another common form is the 20-second vernier (see Fig. 19). The circle is divided into thirds of a degree (20 minutes), and the vernier is divided into 20 one-minute divisions, each of which is in turn divided into thirds (20 seconds). Since it is necessary to show each 20-second movement of the alidade and the smallest division of the circle is $\frac{1}{3}$ deg, a movement of $\frac{1}{60}$ of the circle divisions must be shown (20 seconds is $\frac{1}{60}$ of $\frac{1}{3}$ deg). Hence each of the smallest divisions on the vernier (the 20-second divisions) is $\frac{1}{60}$ shorter than each of the smallest division on the circle (the $\frac{1}{3}$ -deg divisions).

94. **Reading the Vernier.** As is the case of all scales, vernier readings should be estimated to a higher degree of precision than the reading of the scale. Consider a 1-minute vernier that at first reads $60^{\circ}20'$ exactly. As the alidade is turned, the angle will increase gradually

from $60^{\circ}20'$ to $60^{\circ}21'$. When it has moved halfway, the vernier line representing 20 minutes will have moved beyond the line on the graduated scale corresponding to it, but the line 21 minutes will not have reached the graduated line with which it will correspond. **Both** lines will be **between**

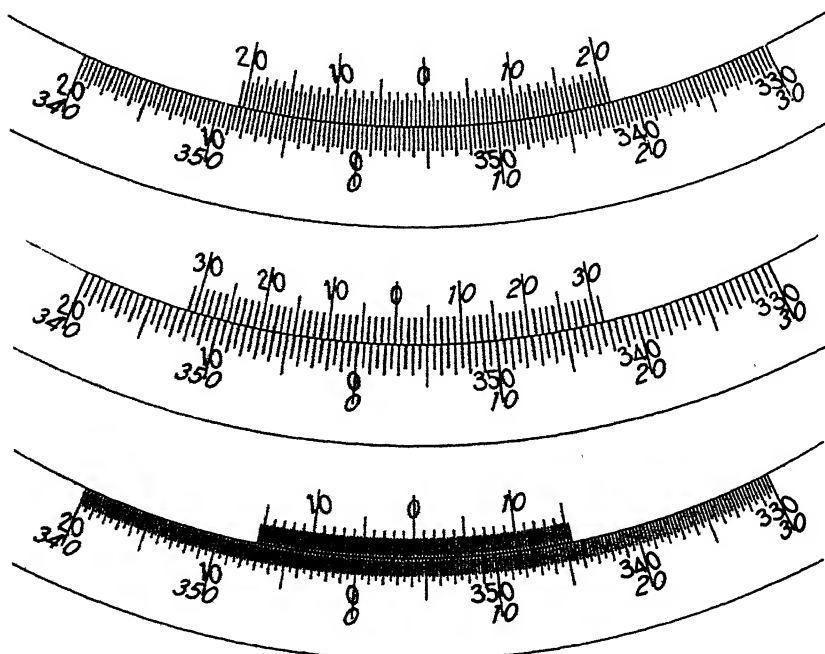
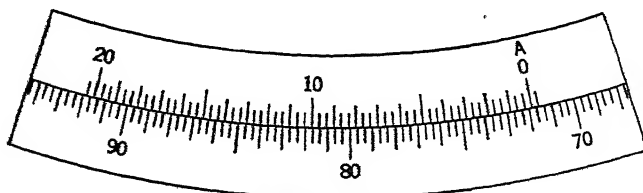


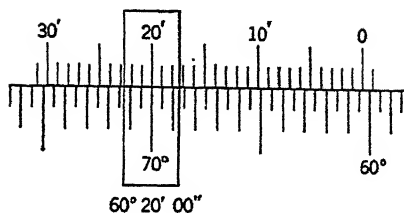
FIG. 18.—Verniers and scales. (W. & L. E. Gurley.)



Reading $71^{\circ}52'40''$

FIG. 19.—Single 20-second vernier.

adjacent lines on the graduated circle. If they appear to be equally spaced between them, the reading is $60^{\circ}20'30''$. If the 20-minute mark has only just moved off its line but the 21-minute line has quite a distance to go, the reading is $60^{\circ}20'15''$. When the 20-minute line has moved well beyond its line and the 21-minute line has almost reached its



The rectangle above is enlarged below

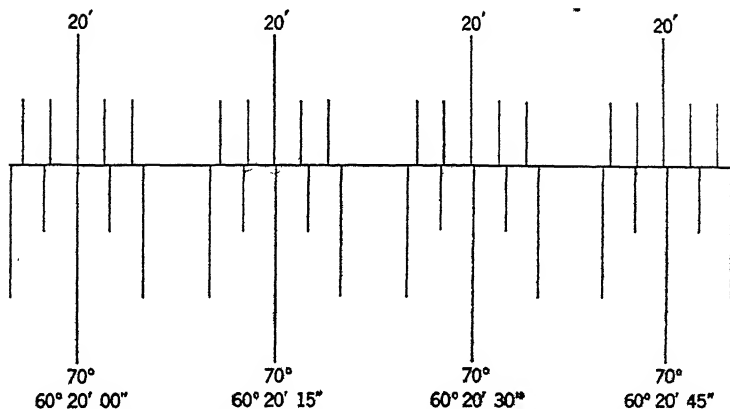


FIG. 20.—Reading a 1-minute vernier to 15 seconds.

line, the reading is $60^{\circ}20'45''$ (see Fig. 20). Closer estimates are not used. Verniers reading to 20 seconds are read to 10 seconds and no closer. In general, more precise verniers are read to one-half the least reading.

95. Plate Levels. Two small spirit levels are mounted on the alidade and adjusted to read zero when the vertical axis is vertical. They are used to obtain this condition when the instrument is being set up.

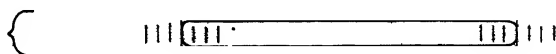


FIG. 21.—A level vial showing the curvature exaggerated.



FIG. 22.—Cross section of a level tube showing the mounting of the vial. Dotted material is plaster of paris. (*C. L. Berger & Sons, Inc.*)

96. Principles of a Spirit Level. A spirit level consists of a curved glass tube partly filled with a volatile spirit like alcohol or ether. The tube is mounted with the high part in the center. Several graduations at each end of the bubble are placed near or etched on the tube so that as the spirit expands or contracts with temperature variations the ends of the

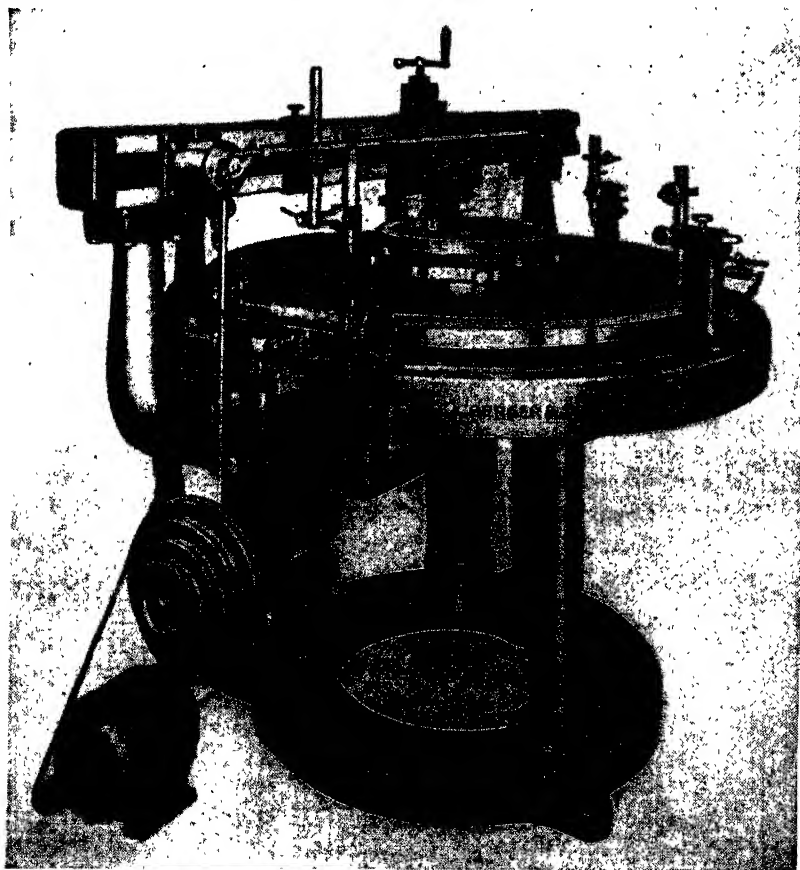


FIG. 23.—A graduating engine used for dividing circles at the Berger plant. (*C. L. Berger & Sons, Inc.*)

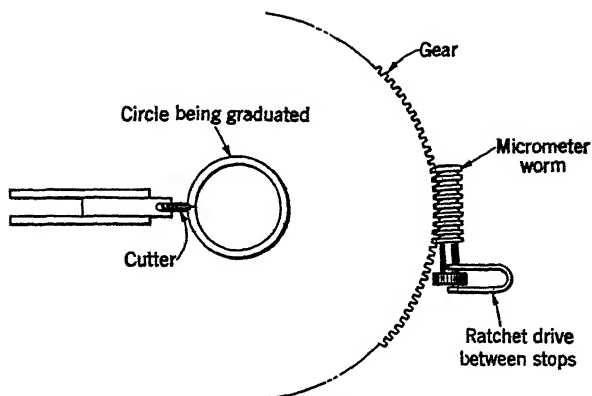


FIG. 24.—Schematic diagram of a graduating engine.



FIG. 25.—Looking down from above on a transit. (Keuffel & Esser Co.)

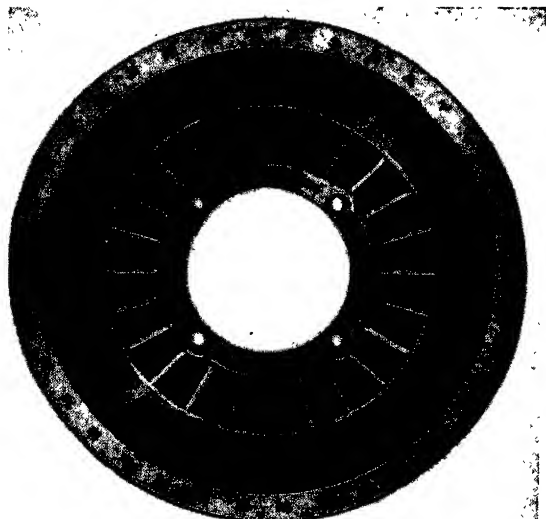
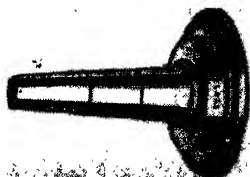
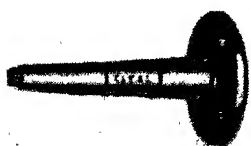
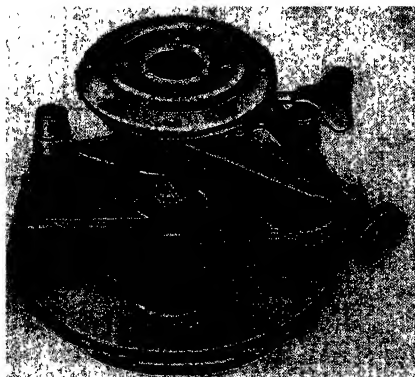


FIG. 26.—The lower plate with graduated circle. (*C. L. Berger & Sons, Inc.*)



B.



D.

FIG. 27.—Berger four-screw leveling base for transits. (*C. L. Berger & Sons, Inc.*)

bubble can be placed at corresponding graduations and the same direction of the tube with respect to gravity can always be obtained (see Fig. 21).

97. The Horizontal Graduated Circle. The graduated circle is graduated automatically on a large wheel. Modern graduating engines (see Fig. 23) usually space the graduations very uniformly; but the circle can never be exactly centered on the wheel, and therefore the graduations on one part of the circle are usually slightly nearer together than the graduations on the opposite side of the circle. When an angle is read by

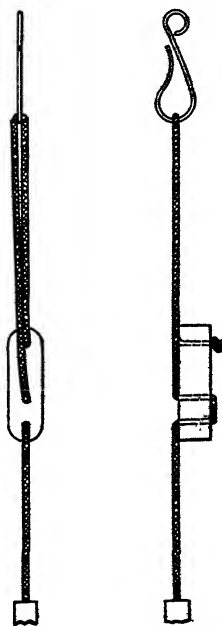


FIG. 28.—Plumb-cord adjusting device.

averaging the readings of the two verniers 180 deg apart, the effect of this eccentricity of graduation is eliminated because, if the *A* vernier travels over graduations that are too near together, the *B* vernier will travel over graduations proportionately too far apart. The very fact of reading two verniers increases the accuracy by using an average instead of a single reading. For accurate results, therefore, both verniers should be used.

98. The Leveling Head. The leveling head has four leveling screws, which are operated in pairs. When any two adjacent leveling screws are turned counterclockwise, the shifting plate drops away from the underside of the footplate. The shifting plate then can move freely about the

ball-and-socket joint. If the head is lifted in this condition, the whole instrument will move freely upward until the shifting plate comes in contact with the underside of the footplate. In this condition the instrument can be shifted horizontally about $\frac{3}{8}$ inch in any direction. This process is used to bring the instrument exactly over a point. Pairs of **opposite** leveling screws are turned simultaneously to level the instrument. First one pair is used and then the other. The two screws in a pair are turned simultaneously in opposite directions, maintaining a slight

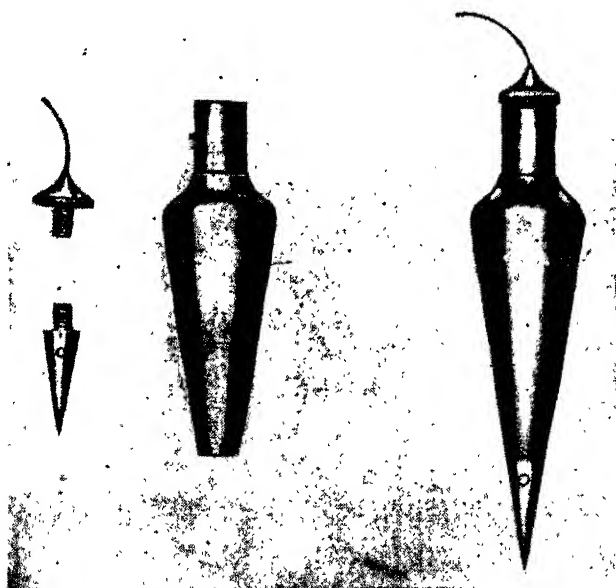


FIG. 29.—The parts of a plumb bob taken apart and assembled. (*C. L. Berger & Sons, Inc.*)

but firm pressure on the footplate. If the pressure of one pair is too great, both pairs will turn with considerable friction.

99. The Clamps. The **upper clamp** clamps the graduated circle to the alidade. The **lower clamp** clamps the graduated circle to the leveling head. After a clamp is tightened, the appropriate **tangent screw** will give a slow motion between the two parts clamped together. The upper clamp consists of a screw that drives a small brake shoe against a drum on the graduated circle. The frame that holds the screw carries a dog, which comes between the upper tangent screw and opposing spring, both mounted on the alidade. The lower clamp consists of a screw that tightens a band around a drum, also on the graduated circle. The frame

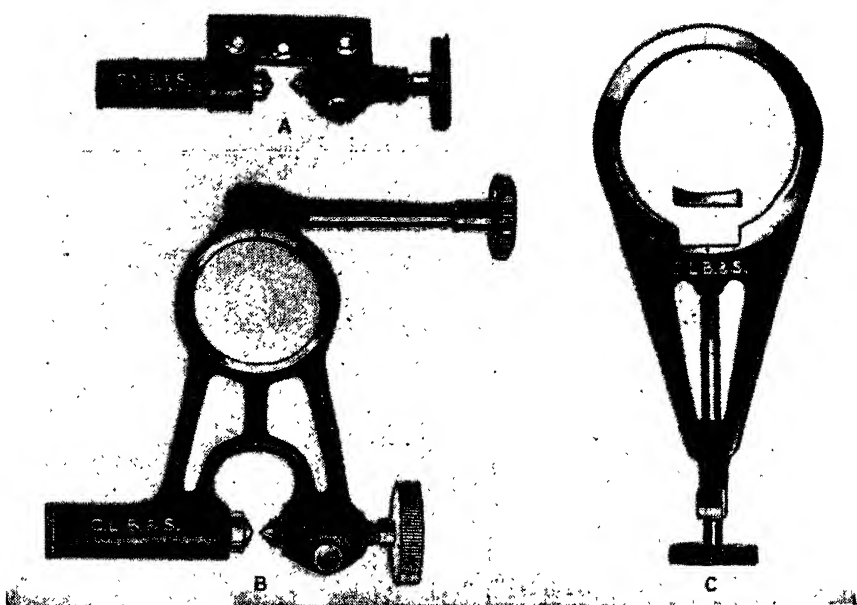
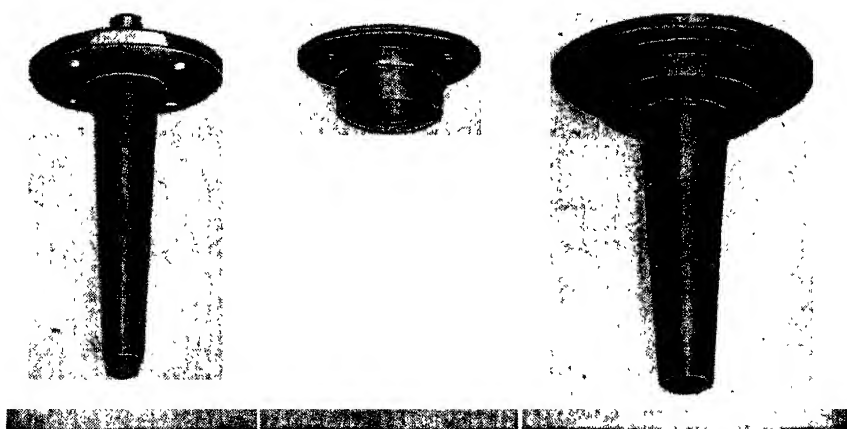


FIG. 30.—The clamps shown act on a pair of drums on the lower plate that supports the graduated circle. (A) Upper tangent screw. (B) Lower motion. (C) Lower clamp. (C. L. Berger & Sons, Inc.)



Inner Center Clamp Collar Outer Center
FIG. 31.—The parts that create the vertical axis in a transit. (C. L. Berger & Sons, Inc.)

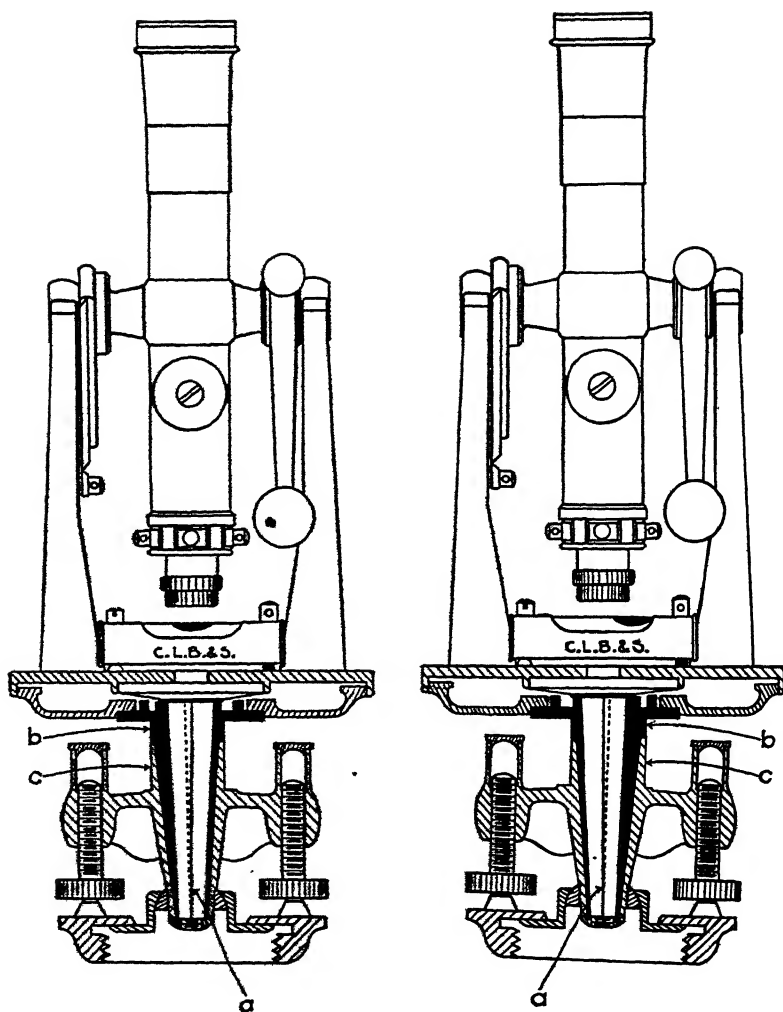


FIG. 32.—The inherent error caused by an improperly ground outer center in a transit.
(C. L. Berger & Sons, Inc.)

that holds the screw carries the lower tangent screw and opposing spring. A dog on the leveling head comes between the screw and spring.

100. The act of tightening a clamp, especially the lower clamp, sometimes turns the instrument slightly. Therefore a clamp should not be touched after the tangent screw has been set.

101. Auxiliary Equipment. Most engineer's transits are equipped with a level tube attached to the telescope that is adjusted to read zero when the line of sight is level. The transit can then be used as a level. These transits usually have a vertical circle attached to the horizontal axis and a vernier to read the vertical angle attached to a standard. A clamp called the **vertical clamp** and its slow motion are used to direct the telescope up and down. A magnetic compass is often mounted in the center of the transit.

102. Geometry of the Transit. The following geometrical requirements must be maintained in a transit:

1. The inner and outer spindle and the bearings of the horizontal axis must be so made that the instrument turns about geometric lines, not cylinders or cones.

2. The vertical axis, horizontal axis, and line of sight must meet in a point called the **instrument center**.

3. The horizontal axis must be perpendicular to the vertical axis.

4. The line of sight must be perpendicular to the horizontal axis. The objective lens must therefore slide along a straight line perpendicular to the horizontal axis.

5. The plate bubbles must read zero when the vertical axis is vertical.

6. The telescope bubble must read zero when the line of sight is horizontal.

7. The horizontal graduated circle must be concentric with and perpendicular to the vertical axis.

8. The graduations on the horizontal graduated circle must be concentric with the vertical axis.

9. The vertical circle must be concentric with and perpendicular to the horizontal axis.

10. The graduations on the vertical circle must be concentric with the horizontal axis.

11. The vertical circle must read zero when the line of sight is perpendicular to the vertical axis.

PROBLEMS

1. Record the readings (in both directions if possible) of all verniers shown in this chapter.

2-7. Construct a vernier and scale for the following conditions, make the lines the proper lengths, and include the proper numbering. Instead of an arc use a straight line between vernier and scale, and space graduations only by eye.

	Smallest circle graduation	Least reading of vernier	Clockwise reading
2	30'	1'	25°42'
3	20'	20"	32°54'20"
4	20'	30"	54°42'30"
5	30'	1'	82°17'
6	20'	20"	74°39'10"
7	20'	30"	45°14'30"

8-18. For each of the geometric conditions of the transit listed below state the following: (a) What angles will be affected most? (b) What angles will be affected slightly? (c) In each case, will the angular error be greater when the points observed are nearer the transit? (d) What field procedure will eliminate the error introduced?

8. Line of sight above the horizontal axis.
9. Line of sight to the left of the vertical axis.
10. The horizontal axis behind the vertical axis.
11. The horizontal axis not perpendicular to the vertical axis.
12. The line of sight not perpendicular to the horizontal axis.
13. The objective slide not perpendicular to the horizontal axis.
14. The plate bubbles not reading zero when the vertical axis is vertical.
15. The telescope bubble not reading zero when the line of sight is horizontal.
16. The graduations on the graduated circle not concentric with the vertical axis.
17. The graduations on the vertical circle not concentric with the horizontal axis.
18. The vertical circle reading a +5 minutes when the line of sight is perpendicular to the vertical axis.

CHAPTER V

USE OF THE TRANSIT

103. To Use the Transit to Best Advantage. The secret of successful use of the transit is the formation of a set of standard habits based upon the ever-present necessity for speed and upon a clear knowledge of exactly what the transit does. Poor results are due mainly to ignorance, although partly to clumsiness.

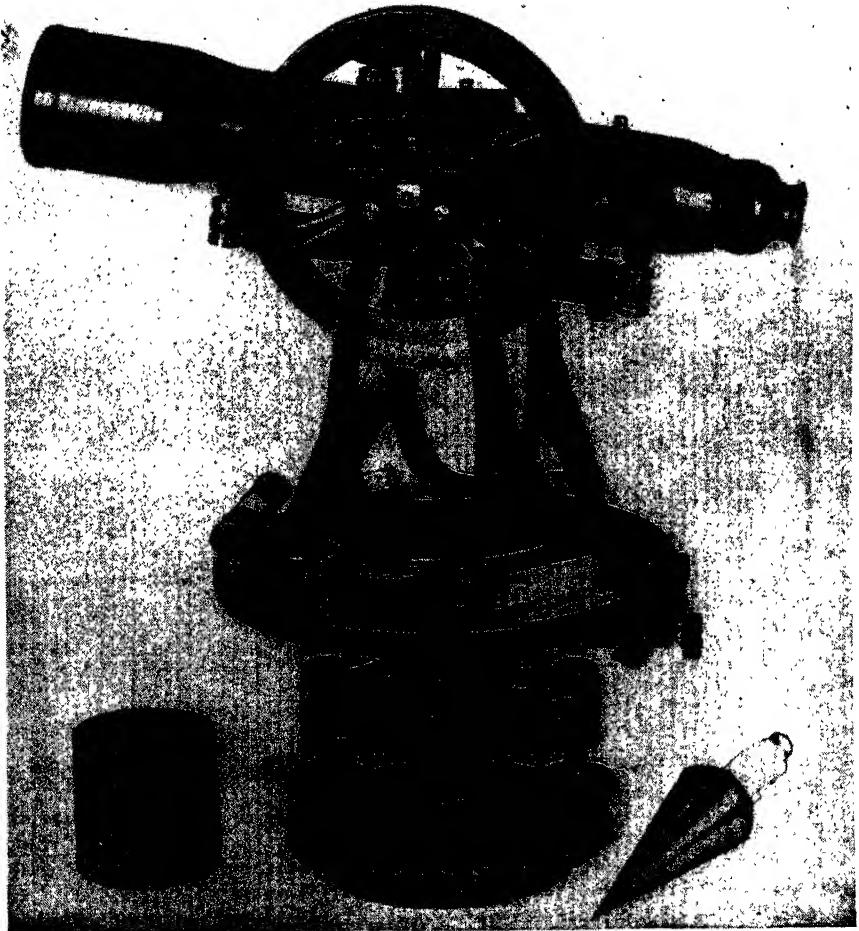


FIG. 1.—A Gurley engineer's transit. (W. & L. E. Gurley.)

PRELIMINARY PROCEDURE

104. To Place the Transit on the Tripod. Adjust the friction of the tripod legs at the tripod head. The legs should fall slowly of their own weight from a horizontal position. Set up the tripod with the legs well spread and pressed firmly into

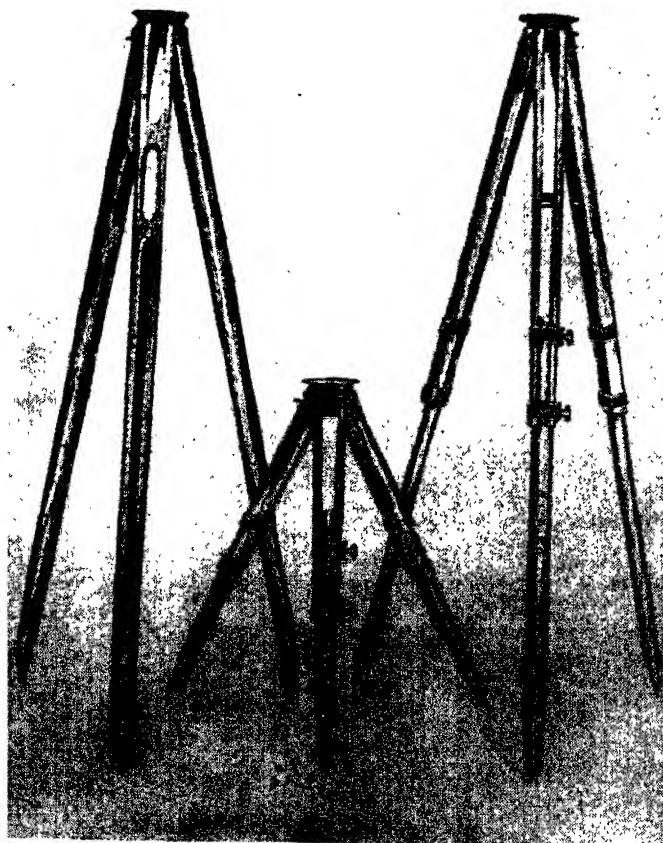


FIG. 2.—Instrument tripods. (*C. L. Berger & Sons, Inc.*)

the ground. Remove the instrument from the case, and, lifting it by the base, immediately screw it firmly on the tripod.

105. To Carry the Transit. Hold the transit on the shoulder in a horizontal position, instrument to the rear, and balanced to carry the weight of the arm. When overhead obstructions exist, carry the transit under the arm, balanced in a horizontal position with the instrument forward (Fig. 4).

106. To Set Up the Transit over a Point. Proceed according to the following

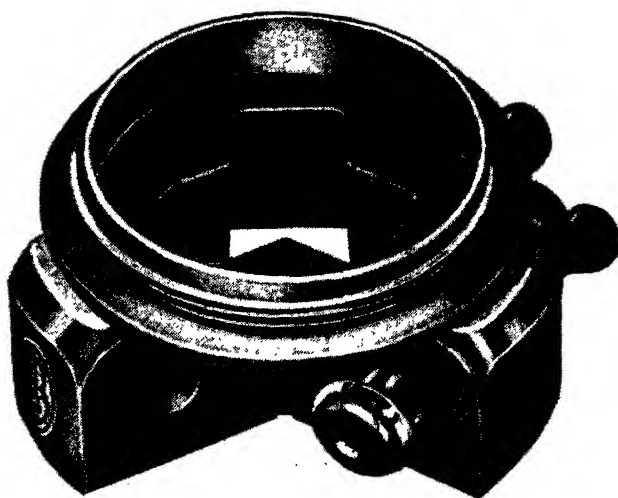


FIG. 3.—The usual type of tripod head. (*C. L. Berger & Sons, Inc.*)

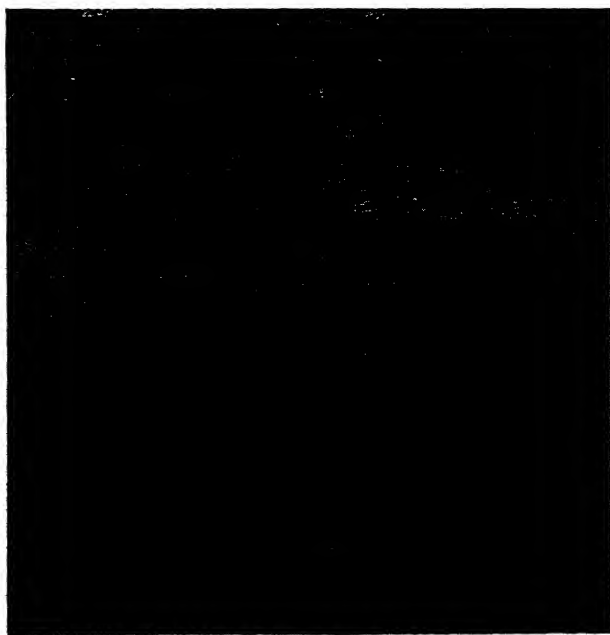


FIG. 4.—Carrying instrument under obstructions.

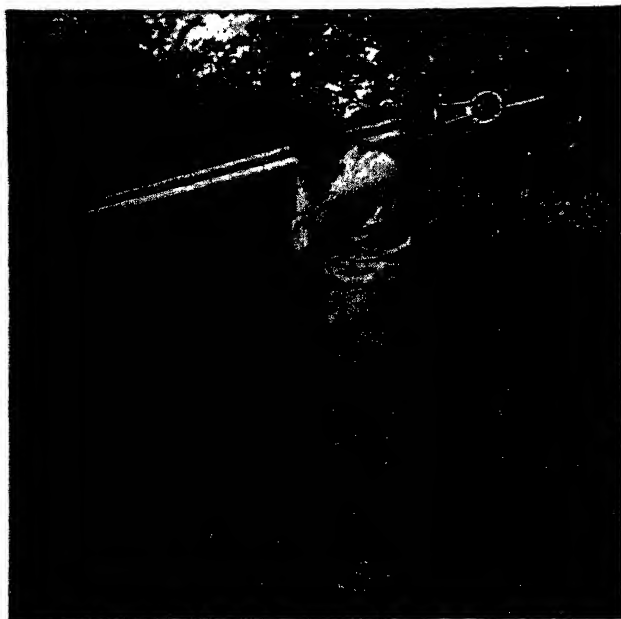


FIG. 5.—Stand 24 inches downhill.

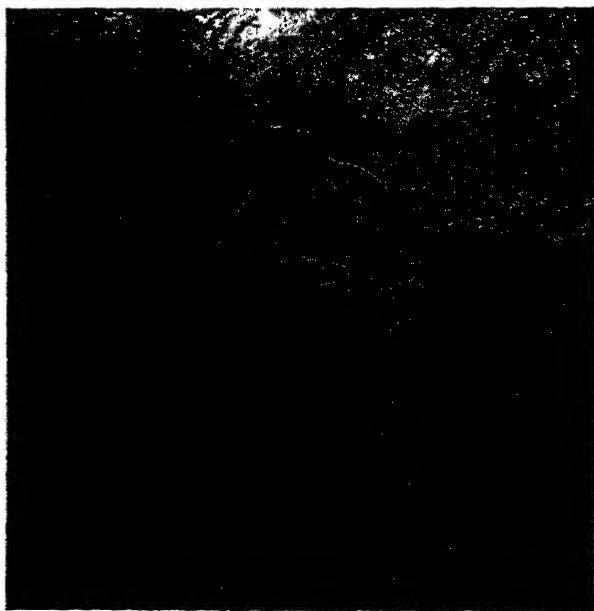


FIG. 6.—Seize two legs and place third leg 24 inches uphill.

1. Stand 24 inches downhill facing the point over which the transit is to be set up. Seize two legs, and place the third leg on the ground 24 inches uphill from the point. Pull the other two legs outward and backward, and place them on the ground so that the footplate is nearly level. This step requires considerable skill and is the most important timesaver.

2. Attach the plumb bob. Move the transit bodily without changing the relative position of the legs, so that the bob hangs within 2 or 3 inches of the point.

3. Push each leg firmly into the ground. To accomplish this, walk around the transit to each leg, and grasp the leg about 18 inches from the foot. Raise or lower

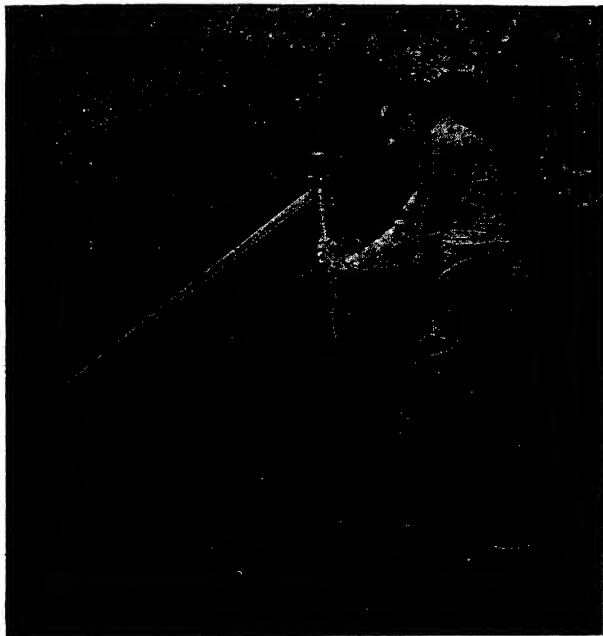


FIG. 7.—Pull two legs outward and backward placing them on ground so that foot plate is nearly level.

the plumb bob until it hangs about 1 inch above the point. It will probably be about 2 or 3 inches one side of the point.

Choose the leg that is most nearly on the opposite side of the point from the plumb bob. By pushing this leg farther into the ground or moving it outward and then pushing it into the ground, move the plumb bob until it is exactly opposite a second leg. Move the second leg until the bob comes within $\frac{1}{4}$ inch of the point.

In setting up on a pavement or on masonry the legs can be moved in either direction, thus simplifying the procedure. The points of the tripod shoes should be placed in cracks or other indentations to prevent slipping (see Fig. 12). On smooth hard surfaces small notches must be cut for the points with a cold chisel.

4. Loosen two **adjacent** leveling screws. This loosens all the leveling screws. Level instrument roughly without setting the screws tighter. To level an instrument

turn it until the plate levels are in line with pairs of **opposite** leveling screws. Then turn the leveling screws according to the old rule: "Thumbs in, thumbs out, the bubble follows the left thumb" (see Fig. 14). Slide the head until the plumb bob is over the point, i.e., until the center of the small ellipse in which it swings is over the point.

5. Level the instrument. The leveling screws should have been left rather loose when the instrument was shifted over the exact point. While leveling accurately the screws should be tightened gradually as the leveling progresses. The tightness can be regulated by the relative motions of the pair of screws being used. Leave

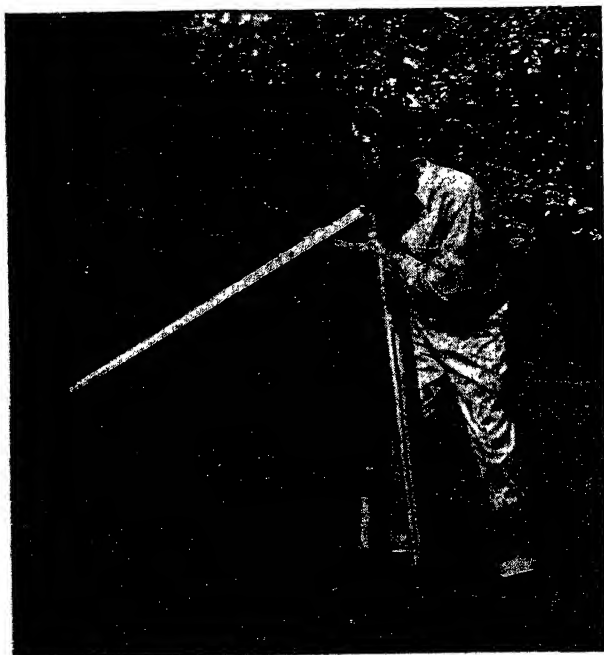


FIG. 3.—Move transit bodily until bob hangs within 2 inches or 3 inches of point and push legs firmly into ground.

the screws firm, but not bound. If they bind in leveling, loosen an adjacent screw. It must be remembered that when one pair of leveling screws is being used the other pair is often being forced tightly against the footplate or else being forced to slide over the surface of the footplate.

When the bubbles have been centered, turn the instrument 180 deg in azimuth. If the bubbles do not again center, the levels are not in adjustment. Bring the bubbles halfway toward the center with the leveling screws. The vertical axis will now be vertical (the desired condition), and the bubbles will remain in this new position in whatever direction the instrument is pointed.

If this procedure is followed, setting up the transit takes 1 or 2 minutes. The usual mistake is to disregard the importance of Steps 1, 2, and 3.



FIG. 9.—After pushing each leg firmly into ground move leg opposite plumb bob outward until bob is opposite a second leg.



FIG. 10.—Move second leg outward until bob moves within $\frac{1}{4}$ inch of point.

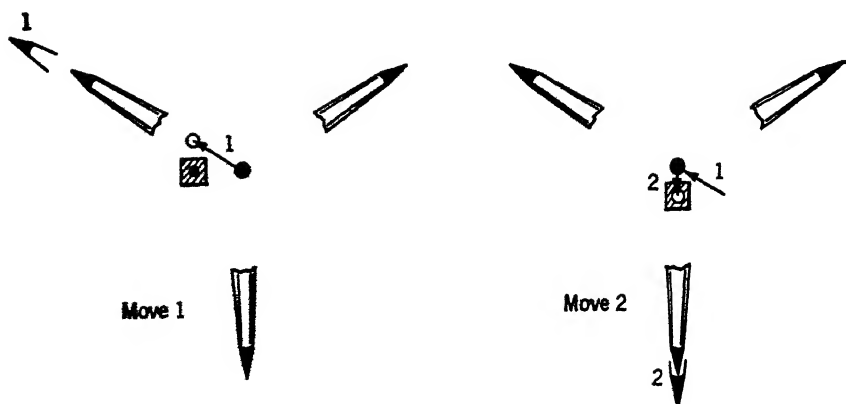


FIG. 11.—Method of moving the legs.

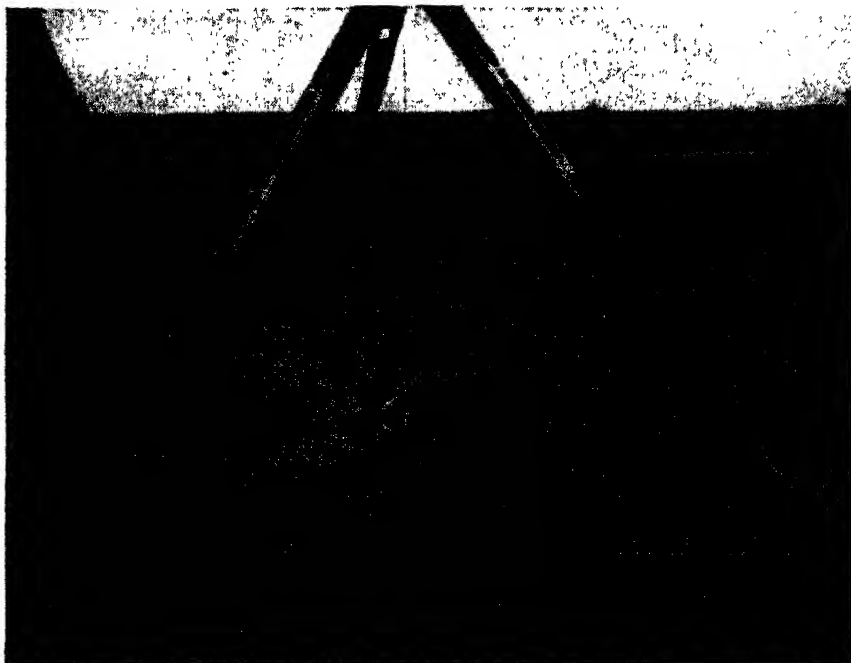


FIG. 12.—Tripod shoes placed in cracks to avoid slipping.

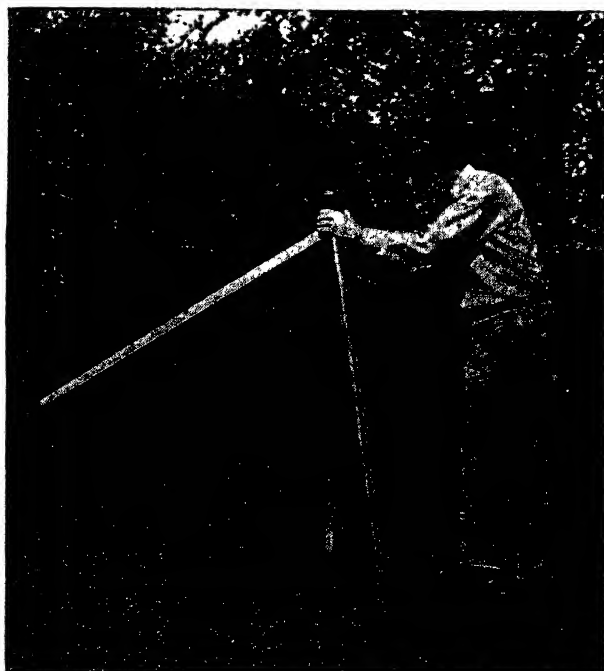


FIG. 13.—After rough leveling, slide head until bob is over tack.

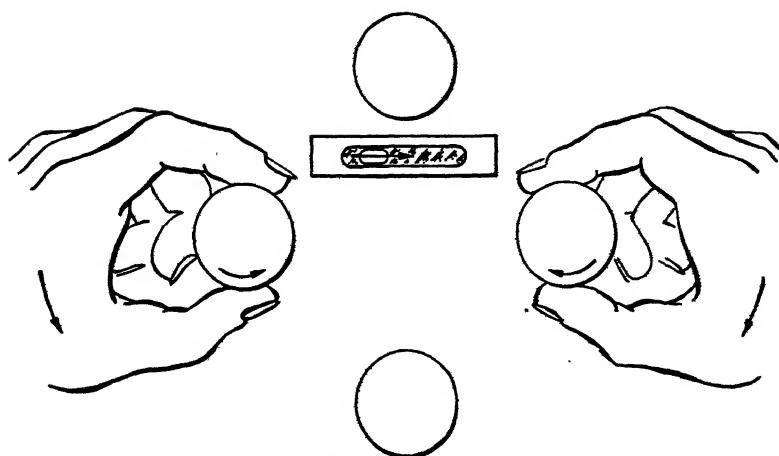


FIG. 14.—Operating the leveling screws.



FIG. 15.—Leveling the instrument. A soldier setting up a Gurley transit in Germany.
(*W. & L. E. Gurley and U.S. Army Signal Corps.*)

TO MEASURE A HORIZONTAL ANGLE

107. Precautions to Be Observed while Operating the Transit.

Once the transit has been set up, do not touch it or allow anything to touch it except when and where it is necessary for operating it. Never straddle the legs, but always stand between them. Be particularly careful not to kick or touch the tripod while walking around it.

108. Abbreviations. The abbreviations used are as follows:

U.C., upper clamp.

U.T., upper tangent screw.

U.M., upper motion (U.C. and U.T. combined).

L.C., L.T., L.M., same for lower motion.

109. Definitions. To point a target or signal means to bring the cross hairs on it. To transit, plunge, reverse, dump, or flop means to turn the telescope upside down. The normal position is direct D; the

upside-down position is reverse R. To traverse the instrument, or to turn it in azimuth, means to turn it about the vertical axis.

110. Use of the Clamps. To set an angle on the circle or to point a signal, first choose the proper motion to use, loosen the clamp, bring the instrument approximately into position, clamp it, and make a fine adjustment with the tangent screw. Some authorities advise bringing the instrument on with a final clockwise motion of the tangent screw, thus moving the instrument with the screw rather than allowing the opposing spring to move the instrument.

111. To Set the Vernier at Zero. Loosen U.C. and L.C. Turn the instrument so that there is good light on the vernier. By pressing the finger up against the circle turn it until the zero is nearly in position, clamp the U.C., and bring it in position with the U.T., using a reading glass.

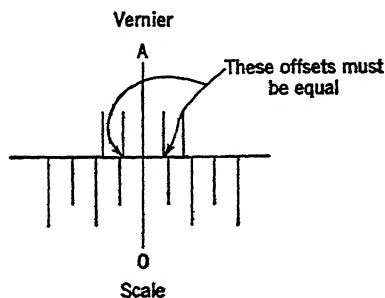


FIG. 16.—Setting vernier at zero.

With the aid of the reading glass, make the two lines adjacent to the vernier zero have equal offsets from their opposites on the scale (see Fig. 16).

112. To Focus the Eyepiece. The eyepiece must be focused according to the eyesight of the observer. Errors due to parallax will occur if this is neglected. Point the telescope at a bright, unmarked object, like the sky. Focus the eyepiece until the cross hairs are clear-cut. Then focus the objective on some well-defined point, and move the head left and right or up and down. If the cross hairs do not remain on the point, change the eyepiece focus until the apparent relative motion is reversed. Continue focusing back and forth, reducing the relative motion each time until it is eliminated.

113. To Point the Instrument. The vertical clamp should not be used if only horizontal angles are being measured. The bearings of the horizontal axis should be just tight enough to retain the up-and-down direction of the telescope without noticeable friction. If they are too loose, tighten the vertical clamp to obtain this condition.

114. In pointing the instrument, one and only one horizontal clamp is ever free. The L.C. is always freed in starting to point on the first side of the angle, and the U.C. is always freed in starting to point on the other side of the angle.

115. Place the fingers of one hand on the proper clamp, loosen it, and continue to hold it with that hand. By holding the eyepiece with the thumb and forefinger of the other hand, aim the telescope at the point to be observed by looking along the top of the telescope and then through it (Fig. 17). Tighten the clamp with the first hand, and take hold of the



FIG. 17.—Bringing cross hairs near point.

corresponding tangent screw. Focus the objective, and bring the vertical cross hair on the point with the tangent screw.

116. **To Read the Vernier.** Estimate the reading of the vernier to minutes with the naked eye, and then make the complete reading with the aid of the reading glass. To use the reading glass, steady the hand on the transit, holding the glass about $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches from the vernier and in line with the graduation being read (Fig. 19). When both the *A* and *B* verniers are used, only the minutes and seconds are read on the *B* vernier. The degrees, minutes, and seconds on the *A* vernier are recorded and only the seconds on the *B* vernier. When the minutes read on the *B* vernier are 1 minute less than on the *A* vernier, a bar is placed



FIG. 18.—Bringing cross hairs on point with upper tangent motion. (*Keuffel
Esser Co.*)

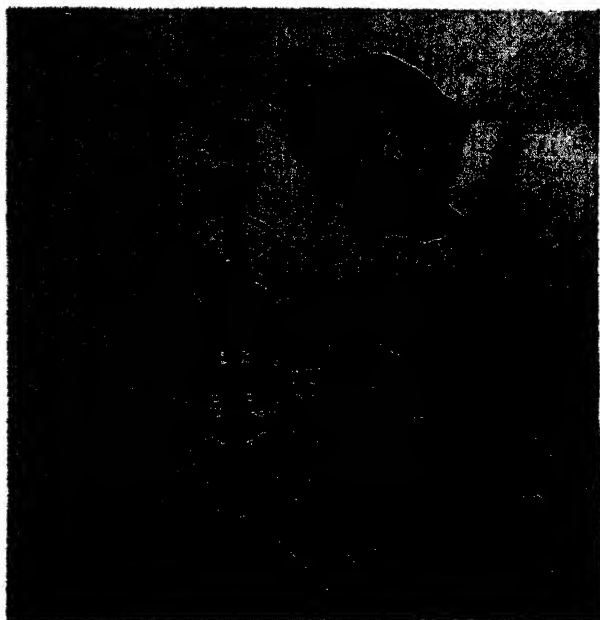


FIG. 19.—Using the reading glass.

above the seconds from the *B* vernier. When they are 1 minute more, 60 seconds is added to the seconds from the *B* vernier. The average of the minutes and seconds of the *A* and *B* verniers is immediately computed and recorded, the same notation being used. Three examples of this notation are shown below.

1. Assume

The reading on the *A* vernier, $12^{\circ}10'15''$.

The reading on the *B* vernier, $192^{\circ}10'30''$.

The field notes would be the following:

°	'	"		"
		<i>A</i>	<i>B</i>	Aver.
12	10	15	30	22.5

This indicates $12^{\circ}10'22.5''$.

2. Assume

The reading on the *A* vernier, $12^{\circ}10'15''$.

The reading on the *B* vernier, $192^{\circ}11'15''$.

The field notes would be the following:

°	'	"		"
		<i>A</i>	<i>B</i>	Aver.
12	10	15	75	45

This indicates $12^{\circ}10'45''$.

3. Assume

The reading on the *A* vernier, $12^{\circ}10'15''$.

The reading on the *B* vernier, $192^{\circ}09'30''$.

The field notes would be the following:

°	'	"		"
		<i>A</i>	<i>B</i>	Aver.
12	10	15	30	52.5

This indicates $12^{\circ}09'52.5''$.

117. To Measure an Angle. If possible, angles should always be measured clockwise. In this discussion assume that the transit is at *A*, the left point is *B*, and the right point is *C* and that the angle is measured

from *B* to *C* (Fig. 20). When it is necessary to determine the value of the angle only to the nearest minute, the angle is "turned" only once and only the *A* vernier is used. The procedure is as follows:

1. Set vernier *A* at zero.
2. Point instrument at *B*, using L.M.
3. Point instrument at *C*, using U.M.
4. Loosen L.M.
5. Read *A* vernier clockwise.

118. If the counterclockwise angle had been read, the value of the counterclockwise angle from *B* to *C* would have been determined.

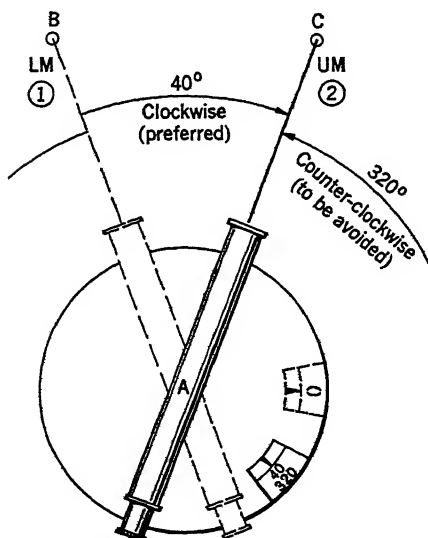


FIG. 20.—Measuring an angle from *B* to *C*, i.e., angle *A-BC*.

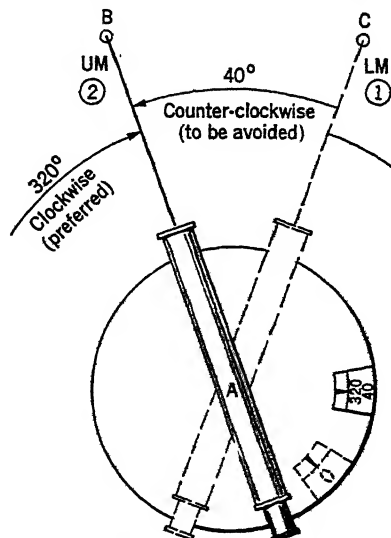


FIG. 21.—Measuring an angle from *C* to *B*, i.e., angle *A-CB*.

This value should be avoided. Obviously the two angles are explements of each other, i.e., their sum is 360° , and they can be read simultaneously from one setting.

119. It will be noted that the lower motion must be used on the point first observed and the upper motion used on the second point. The angle shown by the vernier, whether read clockwise or counterclockwise, is always the angle **from the first or lower-motion point to the second or upper-motion point** (Figs. 20 and 21). It makes no difference in which direction the instrument is actually turned when either of the clamps is open, nor does it make any difference whether the telescope is direct or reversed. Of course, the telescope position, direct or reversed, must not be changed when the upper clamp is open as this will change the angle

read by 180 deg. It can, however, be changed when the lower clamp is open.

120. To Repeat an Angle (see Fig. 22). If, after the cycle described above is complete, the process is repeated without resetting the vernier, i.e., by beginning the cycle with Step 2, the value of another angle is added to the original reading. The value of the angle desired can then be determined by dividing by 2. Any number of repetitions can be made, the accuracy increasing with the number of repetitions. Usually the angle is turned once, twice, or six times or in multiples of 6. The telescope is reversed for the second half of the operation and all the systematic instrumental errors thus eliminated except errors in the adjustment of the plate bubbles and errors in the graduation of the circle. When the angle is turned six times, i.e., three with the telescope direct and three with the telescope reversed, the notation is 3 D.R. The value of the first turn is always read as a check against blunders in the final result. In repeating the angle it is easy to lose track of the number of turns. Each cycle ends when the lower clamp is loosened. Therefore when that point is reached the count should be made. **If the count is made out loud, it will be remembered.**

121. Reading the B Vernier. The accuracy can be nearly doubled by reading the *B* vernier as well as the *A* vernier. The eccentricity of the graduations is also eliminated by this means. When the *B* vernier is read, the value of the initial setting will be zero only by chance. The average of the *A* and *B* verniers thus constitutes an **initial reading**, which must be subtracted (algebraically) from all other readings.

122. Overrunning the Circle. When the angle or the number of repetitions is large, the total angle will often be greater than 360 deg, so that a certain multiple of 360 deg should theoretically be added to the actual reading. In practice, it has been found easier to neglect this until after dividing the actual reading by the number of repetitions. Then that multiple of the expression $360/t$ (where t is the number of turns) is added to the result necessary to make it agree closely with the 1D reading. The validity of this can be shown by the following equation:

$$\frac{360n + r}{t} = \frac{360}{t} n + \frac{r}{t}$$

where n = number of 360° added

r = reading

t = number of turns

For example, if the angle is turned 3 D.R., i.e., six times, the quotient $360^\circ/t = 60^\circ$. Therefore any multiple of 60 deg can be added to the result. If the 1D reading were 131 deg and the 3 D.R. reading were 66 deg, the following procedure would be followed:

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 66^\circ \div 6 & = & 11^\circ \\ 2 \times 60 & = & 120 \\ \text{Sum} & = & 131^\circ \end{array}$$

123. Dividing by 6. Dividing by 6 may be accomplished as follows: Divide the degrees by 6, and use the remainder as the first digit of the minutes in the quotient. Divide the minutes by 6, using the quotient as the second digit of the minutes and the remainder as the first digit of the seconds. Divide the seconds by 6, using the result to fill out the seconds. For example, to divide $291^{\circ}29'15''$ by 6,

$291^{\circ}29'15''$

Step 1	48 3	$(291 \div 6 = 48 \text{ and } 3 \text{ over})$
Step 2	48 34 5	$(29 \div 6 = 4 \text{ and } 5 \text{ over})$
Step 3	48 34 52.5	$(15 \div 6 = 2.5)$

124. Catching Blunders. The final angle should agree with the 1D value within about 15 seconds. If the difference is greater, a blunder has probably been made.

125. Example of Angle Notes. Figure 22 shows the field notes that result when angles are measured 3 D.R., both verniers being used.

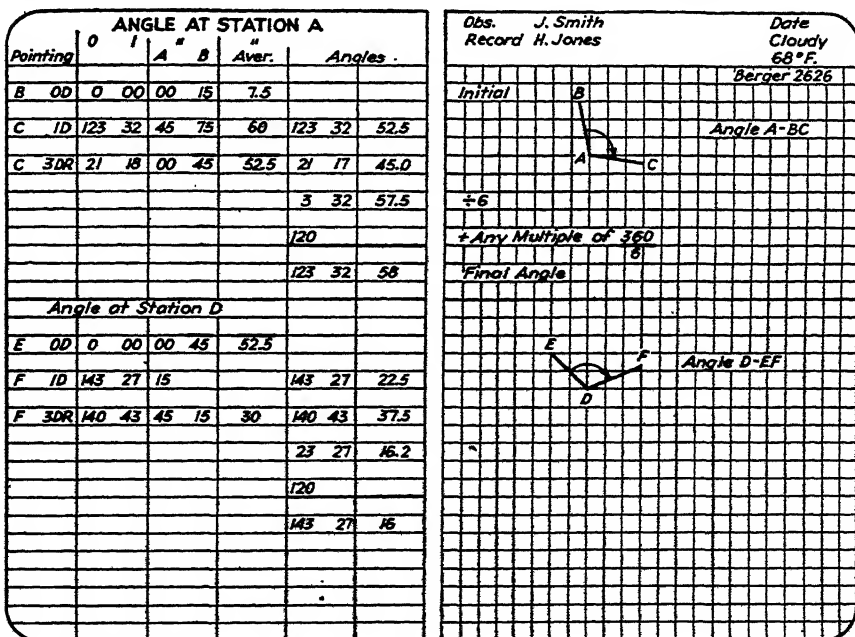


FIG. 22.—Examples of field notes resulting from measuring angles 3 D.R.

126. Accuracy. Experience indicates that the results of 3 D.R. can be relied upon to be within 3 to 6 seconds of the true value, depending on the skill of the observer.

127. Closing the Horizon. Usually in triangulation and occasionally in traverse more than one angle is measured at a single station. A quick and useful check can then be obtained by measuring the unused

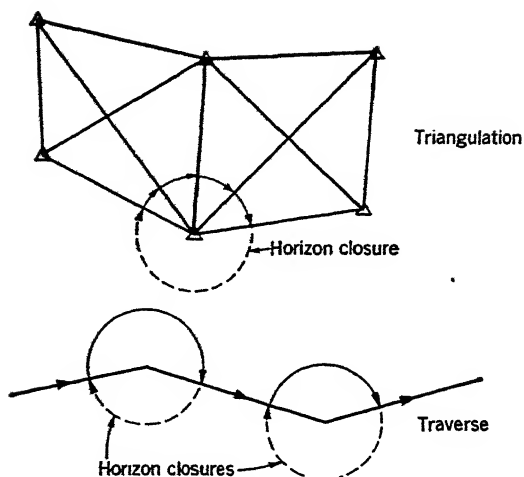


FIG. 23.—Horizon closures. Only the angles shown by full lines are required. The angles shown by dotted lines close the horizon so that station adjustments can be made.

Pointing	0	1	STATION A			Angles
			A	B	Aver.	
B 00	0	0	00	15	7.5	
C 10	74	13	45			74 13 37.5
C 3DR	85	22	15	30	22.5	85 22 15 14 13 42.5 74 13 42.5
C 00	0	0	00	30	45	
D 10	158	48	00			158 48 15
D 3DR	232	49	30	15	22.5	232 49 37.5 38 48 16.2 158 48 16.2
D 00	0	0	00	45	52.5	
B 10	126	57	45			126 57 52.5
B 3DR	41	47	00	45	52.5	41 47 00 6 57 50 126 57 50

Obs.	J. Smith	Date	
Record	H. Jones	Clear	
		60°F.	
Sta. Adj.			
Adj. Angles			
A-BC =	74	13	42.5
			+3.8
			74° 13' 46.3"
A-CD =	158	48	16.2
			+3.8
			158° 48' 20.0"
A-DB =	126	57	50
			+3.7
			126° 57' 53.7"
	358	118	108.7
			+11.3
			358° 118' 120.0"

FIG. 24.—Field notes for a horizon closure and a station adjustment.

angle that completes the circle, or **closes the horizon**. When this angle is measured, the angles can be adjusted so that their sum equals 360 deg. The same increment should be applied to each angle (including the unused angle) as the probable error is the same for each. Such an adjustment is called a **station adjustment** (see Fig. 23).

128. Often this procedure is applied to transverse angles where only one angle is used.

129. **Example of Angle Notes for a Horizon Closure.** Figure 24 shows the field notes that result from a horizon closure.

MISCELLANEOUS OPERATIONS

130. **To Level the Transit Precisely.** When the vertical axis of the transit does not accurately coincide with the direction of gravity, errors are introduced in the horizontal and vertical angles measured. The plate levels indicate the direction of the vertical axis with sufficient accuracy for the requirements of most observations. However, the plate levels should not be relied on when (1) the horizontal angle is to be measured between two points separated by an angle of elevation of 20 deg or more, (2) a vertical angle is to be measured more accurately than to the nearest 20 seconds, or (3) the transit is used to establish a vertical plane for controlling a jig or steel erection, etc.

131. For these requirements the transit must have a firm support. Stakes must be driven to support the legs if the ground is springy. The transit is leveled in the usual way, and the following procedure is carried out.

132. With the U.C., set the vernier approximately at zero. Using the L.C., clamp the instrument so that the telescope is parallel to a pair of opposite leveling screws. With the vertical motion, center the bubble in the tube attached to the telescope. Using the U.C. turn the instrument through 180 deg. If the telescope bubble does not center, bring it halfway back, using the vertical motion. Turn the instrument back to zero, and center the bubble, using the leveling screws. Repeat until the bubble remains centered at 0 and 180 deg. Turn 90 deg, and center the bubble with the leveling screws. Check all positions.

133. **To Measure a Vertical Angle.** Aim the cross hairs at the point, using the vertical motion, and read the vertical circle vernier. If the instrument is not known to be in adjustment, the observation should be made direct and reversed and the average used. This eliminates any error in the position of the vernier that might introduce an index correction.

134. **To Measure a Precise Vertical Angle.** The instrument should be leveled precisely, by using the telescope level. A method must be chosen that will obtain an average of several readings of the vernier. Reading the vernier after each of several pointings will not accomplish the result, for the reading will probably be the same each time. The desired result is best accomplished by utilizing the **stadia cross hairs**. Most instruments have supplementary horizontal cross hairs, one above and one below the center hair. They are used for stadia measurements described in another chapter. Read the vertical angles obtained by aiming the three cross hairs successively at the point both direct and reversed. Use the average of the six values obtained.

135. **To Use the Transit at Close Quarters.** In aligning machinery it is often necessary to use short sights of varying lengths. This requires large movements of

the objective along its slide in order to focus. Any misalignment of the slide is thus magnified. Observations direct and reversed will eliminate the error introduced (see Fig. 27).

136. The Care of the Instrument. Complete directions for instrument care are beyond the scope of this text. The following rules plus a recognition of the delicacy of the instrument will usually prevent damage. The most important rule is to prevent falls. A fall will always result in the need for extensive repairs or will destroy the instrument entirely. The rules apply both to the transit and to the level.

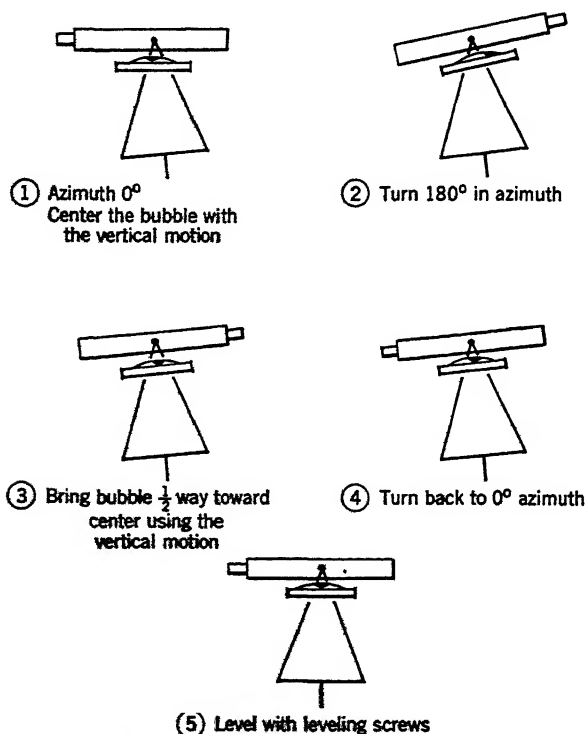


FIG. 25.—Leveling an instrument by means of the telescope level.

1. **Handle the instrument by the base** when not on the tripod. This prevents deflecting the more delicate parts.

2. **Never stand the tripod on a smooth surface.** The legs may slip outward.

3. **Always stand the tripod up carefully.** The legs must be wide and firm even when the setup is not to be used for observations. The wind or a slight touch may knock it over.

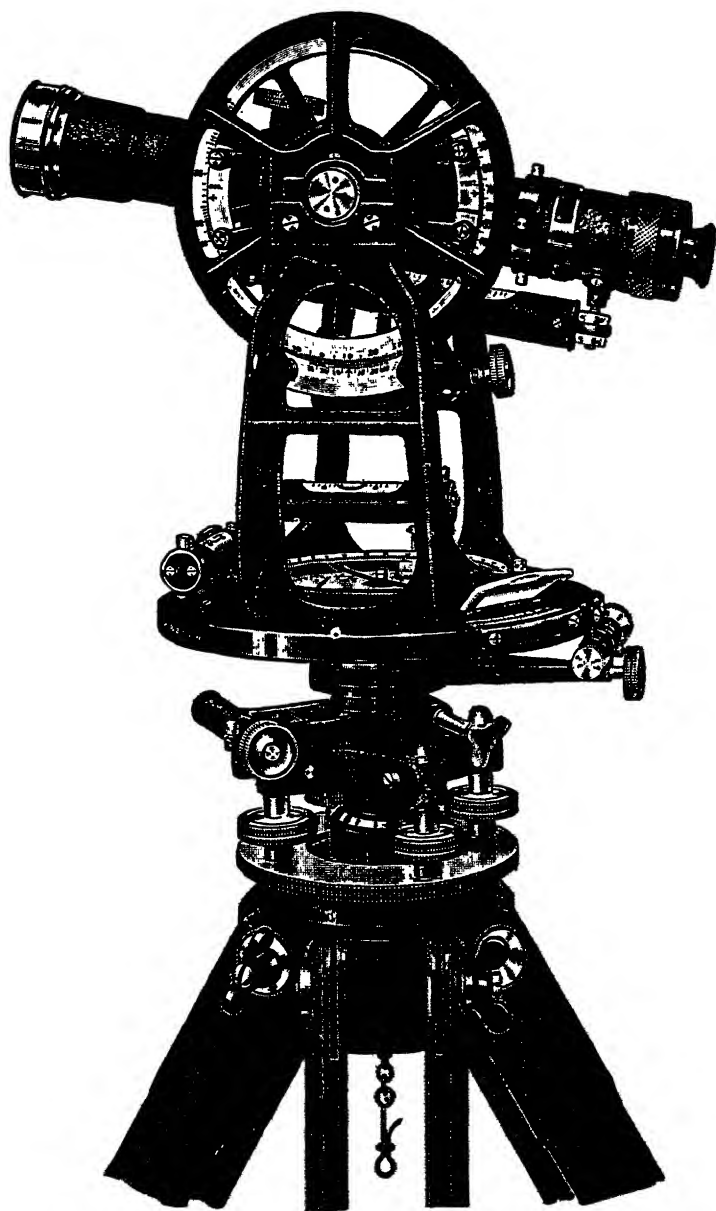


FIG. 26.—A Keuffel & Esser engineer's transit completely equipped. It has a $6\frac{1}{4}$ -inch circle, a telescope level, a full vertical circle, and stadia reduction circle. (Keuffel & Esser Co.)

4. **Never leave the instrument unattended** unless special precautions are made for its protection.

5. **Never subject the instrument to vibration**, which ruins the adjustments. Most instrument cases have large rubber feet, which absorb vibration if the rest of the case is free from contacts.

6. **Never force the instrument.** If the telescope or alidade do not turn easily, do not continue to use the instrument. Such use might damage a bearing.

7. **Keep the instrument in its case.** This usually guarantees protection.

8. **Place it in the case so that the only contact is with the base.** Keep all three transit clamps tight. This reduces chances for vibration. Some cases have felt-covered contact points, which are safe.

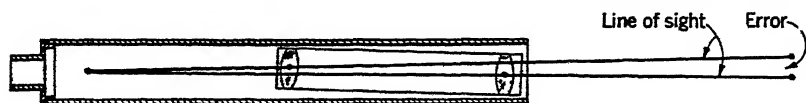


FIG. 27.—Error caused by misalignment of the objective slide.

9. **Keep the instrument free from dust and rapid temperature changes.** Dust ruins the finish and the bearings. Temperature ranges introduce moisture into the telescope tube. The moisture will fog the telescope, and the telescope must be dismantled to remove it.

10. **If the instrument is wet let it dry.** Do not dry it, for this ruins the finish and smears the glass and graduations.

PROBLEMS

Complete the field notes and make the station adjustments for the following sets of data from horizon closures. The method of 3 D.R. was used.

1				2			
°	'	"		°	'	"	
		A	B			A	B
0	0	00	45	0	0	00	30
92	13	30		117	58	15	45
193	21	15	30	347	47	00	45
0	0	00	15	0	0	00	15
156	47	45		174	19	30	45
220	46	15	30	325	57	15	30
0	0	00	30	0	0	00	15
110	58	30		67	43	00	45
305	52			46	16	15	45

3

°	'	"	
		A	B
0	0	00	30
177	45	30	
346	31	15	45
0	0	00	$\overline{30}$
81	57	00	
131	43	30	15
0	0	00	$\overline{45}$
72	29	00	
74	54	15	30
0	0	00	15
27	48	30	
166	50	15	0

4

°	'	"	
		A	B
0	0	00	$\overline{45}$
83	54	15	45
143	27	30	30
0	0	00	30
23	02	30	30
138	14	15	45
0	0	00	15
18	09	30	60
108	59	0	30
0	0	00	$\overline{30}$
234	52	45	75
329	19	15	$\overline{45}$

CHAPTER VI

ADJUSTMENT OF TRANSIT

137. The Adjustment of Instruments. The importance of instrument adjustment cannot be overemphasized. While the errors resulting from lack of adjustment can be eliminated by the principle of reversal in the operation of the instrument, the time consumed for this procedure usually limits it to primary measurements. In locating topographical features, establishing a large number of gauge points in a jig, or in fact, working the great bulk of instrument operations in the field or shop, the time necessary for reversals prohibits their use.

138. The instrumentman must be trained so thoroughly in the theory and methods of instrument adjustment that he can be relied upon to perform the five following functions without fail:

1. He must recognize the operations that depend on the accuracy of instrument adjustment.
2. He must be able to test the instrument in the course of the work.
3. He must be able to adjust it with the minimum of delay.
4. He must be able to judge when the accuracy of measurement requires reversal even when the instrument is in adjustment.
5. When necessary he must be able to operate the instrument so that the reversal principles will neutralize instrument errors.

139. Method of Presentation. To simplify the text without omitting details, schematic sketches are used to demonstrate the adjustment operations. Beside each screw shown in the sketches is an arrow that indicates the direction of movement of the side of the screw nearest the observer. The numbers in circles show the order of procedure. The fractions beside the arrows give very approximately the fractions of a turn that should be applied to the screws.

140. The sketches show typical adjustment parts. There are slight variations from instrument to instrument, but the reader will have no difficulty in discovering how to handle types not shown.

141. Order of Adjustment. Obviously, certain adjustments will upset others. It is necessary therefore to make adjustments according to the order in which they are given in the text.

142. Final Adjustment. Opposing screws or nuts are used on most adjustable parts. Forcing them in the wrong direction will strip the

threads. However, when the final adjustment is complete, the screws must be firm. The last increment of adjustment must therefore be made by tightening one screw of the pair.

143. The Neutralization of the Residual Errors of Adjustment. After each adjustment there is described, under the heading *Neutralization*, the field procedure that will neutralize errors caused by lack of the adjustment. When highly accurate results are required, the instrument must be operated so that any residual errors are neutralized. When less accurate results are required and it becomes apparent that the instrument is not in adjustment, these methods can be employed until adjustment can be accomplished.

ADJUSTMENT A

144. Object. To make vertical cross hair lie in a plane perpendicular to horizontal axis.

Test. Point on some well-defined point. Rotate the telescope slightly about the horizontal axis, using the vertical tangent screw. The point should remain on the cross hair.

Adjustment. Loosen two adjacent cross-hair adjusting screws, and by moving the screws rotate the cross hairs in the desired direction. Tighten the screws (see Fig. 1).

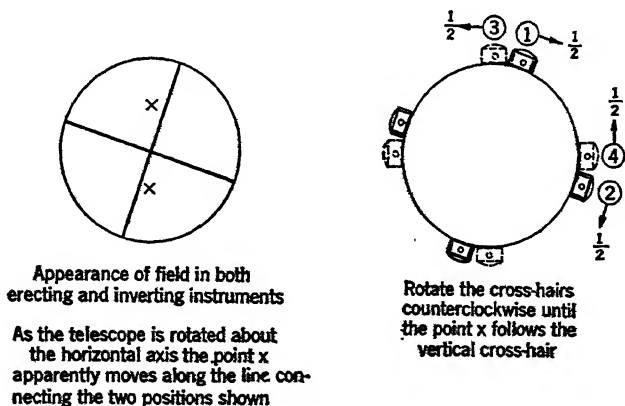


FIG. 1.—Transit Adjustment A.

Repeat test.

Neutralization. Use only that part of the vertical hair which is close to the horizontal cross hair.

Geometry. A lens forms an image that is rotated 180 deg around the lens axis with respect to the object. Direction of rotation therefore is not changed by a lens as it is by a mirror.

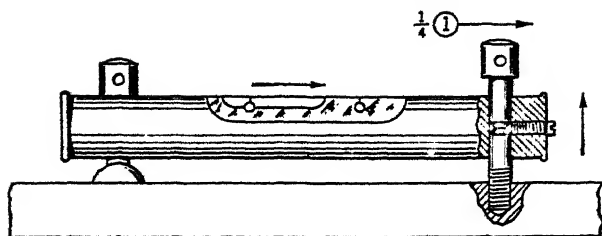


FIG. 2.—Transit Adjustment 1. The adjustment of the plate levels. Continue until the bubble moves halfway back.

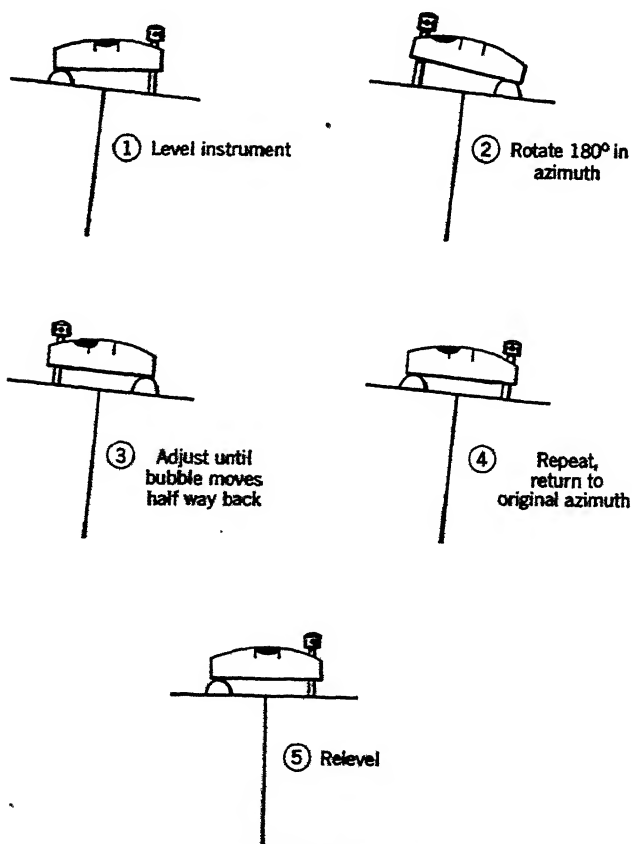


FIG. 3.—Principles of adjustment of plate bubbles.

ADJUSTMENT 1

145. Object. To make plate bubbles center when vertical axis is vertical.

Test. Level instrument. Rotate 180 deg in azimuth. The bubbles should remain centered.

Adjustment. Assume bubble moves away from adjustment end. Follow indications on sketch until the bubble moves halfway back (Fig. 2).

Repeat test.

Neutralization. Level instrument. Rotate 180 deg in azimuth. If bubbles fail to center, bring them halfway back with leveling screws.

Geometry. Figure 3 shows that the error of adjustment creates an error of setup. When the instrument is turned 180 deg, the error of adjustment combines with the error of setup to move the bubble twice the amount caused by the error of adjustment alone.

ADJUSTMENT 2

146. Object. To make line of sight perpendicular to horizontal axis.

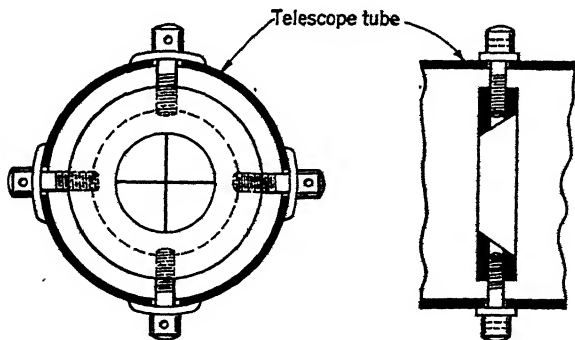
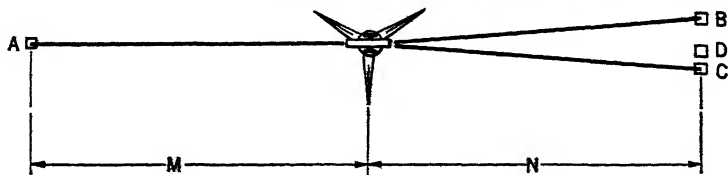


FIG. 4.—Cross hairs and reticle. The four adjusting screws are in tension.



$$M = N > 100'$$

A and B are at nearly the same elevation

$$CD = \frac{1}{4} CB$$

FIG. 5.—Transit Adjustment 2.

Test. Set up near the center of a level stretch. Point on a well-defined mark at *A* 100 feet or more distant. Transit telescope, and set *B* on line, at nearly the same elevation and distance as *A*. Traverse, and

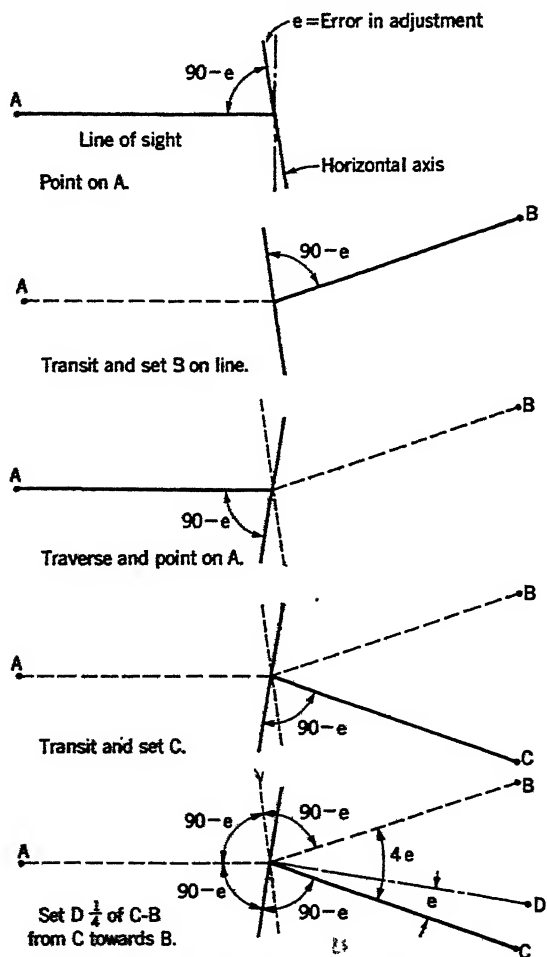


FIG. 6.—Principles of adjustment of line of sight.

and point on *A*. Transit, and the line of sight should fall on *B* (see Fig. 5).

Adjustment. Assume line of sight falls south of point. Set point *C* on line beside *B*. Follow indications on sketches until cross hairs appear to move to *D*, one-fourth of the way from *C* toward *B* (see Figs. 4, 8).

Repeat test.

Neutralization. Point on *A*. Transit, and set *B*. Traverse, and point on *A*. Transit, and set *C*. Set a line point halfway from *C* to *B*. This is called **double centering**.

Geometry. Since, when the cross hairs are adjusted, the line of sight pivots about the center of the objective, to move the line of sight toward

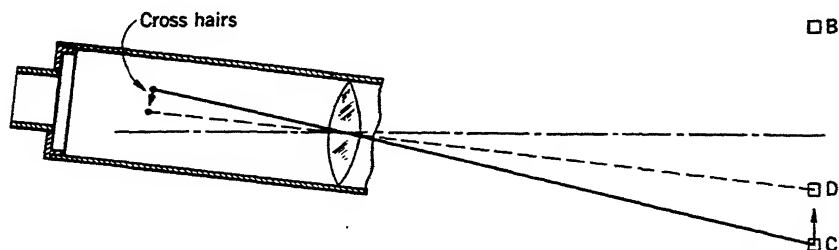


FIG. 7.—Direction to move cross hairs. When *D* is north of *C*, cross hairs must be moved south physically.

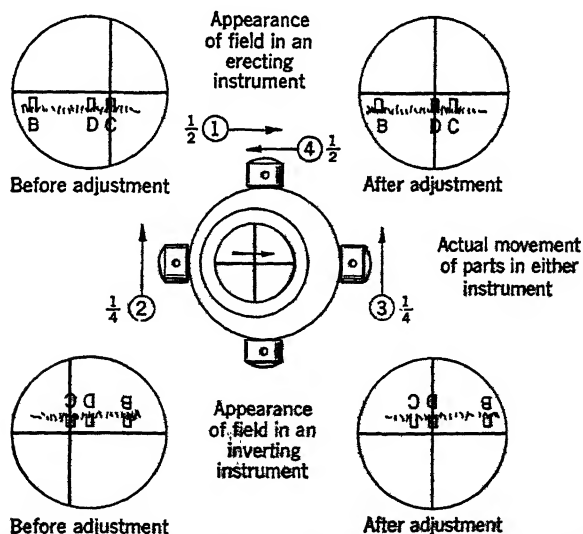


FIG. 8.—Transit Adjustment 2. The appearance of the field of view after the test.

the north the cross hairs must be physically moved south (see Fig. 7). Therefore in adjusting an erecting instrument the cross hairs must be moved apparently in the wrong direction. In adjusting an inverting instrument, since in the inverted view north and south are apparently interchanged, the adjustment is made in apparently the right direction.

Before the cross-hair ring can be moved sideways an upper or lower adjusting screw must be loosened.

The procedure outlined collects four times the error in adjustment between *B* and *C*, as shown in Fig. 6. Hence *D* is set one-fourth of the distance from *C* toward *B*.

ADJUSTMENT 3

147. Object. To make horizontal axis perpendicular to vertical axis.

Test. Set up near a high, well-defined point such as a church steeple. Point on the high point *A*. Lower the telescope, and set point *B* on the

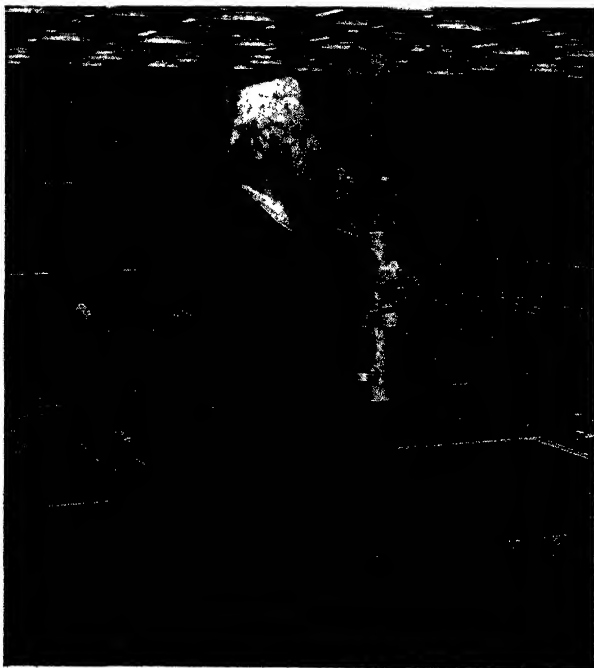


FIG. 9.—Checking the third adjustment at the Renton plant of the Boeing Aircraft Co.
(Boeing Aircraft Co.)

ground in line about 20 feet in front of the instrument. Transit and traverse, and point on *B*. Raise the telescope, and the line of sight should fall on the high point.

Adjustment. Assume that line of sight falls on the opposite side of high point from the adjustable end of horizontal axis. Follow indications on sketch (Fig. 10) until the line of sight moves one-fourth to one-half of the way back. On most transits, as shown in sketch, the adjusting screws also control the bearing pressure. The pressure should prevent the telescope from plunging under its own weight but not create any noticeable friction.

Repeat test.

Neutralization. Repeat any procedure with the telescope reversed, and use the average of the results.

Geometry. (See Fig. 11.) The line of sight is first directed at *A*. The left end of the horizontal axis is high; therefore, when the line of sight is moved downward, it also moves to the left, generating a plane that inclines from the vertical an amount equal to the error in the adjustment of the horizontal axis, viz., angle E_1 . Point *B* is set accordingly.

The transit is now reversed, making the right end of the horizontal axis high. The line of sight is now directed at *B* and raised to *C*, level with *A*. As it is raised, it moves to the left, generating another plane

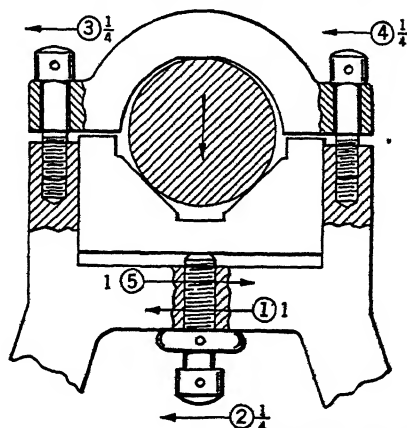


FIG. 10.—Transit Adjustment 3. Procedure for lowering the adjustable end of the horizontal axis. On most transits, as shown here, the adjusting screws also control the bearing pressure. Play, or excessive friction in the bearings, must be avoided.

inclined to the vertical (on the opposite side) an amount equal to the error in the adjustment of the horizontal axis, viz., E_2 .

The problem now arises: Toward what point should the line of sight be directed by adjusting the horizontal axis to eliminate the error?

When the horizontal axis is being adjusted, the plane that the line of sight normally generates is rotated about the line OG , which is perpendicular to the vertical axis. The plane should be rotated until it is vertical, i.e., rotated through an angle $E_3 = E_2 = E_1$. When so rotated, the line of sight will point at *D* and *D'* in the vertical plane through OG .

In order to estimate the distance CD , its relation to CA must be determined.

From the figure;

$$\frac{CD}{CV} = \frac{C'D'}{C'V'} = \frac{D'G}{V'B} = \frac{\alpha}{\alpha + \beta} \quad \text{since } E_3 = E_2$$

If

$$\beta = \alpha, \quad CD = \frac{CA}{4}$$

Therefore, if

$$\alpha > \beta > 0$$

then

$$\frac{CA}{4} < CD < \frac{CA}{2}$$

As it is unlikely that β is less than zero or greater than α , the statement can safely be made that the line of sight shall be moved a distance CD , which is between one-fourth to one-half the total distance CA .

It should be noted that, while the term **vertical** is used for simplicity, the adjustment is independent of the direction of gravity. In every case for vertical can be substituted a **plane containing the vertical axis**. It is therefore unnecessary to level the instrument carefully or in fact at all.

ADJUSTMENT 4

148. Object. To make the telescope level bubble center when the line of sight is horizontal. This is often known as the **peg adjustment**.

Test. Set stakes (or pegs) in line as shown in Fig. 12. Set up at C , and take rod readings on B and D , centering the bubble in the telescope level before each reading. Set up at A , and read rod on B . The assumed rod readings are shown in the figure.

Do the following arithmetic:

2.981	D_1
<u>-4.067</u>	<u>$-B_1$</u>
-1.086	Δ
<u>+7.438</u>	<u>$+B_2$</u>
+6.352	D_2

Read rod on D . It should read 6.352 if in adjustment.

Adjustment. Assume it reads 6.473.

Do the following arithmetic:

6.352	D_2
<u>-6.473</u>	<u>$-D_2$</u>
-0.121	C
<u>$\times 0.1$</u>	<u>$\times 0.1$</u>
-0.012	d
<u>+6.352</u>	<u>$+D_2$</u>
6.340	D_4

Set target at 6.340.

D_4

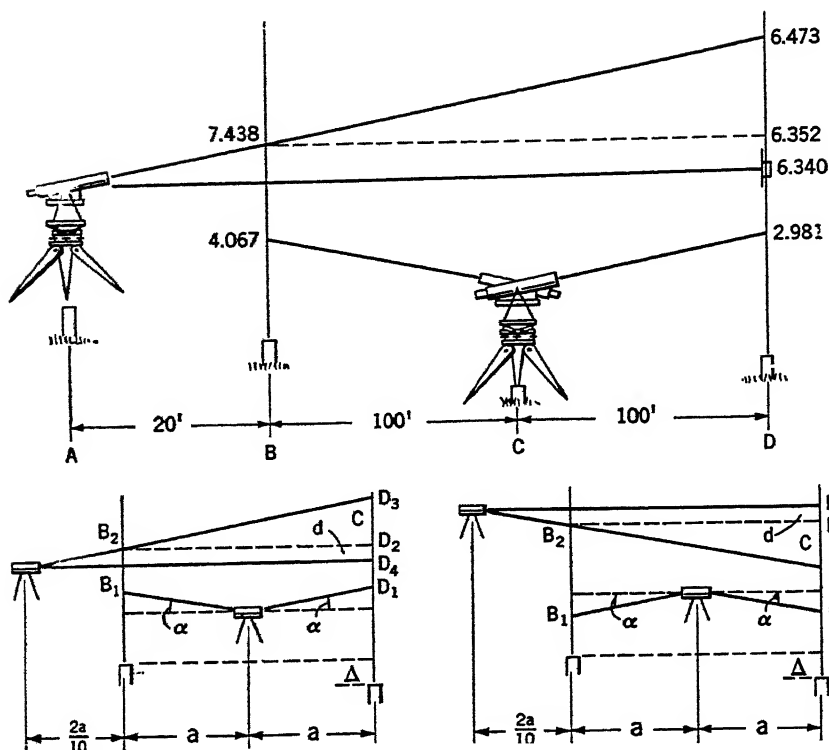


FIG. 12.—The peg adjustment.

Using the vertical tangent screw, point on target. Follow the indications on the sketch (Fig. 13) until the bubble moves to center.

Repeat test.

Neutralization. Set up the instrument at equal distances from the point observed.

Geometry (see Fig. 12). No matter how the instrument is adjusted at the start, the line of sight will always make the same angle (α) with the horizontal when the bubble is centered. By congruent tri-



FIG. 13.—Transit Adjustment 4. Adjustment of the telescope level. After pointing on the target, adjust until the bubble moves all the way to center.

angles, B_1 and D_1 are at the same elevation, and

$$\Delta = D_1 - B_1$$

where Δ is the quantity that must be added to any reading on B to obtain a reading at the same elevation on D . When the reading B_2 is obtained on B , the reading D_2 should be obtained on D if the instrument is in adjustment.

$$D_2 = \Delta + B_2 \quad \text{by definition of } \Delta$$

and

$$C = D_2 - B_2 \quad \text{a correction}$$

but

$$d = \frac{C}{10} \quad \text{by similar triangles}$$

and

$$D_4 = D_2 + d$$

where D_4 is a reading at the same elevation as the transit.

ADJUSTMENT B

149. Object. To make vertical circle indicate zero when line of sight is perpendicular to vertical axis.

Test. Level instrument, using the telescope bubble (see Art. 130). Using lower motion, turn the instrument until the telescope is on line with a pair of opposite leveling screws. Center telescope bubble, using vertical motion.

The vertical circle should now read zero.

Adjustment. Loosen nuts behind vernier. Tap vernier into position. Tighten nuts (Fig. 14).

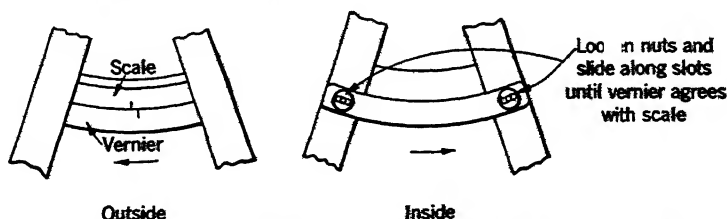


FIG. 14.—Transit Adjustment B. The adjustment of the vertical vernier.

Neutralization. Read vertical angles direct and reversed, and use the average.

Geometry. The vertical axis has been made vertical by the method of leveling. The line of sight is horizontal as the telescope bubble is centered. Therefore the line of sight and the vertical axis are perpendicular, and the vernier should read zero.

PROBLEMS

1. The geometric relationship between an object and its image formed by a lens is the same as would be the case if a pinhole were substituted for the center of the objective. Draw a sketch showing that a lens in forming the image rotates the object 180 deg around the lens axis.

2. Show, using sketches, why the plate levels are adjusted so that the bubble moves only halfway back toward the center.

3. Write out Adjustment 1 complete with sketches, arrows, etc., assuming that at the end of the test the bubble moves toward the adjustment end.

4. Draw sketches of the field of view as seen by an observer when, at the end of the test in Adjustment 2, the line of sight actually falls to the left of point *B*.

5. Write out Adjustment 2 complete with sketches showing arrows, etc., for conditions in Prob. 4.

6. Assume that at the end of the test in Adjustment 3 the line of sight apparently missed the high point by the distance *CA*. If the vertical angles were +40 and -20 deg, respectively, how far should the line of sight be moved by adjustment?

7. Write out Adjustment 3 complete with sketches, arrows, etc., assuming that at the end of the test the line of sight falls on the same side of the high point as the adjustment end.

8-11. Compute the target setting for Adjustment 4 if the data are the following:

	Readings at <i>C</i>		Readings at <i>A</i>	
	Rod <i>B</i>	Rod <i>D</i>	Rod <i>B</i>	Rod <i>D</i>
8	2.341	1.268	4.632	3.548
9	2.341	1.268	4.632	3.583
10	1.246	4.457	5.289	8.532
11	1.246	4.457	5.289	8.484

CHAPTER VII

TRAVERSES

150. Traverses. A traverse consists of a continuous series of lines called **courses** running between a series of points called traverse stations. The lengths of the lines and the angles between them are measured. Traverses can be either open or closed. Open traverses end without closure. They cannot be properly checked and therefore are not recommended. Closed traverses are of two kinds, loop traverses and connecting traverses. Loop traverses close on themselves, and connecting traverses begin at a known direction and position and end at another known position and direction. Thus both the angles and the measured lengths in a closed traverse may be checked.

151. Use of Traverses. Traverses, like triangulation surveys, are used to find the accurate positions of a relatively few marked points called stations. From this system of stations, many less precise measurements can be made to features to be mapped or located, without accumulating accidental errors. Traverses thus usually serve as control surveys. When plans for construction are drawn, the stations can again be used as beginning points from which to lay out work. Traverses are cheaper and more effective than triangulation in small areas or where many obstacles interfere with sight lines.

152. Thus, when new construction of any kind is desired, a system of traverse stations in the area involved must be established and surveyed at the outset. Efforts to avoid this operation because of ignorance or inertia are usually costly, retard the work, and often cause serious revision of plans.

153. Field Work. The positions of the traverse stations are chosen so that they are as near as possible to the objects to be located without unduly increasing the work of measuring the traverse. They are usually marked by stakes with tacks or by stone or concrete monuments set nearly flush with the ground, with a precise point marked on the top by a chiseled cross, drill hole, or special bronze tablet.

154. The angle and length measurements are made as described elsewhere. Signals must be placed at the stations so that the rear tapeman can align the taping and for angle measurement. Many types of signals

have been devised. Usually a range pole stuck in the ground is used for taping, and a range pole held carefully balanced on the point is used for measuring angles. When the courses are short, a plumb bob is held

over the point or a pencil is balanced on it for angle measurements (see Fig. 1). Considerable time can be saved by rigging a device to support one of these signals in place so that a man is not required to hold it.

155. Forward Direction.

For purposes of consistency it is necessary to assume which is forward and which is backward for any traverse. The order in which it is measured is usually called the **forward direction**. Loop traverses should be measured counterclockwise around the loop.

156. Direction of Angle Measurement. The angles of a traverse should be measured clockwise from the backward direction to the forward direction. This is the most rapid field method and the least likely to introduce blunders. Some engineers recommend measuring deflection angles. A deflection angle is the angle between the forward prolongation

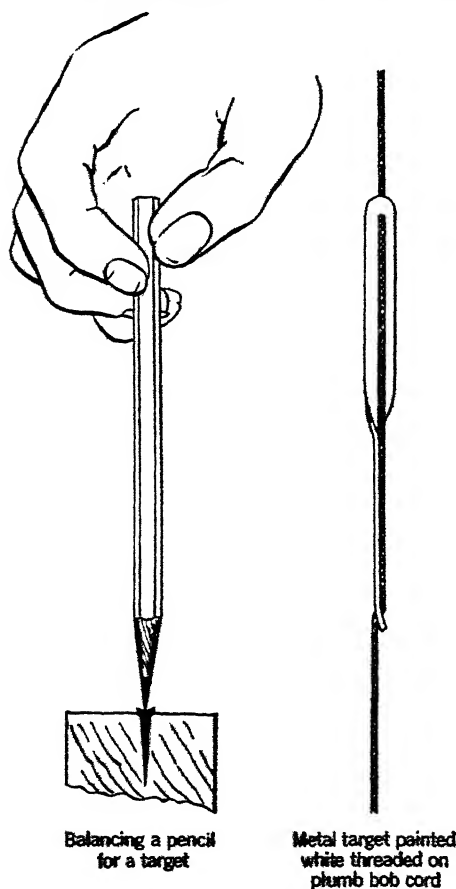


FIG. 1.—Targets for transit observation.

of the back course and the forward course (see Fig. 2). It can also be defined as the change of direction of the traverse at a station. Unless

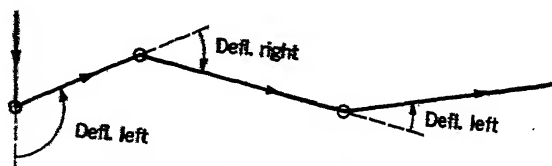


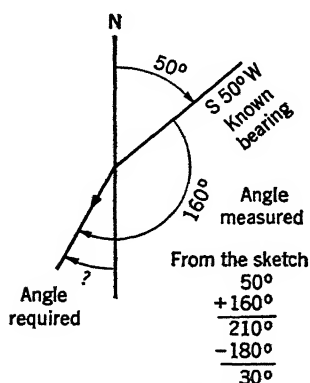
FIG. 2.—Deflection angles.

the directions of the deflection angles left or right are properly recorded, a blunder will result. Deflection angles are therefore not covered in this text, although they slightly reduce computation.

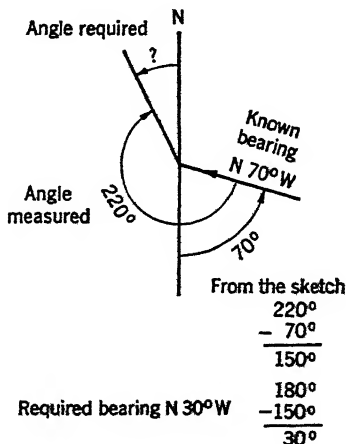
STEPS IN THE COMPUTATION OF A TRAVERSE

157. Usually it is necessary to reduce the traverse field data to the form of the rectangular coordinates of the stations. This is accomplished by the type of computation described in the following paragraphs.

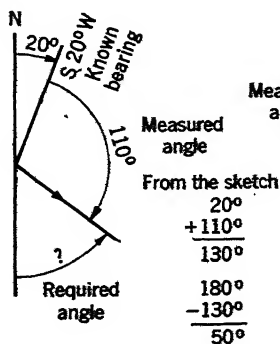
158. As a guide to computation a sketch of the traverse should be drawn approximately to scale, showing the names of each of the traverse stations.



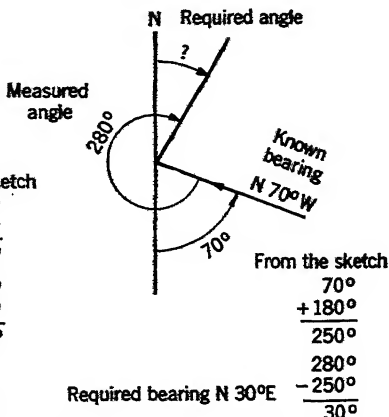
Required bearing S 30° W



Required bearing N 30° W



Required bearing S 50° E



Required bearing N 30° E

FIG. 3.—Typical sketches for computation of bearings.

159. Computation of Direction. One of the first operations in computing a traverse consists in computing the directions of successive courses by applying a traverse angle to the direction of one course to obtain the direction of the following course. When bearings are used to express direction, the best method of accomplishing this is to draw a sketch for each station showing the meridian and the two courses involved (see Fig. 3). The required arithmetic will then be evident. Sketches may also be relied on when azimuths are used, but if the angles are

measured as recommended, considerable time may be saved by using a rule for computing direction.

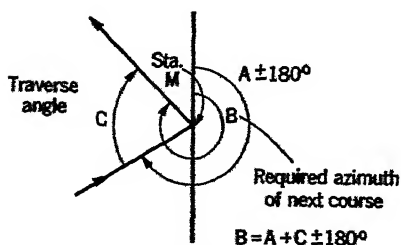
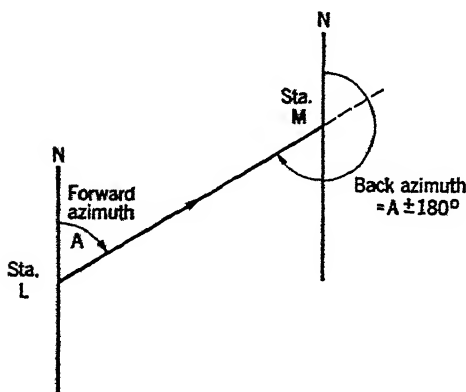
160. Azimuth Rule (see Fig. 4).

$$B = A + C \pm 180^\circ$$

B = azimuth of the next course

A = azimuth of the previous course

C = traverse angle



Rule: Add the traverse angle to the previous azimuth and add or subtract 180°

FIG. 4.—The azimuth rule.

It is evident that $A \pm 180$ deg is the back azimuth of the previous course. C can then be added, for it is measured in such a way that it expresses the increase in azimuth from the back azimuth of the previous course to the forward azimuth of the next course. It may be necessary sometimes to add or subtract 360 deg to avoid minus angles or angles that are over 360 deg.

161. Examples of Traverse Computation. The computation of a loop traverse and of a connecting traverse are here given in detail.

162. Loop Traverse. Figure 5 illustrates a loop traverse. In order to simplify it and to illustrate the procedure properly, the precision, and hence the accuracy, is very low. The data given are the data obtained in the field. The required steps are listed in order.

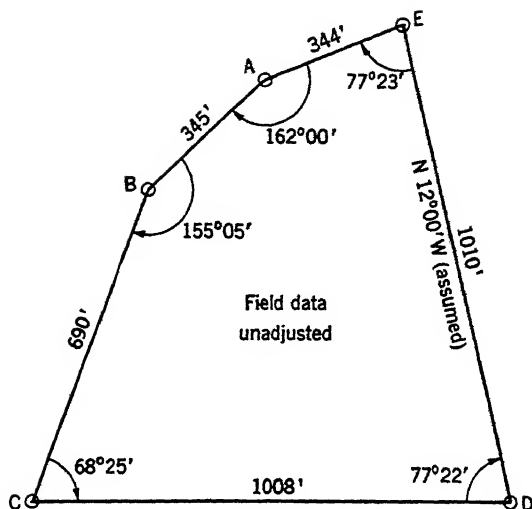


FIG. 5.—Example of a loop traverse showing unadjusted field data.

1. **Compute the angular error.** The sum of the angles should be

$$(n - 2)180^\circ = 540^\circ$$

A.....	162°00'
B.....	155°05'
C.....	68°25'
D.....	77°22'
E.....	77°23'
Sum.....	540°15'
	-540°00'

Total angular error..... 15'

Error per angle, $15' \div 5 = 3'$

Assume that an angular error of 5 minutes per angle is allowed. The angular measurement is thus acceptable.

2. **Adjust the angles.** Give the same correction to each angle, as the chance for error is the same.

A.....	$162^\circ 00' - 3' = 161^\circ 57'$
B.....	$155^\circ 05' - 3' = 155^\circ 02'$
C.....	$68^\circ 25' - 3' = 68^\circ 22'$
D.....	$77^\circ 22' - 3' = 77^\circ 19'$
E.....	$77^\circ 23' - 3' = 77^\circ 20'$
Sum.....	$= 540^\circ 00'$ Check

3. **Compute bearings.** Starting with an assumed or known bearing (in this case D-E = N 12°00' W), compute the bearings by applying the corrected angles successively.

	D-E	N 12°00' W	77 - 20
			- 12 - 00
	E-A	S 65°20' W	65 - 20
			65 - 20
	A-B	S 47°17' W	161 - 57
			227 - 17
	B-C	S 22°19' W	202 - 19
			22 - 19
	C-D	S 89°19' E	89 - 19
			89 - 19
	D-E	N 12°00' W Check	77 - 19
			12 - 00

4. Compute the latitudes and departures.

Latitude = Δy = length multiplied by cosine of bearing

N = plus

S = minus

Departure = Δx = length multiplied by sine of bearing

E = plus

W = minus

If a computing machine is available, natural functions should be used. The form shown here is for logarithmic computation. The log of the length is placed at the middle of the column for each course, the log cos bearing is placed directly above it, and the log sin bearing is placed below it. The two upper logs are added to obtain the log of the latitude, and the two lower logs are added to obtain the log of the departure.

5. Compute the error. Since the traverse begins and ends at the same point, the sum of the latitudes and the sum of the departures should both be zero. By adding the columns the errors can be found. The error in latitude is -40; the error in departure is -30. The total error is evidently the square root of the sum of the squares of these values.

$$\text{Total error} = \sqrt{(-40)^2 + (-30)^2} = 50$$

FORM FOR THE COMPUTATION OF COORDINATES

Sta.	Corrected bearings	log	Unadjusted		Corrections		Adjusted	
	Lengths		Lat.	Dep.	Lat.	Dep.	Lat.	Dep.
			Coord.					
A	S 47°17' W	2.36929						
		9.83147						
	345	2.53782	- 234	- 253	+ 4	+ 3	- 230	- 250
		9.86612						
B		2.40394					+ 630	+ 256
B	S 22°19' W	2.80504						
		9.96619						
	690	2.83885	- 638	- 262	+ 8	+ 6	- 630	- 256
		9.57947						
C		2.41832					0	0
C	S 89°19' E	1.07996						
		8.07650						
	1008	3.00346	- 12	+1,008	+12	+ 9	0	+1,017
		9.99997						
D		3.00343					0	+1,017
D	N 12°00' W	2.99472						
		9.99040						
	1010	3.00432	+ 988	- 210	+12	+ 9	+1,000	- 201
		9.31788						
E		2.32220					+1,000	+ 816
E	S 65°20' W	2.15705						
		9.62049						
	344	2.53656	- 144	- 313	+ 4	+ 3	- 140	- 310
		9.95844						
A		2.49500					+ 860	+ 506
			+ 988	+1,008	+40	+30		
			-1,028	-1,038				
Sum	3397		- 40	- 30				

6. Compute the measure of accuracy or simply the accuracy. This is the ratio of the total error to the total length of the survey. The sum of the lengths of the courses is 3,397; hence

$$\text{Accuracy} = 50:3,397 = 1:68$$

The accuracy of the usual transit traverse is 1:3,000. If the ratio is larger, a blunder probably exists and the survey is rejected. The survey used in the example would of course be rejected but is used for reasons explained previously.

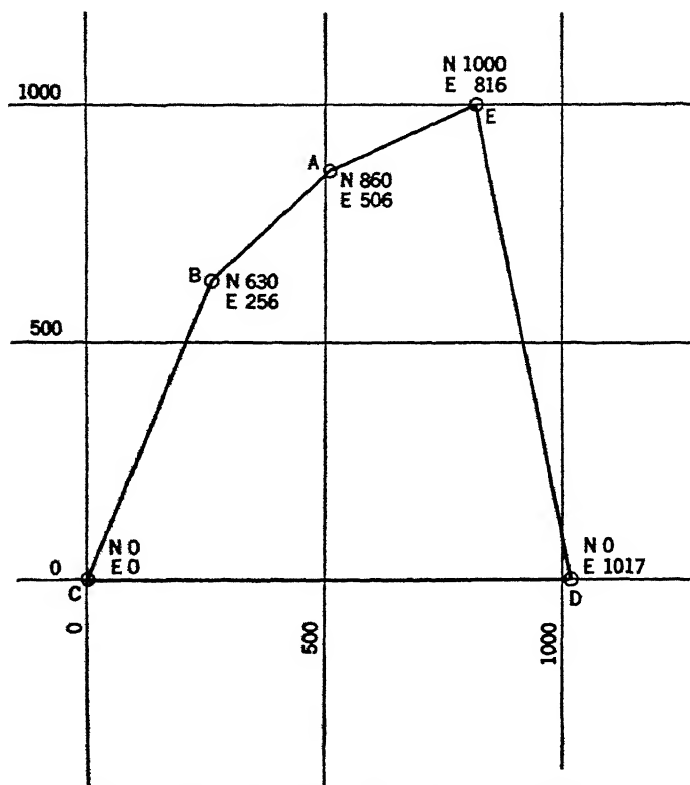


FIG. 6.—Adjusted loop traverse plotted by coordinates.

7. Compute the corrections to latitudes and departures. These are arranged to counterbalance the errors and are proportional to the lengths of the courses. These are computed by slide rule. The formula is as follows:

$$\text{Cor.} = \frac{C}{L} \cdot S$$

where Cor. = correction to latitude (or departure)

C = total error in latitudes (or departures) with the sign changed

L = total length of the survey

S = length of the particular course

The results from the slide rule are placed directly in the form. The total correction must be equal to the error with the sign changed. Owing to cutting off decimals it is sometimes necessary to change one or two corrections to create this relationship.

	Cor. to Latitudes	Cor. to Departures
<i>AB</i>	$\frac{40}{3,397} \times 345 = 4$	$\frac{30}{3,397} \times 345 = 3$
<i>BC</i>	$\frac{40}{3,397} \times 690 = 8$	$\frac{30}{3,397} \times 690 = 6$
<i>CD</i>	$\frac{40}{3,397} \times 1,008 = 12$	$\frac{30}{3,397} \times 1,008 = 9$
<i>DE</i>	$\frac{40}{3,397} \times 1,010 = 12$	$\frac{30}{3,397} \times 1,010 = 9$
<i>EA</i>	$\frac{40}{3,397} \times 344 = 4$	$\frac{30}{3,397} \times 344 = 3$
Total	$= \overline{40}$	$= \overline{30}$

8. **Compute the adjusted latitudes and departures.** The signs of the corrections are, of course, opposite to the sign of the error. Add the corrections algebraically to the unadjusted latitudes and departures.

9. **Compute the coordinates.** Choose coordinates such that all coordinates will be plus. In the example, point *D*, the most southerly point, is given a *y*, or north, coordinate of zero, and the point *C*, the most westerly point, is given an *x*, or east, coordinate of zero.

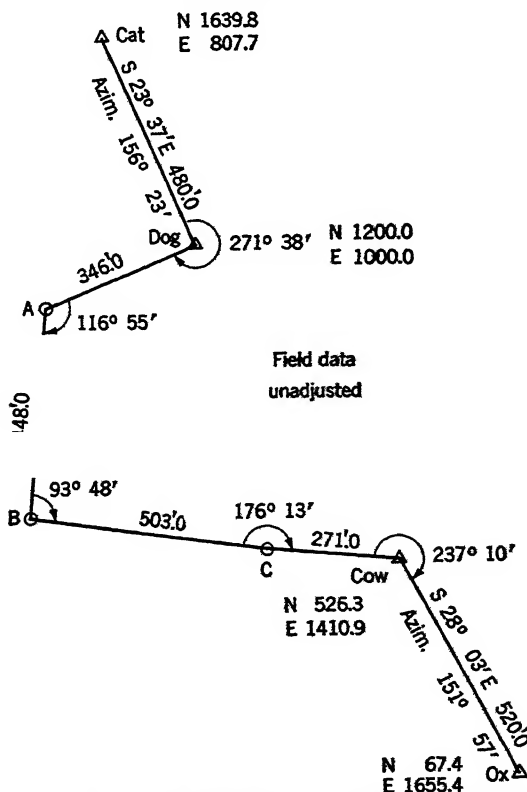


FIG. 7 —Example of a connecting traverse showing unadjusted field data.

coordinate of zero. The coordinates are computed by successive algebraic addition of the adjusted latitudes and departures. An arithmetic check is obtained when the computation is carried around to the starting point, which should have the same coordinates as before (see Fig. 6).

163. Connecting Traverse. Figure 7 illustrates a connecting traverse. It begins at the known position of triangulation station Cat and the known direction Cat-Dog. It closes on Cow and the direction Cow-Ox. The accuracy is low for illustration. The data on the figure are the field data. The positions, i.e., the coordinates, of the triangulation stations must be held fixed and the traverse adjusted to them.

1. Compute the angular error. Compute the directions of the fixed lines upon which the traverse begins and closes.

$$\tan \text{ direction Cat-Dog} = \frac{807.7 - 1,000.0}{1,639.8 - 1,200.0} = -\frac{192.3}{439.8} = -0.43724$$

$$\text{Cat-Dog, bearing S } 23^{\circ}37' \text{ E azimuth } 156^{\circ}23'$$

$$\tan \text{ direction Cow-Ox} = \frac{1,410.9 - 1,655.4}{526.3 - 67.4} = -\frac{244.5}{458.9} = -0.53280$$

$$\text{Cow-Ox, bearing S } 28^{\circ}03' \text{ E azimuth } 151^{\circ}57'$$

Starting with a known direction, compute the directions of the courses by applying the field angles successively. Either bearings or azimuths may be used. Azimuths should be avoided if tables of functions of angles of over 90 deg are not available.

NOTE: Northwest and southeast bearings are minus angles.

By Bearings		By Azimuths	
S	23 37 E	Cat-Dog	156 23
+	271 38		+271 38
	248 01		428 01
-	180 00		-180 00
S	68 01 W	Dog-A	248 01
+	116 55		+116 55
	184 56		364 56
-	180 00		-180 00
S	4 56 W	A-B	184 56
+	93 48		+ 93 48
	98 44		278 44
-	179 60		-180 00
S	81 16 E	B-C	98 44
+	176 13		+176 13
	94 57		274 57
-	179 60		-180 00
S	85 03 E	C-Cow	94 57
+	237 10		+237 10
	152 07		332 07
-	179 60		-180 00
S	27 53 E	Cow-Ox	152 07
-S	28 03 E	Cow-Ox fixed	-151 57
+	10'	Error	+ 10'

By either method, the error, in the direction the angles were measured, i.e., clockwise, is +10 minutes or +2 minutes per angle. If it is assumed that an error of 5 minutes per angle is allowed, the angular measurement is acceptable.

2. **Adjust angles.** Give the same correction to each angle as the chance for error is the same.

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Dog } 271^{\circ}38' - 2' &= 271^{\circ}36' \\ A \quad 116^{\circ}55' - 2' &= 116^{\circ}53' \\ B \quad 93^{\circ}48' - 2' &= 93^{\circ}46' \\ C \quad 176^{\circ}13' - 2' &= 176^{\circ}11' \\ \text{Cow } 237^{\circ}10' - 2' &= 237^{\circ}08'\end{aligned}$$

3. Compute directions.

By Bearings		By Azimuths
S 23 37 E	Cat-Dog	156 23
+ 271 36		+271 36
247 59		427 59
- 180 00		-180 00
S 67 59 W	Dog-A	247 59
+ 116 53		+116 53
184 52		364 52
- 180 00		-180 00
S 4 52 W	A-B	184 52
+ 93 46		+ 93 46
98 38		278 38
- 179 60		-180 00
S 81 22 E	B-C	98 38
+ 176 11		+176 11
94 49		274 49
- 179 60		-180 00
S 85 11 E	C-Cow	94 49
+ 237 08		+237 08
151 57		331 57
- 179 60		-180 00
S 28 03 E	Cow-Ox	151 57
28 03 E	Cow-Ox fixed	-151 57
0	Check	0

4. **Compute the latitudes and departures.** The form for computation using natural functions is shown. It should be used only when computing machines are available.

FORM FOR THE COMPUTATION OF COORDINATES

Sta.	Corrected bearings	cos sin	Unadjusted		Cor.		Adjusted	
	Length		Lat.	Dep.	Lat.	Dep.	Lat.	Dep.
			Coord.					
Dog	S 67°59' W	0.37488					1,200.0	1,000.0
A	346.0	0.92707	-129.7	-320.8	+0.2	+0.5	- 129.5	- 320.3
A	S 4°52' W	0.99639					1,070.5	679.7
B	448.0	0.08484	-446.4	- 38.0	+0.2	+0.7	- 446.2	- 37.3
B	S 81°22' E	0.15011					624.3	642.4
C	503.0	0.98867	- 75.5	+497.3	+0.2	+0.8	- 75.3	+ 498.1
C	S 85°11' E	0.08397					549.0	1,140.5
Cow	271	0.99647	- 22.8	+270.0	+0.1	+0.4	- 22.7	+ 270.4
Sum	1568		-674.4	+408.5		Cow	526.3	1,410.9
	Coord. diff.		-673.7	+410.9				
	Error		- 0.7	- 2.4				

5. Compute the error.

$$\text{Total error} = \sqrt{0.7^2 + 2.4^2} = 2.5$$

6. Compute the measure of accuracy.

$$\text{Accuracy} = 2.5:1,568 = 1:627$$

The survey would be rejected, but it is used for reasons explained previously.

7. Compute the corrections to latitudes and departures.

Cor. to Latitudes	Cor. to Departures
$\frac{0.7}{1,568} \times 346 = 0.2$	$\frac{2.4}{1,568} \times 346 = 0.5$
$\frac{0.7}{1,568} \times 448 = 0.2$	$\frac{2.4}{1,568} \times 448 = 0.7$
$\frac{0.7}{1,568} \times 503 = 0.2$	$\frac{2.4}{1,568} \times 503 = 0.8$
$\frac{0.7}{1,568} \times 271 = 0.1$	$\frac{2.4}{1,568} \times 271 = 0.4$
<u>0.7</u>	<u>2.4</u>

8. Compute the adjusted latitudes and departures. See form in (4) above.

9. Compute the coordinates. Beginning with the fixed coordinates at the beginning of the traverse compute the coordinates of each station by successive algebraic addition. An arithmetic check is obtained when the computed coordinates of Cow agree with its fixed coordinates.

164. Plotting the Traverse. Traverses may be plotted by protractor and scale. When the coordinates are available, much greater

accuracy is obtained when the stations are plotted by coordinates. When the stations are plotted, light connecting lines should be drawn to represent the traverse lines. The plotted traverse should then be checked by scaling the lengths of the courses and by measuring the traverse angles with a protractor. **The results are compared with the original field notes.**

The coordinates of each station should be printed near the station on the map for ease in using them.

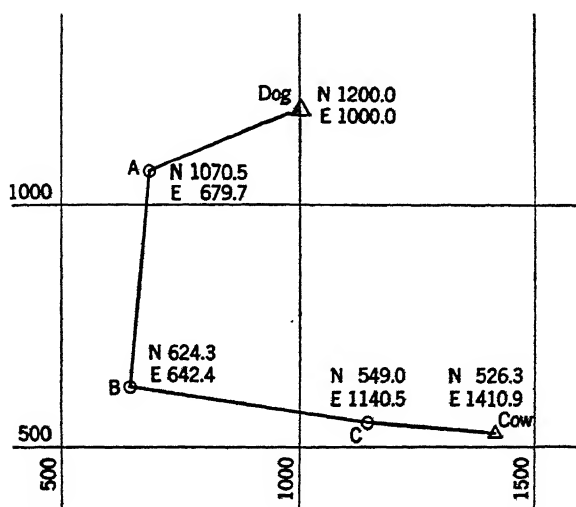


FIG. 8.—Adjusted connecting traverse plotted by coordinates.

165. Topographic Features. Objects and other topographic features that are required for the map are located by field measurements from the traverse lines. These measurements are made from traverse stations or points set at known distances along the traverse lines. They consist of the measurement of any convenient combinations of angles and distances. Any two of these measurements will locate a point. The subject is covered in Chap. XII.

PROBLEMS

In the following traverses the forward direction is indicated by the alphabetical order. All angles are measured clockwise from the back course to the forward course. For each traverse, (1) draw a sketch, approximately to scale if possible; (2) adjust the angles; and (3) compute the directions. When the lengths of the courses are given also, (4) compute the latitudes and departures, (5) compute the accuracy, (6) adjust the traverse, and (7) compute the coordinates.

The following sets of data are combined in various ways to make up traverses:

TRAVERSE ANGLES

	Set 1	Set 2	Set 3	Set 4
<i>A</i>	210°30'	213°05'	303°30'	54°08'
<i>B</i>	61 31	49 55	89 33	216 54
<i>C</i>	299 27	270 48	56 27	56 55
<i>D</i>	45 06	130 17	144 17	127 28
<i>E</i>	194 55	60 42	279 07	263 17
<i>F</i>	88 11	297 53	152 13	55 02
<i>G</i>	153 00	112 18	58 03	150 07
<i>H</i>	329 35	157 37	226 07	117 35
<i>I</i>	41 40	61 14	44 16	308 06
<i>J</i>	107 15	303 52	304 22	60 07
<i>K</i>	208 55	90 12	84 38	88 57
<i>L</i>	60 07	52 31	57 51	301 12

BEARINGS

	Set 1	Set 2	Set 3	Set 4
<i>a</i>	N 48°03' E	N 25°57' E	S 61°05' W	N 57°04' E
<i>b</i>	N 49 36 E	N 27 18 E	S 63 22 W	N 58 29 E
<i>c</i>	N 50 07 E	N 29 03 E	S 64 35 W	N 59 57 E
<i>d</i>	N 51 42 E	N 29 48 E	S 66 47 W	N 61 08 E
<i>e</i>	N 52 17 E	N 31 22 E	S 67 56 W	N 63 37 E
<i>f</i>	N 54 21 E	N 33 35 E	S 69 11 W	N 64 54 E
<i>g</i>	N 55 50 E	N 34 27 E	S 70 42 W	N 65 42 E
<i>h</i>	N 57 18 E	N 36 11 E	S 72 54 W	N 67 26 E
<i>i</i>	N 59 37 E	N 39 53 E	S 74 03 W	N 68 17 E
<i>j</i>	N 62 24 E	N 42 31 E	S 75 42 W	N 71 34 E
<i>k</i>	N 65 46 E	N 43 46 E	S 76 25 W	N 75 47 E
<i>l</i>	N 67 10 E	N 46 04 E	S 78 51 W	N 76 56 E

1-12. Compute bearings using the angles in Set 1 and the bearing for the course *I-J* found in Set 1, using line *a* for the first problem, line *b* for the second problem, etc.

13-24. As above, using angles in Set 2 and the bearing for the course *G-H* from Set 2.

25-36. As above, using angles in Set 3 and the bearing for the course *C-D* from Set 3.

37-48. As above, using angles in Set 4 and the bearing for the course *F-G* from Set 4.

49-96. Compute azimuths for Probs. 1 to 48. (NOTE: Subtract 48 from the number assigned to find the corresponding problem.)

97-120. Compute the final coordinates for the traverses given. Use the bearing given opposite the assigned problem number.

LOOP TRAVERSE 1

Traverse angles		Lengths, ft	
<i>A</i>	91°18'	<i>AB</i>	554.09
<i>B</i>	94 28	<i>BC</i>	425.31
<i>C</i>	109 52	<i>CD</i>	426.05
<i>D</i>	102 26	<i>DE</i>	345.28
<i>E</i>	142 06	<i>EA</i>	322.21

Coord. *B*, N 1,000.00, E 1,000.00.

LOOP TRAVERSE 2

Traverse angles		Lengths, ft	
<i>A</i>	96°05'	<i>AB</i>	560.27
<i>B</i>	95 20	<i>BC</i>	484.18
<i>C</i>	65 15	<i>CD</i>	375.42
<i>D</i>	216 22	<i>DE</i>	311.44
<i>E</i>	67 08	<i>EA</i>	449.83

Coord. *E*, N 1,000.00, E 1,000.00.

LOOP TRAVERSE 1

LOOP TRAVERSE 2

	Bearing <i>BC</i>		Bearing <i>EA</i>
97	N 44°28' W	109	N 34°42' W
98	N 71 35 W	110	N 85 55 W
99	S 82 41 W	111	S 77 38 W
100	S 55 16 W	112	S 45 23 W
101	S 28 52 W	113	S 14 13 W
102	S 3 11 E	114	S 10 14 E
103	S 34 22 E	115	S 29 08 E
104	S 65 38 E	116	S 75 46 E
105	N 84 45 E	117	N 74 10 E
106	N 51 57 E	118	N 63 26 E
107	N 87 08 E	119	N 81 38 E
108	N 9 17 W	120	N 18 53 E

121-132. Compute the final coordinates for the traverses given. Use the coordinates for Ash, Oak, and Pine opposite the assigned problem number.

CONNECTING TRAVERSE 1

Sta.	Angle		Course	Lengths, ft
Fir	Ash-A	86°33'	Fir-A	347.15
A	Fir-B	223 55	A-B	449.82
B	A-Oak	114 48	B-Oak	144.76
Oak	B-Pine	141 36		

COORDINATES

(The coordinates of Fir are the same in all problems; N 1,000.00, E 1,000.00)

	Ash		Oak		Pine	
	N	E	N	E	N	E
121	1,326.16	903.59	1,030.88	1,846.53	1,363.40	1,907.16
122	1,333.33	932.39	956.98	1,846.00	1,282.95	1,935.38
123	1,337.95	961.69	883.41	1,839.03	1,200.35	1,956.48
124	1,340.00	991.29	810.73	1,825.68	1,116.23	1,970.30
125	1,339.47	1,020.96	739.49	1,806.04	1,031.22	1,976.74
126	1,336.35	1,050.47	670.23	1,780.27	945.97	1,975.74
127	1,330.67	1,079.59	603.48	1,748.56	861.13	1,967.32
128	1,322.48	1,108.11	539.75	1,711.15	777.35	1,951.54
129	1,311.83	1,135.80	479.52	1,668.33	695.27	1,928.51
130	1,298.80	1,162.46	423.25	1,620.42	615.50	1,898.42
131	1,283.51	1,187.89	371.37	1,567.79	538.66	1,861.49
132	1,266.05	1,211.88	324.28	1,510.85	465.34	1,818.00

133. Compute the final coordinates for the traverse given.

CONNECTING TRAVERSE 2

Sta.	Angle		Course	Lengths, ft
No. 3	2-A	265°48'15"	3-A	1,073.2
A	3-B	91 23 30	A-B	1,260.5
B	A-C	84 17 45	B-C	1,101.4
C	B-D	274 15 15	C-D	2,505.6
D	C-8	261 56 00	D-8	987.8
No. 8	D-9	115 29 15		

FIXED COORDINATES

Sta. No.	x, ft	y, ft
2	1,872,534.2	942,531.5
3	1,872,364.8	943,425.1
8	1,872,328.3	947,371.8
9	1,872,373.9	948,457.7

CHAPTER VIII

THE LEVEL AND BENCH-MARK LEVELING

166. Leveling. The importance of elevations cannot be overestimated. Gravity plays such an important part in every operation that it must be always considered in design. In particular, any facility for the movement of materials or personnel must be held to carefully established grades. Floors must be kept level to avoid hazards, simplify plant revision, provide safe storage, etc. Monorails and gravity pipe lines must be carefully graded. Machine and jig alignments can usually be established more quickly and cheaply by using surveying levels rather than shop levels, and in the field every structure and every road or drainage ditch requires careful leveling.

167. The accuracy requirements for leveling are usually much higher than for horizontal measurement. Fortunately, the higher accuracy is easier to obtain. The spirit level is itself a very sensitive instrument, and the fact that the line of sight is independently made horizontal at each setup prevents the accumulation of angular errors.

168. The Level Instrument. The engineer's level consists of a telescopic line of sight of relatively high magnification (about 25 diameters) and a relatively sensitive spirit level, the bubble of which moves one graduation when the instrument is tipped about 20 seconds of arc.

The spirit level is adjusted so that the line of sight is horizontal when the bubble is centered.

The telescope and level with their supports are mounted on a vertical spindle, which fits in a vertical bearing in a leveling head. The leveling head is provided with leveling screws so that the bubble may be centered (see Fig. 1).

An adjustment is provided so that the bubble centers when the vertical axis is vertical to avoid undue leveling.

169. Two types of instruments are used in this country, the **Y level** and the **dummy level**. The Y level can be adjusted by one man. The dummy level requires the assistance of a rodman. The telescope tube of the Y level is supported in two Y supports. It may be rotated in these supports and changed end for end. The telescope tube of the dummy level is rigidly attached to the vertical spindle. This eliminates a considerable number of parts, makes the instrument cheaper, and prevents

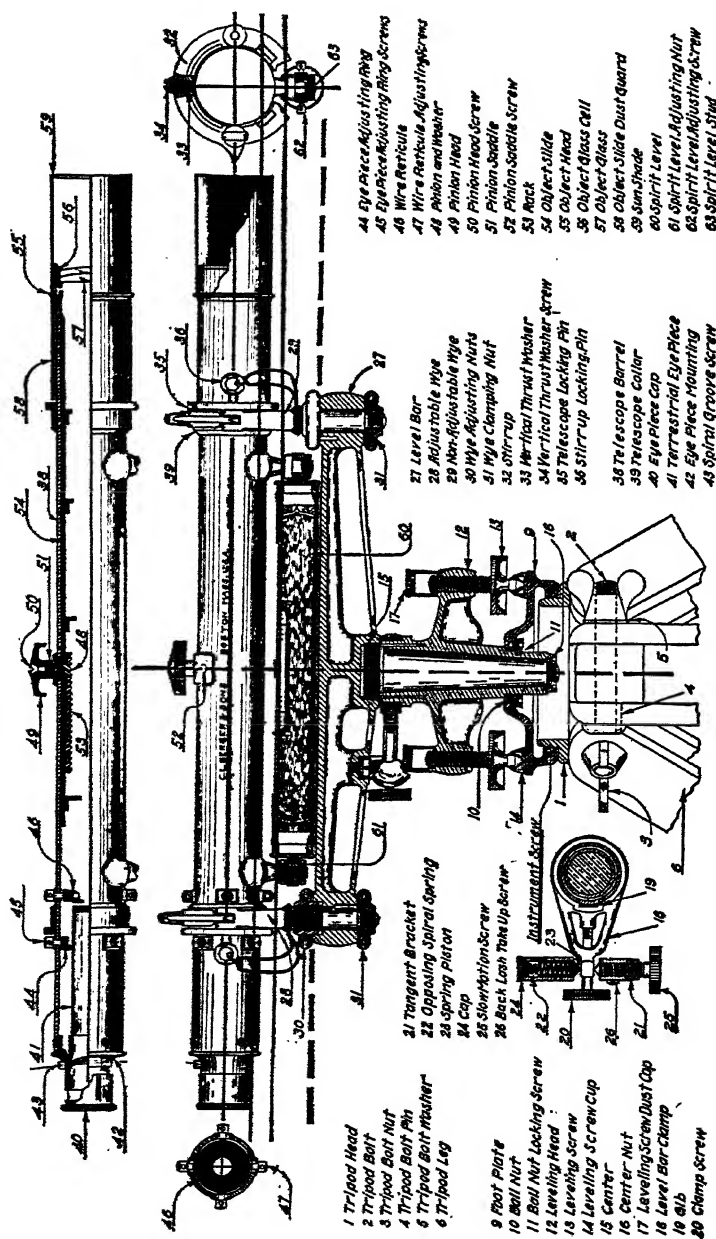


FIG. 1.—Cross section of the Berger 18-inch Y level. (C. L. Berger & Sons, Inc.)



FIG. 3.—An engineer's dumpy level manufactured by W. & L. E. Gurley. (*W. & L. E. Gurley.*)

the instrument from getting out of adjustment as easily as the Y level.

170. A transit having a telescope level can be used as a level. It does not give so accurate results as a level.

171. **The Rod.** There are many types of level rods. The most useful for the type of work covered in this text is described here in detail. The level rod is a wooden rod graduated upward from zero at the bottom

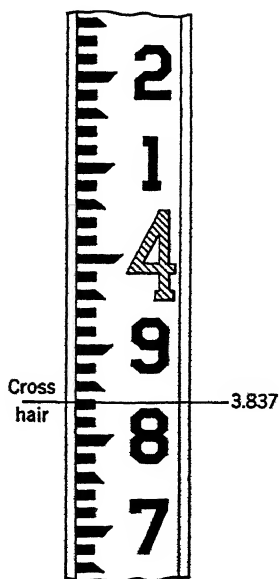


FIG. 4.—Method of reading a rod with customary graduation pattern.



FIG. 5.—A Gurley level rod. (W. & L. E. Gurley.)

and provided with a movable metal target that can be clamped where desired. The rod should be graduated in hundredths of a foot. It is made in two parts. The rear section can be slid upward, and when **fully extended** the front face of the rod reads continuously from 0 to 12 or 13 feet. The graduations should be heavy and clean, so that they may be read by the instrumentman. In other words, the rod should be **self-reading**. On most self-reading rods the graduations are 0.01 foot wide and spaced 0.01 foot apart. The dividing line between the black

graduations and the white face of the rod is the exact hundredth. A standard design for these graduations is used (see Fig. 4).

172. The top of the front face of the rod (from 6.75 feet upward to about 7.20 feet) is attached to the back section. The back face of the back section of the rod is graduated downward from 7 to 12 or 13 feet. As the back section is slid upward, it runs under an index mark and vernier. The reading at the index indicates the position of a certain mark, usually the 7-foot mark on the front face. Thus, if the target is set at the proper mark and the back section of the rod is partly raised, the height of the target above the ground is indicated by the index on the rear face. A clamp is provided to hold the back section in place.

173. **Bench Marks.** Bench marks are marked points of known elevation above any datum. They should be objects that are easily recognized, easily found, not likely to move, marked by an identifying number, round on top, and set low with respect to the surrounding ground. The best are cross marks or bronze tablets set in old masonry with good foundations. But almost any object can serve as a bench mark. Monuments set flush with the ground, certain parts of fire hydrants, nails in trees, and even stakes are used.

174. **Bench-mark Leveling.** Bench-mark leveling, sometimes called **differential leveling**, is the process of determining the elevation of a series of bench marks. It is always a control survey and therefore usually performed with considerable precision.

175. **Method.** Set up the level near a bench mark and in the direction of progress, and read a rod held vertically on the bench mark. Add this reading to the elevation of the bench mark. The result will be the **height of instrument** or **H.I.** Choose a firm point beyond the instrument, in the direction of progress, and at nearly the same distance from the instrument as the bench mark. This is called a **turning point** or **T.P.** Read the rod held on the turning point. Subtract this reading from the height of instrument. The result gives the elevation of the turning point. This process can be continued indefinitely, running over turning points to various bench marks in succession. The work must be carried on until a bench mark of known elevation is reached. The elevation obtained must check closely with the known elevation. Often the work is merely carried back to the original bench mark as a check.

176. **Systems of Bench Marks.** A system of bench marks is always in demand from the moment any work is contemplated and throughout the entire life of the project. They should be established if possible before leveling is required for the original map. Thereafter they should be maintained for mapping, construction, future changes, and for maintenance. When they are available, all leveling work can

be kept on the same datum by beginning the work at the nearest bench mark. Thus elevations can be established according to the exactly same datum used in the plans. Old and new plans will agree, leveling work can be checked whenever a bench mark is passed, and the very number of them ensures the permanence of the datum they establish. At least three bench marks should always be established so that if one is disturbed the pair that check will be known to be correct.

LEVELING PROCEDURE

177. To Set Up the Level. As with the transit, spread the legs and place them so that the footplate is level. Walk around the instrument pushing each leg firmly into the ground. Loosen two adjacent screws. Turn the telescope over a pair of opposite leveling screws. Level until bubble crosses the center of the tube. Turn telescope over the other pair of leveling screws. Bring the bubble to within two divisions of the center. Repeat over the first pair. The instrument is now only approximately leveled; but as will appear later, this is sufficient for the setup.

178. When the transit is used as a level, set up and level, using the plate bubbles in the ordinary way. Then approximately center the telescope bubble, using the vertical motion.

179. To Operate the Level. As with the transit the eyepiece must be focused on the cross hairs (see Art. 112). After the instrument is set up, do not touch it or allow anything to touch it except when and where necessary for operating it. Never straddle the legs, but always stand between them; and be particularly careful not to kick or touch the tripod while walking around the instrument.

180. To Handle the Rod. Clamp the target at the 7-foot mark. At all times keep the rod standing on the bench mark or turning point, except when actually moving. Keep it **balanced** and with the front face turned toward the instrument. When the instrument is set up or about to be set up in a position that requires the extended rod (**high rod**), raise the rod **all the way** and clamp it in position. If it is raised part way, the graduations are not continuous and a blunder will result. Keep the eyes on the levelman at all times, unless performing some necessary function that interferes. Always lower the rod to carry it.

181. To Take a Rod Reading. As with the transit, it is necessary to sight over the top of the telescope to direct it toward the rod.

1. **Focus on rod** (and bring vertical cross hair near the rod).

2. **Level precisely** with the pair of opposite leveling screws that most nearly points toward the rod (or level precisely with the vertical tangent screw if the transit is used).

3. Read the rod (without moving the feet).
4. Check the bubble.
5. Record the reading.
6. Give the reading to the rodman by voice or signal, naming all the digits read. For example, in reading to thousandths of a foot, 5.1 is read, "five point one oh oh."

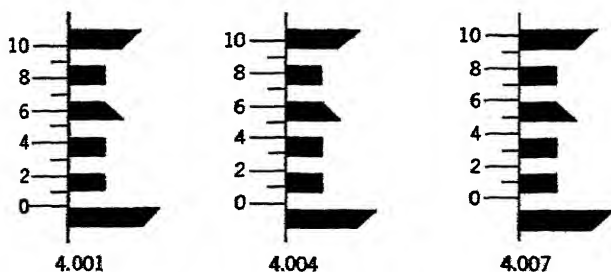
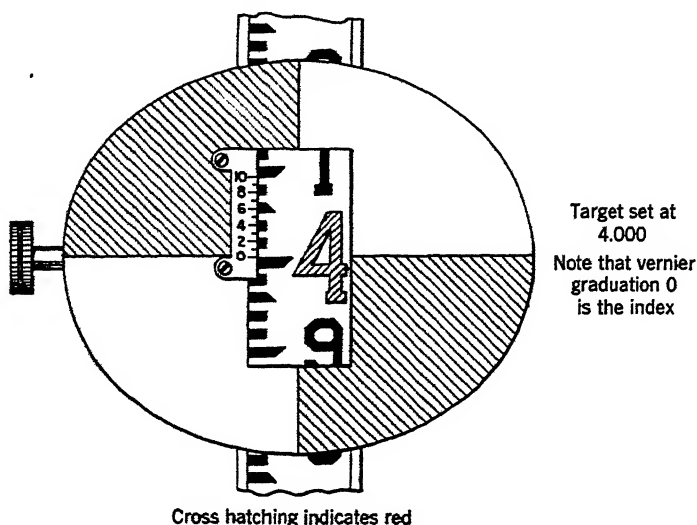


FIG. 6.—The target and the method of reading the target vernier.

7. The rodman, while still balancing the rod, will point to the exact reading with a pencil. If he cannot learn to do this (it is an art) or if the reading is out of reach, he will set the target at the exact reading. The target is provided with a vernier, which may be used to aid in setting the target (see Fig. 6).

8. The levelman will note whether or not the pencil or target comes on the cross hair. If he is satisfied, he calls or signals "all right" and both men record the reading.

If he is not satisfied, he reads the rod again and gives another reading or the same reading as the case may be. The rodman resets the pencil or target. If high rod was used, the levelman will call or signal "high rod" instead of the new reading and the rodman resets the rod by extending it **all the way** before the second reading is taken.

The levelman will often notice that there is a slight discrepancy between the first reading and the pencil or target position in reading to thousandths. The first reading is the correct one if the difference is 0.003 foot or less. If more, the reading is repeated, for a blunder has been made.

When there is a wind, balancing the rod does not ensure perpendicularity. The levelman will have the rodman plumb the rod according to the vertical cross hair and wave the rod backward and forward slightly. He reads the lowest point touched by the cross hair.

Communication should be by voice, if possible. Often, however, leveling is done near construction where the noise makes signals necessary.

Signals should be chosen that are easy to see and to remember. Often the best signal is an imitation in pantomime of the action desired. The signals given below are suggested.

SIGNALS

1. **All right.** Hands outstretched sideways, palms forward and moved up and down together.

2. **Plumb the rod.** Hand over head, elbow straight, palm forward and inclined in the proper direction.

3. **Wave the rod.** Both hands over head, palms forward, swung back and forth together.

4. **High rod.** Both hands extended outward to the sides, palms up, and the arms moved up to vertical together.

5. **Raise for red.** When the foot mark is invisible, the levelman reads and memorizes the tenths, hundredths, and thousandths and then calls "raise for red" or extends one hand forward, palm up, and raises it a little. The rodman lifts the rod slowly and exactly vertically. The foot mark is read when it appears.

6. **Take, or this is, a turning point.** One hand moved in a horizontal circle over the head.

7. **Kill the target.** Hand in front of the body, palm down, and moved up and down quickly. Sometimes the target covers the part of the rod that must be read. This signal is then given.

8. Kill the brass. Same signal as "high rod." Sometimes brass strip that is attached to the rear half of the rod at the bottom and fits around the front of the rod conceals the reading. By partly extending the rod the brass is moved upward out of the way. The rodman can always judge by the relative positions of the instrument and the rod whether "high rod" or "kill the brass" is meant.

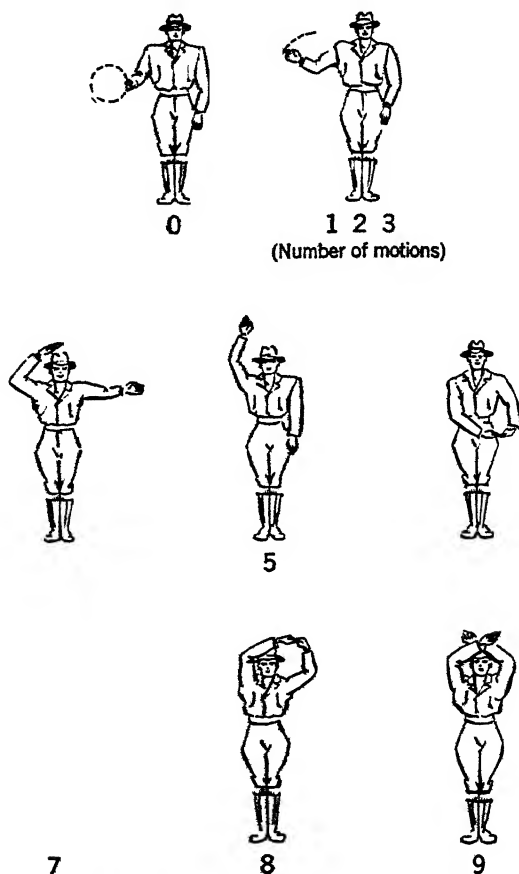


FIG. 7.—Signals for numbers. Either side of the body can be used for any number.

9. Turn the rod around. A small horizontal circle made with the forefinger. It is given when the back or side of the rod is turned toward the instrument.

10. Turn the rod right end up. An imitation of the motion of turning the rod right end up with two hands.

See Fig. 7 for signals for rod readings.

BENCH-MARK LEVELING PROCEDURE

182. (See Figs. 8, 9, and 10.) The work begins at a bench mark of known or assumed elevation, here called B.M. 5. Both levelman and rodman record the elevation (30.476) and description of B.M. The rodman holds the rod on the B.M. The levelman sets up where he can observe the rod and not more than 150 to 200 feet away. The reading 2.178 is taken, checked, and recorded by both men. The rod-

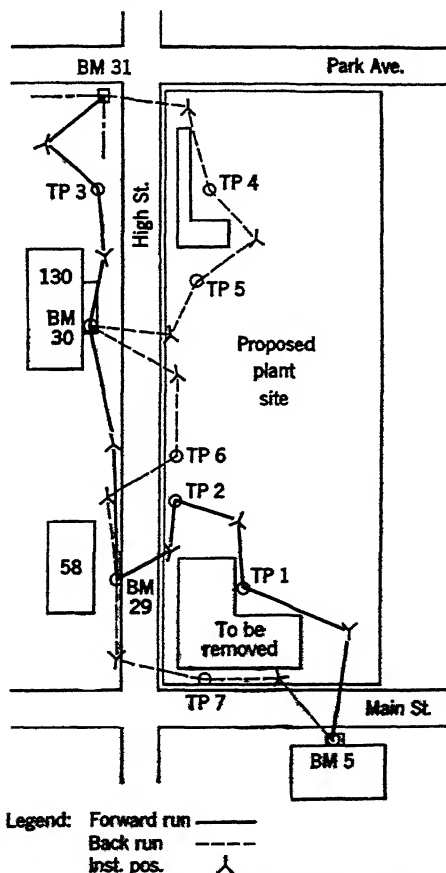


FIG. 8.—Plan of bench-mark leveling.

man paces the distance to the level. He paces out an equal distance from the level toward the desired location of a T.P. An experienced rodman can estimate the distance without pacing. He must choose a turning point having the following specifications:

1. Rod held on it must be visible from level.
2. Firm, and round on top. If no point can be found, a stake should be driven for a T.P. The point is covered with keel (lumber crayon) and numbered **before** being used.

While the rodman is so engaged, the levelman computes the H.I. (32.654).

The rodman holds the rod on T.P., and the reading 3.689 is read and checked. The levelman picks up the instrument and moves forward. The rodman computes the H.I. (32.654) and the elevation of the T.P. (28.965) in the meantime.

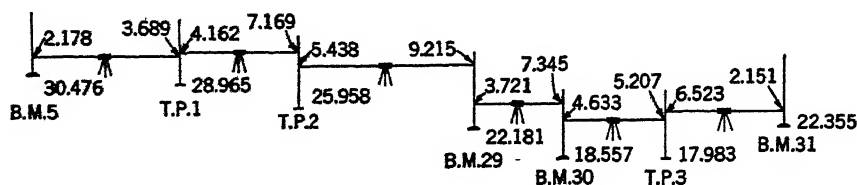


FIG. 9.—The principle of bench-mark leveling.

The levelman sets up, and the reading 4.162 is taken and checked. When the rodman comes up to the instrument after he has paced the distance, the two men check their value for the elevation of the T.P. (28.695), the levelman having computed it as the rodman comes up.

The process is continued thus. It is essential that every B.M. shall also be a T.P.

B.M. LEVELING—HIGH ST., MAIN TO PARK						π Smith Rod Jones		Date Fair, No Wind 76°F.	
Sta	+	H.I.	-	Rod	Elev.	Level Berger 12978			
BM5	2.178	32.654			30.476	Precise B.M. Disk Set in Top Step of Entrance #125 Main St.			
TP1	4.162	33.127	3.689		28.965				
TP2	5.438	31.396	7.169		25.958				
BM29	3.721	25.902	9.215		22.181	"R" in Corey F.H. Opp. #58 High St.			
BM30	4.633	23.190	7.345		18.557	X in Stone Top Step #130 High St.			
TP3	6.523	24.506	5.207		17.983				
BM31	4.528	26.883	2.151		22.355	D in Conc. Base Iron Fence S.W. Cor. High St. and Park Ave.			
TP4	5.812	26.517	6.178		20.705				
TP5	6.218	29.011	3.724		22.793				
BM30	7.083	25.646	10.448		18.563				
TP6	5.578	27.053	4.171		21.475				
BM29	9.511	31.708	4.856		22.197				
TP7	8.235	33.622	6.321		25.387				
BM5			3.139		30.483	Arith. Ck 30.476 + 73.620 104.096 - 73.613 = 30.483			
	73.620		73.613			Error +.007			

FIG. 10.—Form of field notes used with bench-mark leveling.

The rod column is not used in bench-mark leveling. It can be omitted.

The arithmetic can be checked by adding the plus and minus columns separately and applying the sums algebraically to the original bench mark. The elevation of the final bench mark should be obtained by this procedure.

183. Down- and Uphill. The most difficult operation for the inexperienced levelman is to choose the proper location for the instrument when working downhill and uphill. In working downhill, there is a tendency to set up the level too far downhill so that it is below the foot of the rod. In working uphill, the level is often set up too far uphill where, while the plus sight may be observed, the length of the sight is so great that the following minus sight cannot be made equal to it (see Fig. 11).

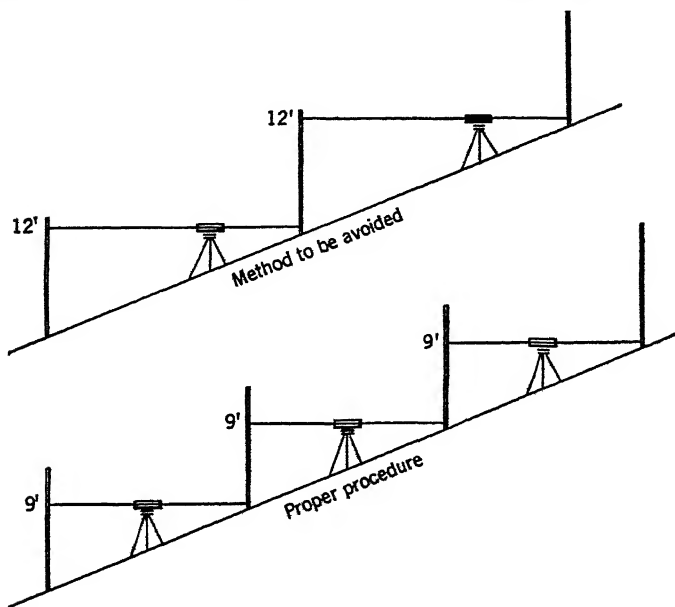


FIG. 11.—Leveling on a uniform slope.

IMPORTANT RULES

184. The following rules should be kept continually in mind during leveling.

1. Balance the horizontal length of the plus and minus sights from a single setup.
2. Have the bubble centered when the reading is taken.
3. Turn on all B.M.'s, i.e., use them as T.P.'s.
4. Keep the rod balanced on the point, facing the instrument, and watch the levelman at all times.
5. Mark all T.P.'s before they are used.

PROBLEMS

1-6. Figure 12 shows plans of bench-mark leveling runs. Along each line representing a sight is given the rod reading that resulted from that sight. The numbering of the T.P.'s shows the direction of progress. Place the data in the form of field notes, and compute the elevations. Show the arithmetic check. Record the error.

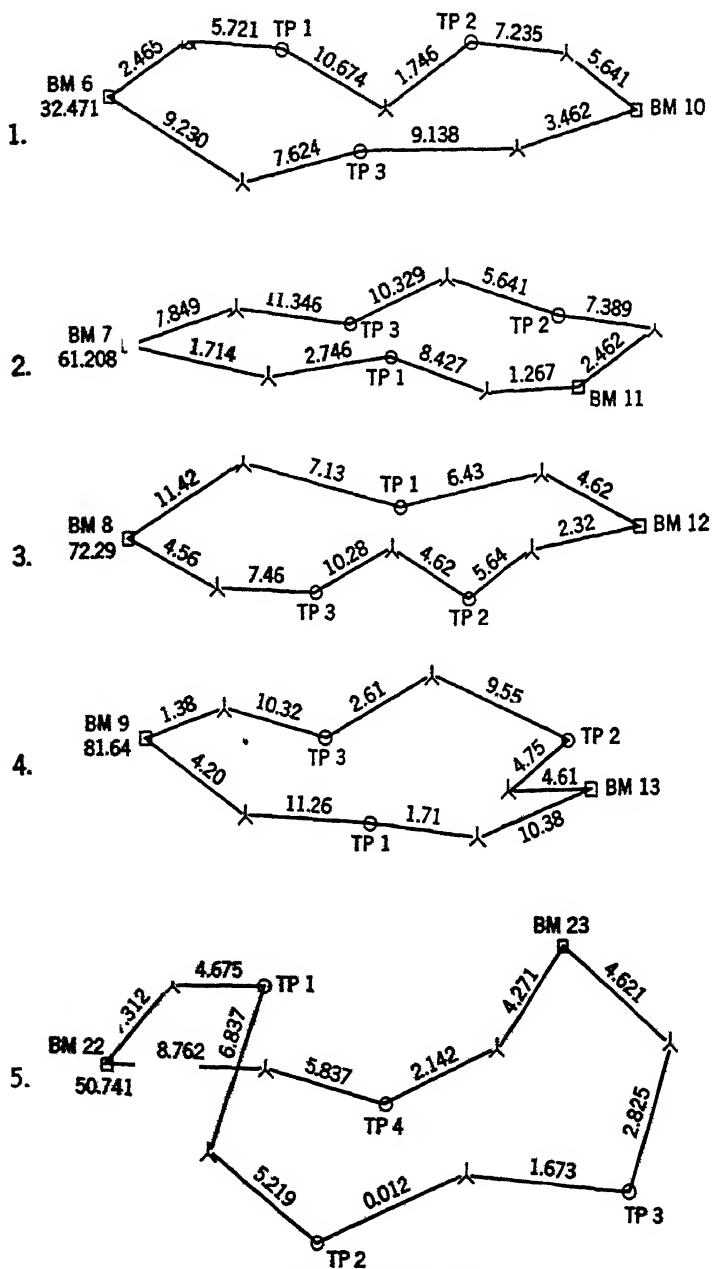


FIG. 12.—Illustrations for Probs. 1-6.

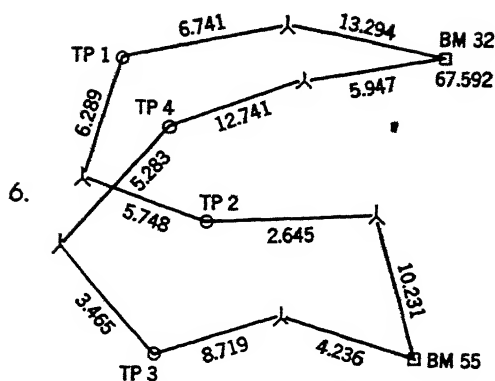


FIG. 12.—(Continued.)

7-10. Below are listed rod readings in the order in which they were taken in bench-mark leveling. The elevation of the starting bench mark is given first in each case. The last rod reading was taken on the starting bench mark as a check. Give the complete form of notes. Show arithmetic check and the error.

7	8	9	10
B.M. 65.78	B.M. 81.37	B.M. 35.23	B.M. 75.20
4.37	12.42	10.46	1.36
9.53	3.83	3.71	9.85
1.07	8.97	9.29	4.02
12.46	12.68	4.36	8.70
5.74	6.39	2.28	2.74
6.42	11.43	12.18	10.79
9.36	5.67	5.64	9.43
2.48	10.42	9.37	3.75
12.62	5.82	4.62	9.62
6.88	3.81	0.32	2.64
10.72	10.42	7.26	11.27
6.09	7.55	9.62	2.72

CHAPTER IX

ADJUSTMENT OF LEVEL

185. Instrument Adjustments. The reader is referred to the opening paragraphs of Chap. VI, Adjustment of Transit, which explain the importance of instrument adjustment and describe the method of presentation.

ADJUSTMENT A

186. Object. To make the horizontal cross hair lie in a plane perpendicular to the vertical axis (Y or dumpy).

Test. Point on some well-defined point, using the leveling screws. Turn the instrument left and right, using the tangent screw. The point should follow the cross hair.

Adjustment. Loosen two adjacent cross-hair adjusting screws, and rotate the cross-hair ring in the direction desired by moving the screws in their slots. Tighten the screws as much as they were loosened (Figs. 1, 2).

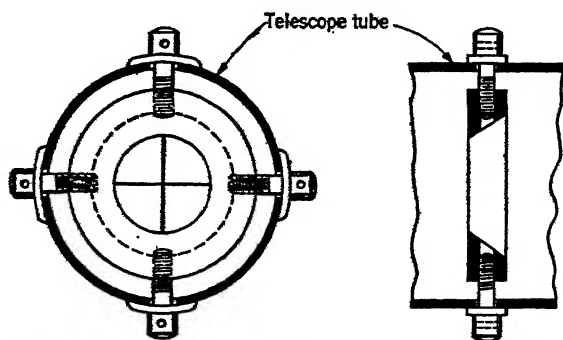
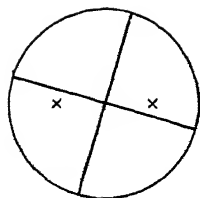


FIG. 1.—Cross hairs and reticle. The four adjusting screws are in tension.

Repeat test.

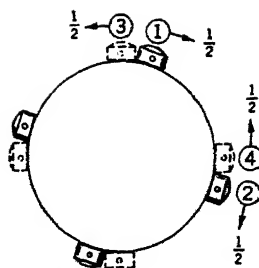
Neutralization. Use only that part of the horizontal cross hair which is near the vertical cross hair.

Geometry. A lens forms an image that is rotated 180 deg around the lens axis with respect to the object. The direction of rotation therefore is not changed by a lens as it is by a mirror.



Appearance of field in both erecting and inverting instruments

As the telescope is rotated about the vertical axis the point x moves along the line of the two positions shown



Rotate the cross-hairs counterclockwise until the point x follows the horizontal cross-hair

FIG. 2.—Level Adjustment A.

Y-LEVEL ADJUSTMENT 1

187. Object. To make the line of sight coincide with the axis of the collars.

Test. Remove the pins, throw back the clips, and sight on some well-defined point, using the tangent motion and the leveling screws. Rotate



FIG. 3.—Y-level bar with clips open. (C. L. Berger & Sons, Inc.)

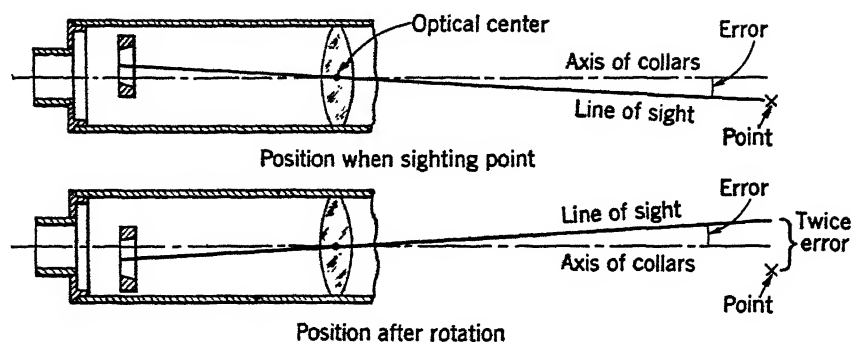
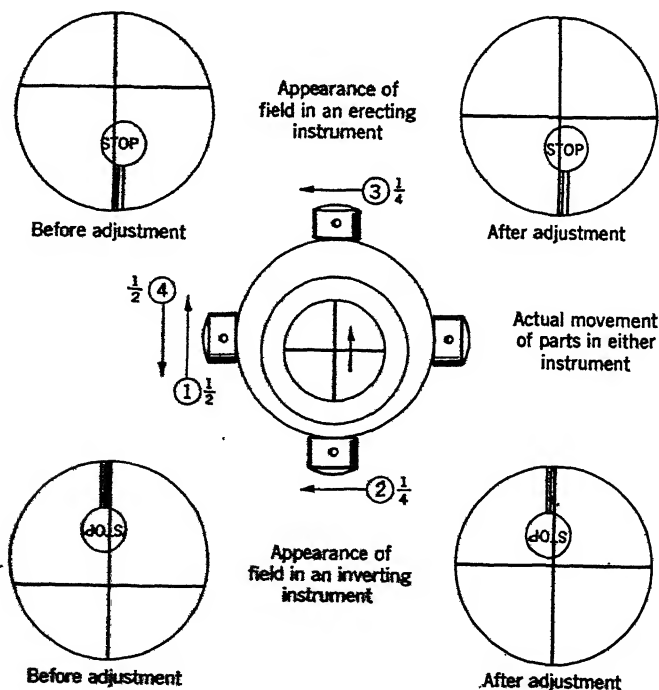


FIG. 4.—Adjustment of line of sight. The cross hairs must be raised until the line of sight moves halfway down toward point.



The point chosen is at the intersection of the two strokes on the letter "T"

FIG. 5.—Y-level Adjustment 1. The appearance of the field of view after the test.

telescope 180 deg in the Y's around its axis. The intersection of the cross hairs should remain on the point (Fig. 4).

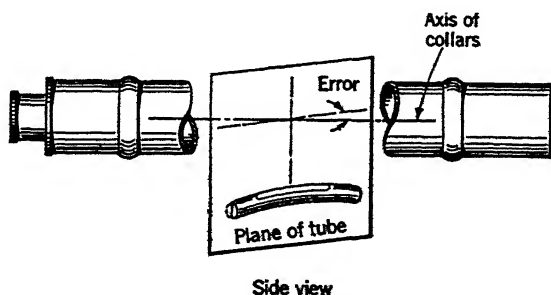
Adjustment. Assume that the cross hairs fall above the point. Adjust as shown in sketch (Fig. 5) until the cross hairs move halfway back. **NOTE:** The cross hairs are mounted as in the transit. If the vertical cross hair moves far off the point, it should also be brought halfway back by use of the horizontal adjusting screws.

Neutralization. Balance the lengths of the plus and minus sights.

Geometry. The geometry is illustrated in Fig. 4. It is explained in connection with Transit Adjustment 2 (Art. 146).

ADJUSTMENT 2

188. Object. To make the plane of the bubble tube contain or be parallel to the axis of the collars.



Side view

FIG. 6.—Error existing when plane of bubble tube is not parallel to axis of collars in a Y level.

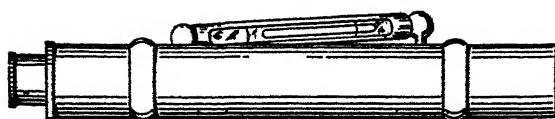
Test. Clamp the tangent motion with the telescope in line with a pair of opposite leveling screws. Center the bubble. Rotate the telescope 15 deg in Y's. The bubble should remain centered.

Adjustment. Assume the bubble moves toward the adjustment end. Adjust as shown in Fig. 7 until the bubble moves all the way back.

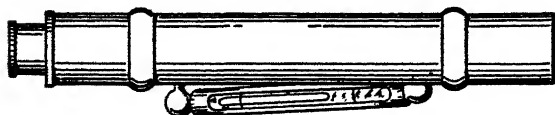
Repeat test.

Neutralization. Be sure that the level tube cannot rotate when the clips are closed. A pin on one of them should engage with a notch on the side of one of the collars to prevent rotation.

Geometry. The bubble travels in an arc that defines the plane of the bubble tube. If this plane does not contain the axis of the collars, the bubble will run toward one end of the tube or the other as the telescope is rotated in the Y's. In Level Adjustment 3 the telescope is removed from and replaced in the Y's a number of times. Unless Adjustment 2 is completed, Adjustment 3 cannot be performed, for the telescope is



Tube moved to left, bubble runs forward



Tube moved to right, bubble runs backward

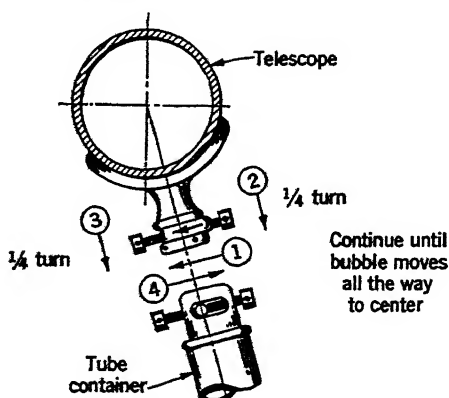


FIG. 7.—To lower adjustment end. Y-level Adjustment 2.

bound to be rotated to a slightly different position each time it is returned to the Y's.

ADJUSTMENT 3

189. Object. To make the bubble center when the axis of the collars is horizontal.

Test. Level carefully, clamped as before. Change the telescope end for end in the Y's. The bubble should remain centered.

Adjustment. Assume the bubble moves toward the adjustment end. Adjust as shown in the sketch (Fig. 8) until the bubble moves halfway back.

Repeat test.

Neutralization. Balance the horizontal lengths of plus and minus sights.

Geometry. If an error in adjustment exists, when the bubble is centered, the axis of the collars will slope by the amount of the error. When the telescope is changed end for end, the slope combines with the

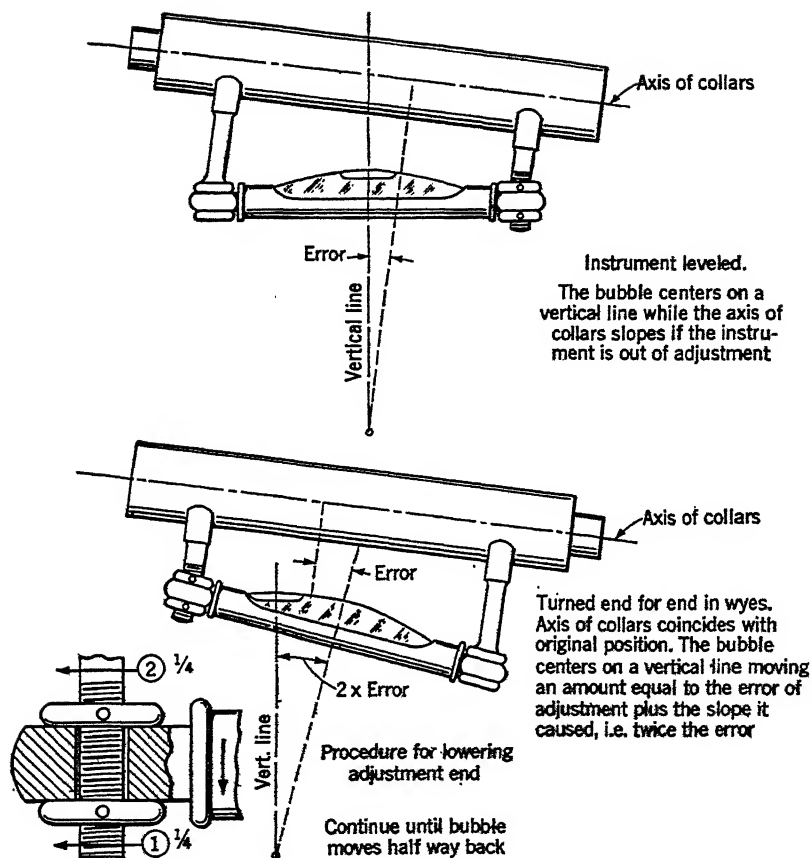


FIG. 8.—Y-level Adjustment 3.

error of adjustment to move the bubble twice the amount caused by the error of adjustment alone.

ADJUSTMENT 4

190. Object. To make the bubble center when the vertical axis is vertical.

Test. Close the clips, replace the pins, and loosen the azimuth clamp. Level approximately over both pairs of opposite leveling screws. Level carefully over one pair. Turn the instrument 180 deg around the vertical axis. The bubble should remain centered.

Adjustment. Assume bubble moves toward the adjustment end. Adjust as shown in the sketch (Fig. 9) until bubble moves halfway back.

Repeat test.

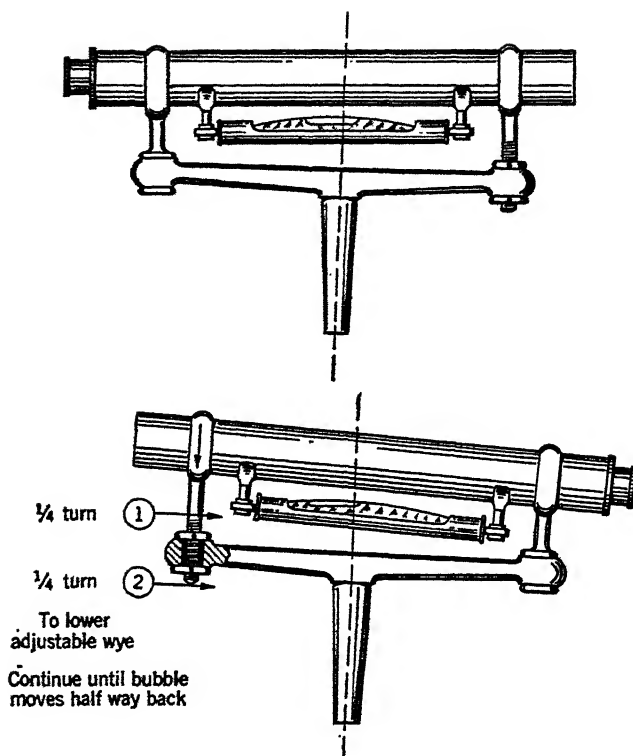


FIG. 9.—Y-level Adjustment 4. The adjustment of the Y's.

Neutralization. Relevel for any pointing of the instrument.

Geometry. The geometry is the same as for the plate bubbles of the transit.

DUMPY-LEVEL ADJUSTMENT 1

191. Object. To make the bubble center when the vertical axis is vertical.

Test. Level approximately over both pairs of opposite leveling screws. Level carefully over one pair. Turn the instrument 180 deg around the vertical axis. The bubble should remain centered.

Adjustment. Assume that bubble moves away from the adjustment end. Adjust as shown in sketch (Fig. 10) until bubble moves half-way back.

Repeat test.

Neutralization. Relevel for any pointing of the instrument.

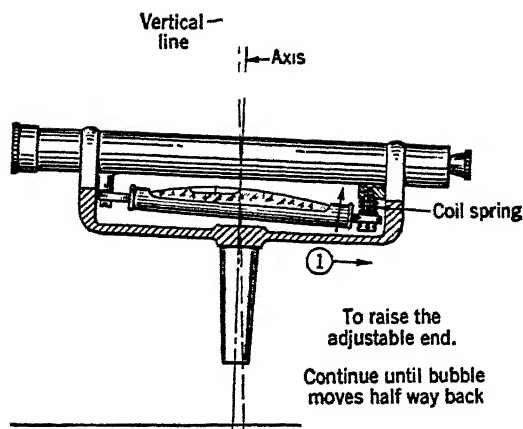


FIG. 10.—Dumpy-level Adjustment 1.

ADJUSTMENT 2

192. Object. To make the line of sight horizontal when the bubble is centered.

Test. The same test is used as for the level attached to the transit telescope. When the target has been properly set, the test is complete (see Art. 148).

Adjustment. Assume that the line of sight is too high on the rod. Level carefully and adjust the screws, holding the cross-hair ring as shown on sketch (Fig. 5) for the Y-level cross-hair adjustment, until the line of sight is brought on the target. It is brought all the way to the target, not halfway.

Repeat test.

Neutralization. Balance the horizontal lengths of the plus and minus sights.

PROBLEMS

1. Using sketches, demonstrate why, in Adjustment A, the cross-hair ring is rotated in the direction apparently required for correction in both erecting and inverting instruments.

2. Write out Y Adjustment 1 complete, assuming that after the test the cross hairs fell below the point.

3. Using a sketch of the adjustable parts and of the appearance of the field of view, show how the vertical cross hair would be centered if at the end of the test in Y Adjustment 1 it fell to the left of the point.

4. Name the various geometric conditions of the Y level itself that must be correct if the instrument is to be successfully adjusted by the usual procedures. How can it be adjusted if these conditions are not correct?

5. Illustrate by a sketch the principles of the method of neutralization of Y Adjustments 1 and 3.

6. Define the **plane of the bubble tube**.
7. Write out Y Adjustment 2 complete, assuming that the bubble moves away from the adjustment end.
8. Same as Prob. 7 but for Y Adjustment 3.
9. Describe how the field work is affected by lack of Y Adjustment 4.
10. Same as Prob. 7 but for Y Adjustment 4.
11. How does the peg adjustment of the level differ from the peg adjustment of the transit?
12. Why is the order of the peg adjustments apparently reversed from the order of the Y adjustments?

CHAPTER X

LEVELING PROCEDURES

193. The Uses and Method of Leveling. The determination of elevations with a surveying instrument, better known as **running levels** or simply **leveling**, is so simple, quick, and accurate and the importance of such determinations is so great that leveling has innumerable applications in the shop and is usually the most important operation in the field. The procedure for running levels is always the same. It consists of bench-mark leveling with one step added. At each height of instrument established by bench-mark leveling, rod readings (rod shots) may be taken on as many points as desired. The elevation of each of these points is computed by subtracting the rod reading from the proper height of instrument. Running levels, therefore, usually consists of carrying a line of bench-mark levels from a bench mark to the vicinity of the work, taking several rod shots from each height of instrument there, and, finally, carrying the line to another bench mark, or back to the original bench mark, for a check. The plus and minus sights by which the desired heights of instrument are determined constitute a control survey and for this reason must be read more precisely and usually to more decimals than the rod shots. The rod shots are taken only to the decimals of a foot necessary to the work in hand.

194. Leveling Procedure. Leveling procedure will be demonstrated by two important applications of leveling, profile leveling and leveling for a plot plan. Leveling procedures for other purposes can be devised from these examples.

195. Profile Leveling. Profile leveling is the process of obtaining the elevations of a series of points along a continuous line. The line may be straight or curved or may turn at sharp angle points. The results are plotted in the form of a continuous vertical cross section called a **profile**. The vertical scale is almost always made greater than the horizontal scale, usually in the ratio of 10:1.

196. Profiles are required for the construction of roads, drives, sidewalks, curbs, gutters, fences, highways, tunnels, railroads, pipe lines, sewers, drains, ditches, gas and water facilities, and the like.

197. Field Procedure for Profile Leveling. Figure 3 illustrates the plan and profile of an example of profile leveling. Figure 4 illustrates the corresponding field notes. The procedure is given below.

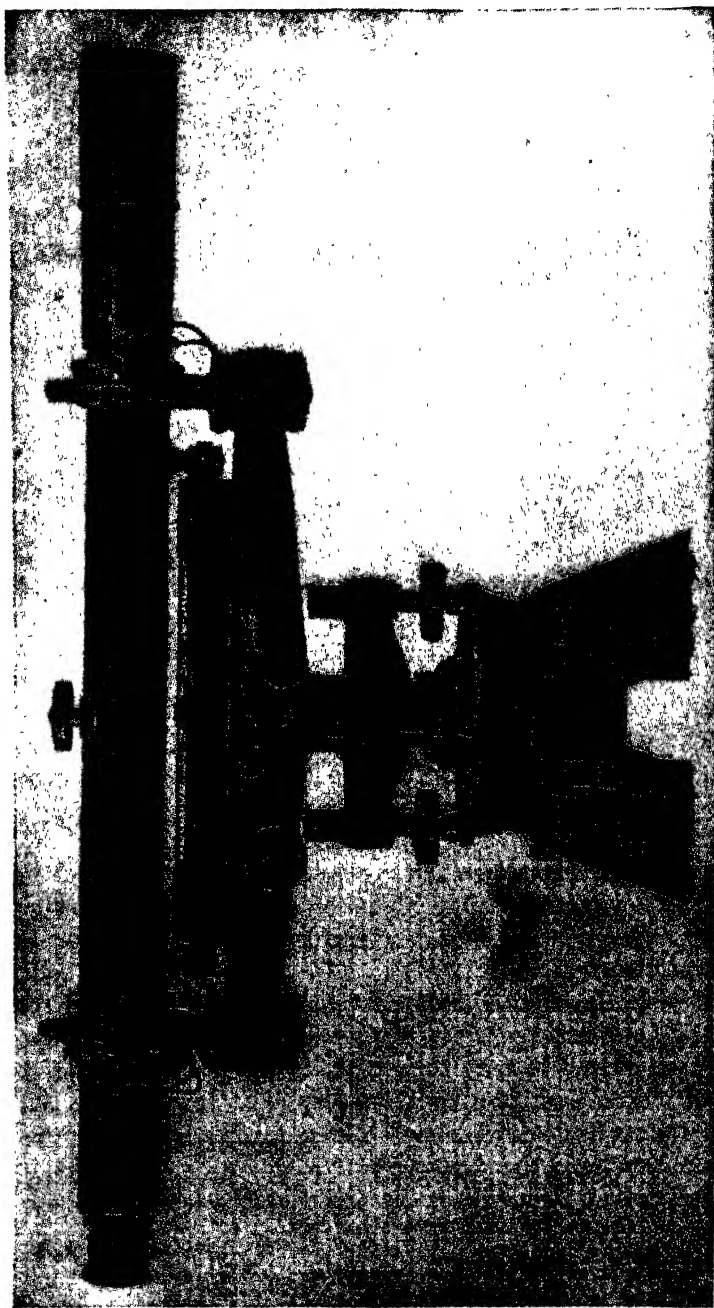


FIG. 1.—A Berger 18-inch erecting Y level. (G. L. Berger & Sons, Inc.)



FIG. 2.—A Berger dumpy level. (C. L. Berger & Sons, Inc.)

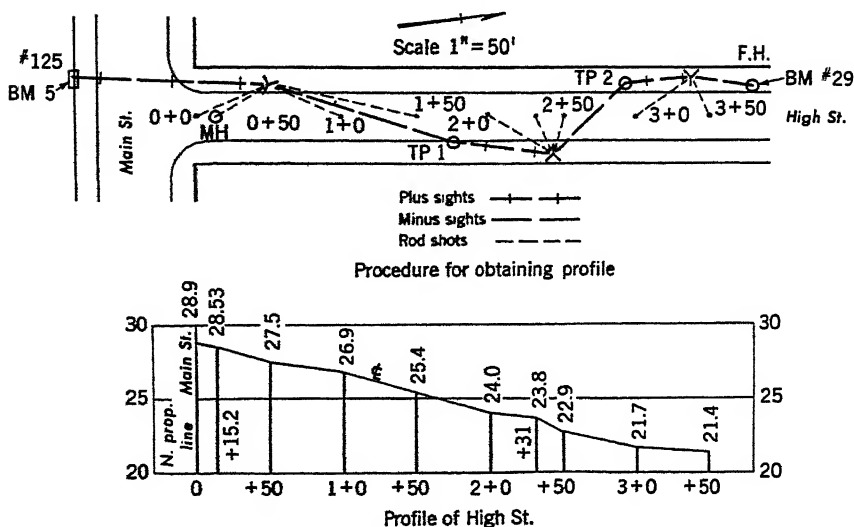


FIG. 3.—Principles of profile leveling.

PROFILE OF HIGH ST., MAIN TO PARK						Ch. & Recorder Roberts		Date	
Sta.	+	HI	-	Rod	Elev.	n Smith		Clear Hot Sun	
B.M. 5	2.587	33.063			30.476	Rod Jones		85°F.	
0+0				4.2	28.9			Berger 12978	
0+15.2				4.53	28.53			Precise B.M. Disk Set in Top Step	
0+50				5.6	27.5			of Entrance #125 Main St.	
1+0				6.2	26.9			North Prop. Line Main St. Produced	
1+50				7.7	25.4			Top of San Sewer Manhole Frame	
TP 1	3.655	32.936	3.782		29.281				
2+0				8.9	24.0				
2+31				9.1	23.8				
2+50				10.0	22.9				
TP 2	6.006	32.581	6.361		26.575				
3+0				10.9	21.7				
3+50				11.2	21.4				
B.M. 29			10.377		22.204				
	12.248		20.520						

Arith. Ck.		30.476
		+ 12.248
		42.724
		- 20.520
		22.204
"R" in Corey F.H. Opp. #58 High St.		
Adj. Elev. = 22.185		
Error + 0.019		

FIG. 4.—Example of profile-leveling field notes.

198. Marks are placed every 50 feet along the center line desired. Each 100-foot point is called a **station** and numbered from zero. Points between stations are numbered as a **plus**, i.e., the number of feet from the last station. The enumeration is written as shown in Fig. 3.

199. The level is set up near station $0 + 0$. The plus reading 2.587 is taken on B.M. 5. This is added to the elevation 30.476 to obtain the H.I., 33.063. The rod is read on Station $0 + 0$, 4.2. This is called a **rod reading** or **rod shot** and is placed in the rod column. It is subtracted from the H.I. to obtain the elevation of Station $0 + 0$, 28.9. Without changing the position of the instrument, all rod shots are taken until the view is obstructed or a sight of over 150 feet is required. T.P. 1 is then established. A minus shot of 3.782 is taken on T.P. 1 and subtracted from the H.I. 33.063, giving the elevation 29.281 for T.P. 1. The instrument is moved, and the process is repeated between T.P. 1 and T.P. 2, etc. The work must end on a B.M. of known elevation so that a check may be obtained.

200. The elevations of each of the stations is computed by subtracting the rod shot from the **proper** H.I. It is therefore essential that all the rod shots from one H.I. shall be recorded before the minus reading to the next T.P. Also, the minus shot to the next T.P. should be taken after all the rod shots, so that, if the field check does not indicate a blunder, this is an immediate indication that the level was not disturbed at any H.I.

201. These two considerations dictate the order of procedure, i.e., all the rod shots shall be taken at any H.I. before the minus sight to the next T.P. is taken.

202. It is evident that profile leveling is identical with bench-mark leveling except that at many H.I.'s a number of side or rod shots are taken. All the rules for B.M. leveling apply.

203. Often no B.M. exists at the end of the work. It is then necessary to carry the levels back to the original B.M. by a series of turning points in order to obtain a field check. Often it is advisable to establish several B.M.'s on the way out. This can be accomplished by merely recording the description of turning points. These are useful for giving grades for construction. On the way back they should be used as turning points so that any blunders can be isolated.

204. Under no circumstances should leveling of any type be performed without starting on, or setting, at least one bench mark. If a bench mark of known elevation is not available, one should be set and given an arbitrary elevation. The bench marks established on the original profile are later used as starting points for the leveling necessary to mark the proper elevations for construction.

205. Often the precision of profile leveling need not be so high as that of B.M. leveling. When the distance between bench marks is short and the elevations are required only to the nearest tenth of a foot, the plus

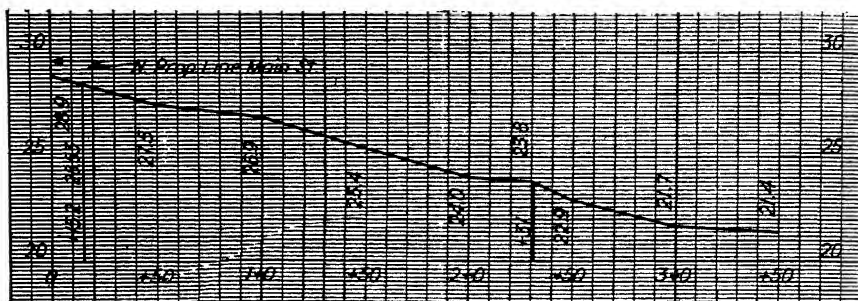


FIG. 5.—Profile paper used for plotting.

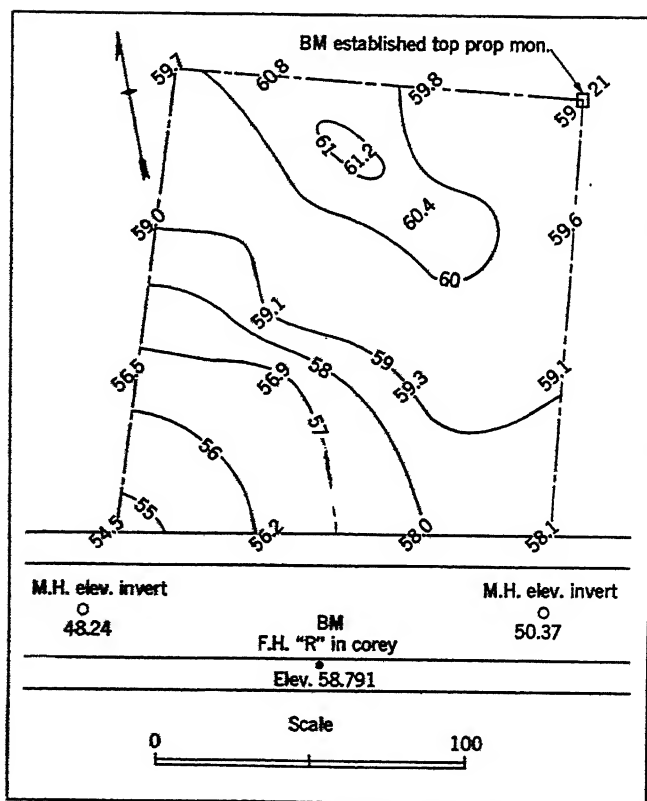


FIG. 6.—Partially completed plot plan showing interpolation of contour lines.

and minus shots should be taken to hundredths. In the illustration the plus and minus readings are taken to thousandths of a foot, as the elevation of a manhole is required to hundredths of a foot.

206. Rod shots taken on the ground, macadam roads, or surfaces that are not definite or smooth are usually taken to tenths. Sometimes they must be taken to hundredths, as on concrete roads or rail-

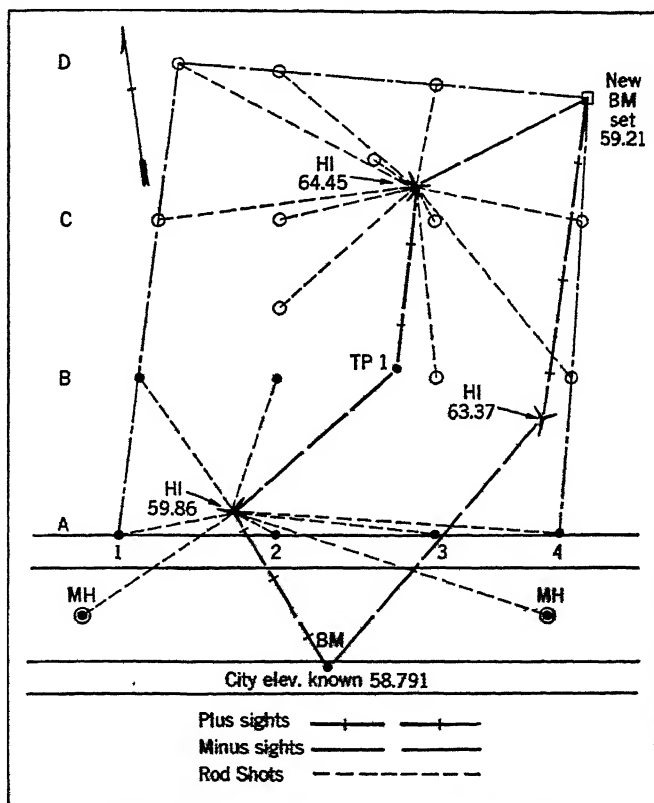


FIG. 7.—Leveling procedure for a plot plan.

road rails, etc. In that case the plus and minus shots are usually taken to thousandths.

207. The profile is plotted as shown in Figs. 3 and 5. The horizontal line at the bottom of the profile is given the highest elevation in round numbers that is still lower than the lowest point in the profile. For example, in the profile given, the bottom line could have been given the value of 10 feet or 15 feet and the profile plotted accordingly. The profile must be plotted exactly to scale, and the vertical scale should be

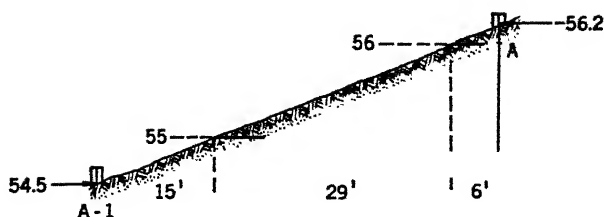


FIG. 9.—Principle of interpolating contours. Interpolation depends on the assumption that the ground slopes uniformly between two points.

210. Leveling for a Plot Plan. The leveling is carried out exactly as for profile leveling (see Fig. 7), except that usually more rod shots can be observed from one instrument position. Rod readings are taken at each stake and wherever a **break** in the slope of the ground exists between stakes. The position of these breaks is located by rectangular measurements from the stakes. Note Fig. 8. In this example two breaks are recorded. Breaks must not be omitted, for in drawing the contours it

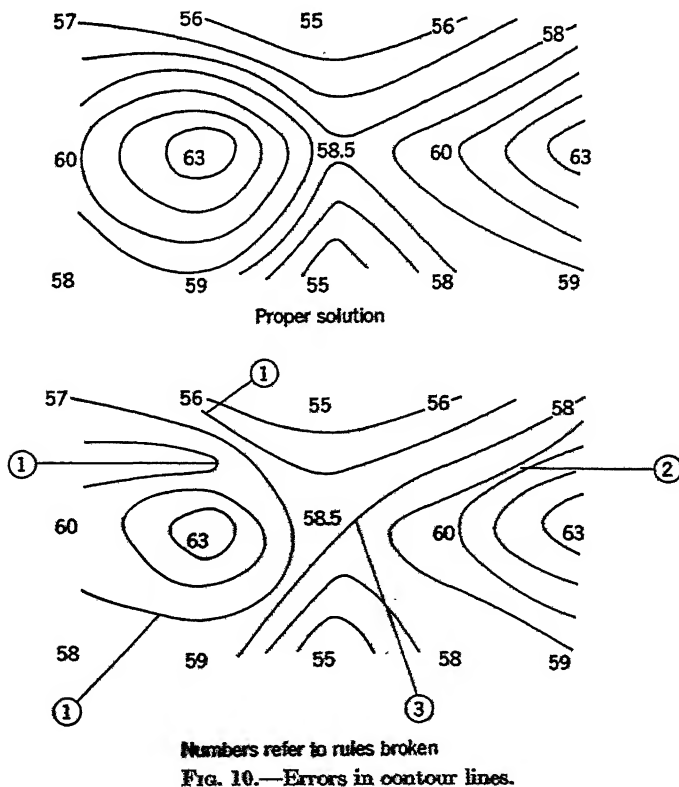


FIG. 10.—Errors in contour lines.

then drawn by connecting the interpolated positions by smooth curves. In drawing the contour lines the following rules should be observed (see Fig. 10):

1. Contour lines never end, meet, or cross, except in the unusual case of a vertical or overhanging cliff.

2. Unless there are data to the contrary, contour lines must be uniformly spaced.

3. Contour lines must be drawn so that the ground higher than the contour line is always on the same side of the contour line.

4. When contour lines indicate the sides of a depression in the ground with no drainage outlet, they are called **depression contours** and are marked as shown in Fig. 12, Chap. XIV.

213. Alternate to Contour Lines. The elevations of the ground surface can be shown by drawing isometric profiles (see Fig. 11).

214. Other Applications of Leveling. The procedure for determining elevations should be clear from the foregoing applications. Determining scattered elevations or any other leveling problem can be handled in a similar manner.

PROBLEMS

The following sets of field data were taken in the order given during profile leveling. Place each set in standard field-book form, and draw the profile to the following scales: horizontal 1 inch = 100 feet, vertical 1 inch = 10 feet.

1.	Elev.	Pt. sighted	Rod	Pt. sighted	Rod	Pt. sighted	Rod
	B.M. #44	B.M. #44	14.602	T.P. #1	2.218	7 + 0	5.6
	56.923	0 + 0	11.8	4 + 0	2.1	8 + 0	5.3
		1 + 0	6.7	5 + 0	8.0	9 + 0	3.4
	B.M. #45	2 + 0	3.4	T.P. #2	11.635	B.M. #45	1.843
	60.760	3 + 0	2.7	T.P. #2	4.207		
		T.P. #1	3.724	6 + 0	4.2		
<hr/>							
2.	B.M. #20	B.M. #20	3.516	T.P. #1	4.280	7 + 0	8.3
	50.312	0 + 0	2.0	4 + 0	3.9	8 + 0	9.9
		1 + 0	7.3	5 + 0	1.4	9 + 0	9.7
	B.M. #21	2 + 0	11.1	T.P. #2	1.201	B.M. #21	9.989
	43.047	3 + 0	10.4	T.P. #2	3.016		
		T.P. #1	6.872	6 + 0	4.2		

Draw a grid 6 inches wide by 7 inches long with 1 inch intersections, and place the given elevations at the intersections in the same arrangement as printed here.

3. Draw the 5-foot contours. No depression contours are necessary.

77.0	73.0	68.0	77.0	81.0	85.0	77.0
77.0	71.0	80.0	86.0	83.0	95.0	85.0
80.0	72.0	80.0	95.0	78.0	85.0	89.0
79.0	86.0	77.0	82.0	83.0	73.0	84.0
78.0	80.0	86.0	72.0	73.0	68.0	80.0
80.0	71.0	75.0	79.0	68.0	62.0	72.0
84.0	76.0	68.0	73.0	74.0	67.0	60.0
85.0	73.0	65.0	69.0	72.0	65.0	61.0

4. Draw the 1-foot contours. No depression contours are necessary.

29.3	27.6	25.6	23.0	24.0	23.1	21.8
28.5	27.3	25.9	24.0	26.0	23.9	22.0
27.5	26.8	25.8	24.0	27.2	24.6	22.9
26.4	26.0	25.3	23.0	26.0	25.0	23.8
25.5	25.1	24.7	22.5	24.9	25.3	24.9
24.3	23.9	23.0	22.0	23.5	24.7	26.3
26.0	25.8	25.3	24.0	21.3	23.8	24.3
27.4	27.4	27.0	26.1	23.5	20.6	23.0

CHAPTER XI

ESTABLISHING LINE AND GRADE FOR CONSTRUCTION

215. Location Surveys. The process of marking the position of future construction is the location survey. It is called **giving line and grade** in the field and **marking out, aligning, lining up, centering,**

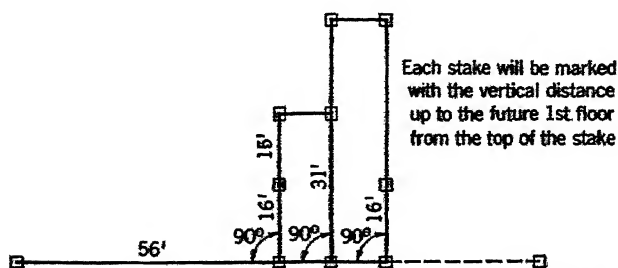
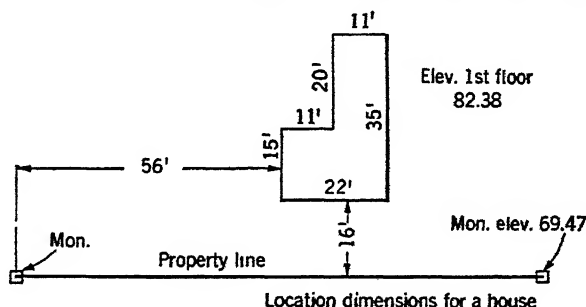


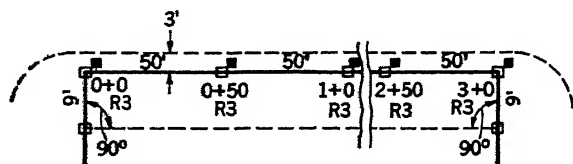
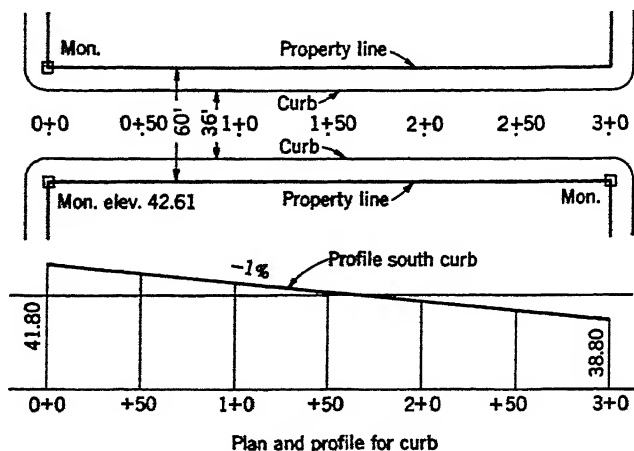
FIG. 1.—One method of staking out a house, showing stakes set and angles and distances measured.

setting gauge points, etc., in the shop. When surveying instruments are used, it consists in setting points that show the horizontal and vertical positions required by the plans.

216. Field Methods. The plans for construction always give, either by scale or by actual dimensions, the positions and elevations of the new

work relative to existing structures or to survey control marks. The dimensions of the construction shown on the plans complete the necessary data for giving line and grade.

217. For example, Fig. 1 shows the data for a house, and Fig. 2 shows the data for a curb. Indicated are the stakes and tacks that might be set in the two cases to mark position and elevation.



One method of placing line and grade stakes

The line stakes are set every 50 feet
3 back from future face of curb

Legend Line stakes □
 Grade stakes ■

FIG. 2.—Staking out a curb.

218. The stakes are sometimes set at the corners or other points required, later to be transferred to near-by marks which will not be disturbed by the construction and from which the construction can be located by short measurements with a carpenter's rule and level (see Figs. 1, 2). Sometimes the marks are originally set clear of the work so that they will not be disturbed (see Figs. 3, 4). Sometimes the positions are marked on the work itself as construction progresses.

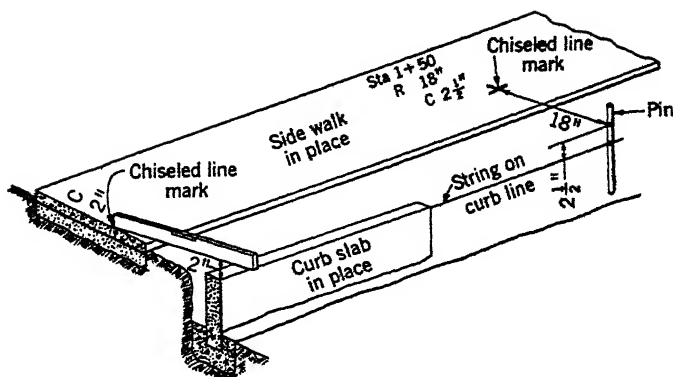


FIG. 3.—Setting pins to give line and grade for curb.

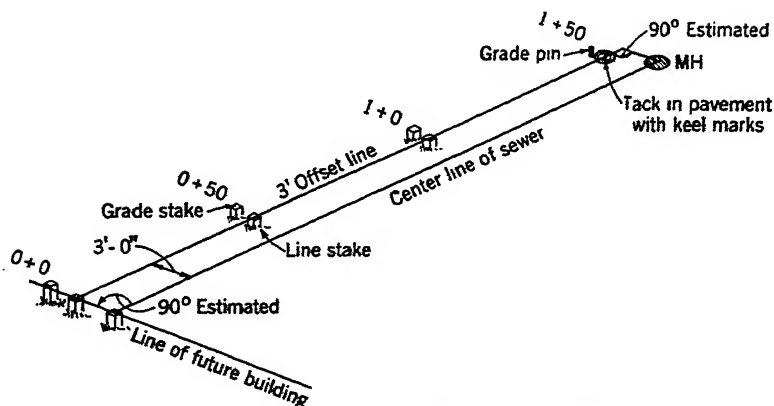


FIG. 4.—Line and grade stakes for a drainpipe.

219. When it is necessary to stake out long lines for construction, the positions are numbered as for profile leveling. Each 100 feet is called a **station**, and points between are called **pluses**. Stations and pluses are marked as shown below:

Distance from Beginning	Enumeration of Stations and Pluses
300.00	3 + 0
528.72	5 + 28.72
425.9	4 + 25.9

220. When a construction line must be marked so that it will not be disturbed, the marks are usually placed along a parallel line. Such a line is called an **offset line**. In looking along the true line from Station 0,

if the offset line is to the right, it is a right offset line. Thus a 4-foot right offset line means a line 4 feet to the right of the true line. Stakes on the offset line are marked with the station numbers of the points they are opposite and with the offset distance, thus:

$$4 + 73 \text{ R } 4$$

ESTABLISHING LINE IN THE FIELD

221. Marking Position. Without further examples, it is clear that the process of **giving line** consists in establishing predetermined angles and distances and placing a series of marks in line usually at given distances. The angles and alignment are almost invariably established with a transit, and the distances are measured with a steel tape.

222. Setting a Predetermined Angle. An angle can be established by setting up the transit at the angle point, or vertex, and proceeding as follows:

1. Set the *A* vernier at zero, using U.M.
2. Point at mark, using L.M.
3. Turn off the angle, using the U.M., setting the *A* vernier accurately at the value of the angle.
4. Set a mark on the new line.

Obviously such an angle can be set only to the nearest half minute. When greater accuracy is desired, the angle thus established must be

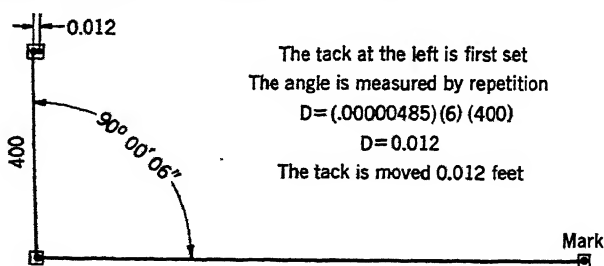


FIG. 5.—Establishing an accurate angle

measured by repetition and the tack adjusted accordingly. The distance the tack must be shifted is computed by trigonometry (see Fig. 5). The following formula is useful and accurate if the error is not more than 3 minutes of arc.

$$D = 0.00000485SR$$

where D = distance tack is shifted

S = seconds of error

R = distance from transit to stake set

It is well to check by measuring the final angle by repetition.

223. Establishing Direction. When the direction of a line is to be established either by turning an angle from a mark or by merely pointing at a mark on line, if more than one mark is available, the mark at the greatest distance from the transit should be used to establish the original direction of the line of sight. In general, the direction of a line should be established from a line longer than itself.

224. The transit can never be set up **exactly** over a point, nor can the signal be placed **exactly** over its mark. Obviously, the longer the line sighted, the less these errors will affect direction (see Fig. 6).

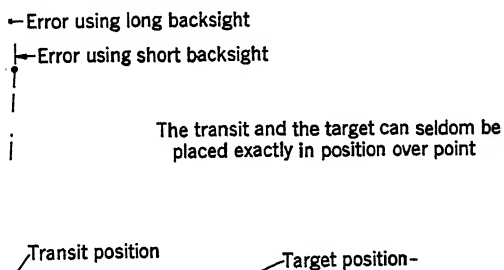


FIG. 6.—Using a long backsight reduces error.

225. Movement of the Transit. The transit is always subject to possible motion. Changes in temperature, settlement of the tripod, vibration, and readjustment of stresses in the tripod are contributing causes. Therefore, whenever a series of marks are to be set on a line, the direction of the line of sight should be frequently checked by pointing at the original mark and always checked after the last mark is set.

226. Use of Foresight. It is clear that the transit must be pointed repeatedly at certain marks. When these marks cannot be seen, much time is wasted by sending a man with a plumb bob or a range pole to them whenever a sight is necessary. This can be avoided by establishing foresights for these points by one of the following methods:

1. Instead of tacks, use finishing nails driven so that the heads will remain $\frac{1}{4}$ in. above the top of the stakes.
2. Rig a plumb bob, range pole, or other device over the mark (see Fig. 7).
3. Choose or establish a special mark anywhere on line.

227. To Establish a Foresight. After **taking line** by pointing on a plumb bob or range pole held at the mark, look for an object that happens to be anywhere on line. Letters on signboards are especially useful for this purpose. If nothing is available, choose any flat vertical surface on line. Set two pencil marks in line on this surface, one about

6 inches above the other. Using a pencil and yellow keel, construct a target that offers a precise line centered on these marks and one that is easily found and identified.

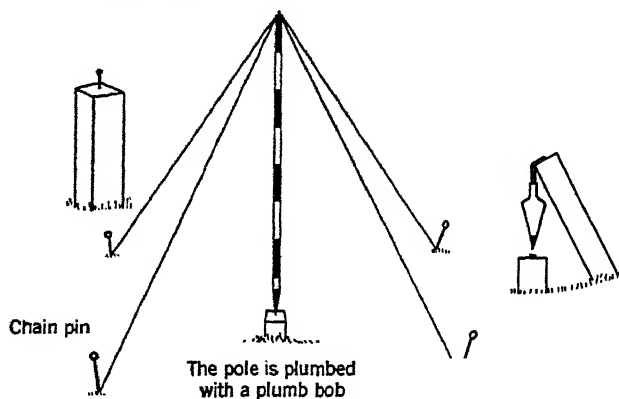


FIG. 7.—Typical foresights.

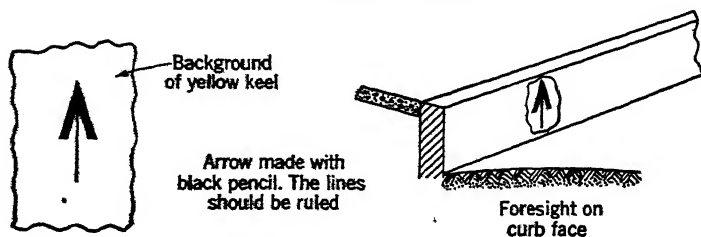


FIG. 8.—A type of foresight that is easily established.

228. Permanent Construction Lines. On large construction, important lines should be permanently marked with monuments, and permanent foresights should be built at each end.

229. Setting Marks for Line and Distance. Usually, when a series of marks are set in line, they must also be set at required distances. In most cases the marks

used must be stakes and tacks. As this process is somewhat difficult, it is described here in detail. The process of setting stakes and tacks for line only should also be clear from this description.

The transit is set up over a mark on line, pointed at another mark on line, and a foresight is established if desirable.

Usually the measurement starts at the transit. The rear tapeman holds the zero end of the tape near the transit while the head tapeman carries all his equipment forward, holding the reel so that the tape unwinds. When the proper distance is reached, the head tapeman stops and the rear tapeman places himself under the

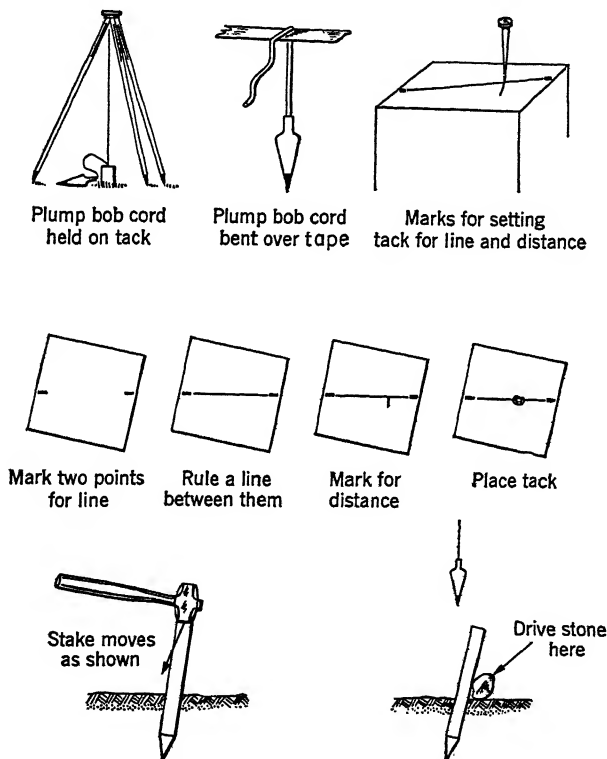


FIG. 9.—Location taping details.

transit, being careful to avoid touching the tripod legs. He holds the zero mark of the tape on the tack if conditions permit the tape to be level in this position. He can steady the tape against the stake, but he must take the full tension with his hand.

If the tape must be raised above the stake, the rear tapeman loosens the plumb-bob cord on the transit until he has about 8 inches slack. He places the bob on the ground and holds the cord taut by pressing it against the tack with one hand. With the other hand he controls the tape so that the zero mark is at the cord (see Figs. 9, 10).

The head tapeman bends his plumb-bob cord over the tape at the proper graduation, holding it in position by squeezing the cord and tape together with one hand.

With the other hand he applies the tension, holding the tape at the proper height to keep it level. When the plumb bob is steady he calls "line for stake." The transitman directs line by signal or voice, giving the compass direction and the amount of the movement, thus, "north two-tenths," "south five-hundredths," etc. When the cord is brought nearly on line, he signals or calls "good for stake."

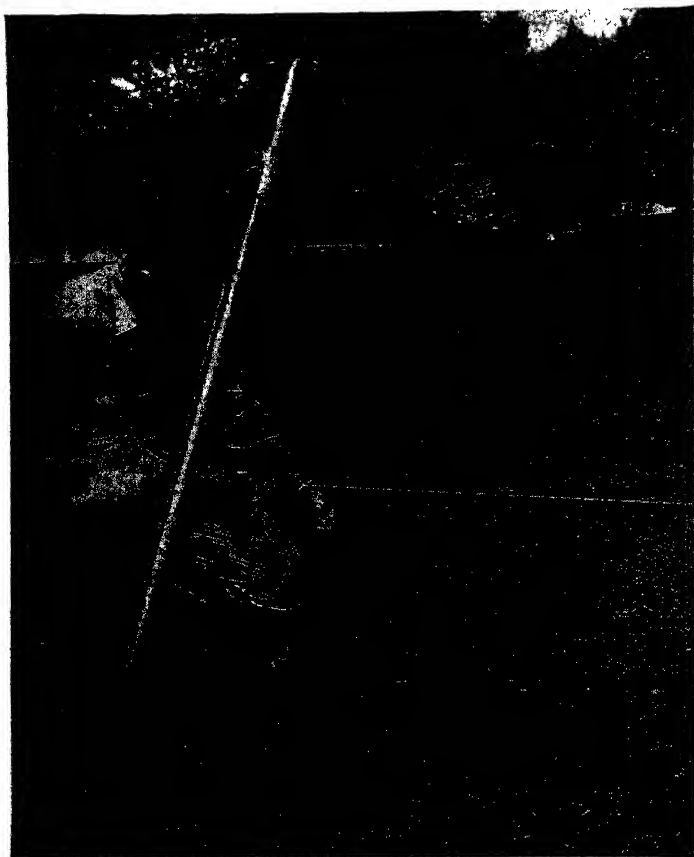


FIG. 10.—Holding bob string taut against tack.

At this call the head tapeman releases the plumb bob so that it drops vertically, marking the ground slightly with its point. The longest dimension of the top of the stake is kept in the direction of measurement, and the stake is driven at the mark to a depth of 2 or 3 inches. The position of the stake is then checked. The head tapeman calls "distance," stretches the tape, and checks the distance. He then calls "line for stake" and holds the bob for the transitman, moving it as directed. The stake is driven according to the results of this check, the transitman watching it go down as long as it is visible. He will call "keep it south" or "south one-tenth" as the need arises.

230. Driving a Stake. It takes considerable skill to drive a stake so that the top remains in position. Frequently the head tapeman makes a second check when the stake is partly driven home. The top of the stake invariably moves toward the person driving it. Slight corrections can therefore be made by driving it from the position toward which the stake should move (see Fig. 9). When greater corrections are necessary, the ground should be pounded beside the stake. Still greater corrections can be made by driving stones into the ground beside it. Tapping the side of the stake to align it merely loosens the stake and sometimes breaks it.

When the stake is driven well into the ground and found to be out of position, the only recourse is to drive another stake beside it. If it is withdrawn, it will follow the old hole when redriven.

The stake must be driven until it is firm and usually with the top not more than a few inches above the ground.

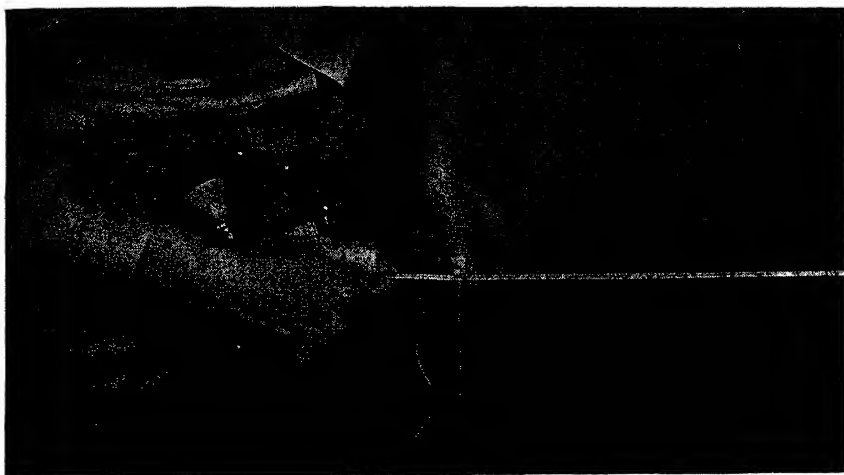


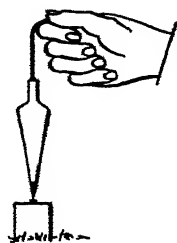
FIG. 11.—Holding plumb-bob string and tape.

231. Setting a Tack. A pencil is placed on the top of the stake, held slanting away from the transit or preferably balanced on its point. The pencil point is lined in and a pencil mark made on line.

If the transitman cannot see the pencil, he signals or calls "raise it" and a plumb bob is substituted. The head tapeman should hold the cord as close as possible to the bob without interfering with the transitman's view. The swing of the bob can be damped by tapping the point against the top of the stake.

When he is ready, the head tapeman calls "line for tack"; and when the plumb bob (or other signal) has been brought precisely in line by directions from the transitman, the latter calls "good for tack." When he is satisfied, the head tapeman drops the bob to the stake by dropping his hand about $\frac{1}{2}$ inch. Then, while holding the cord and bob in this position with one hand, he reaches the bob with the other hand and marks the point by making a hole in the stake with the point of the bob. If there is any doubt in his mind of the accuracy of the mark, the head tapeman calls for a check.

Frequently two marks are made for line near the edges of the top of the stake toward and away from the instrument, and a pencil line is ruled between them.



Hold as close to bob
as possible and keep
bob point as close
as possible to stake



To mark stake, settle
bob on stake at proper
point then controlling bob
as shown, seize bob and
make hole with point

FIG. 12.—Handling plumb bob.

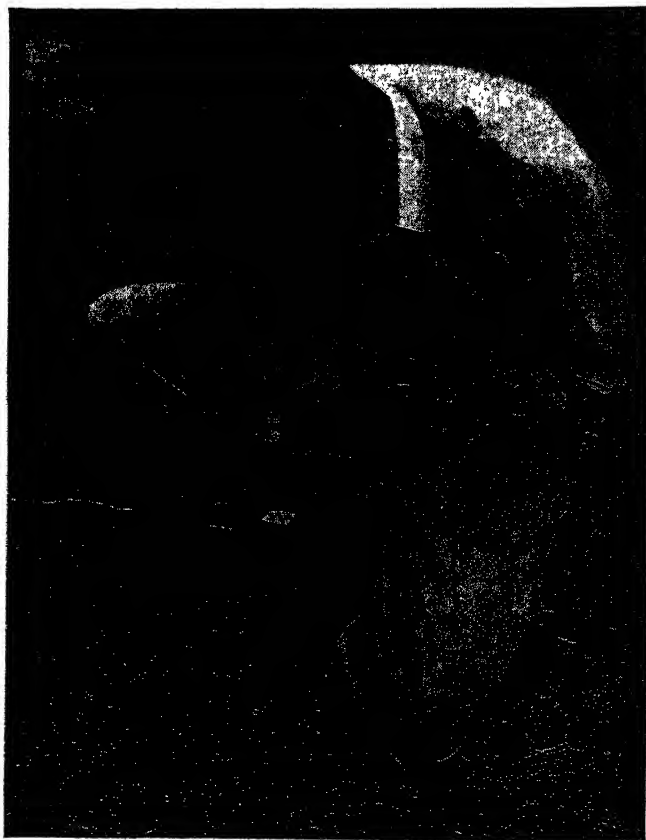


FIG. 13.—Short hold on plumb bob.



FIG. 14.—Plumbing high.

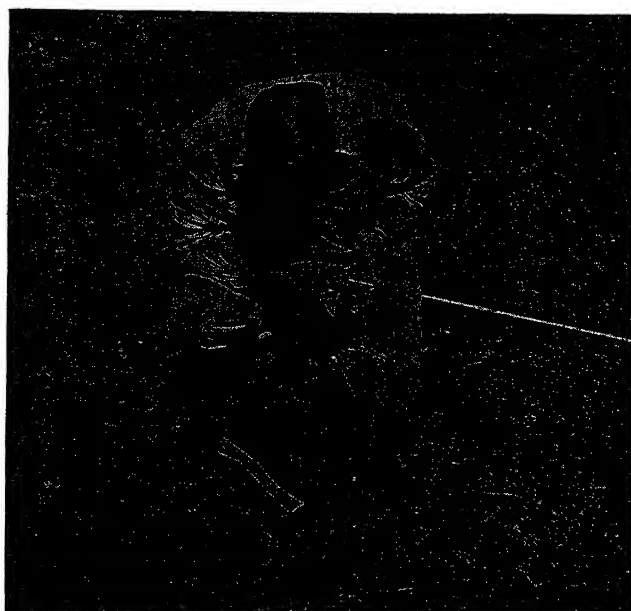


FIG. 15.—Measuring for tack with short hold.

When conditions permit, the tape is laid on the top of the stake to obtain distance. If this is impossible, a plumb bob is used. The cord is bent over the proper graduation as before, the tension applied, and the swing damped out by moving the tape up and down so that the point of the bob taps the stake. The head tapeman should keep the bob over the pencil line. The exact point is marked with the point of the bob and checked if necessary. If only one line point has been set, it is sometimes necessary to check the distance mark for line. When the tape can be laid on the

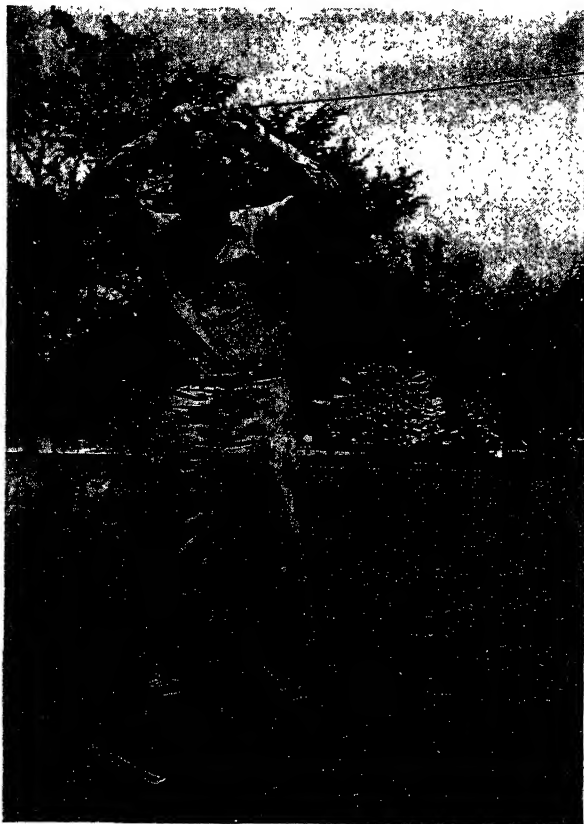


FIG. 16.—Measuring for tack with long hold.

stake, the edge of the tape can be used to transfer the line to the correct distance mark. A tack is driven at the final mark. Frequently the tack is again checked for line and distance (see Figs. 12-16).

The station number is marked on the stake with keel or on a guard stake set at a slant near it. The number of the stations should be checked by call. The head tapeman calls "station," and the rear tapeman calls the number of the station where he is standing.

The checks enumerated may seem rather excessive. It is the duty of the head tapeman to decide when they are necessary. He knows by experience whether

conditions were proper for an accurate result. Too few or too many checks will often waste time. The speed and accuracy of the work are obviously entirely in the hands of the head tapeman. If the field party is shorthanded, the chief should take this position.

When the head tapeman is finished, if a full tape length has been measured, the rear tapeman drops his end of the tape and walks forward to the stake just set. In the meantime the head tapeman takes his equipment forward and drags the tape. When the zero end of the tape reaches the stake, the rear tapeman calls its station number, the head tapeman stops, and the process of setting a stake is repeated. The rear tapeman now handles the tape in the same manner as the head tapeman except that, instead of applying tension, he resists it.

232. Marks on Other Surfaces. When the marks are made on masonry, the process is simpler. Pencil lines or scratches with the plumb-bob point are used for marks. A cross is chiseled at the mark if it must be permanent. Usually the mark is circled with keel to make it easy to find.

When the stake strikes an obstruction before it is firm, the earth is cleared away and the mark is made on the obstruction.

When the surface is hard and irregular like a macadam road, a heavy nail can be driven as a mark. Often a small piece of cloth or a roofing washer is placed on the nail to make it easy to find.

233. Signals Used in Giving Line.

1. **Take line** means to point on the target designated. The rod or plumb bob is held horizontally and then placed over the point.

2. **Give line** or **line** means to give directions for bringing a target on line. To indicate this the range pole or plumb bob is merely held approximately on line.

3. **Directions for line.** The transitman gives line by motions with the hand on that side of his body which is toward the direction of motion. The palm is held toward the person receiving the signal. Slow motions indicate large distances; quick motions indicate short distances. A handkerchief is often held in the hand to increase visibility. Sometimes the distance desired is signaled in hundredths of feet, the signals shown in Fig. 7, Chap. VIII, being used.

4. **Raise it** means that the plumb-bob string or other target cannot be seen. A handkerchief is moved up and down over the transit. The tapeman should discover what is wrong and correct it. Usually the ground interferes, and more plumb-bob string should be exposed. Sometimes a better background is necessary, and the tapeman should place his trouser leg behind the string or stand behind it. Sometimes the range pole should be substituted.

5. **Good** or **all right** means that the transitman is satisfied with alignment or other procedure. Both hands with the palms forward are moved up and down at the sides of the body. When visibility is poor, a handkerchief is waved over the head or in a large circle.

6. **Pick up the instrument.** To avoid lost time the transitman should **never** pick up his instrument unless he is directed to do so by the chief. The signal is a quick upward motion with both hands palms up.

ESTABLISHING GRADE IN THE FIELD

234. Marking Elevations. Marking elevations is usually called **giving grade or grade staking**. It consists in setting marks like tops of stakes, nails in vertical surfaces, and keel marks at required elevations or setting marks at random elevations and indicating the vertical heights at which the future construction is to be built above or below them. Marks for grade are usually placed near the work and transferred to the work by carpenter's levels and rules. Sometimes they can be placed on the work itself.

235. Definitions. The word grade is used loosely in surveying parlance. In this text, **rate of grade** is used to mean the steepness of slope, and **grade** is used as the equivalent of **elevation of future construction**. The use of the word grade alone to mean slope is avoided.

236. Rate of Grade. The rate of grade is the rate of change of elevation expressed as a ratio of the change in elevation divided by the horizontal distance. For example, if a street sloped downward 1 foot in a horizontal distance of 100 feet, the rate of grade would be -0.01 , or -1 per cent.

237. Cut and Fill. When the grade is above the grade mark, the notation **fill so many feet and inches** is written at the mark, thus, **F 3'-6"**; when below, **cut** is used, thus, **C 1'-10"**. The words fill and cut in this usage mean only up and down from a mark and have nothing to do with embankment or excavation.

238. Three Methods of Giving Grade. There are three methods of grade staking, here called **setting grade marks**, **shooting in grade**, and **indicating cuts and fills**.

239. Setting Grade Marks. The problem is to set a mark at a given grade. Starting at a bench mark, a line of levels is carried to the vicinity of the work. The instrument is thus brought into a position at a known H.I. from which the rod on the mark may be observed.

The **grade rod (G.R.)** is then determined. The grade rod is the reading on the rod that would be obtained from the present instrument position if the rod were placed on the required grade.

$$\text{G.R.} = \text{H.I.} - \text{grade}$$

The target is set at this value. If the top of a stake is to be used for a mark, it is driven down until, when the rod is placed upon it, the target

appears on the line of sight (see Fig. 17). The top of the stake is covered with keel and the station marked on the side. The letter G is often placed on the stake to indicate that the top is at grade.

240. When a grade mark is to be placed on a vertical surface, the rod is held against the surface and moved up and down until the target is on the line of sight. A mark or nail is then placed at the bottom of the rod (see Fig. 18).

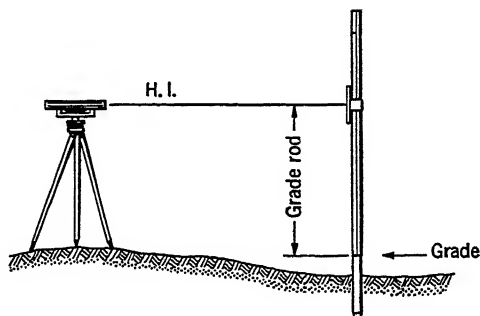


FIG. 17.—Setting a stake at grade

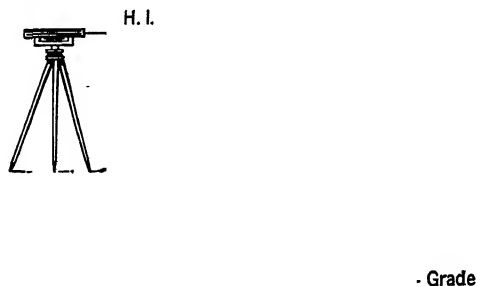


FIG. 18.—Setting a nail at grade.

241. Obviously, several grades can be set from one instrument position. The line of levels can then be carried to other locations and more grades set. Finally, the line of levels must be carried to the original or another bench mark for a check.

242. Setting Grades When No Support Is Available at the Proper Elevation. Very often no support is available in the vicinity of the work on which the grade can be marked. For example, the actual grade for a pipe line or for a platform cannot be marked on the ground. Under these circumstances it is customary to set grade stakes at a cer-

tain number of half feet above or below grade, the number of half feet used being often different at different stakes, and the stakes marked accordingly.

This is accomplished by setting the target at a certain number of half feet above or below the value of the grade rod. **If the grade-rod value is larger than the rod setting, the grade will be below the top of the stake by the difference.** In this case the stake will be marked cut, or C, so many feet. This may be stated as follows:

$$C = \text{G.R.} - \text{rod}$$

(where a negative value of C is taken as fill and marked F).

Thus, when the ground is not at the right height for setting a stake at grade the problem is to determine how many half feet to add to or to subtract from the grade rod so that a stake may be set.

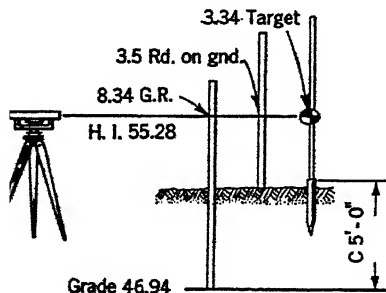


FIG. 19.—Setting a grade stake above grade.

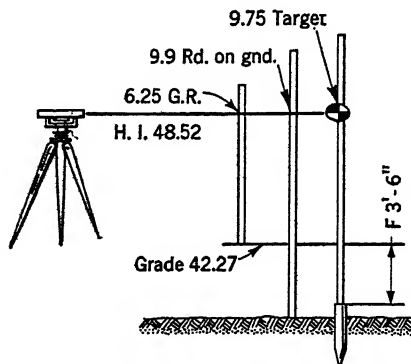


FIG. 20.—Setting a grade stake below grade.

After the grade rod has been computed, a rod is read on the ground where the stake is to be driven. Obviously, when the stake has been driven and a rod placed on it, the reading must be equal to or less than this value. Therefore, the proper number of half feet are chosen such that, when applied to the grade rod, a value will be obtained that is as near as possible equal to, yet less than, the reading when the rod is held on the ground.

Example 1 (see Fig. 19). The H.I. is 55.28; the grade is 46.94.

$$\text{G.R.} = 55.28 - 46.94 = 8.34$$

Accordingly, values like 7.34, 7.84, 8.34, 8.84, 9.34, etc., can be used.

The rod on the ground is 3.5.

Choose 3.34 as the nearest to 3.5 and yet less than it. Set the target at 3.34.

Compute

$$C = 8.34 - 3.34 = 5'0''$$

Example 2 (see Fig. 20). The H.I. is 48.52; the grade is 42.27.

$$G.R. = 48.52 - 42.27 = 6.25$$

Accordingly, values like 5.25, 5.75, 6.25, 6.75, 7.25, etc., can be used.

The rod on the ground is 9.9.

Choose 9.75 as the nearest to 9.9 and yet less than it. Set the target at 9.75. Compute.

$$C = 6.25 - 9.75 = -3'6'' \quad \text{or} \quad F = 3'6''$$

243. Procedure for Setting Grade Stakes. The following procedure is recommended for the method of setting grade stakes described above (see Fig. 21). Bench-

SMITH ST. GDS. FOR N. CURB						π Brown Rec Jones Rod King Stks Hall		Clear 60°F Date
Sta	+	H.I.	-	Rod	Elev			
BM*5	5.02	62.27			57.25			
TP*1	0.27	55.28	7.26		55.01			
0+0				3.34	51.94			
1+0				4.42	50.86			
TP*2	2.66	48.52	9.42		45.86			
2+0				9.75	38.77			
BM*6			7.17		41.35			
	7.95		23.85					

Maple and William Sts., Fire Hydrant "R" in Corey								
C 5'-0"	55.28 H.I.							Grnd 3.5
	-46.94 Gd							
C 6'-6"	8.34 Gd Rod	55.28						4.5
	-44.36							
	48.52							9.9
	-42.27							
	6.25							
F 3'-6"								
		7.95						
		Check -23.85						
		-15.90						
		57.25						
		41.35						

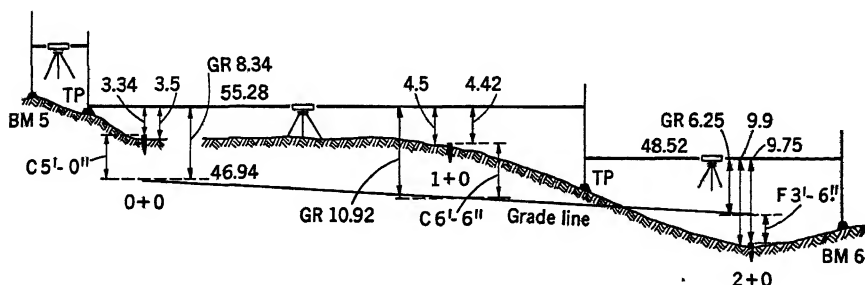


FIG. 21.—Field notes and procedure for setting grade stakes.

mark data, a list of required grades, and a sketch of the work must be taken into the field.

LIST OF GRADES	
Station	Grade
0 + 0	46.94
1 + 0	44.36
2 + 0	42.27

1. By bench-mark leveling obtain an H.I. in the vicinity of the work, 55.28.
2. Compute G.R. on right-hand page of field notes, 8.34.
3. Take a rod on ground at stake location, and record on right-hand page, 3.5.
4. Set target at 3.34, and drive stake until, when rod is on stake, the target is on the line of sight.
5. Read rod through the target to check the target setting, and record in rod column, 3.34.
6. Compute elevation of stake, and record elevation in elevation column, 51.94.
7. Compute cut or fill by two methods as a check.

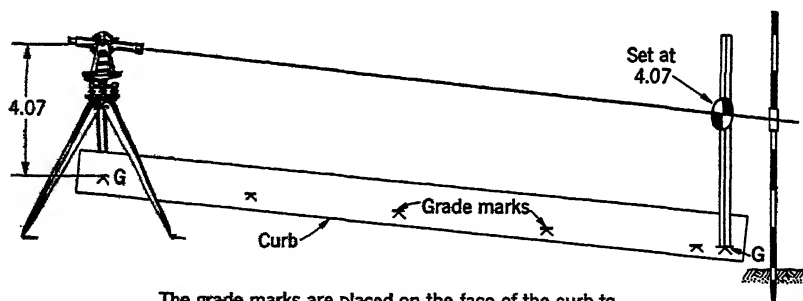
$$C = \text{G.R.} - \text{rod} = 8.34 - 3.34 = 5.00$$

$$C = \text{elev.-grade} = 51.94 - 46.94 = 5.00$$

8. Record cut or fill in feet and inches on right-hand page, and mark it on stake. Keel top of stake. If there is no cut or fill, mark the stake G.

9. Set any other grades possible from present H.I., or carry levels to another H.I., finally checking on B.M.

244. Shooting in Grade. When marks are to be set for a uniform rate of grade, computation and field work can be saved by a process known as **shooting in grade**.



The grade marks are placed on the face of the curb to indicate the grade of the gutter.

The marks labeled G are first established at an established grade by the usual method of setting grade marks.

The foresight shown consists of a piece of paper wrapped around a range pole and held by an elastic

FIG. 22.—Shooting in a grade line.

This process is not independent. First it is necessary to set a grade stake or mark at each end of the uniform grade. A transit or level is then set up over the mark at one end (see Fig. 22). The difference in height between the instrument and the mark is measured (4.07), and the target on the rod is set at this value. The rod is held at the mark at the other end of the slope and the line of sight directed at it. This

places the line of sight parallel to the grade line at a known height above it. With this arrangement a grade mark can be set wherever desired by holding the rod at that point and raising or lowering the rod until the target is on the line of sight. The position of the foot of the rod is marked.

A foresight on the line of sight should be established if many grade marks are to be set. When only a few are necessary, the slope of the line of sight should be checked when the work is completed by holding the rod at the original mark and making sure the line of sight strikes the target.

245. Giving Grade by Indicating Cuts and Fills. The most rapid and in many ways the best method of giving grade is to indicate

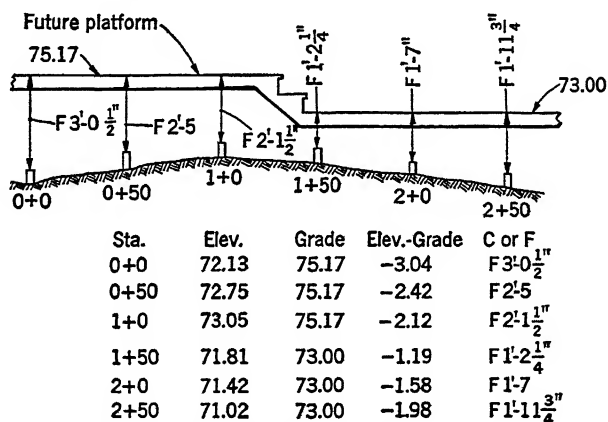


FIG. 23.—Giving grade by indicating cut or fill.

the cuts or fills measured from convenient objects near the work. Usually the tops of the line stakes or other line marks are used.

The elevations of the tops of the line stakes or the objects chosen are determined by profile leveling. The values of the cuts or fills are computed by comparing the elevation of each mark with the grade at that particular position. They are computed in hundredths of a foot, reduced to inches and marked on the stakes or near the marks (see Fig. 23). The tops of the stakes or other objects are usually covered with keel to indicate that grade should be measured from those points.

246. Reducing Hundredths to Inches. One inch equals $8\frac{1}{2}$ hundredths of a foot. The quarters of a foot can be expressed exactly in both hundredths and in inches. By adding or subtracting 8 to or from the nearest quarter point the inch values in hundredths of a foot can be computed within $\frac{1}{8}$ of a hundredth. These values should be computed and memorized, thus:

In.	Quarter points	Computations	In. values, hundredths of a ft
0	0		0
1		0 + 8	8
2		25 - 8	17
3	25		25
4		25 + 8	33
5		50 - 8	42
6	50		50
7		50 + 8	58
8		75 - 8	67
9	75		75
10		75 + 8	83
11		100 - 8	92
12	100		100

To reduce hundredths to inches, choose the nearest inch value and correct for the odd hundredths by calling them eighths of an inch. Thus,

$$0.89 \text{ ft} = 0.92 \text{ ft} - 0.03 \text{ ft} = 11 \text{ in.} - \frac{3}{8} \text{ in.} = 10\frac{5}{8} \text{ in.}$$

$$0.44 \text{ ft} = 0.42 \text{ ft} + 0.02 \text{ ft} = 5 \text{ in.} + \frac{2}{8} \text{ in.} = 5\frac{1}{4} \text{ in.}$$

$$0.71 \text{ ft} = 0.75 \text{ ft} - 0.04 \text{ ft} = 9 \text{ in.} - \frac{4}{8} \text{ in.} = 8\frac{1}{2} \text{ in.}$$

The error is never greater than 0.005 foot.

247. Signals for Setting Grade Marks. The only signals used for giving grade that are not used for profile leveling are "up" and "down." Up is signaled by moving the hand upward from shoulder height, usually with the index finger pointed up. Down is signaled by lowering the hand from waist height, with the index finger pointed down. Large slow motions indicate large amounts, and vice versa. Usually the estimated distance is signaled immediately afterward in hundredths of a foot.

ALIGNMENT IN THE SHOP

248. Shop Practice. The use of surveying instruments in the shop is as varied as the ingenuity of the production engineer. Standard practices have not been developed so that only usual operations can be outlined here. The very short sights used make it possible to work to thousandths of an inch instead of hundredths of a foot, but they impose certain restrictions.

249. When short sights are used, the objective lens must be moved comparatively long distances in focusing. If this movement (which is guided by the objective slide) is not exactly parallel to the line of sight, errors will result (see Fig. 25). The error can be measured and neutralized by reversal.



FIG. 24.—Berger instruments in use at a Douglas plant. (C. L. Berger & Sons, Inc. and Douglas Aircraft Co.)

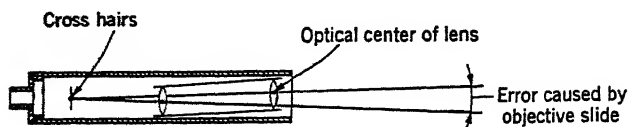


FIG. 25.—The objective-slide error.

250. The plumb bob does not indicate the precise position of the vertical axis or the line of sight. When accuracy is desired, the line of sight itself must be placed on line by observing two points on line and moving the instrument accordingly.

251. **Alignment of Targets.** Most alignment work involves observing from a distance of a few feet. A thousandth of an inch can be easily seen at that distance. Usually steel scales graduated to hundredths of an inch are used instead of special devices. They should be kept bright and be well lighted.

252. **Shop Methods for Alignment.** Dimensions on drawings are nearly always given in the form of distances from three mutually per-

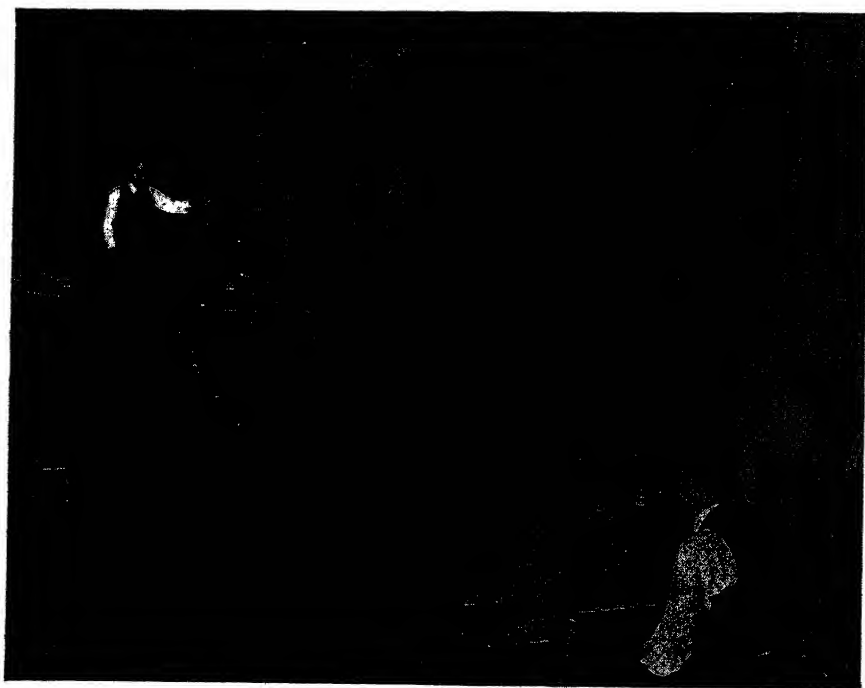


FIG. 26.—Designing a suspension bridge by measuring the deflections of a model with a Y level at the Trenton plant of the John A. Roebling's Sons Co. (*John A. Roebling's Sons Co.*)

pendicular planes. Surveying instruments can accurately establish horizontal and vertical planes. The usual procedure therefore is to arrange the work so that the dimension planes are vertical and horizontal, either by adjusting the work according to the instrument or by placing the work nearly in position and establishing these planes on the work for the first time with the instrument.

253. Shop Leveling. It is usually more accurate and quicker to arrange the work so that the first operation is leveling. One of the dimen-

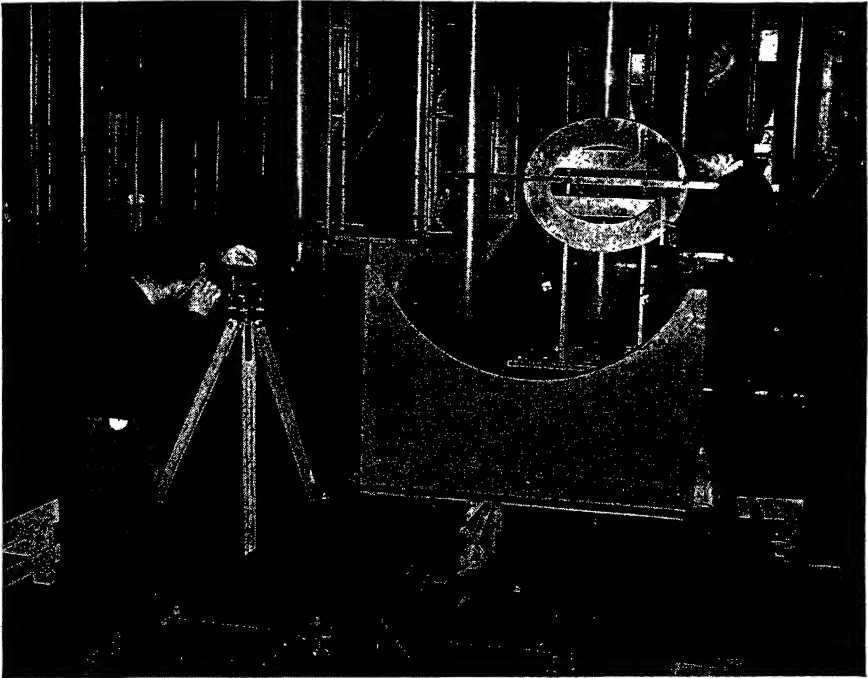


FIG. 27.—Leveling a fixture. A Y level manufactured by the Eugene Dietzgen Co. of Chicago being used to level an airplane fixture at the Hagerstown, Md., plant of the Fairchild Engine & Aircraft Corp. (*Eugene Dietzgen Co. and Fairchild Engine & Airplane Corp.*)

sion planes must usually be made horizontal, and it is more accurate to set a plane horizontal with a level than to achieve the same result by setting two other planes vertical with a transit.

254. The level should be placed approximately on the perpendicular bisector of the longest horizontal center line of the work. This tends to equalize the lengths of the sights and thus to increase the accuracy.

255. Leveling the Work. At least three widely separated points are chosen, usually machined surfaces or scribed lines. A rule is held

at these points, and the vertical readings are taken directly on the scale by the levelman. The work must be adjusted until such differences in elevation are obtained that the dimension plane will be level. When high accuracy is desired, the level should be placed at a corresponding location on the opposite side of the work and the readings checked (see Fig. 28). Any difference should be balanced out by adjusting the work. This process eliminates the errors of the slide and any error in adjustment.

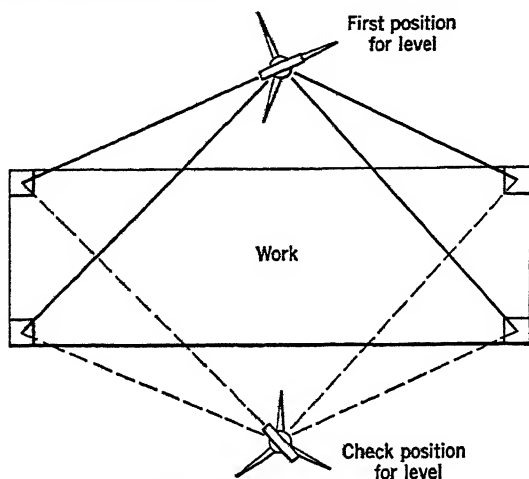


FIG. 28.—Shop leveling.

256. When the work has been leveled, the desired vertical measurements can be made by measuring from the line of sight.

257. **Setting the Level at a Required Height.** Frequently, it is desirable to set points exactly on the line of sight. This requires adjusting the level to the required elevation, a movement which can be accomplished by adjusting the spread of the tripod legs or adjusting the legs themselves if an adjustable tripod is available. Special elevators can be made (see Fig. 1, Chap. I) that facilitate this operation by raising and lowering the instrument without throwing it much out of level.

258. Whatever device is used, however, the process is essentially one of cut and try. The level must be raised to the estimated position and leveled, and the elevation tested by sighting. If the height is not correct, the process must be repeated.

259. **Alignment with the Transit.** The usual transit alignment problem is to establish a vertical plane in a given direction. For accurate results, as explained previously, the line of sight itself must be placed in line. The procedure is as follows: Two points are chosen along the greatest dimension of the work, and preferably at nearly the same height.

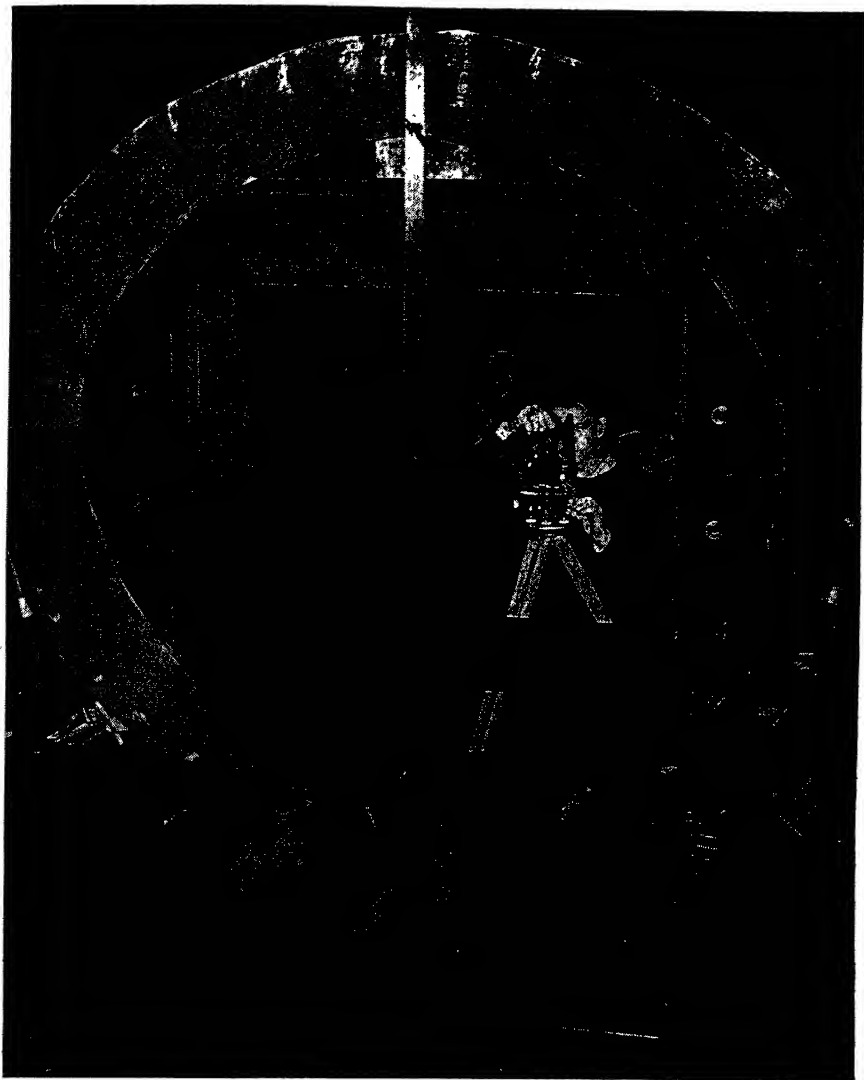


FIG. 29.—Establishing a center line. Centering a fuselage fixture with a transit manufactured by the Eugene Dietzgen Co. of Chicago at the Hagerstown, Md., plant of the Fairchild Engine & Airplane Corp. (*Eugene Dietzgen Co. and Fairchild Engine & Airplane Corp.*)

The instrument is set up as nearly as possible in the plane desired, with the telescope nearly at the elevation of the points chosen. The instrument is pointed parallel to the desired plane by estimation, and readings of a scale are taken on the two points. The direction of the instrument is changed until the proper difference between the two readings is obtained. This places the line of sight in a plane parallel to the desired vertical plane (see Fig. 30).

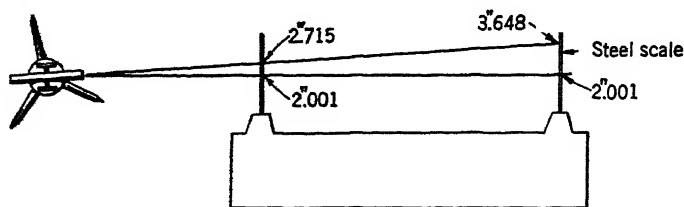


Fig. 30.—Aligning transit with two gauge points.

260. If high accuracy is desired, the transit should be set up using the telescope level and the reading should be made direct and reversed. The average readings are used. This process eliminates the errors of the slide and all transit adjustment errors.

261. When the transit is properly oriented, horizontal dimensions left and right can be established by reading the scale directly from the instrument.

262. **Placing the Transit Plane on a Desired Line.** It is often desirable to place the plane established by the transit along a certain line. In this case the procedure is the same except that instead of changing the direction of the line of sight the instrument is moved laterally until the two desired readings are obtained (see Fig. 32). This is known as **wiggling in**. It can be accomplished by shifting the leveling head. Since this requires releveling the transit each time, it is a slow procedure. Special shifting devices can be used (see Fig. 36) that prevent throwing the instrument much out of level and control the lateral movement.

263. **Setting Up over or under a Point.** It is clear that both in leveling and alignment it is more difficult to establish a **certain** desired plane than to establish a plane **parallel** to the desired plane. When the accuracy desired is not quite so great, it is possible to place the vertical axis of the transit in the plane at the start by setting up over or under a point in the plane.

264. A well-made plumb bob and a thread instead of a string must be used to reduce errors of setup. The thread must be attached to the bob at the center line. The bob and the attachment of the thread can be tested by rotating the bob when hung over a point. If the point of

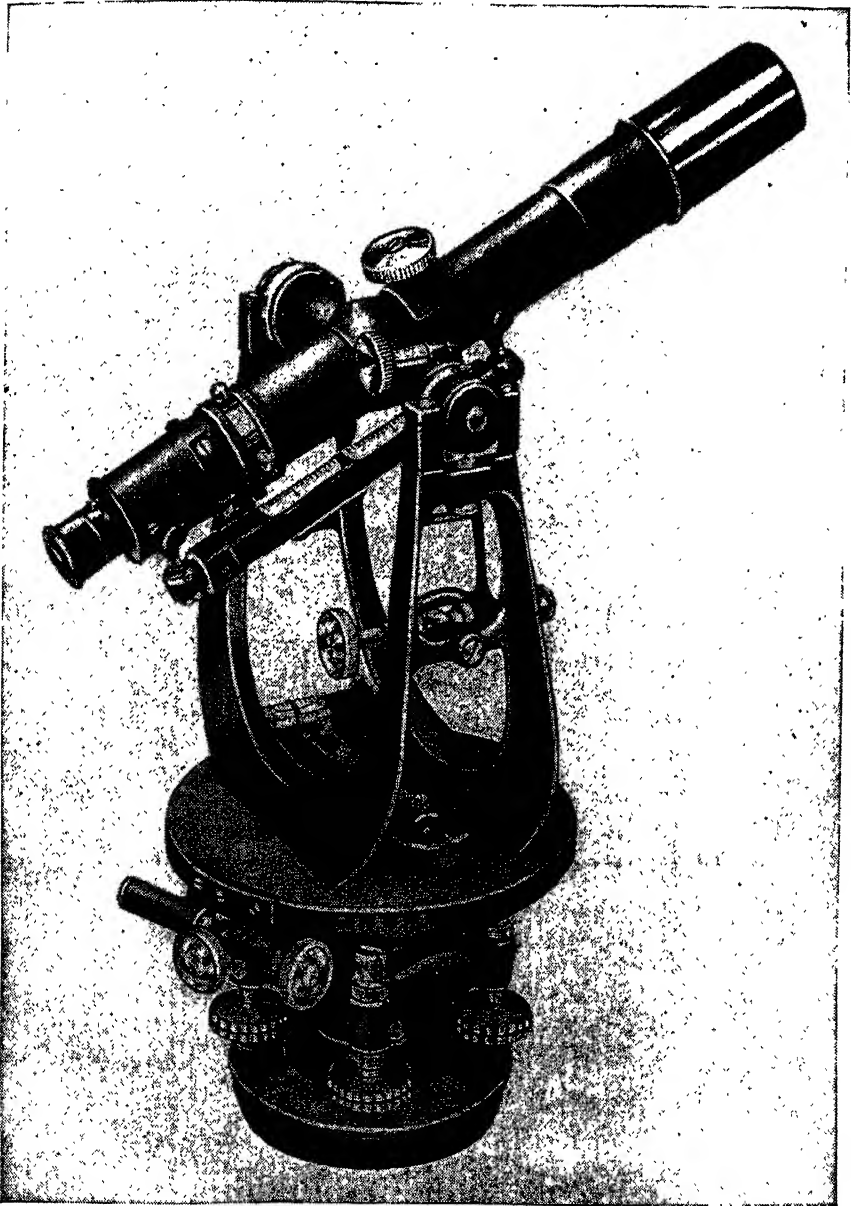


FIG. 31.—A Berger jig collimator. It has no lower motion, only a single center, no compass, and no verniers. It is especially designed for accurate jig alignment. (C. L. Berger & Sons, Inc.)

the bob does not wobble, it is accurate. The plumb-bob attachment to the transit can be tested by noting whether or not the bob remains over a point when the cap supporting the hook chain is slightly unscrewed. The bob point should not move throughout one revolution of the cap.

265. At the top of the telescope on most transits is a small center mark, which is on the line of the vertical axis when the telescope is perpendicular to the axis. By using this mark the transit can be set up under a plumb bob.

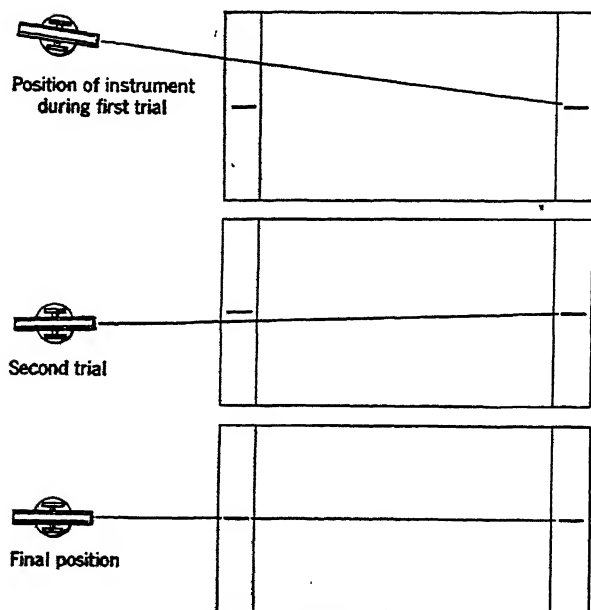


FIG. 32.—Wiggling in.

266. The only point in an instrument that remains stationary while it is being leveled is the center of the ball-and-socket joint. Therefore, both the plumb bob and the center mark on the telescope move laterally during leveling. To make an accurate setup the transit should be leveled and then checked for position. If it is not on the point, it must be shifted laterally and again leveled and checked (see Fig. 33).

267. Establishing an Angle. A horizontal angle is established by ordinary surveying methods. If it is desirable not to set up at the vertex, the desired plane can be established by offsets. The angle should be checked with the telescope reversed. When two or more angles are established from the same line, a long backsight should be used.

268. Tripods and Other Devices for Mounting Instruments.

In shop alignment work the instrument must often be stationed at various elevations, from close to the floor to high above it. Tripods having adjustable legs should always be used. A tripod fitted with specially

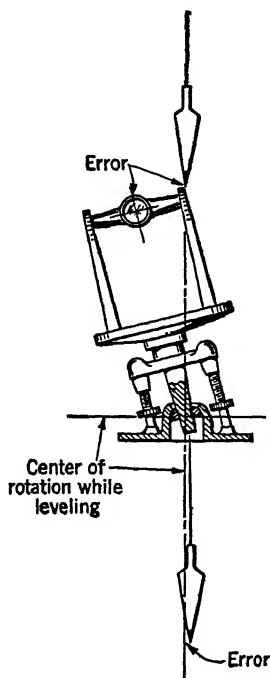


FIG. 33.—Position of transit when not level. Unless a transit is level it cannot be set up precisely over or under a point.

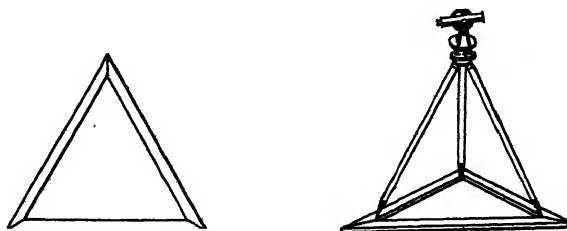


FIG. 34.—Wooden triangle for masonry floors.

made, very short legs will be found useful. An arrangement of three boards in the form of a triangle (see Figs. 34, 35) should be available when numerous setups are made on masonry or wood. The tripod legs are placed in the corners but rest on the floor. The floor will hold the

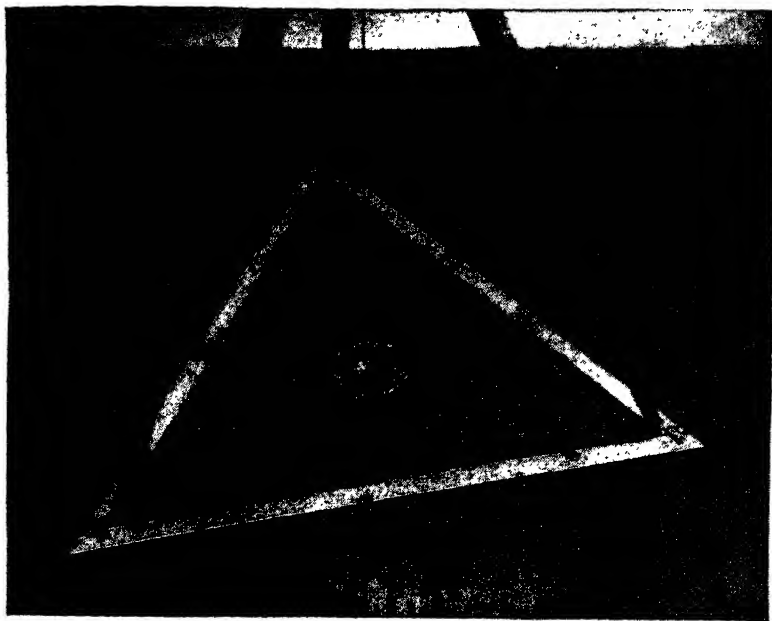


FIG. 35.—Floor triangle in use.

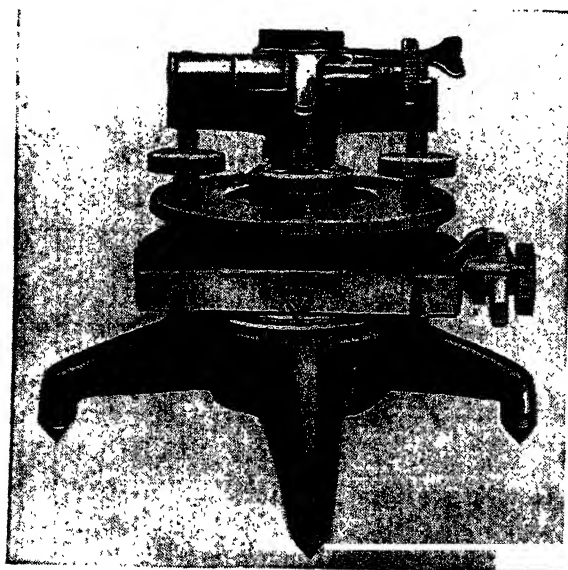
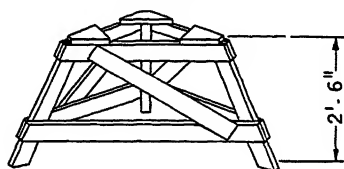


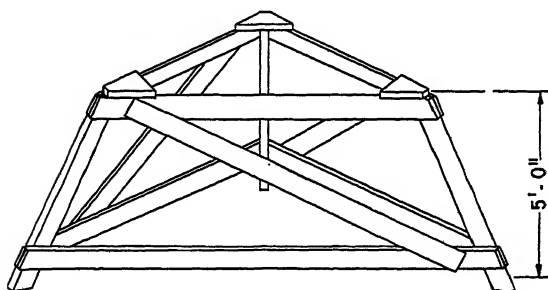
FIG. 36.—A lateral adjuster screwed to a trivet. (C. L. Berger & Sons, Inc.)

instrument steady, and the triangle will prevent the tripod legs from slipping.

269. Trivets (see Fig. 36) are designed to support the instrument within a few inches of the floor. They have three very short fixed legs, and at the top is an instrument mount on which the instrument can be screwed. Some instrument manufacturers provide three studs that can be screwed into the underside of the base that supports the instrument in its case. The base can be removed from the case, the studs inserted, and the base used as a trivet. When these bases are made of wood,



Using a tripod with adjustable legs, the instrument can be supported at any height from 2'-6" to 12'-6"



The top stand can be nailed to the bottom stand when desired

FIG. 37.—Set of stands.

three wood screws can be screwed into the underside and filed to a point to serve in place of the studs.

A special type of instrument mount is available that will screw into heavy timbers. It is called a **bracket**.

270. **Rigidity of Support.** Support of the instrument mount must be arranged so that the instrument is not affected by movements of the observer or by other movements. Masonry or earth floors usually provide such support, but wooden floors seldom can be used without precautions. A support is acceptable if the telescope bubble remains stationary after being leveled, when the observer moves around the instrument, or when the usual movements occur in the vicinity.

271. Frequently a wooden floor can be used if the observer stands on a board that rests on supports near the bearing walls.

272. When the instrument must be raised above the floor, it is nearly always necessary to arrange an entirely separate support for the observer. Stands designed to elevate the instrument must have three legs to provide rigidity. A useful set of stands is shown in Fig. 37. By proper arrangement they will support the instrument at any height usually required. The observer, of course, must have a separate support.

EXAMPLES OF FIELD METHODS

273. **Batter Boards.** When the engineer has set marks for line and grade, it is often necessary to use string or wire to guide the actual

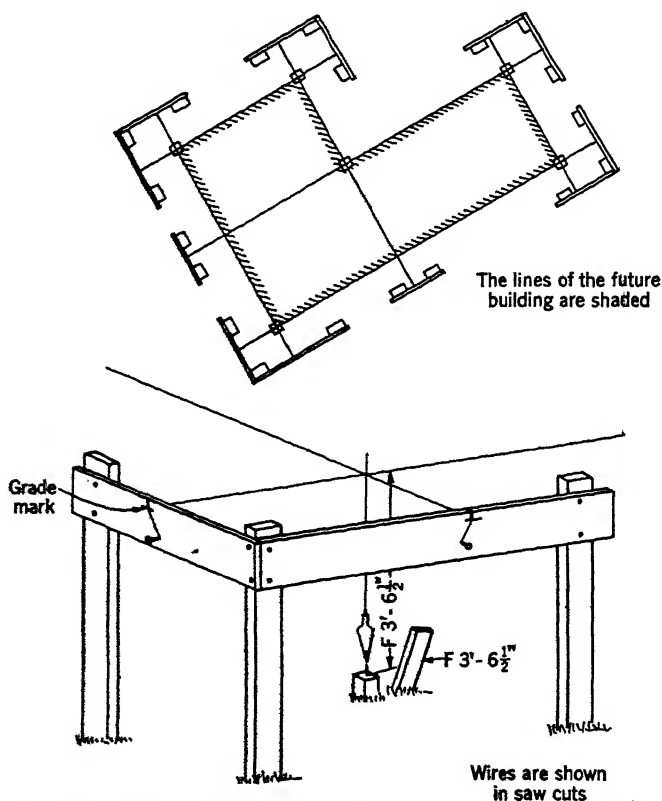


FIG. 38.—Batter boards and wires in place over original stakes.

construction. These are usually supported on pins or **batter boards** (see Figs. 38, 39).

274. The method of using batter boards for buildings has become standardized. They are usually so designed that they will support the

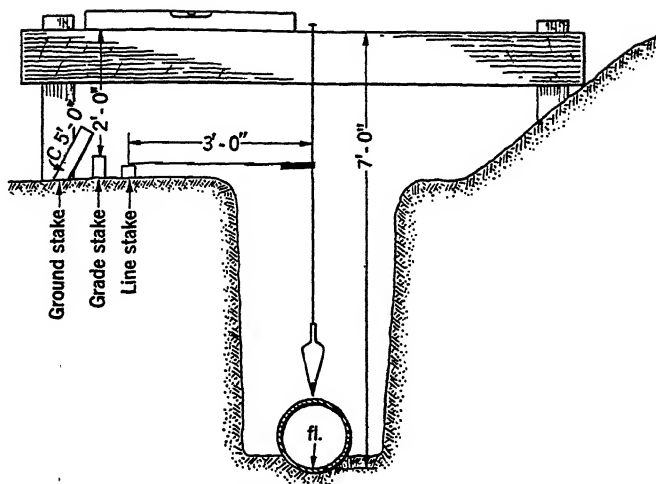


FIG. 39.—Batter board for pipe line.

string or wire so that it marks the exterior face of the building and also the elevation of the first floor. The exterior face of a building is a technical term. Figure 40 illustrates various building faces.

275. Sometimes the engineer indicates the fill from each corner stake up to the first-floor elevation. In this case the contractor adjusts the wire, using a plumb bob to set the alignment and a rule to measure up from the stake. Sometimes line marks are transferred from the stakes

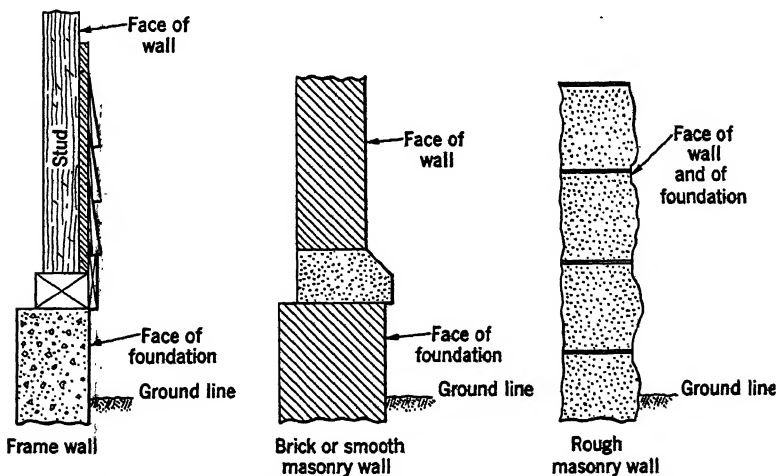


FIG. 40.—Typical walls. Measurements to buildings are made to face of wall or to face of foundation and so noted.

to the batter boards with a transit, and the grade of the first floor is marked directly on the batter boards (see Fig. 38).

276. Drainage Terms. Certain technical terms are used in connection with drainage facilities. **Flow line** is the bottom inside of a drainage pipe. **Invert** is the bottom inside of a drainage channel. Drainage manholes usually contain drainage channels (see Fig. 41). Inverts are sometimes also called flow lines. Flow lines and inverts are the lines always used in referring to elevations and alignment for drainage. They are often abbreviated to f.l. and Ivt.

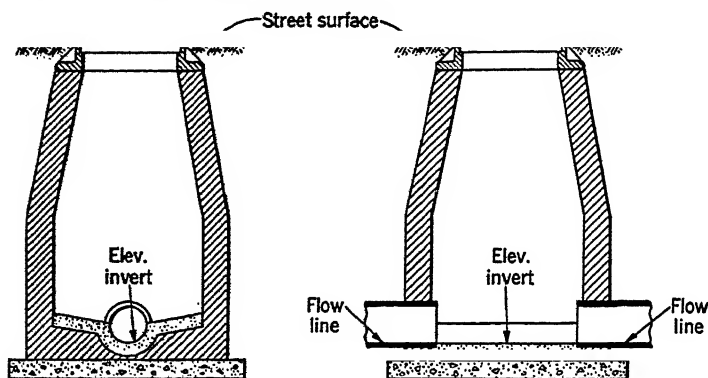


FIG. 41 — Cross sections of a typical manhole showing invert and flow line.

277. Field Location. Often a project is so simple that the entire engineering process can be carried out in the field. The reconnaissance, preliminary survey, map, plan, and location survey can be executed in a few hours. The process is illustrated by the following problems.

278. Problem of Field Location. Suppose it is necessary to build a branch drain from a house to the main street drain. It is assumed that the f.l. must be at least 3 feet below the ground surface to prevent freezing. The minimum rate of grade of the f.l. should be 0.004. No breaks in rate of grade or direction should occur except at manholes, for sediment collects at such points.

279. Figure 42 illustrates the problem. The elevation of the flow line at the house as indicated on the architect's plan is 70.03, and a connection already exists at the street manhole as shown by the city records. The elevation of the connection must be determined during the preliminary leveling by opening the manhole cover and observing a rod held on the flow line.

280. Outline of Method. It is evident at once from the reconnaissance that the line can be straight. An investigation by a preliminary survey must be made to determine whether or not a straight grade line can be used without bringing the flow line too near the surface. A profile of the ground is run and plotted (see Fig. 43). This constitutes the map. On this profile, a straight line representing a possible

flow line is drawn from the known elevation (70.03) of the flow line at the house to any point not below the manhole connection (60.52). It is discovered that such a line comes too near the ground. Other flow lines are tried with various locations and elevations for breaks in rate of grade, the object being to find an arrangement that complies with the specifications and requires a minimum quantity of excavation and number of manholes. In this case a break in the rate of grade of the flow line located at about Station $2 + 30$ at an elevation of about 62.1 (as indicated by scaling) will solve the problem. It will require one new manhole (at $2 + 30$). The existing connection at the street manhole can be used. Its f.l. elevation is 60.52.

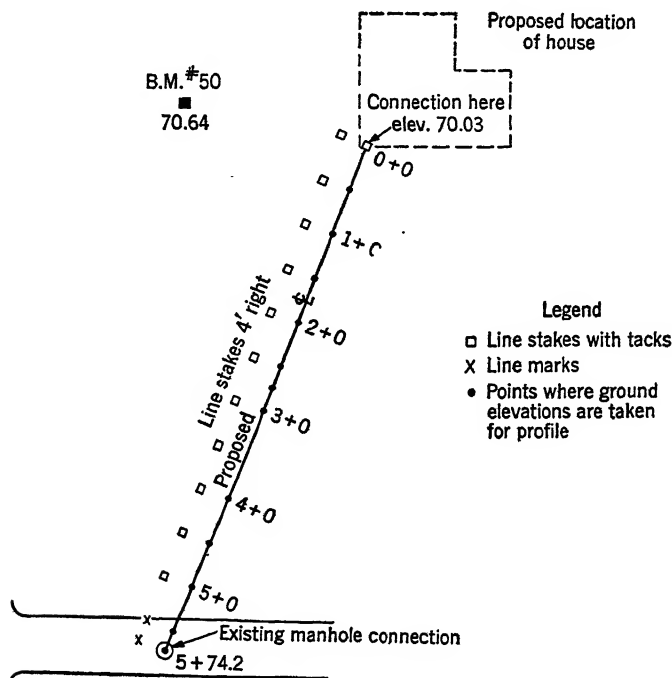


FIG. 42.—Plan showing example of field location.

It is now necessary to compute grades for the intervening points. The grades must be such that they will produce absolutely straight slopes for the flow line. For this purpose an **exact** position and elevation must be assumed for the invert of the new manhole. Accordingly, Station $2 + 30$ and elevation 62.10 are chosen, and the grades are computed by proportion. This completes the plan (see Fig. 43).

It is decided to give grade by indicating the cut from the top of the line stakes. It is to be remembered that cut is the distance from the top of the line stakes down to the flow line. It is **not** the excavation, which would be the distance from the ground down to the bottom of the trench.

To indicate cuts, the elevations of the tops of the line stakes must be found by leveling and the individual cuts computed by subtracting the required grades.

It is also decided to place the line stakes at a 4-foot offset to prevent disturbance when the trench is excavated.

With the above in mind, the procedure (the location survey) is planned to require a minimum of field work.

281. Field Procedure for Field-location Problem. The field steps are the following:

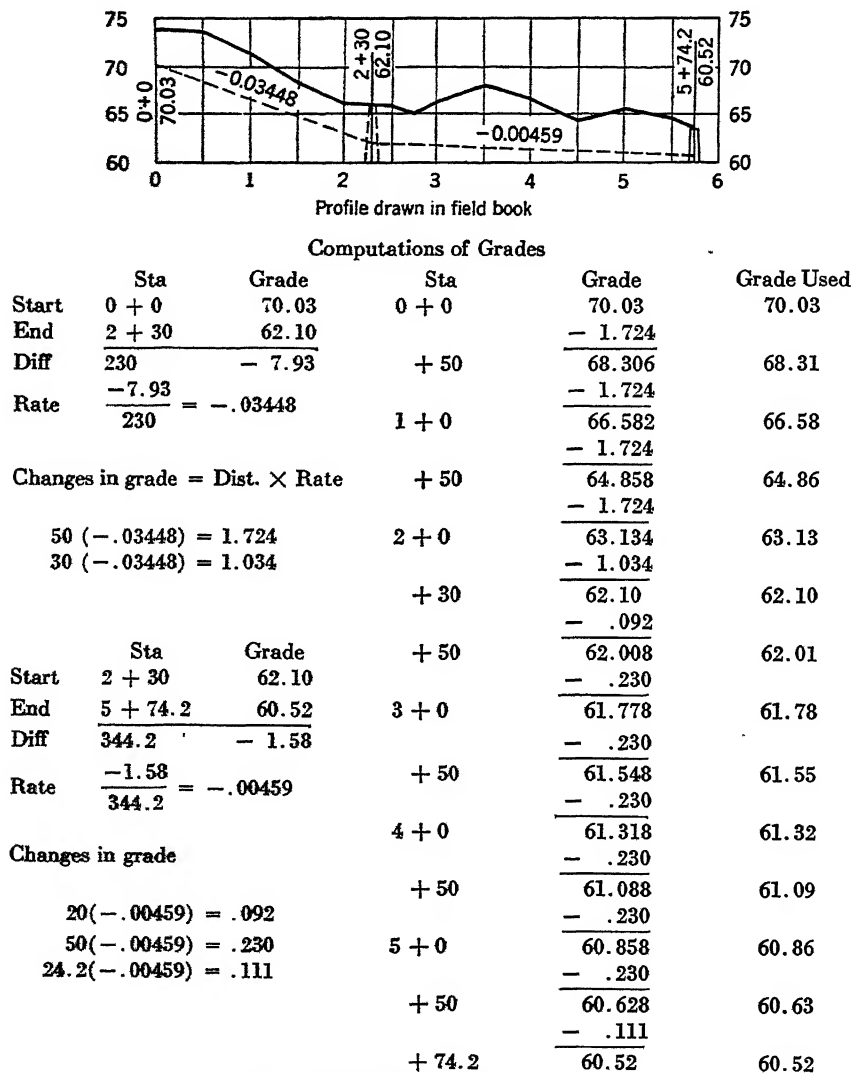


FIG. 43.—Design of grades for field location.

1. Stake out a 4-foot offset line, placing stake 0 + 0 beside the point in the house where the house connection is located and a stake every 50 feet thereafter. Carry the measurement to a point beside the manhole, and determine its plus.

2. Find the elevation of the ground at each 50-foot point along the true line and at all breaks in ground slope. The rod is held on the ground at an estimated 4 feet from and opposite to each offset stake. This places the rod at the true position on the construction line. The rod is read to tenths.

3. At the same time determine the elevation of the tops of each of the offset-line stakes.

HOUSE CONNECTION					Chief Smith π Jones	H.C. Cole R.C. Doe	Fair 60° Date
Sta	+	HI	-	Rod Elev	Grade	Cut	Mark Stk.
BM#50	6.78	77.42		70.64	Nail in	Maple	Near House
0+0 S				3.15	70.03	4.24	C 4'-2 1/8"
G				3.2			
+50 S				4.00	68.31	5.11	C 5'-1 3/8"
G				4.5			
1+0 S				5.41	66.58	5.43	C 5'-5 1/8"
G				6.0			
+50 S				9.15	64.86	3.41	C 3'-4 1/8"
G				9.3			
2+0 S				11.04	63.13	3.25	C 3'-3"
G				11.1			
TP#1	4.03	70.50	10.95	66.47			
+50 S				4.39	62.01	4.10	C 4'-1 1/4"
G				4.5			
+75 G				5.5			
3+0 S				4.07	61.78	4.65	C 4'-7 1/8"
G				4.1			
+50 S				2.35	61.55	6.60	C 6'-7 1/4"
G				2.5			
4+0 S				4.19	61.32	5.00	C 5'-0"
G				4.1			
+50 S				6.13	61.09	3.28	C 3'-3 3/8"
G				6.2			
5+0 S				5.22	60.86	4.42	C 4'-5"
G				5.2			
+50 S				5.90	60.63	3.97	C 3'-11 3/8"
G				5.9			
+74.2 S				6.90			
G				6.9			
Connect				9.98			
TP#2	5.89	72.92	3.47	67.03			
BM#50			2.29	70.63			
BM#50	7.42	78.06		70.64			
2+30 S				11.81	62.10	4.15	C 4'-13 1/4"
BM#50			7.42	70.64			

FIG. 44.—Field notes for field location.

4. Draw the profile of the ground elevations, and determine the grade profile for the flow line.

5. Compute the cuts, and mark the stakes.

6. Measuring along the offset line, place a stake for the new manhole, find the elevation of the top of the stake set, and mark the cut for the invert.

The form of notes is shown in Fig. 44.

PROBLEMS

1-2. Compute the grades for each half station for a uniform rate of grade between the positions indicated.

1		2	
Sta.	Grade	Sta.	Grade
0 + 00	29.68	7 + 36.3	47.21
6 + 73.41	34.25	12 + 40.9	25.82

3. Convert the following feet and decimals into feet and inches:

2.69	6.08	1.83
4.79	5.60	0.36
8.21	3.87	9.27
7.93		

4-5. Write out the form of notes with consistent numbers for giving grades by indicating cuts and fills on existing stakes for the following:

4		
Sta.	Grade	Elev. mark
0 + 0	29.38	26.32
0 + 50	<div style="text-align: center;"> \uparrow +4% Uniform slope \downarrow </div>	24.46
1 + 0		29.22
1 + 50		27.36
2 + 0		35.42
2 + 50		31.48
3 + 0	<div style="text-align: center;"> \downarrow -3% Uniform slope \uparrow </div>	27.17
3 + 50		28.16
4 + 0		31.50
4 + 50		32.28
4 + 50		47.38

5		
Sta.	Grade	Elev. mark
0 + 0	91.29	90.22
0 + 50	<div style="text-align: center;"> \uparrow +4% Uniform slope \downarrow </div>	90.26
1 + 0		87.47
1 + 50		93.49
2 + 0		92.75
2 + 50		88.29
3 + 0	<div style="text-align: center;"> \downarrow -3% Uniform slope \uparrow </div>	85.36
3 + 50		85.61
4 + 0		87.81
4 + 50		89.20
4 + 50		77.79

6-7. Write out the form of notes with consistent numbers for setting grade stakes at a certain number of half feet above or below grade as in Fig. 21 for the following:

6			
H.I.	Sta.	Grade	Rod on ground
37.28	0 + 0	32.61	8.2
	0 + 50	33.01	5.4
	1 + 0	33.41	2.3
	1 + 50	33.81	1.7
	2 + 0	34.21	3.5
39.46	2 + 50	35.61	4.7
	3 + 0	36.01	5.6
	3 + 50	36.41	7.2
	4 + 0	36.81	9.7
	4 + 50	37.21	10.6

7			
H.I.	Sta.	Grade	Rod on ground
81.29	0 + 0	80.32	1.4
	0 + 50	81.32	0.1
	1 + 0	82.32	0.6
	1 + 50	83.32	1.7
	2 + 0	84.32	1.9
92.42	2 + 50	85.32	2.8
	3 + 0	86.32	3.2
	3 + 50	87.32	4.2
	4 + 0	88.32	6.7
	4 + 50	89.32	7.8

CHAPTER XII

MISCELLANEOUS OPERATIONS

282. Supplementary Operations. The preceding chapters cover the bare essentials of instrument operation and surveying methods necessary for precise surveys of limited extent. Certain standard operations, however, so facilitate the work that without them it is difficult, if not impossible, successfully to carry out a survey project. These standard operations are covered in this chapter under the following four headings: **Elementary Triangulation, Ties to Horizontal Control, Traverse and Alignment Operations, Obstacles to Line and Levels.**

ELEMENTARY TRIANGULATION

283. The Use of Elementary Triangulation. While triangulation is the most important means of establishing horizontal control over large areas, it is not an important factor in surveys of limited extent. A simple system of a few well-placed triangles will often, however, greatly increase the over-all accuracy of the traverse net with a minimum expenditure of time and labor (see Fig. 1).

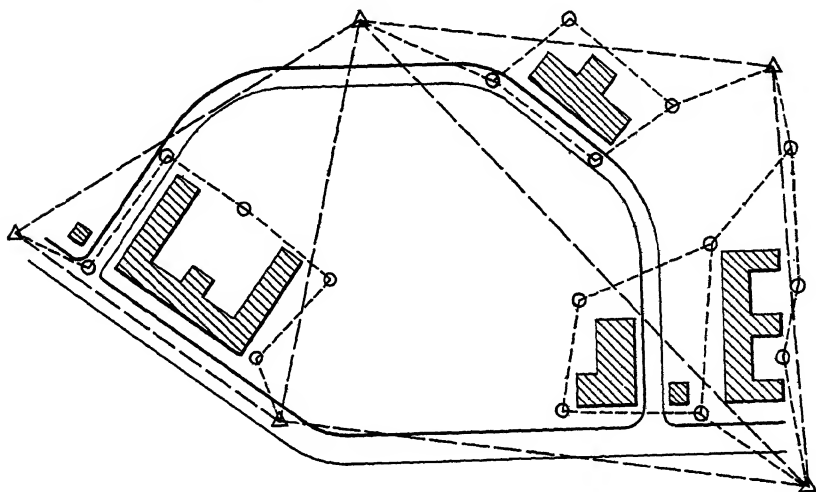


FIG. 1.—Survey for plant expansion showing the scheme of triangulation and traverse stations.

284. There are many types of triangulation schemes and methods of computing the coordinates they establish. Figure 2 shows a system of single triangles, and Fig. 3 shows other types. The system of single triangles only will be described, for the other types require methods of adjustment beyond the scope of this text.

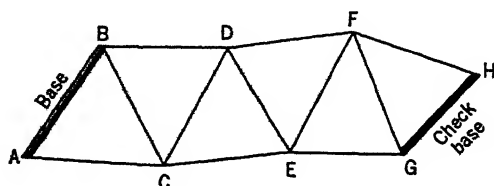
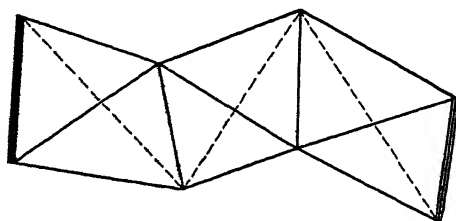
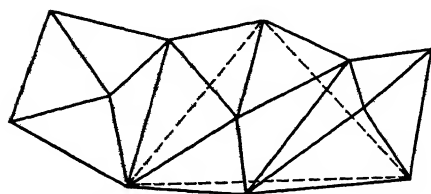


FIG. 2.—System of single triangle.



System of overlapping triangles in quadrangles.
If the dotted lines are omitted this becomes a
system of single triangles



System of central point figures
with an overlapping triangle

FIG. 3.—Other systems of triangles.

285. **A System of Single Triangles.** The triangulation stations should be placed around the exterior of the area to be surveyed. They are arranged so that the triangles formed are as nearly equilateral as possible to give the maximum strength and hence the most accurate results. A minimum of two sides of the system is measured to serve as a base and a check base as indicated in Fig. 2, by AB and GH . All the angles are measured and station adjustments completed.

286. The resulting angles are then adjusted so that the sum of the angles in each triangle equals 180 deg. Equal increments are applied to the three angles of each triangle to obtain this adjustment.

287. The lengths of the sides are computed by the sine formula, beginning with the length of the longest base *AB*. This will result in a computed as well as a measured length for the check base *GH*. If these two values check within the accuracy desired, the results can be allowed to stand. If desired, all the computed lengths of the sides can be increased or decreased by the same ratio (or by adding or subtracting a small logarithmic increment) so that the final value of the check base will be about the average of the original computed value and the measured length.

288. The bearing of one of the sides is assumed or determined and the other bearings are computed by using the adjusted angles. The station coordinates are computed by the methods used for traverses. As the figure is geometrically consistent after adjustment, any route through the triangles will give the same results.

289. When the coordinates of the triangulation stations have been computed they are thereafter held fixed. All traverses tied to them are adjusted to close on them as described under Connecting Traverse in Chap. VII.

TIES TO HORIZONTAL CONTROL

290. **Purpose of Horizontal Ties.** To make a map or plan or to determine accurately the relative position of a number of points, a horizontal control system must be established by triangulation or traverse, as described in previous chapters. This results in a number of stations whose positions are known (see Fig. 1). The problem remains to decide what survey measurements should be made to connect the objects to be located with the system of stations. The decision depends on the field conditions, the accuracy desired, and the ease of plotting or computing the results.

291. **Polar Coordinates.** For many reasons, one method is the best for conditions usually encountered. It consists in measuring the distance and direction to the object from the most convenient station.

292. The distance is measured with a steel tape if accurate results are desired. If these data are to be used for plotting a map, a **metallic tape** (see Fig. 13, Chap. II) or the **stadia method** described in a later chapter (see Arts. 328 ff.) will suffice.

293. The direction is determined with a transit. It is set up over the station from which the distance is measured, and the angle is measured between the direction of a second station and the direction of the object. By using the azimuth of the second station and the measured angle, the

azimuth of the object can be computed if desired. Often the direction is not computed, for the angle can be laid out on the map directly with a protractor. It is more convenient to plot by azimuths than by angles from various lines. For this reason the transit is usually **oriented** so that the circle gives azimuths directly. By using the upper motion, the *A* vernier is set at the azimuth of the **station** at which the line of sight **will be pointed**. By using the lower motion, it is then pointed at that station. When the upper motion is used thereafter, the *A* vernier will

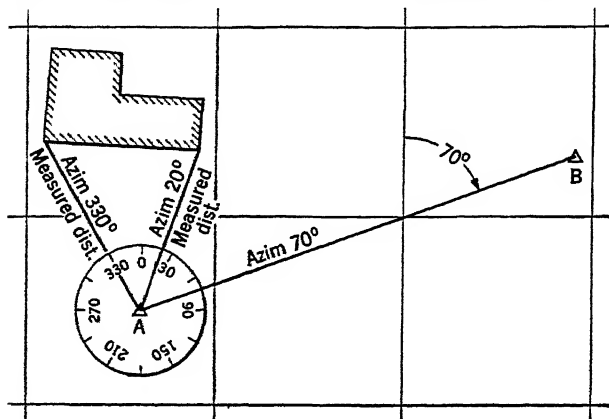


FIG. 4.—Orientation of transit. The transit is at station A. It is oriented by sighting station B. When it is oriented the azimuths can be read directly from the graduated circle.

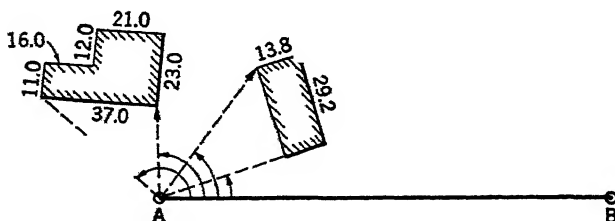


FIG. 5.—Angle and distance measurements.

read the azimuth of the line of sight. Accordingly, the various objects are pointed by using the upper motion and their azimuths are read on the *A* vernier (see Fig. 4). Before picking up the transit, a check sight is taken on the station used for orienting, to make sure that the lower motion has not been used inadvertently after orienting.

294. The angular accuracy of this method is of course not much better than ± 30 seconds, but this will give position within ± 0.015 foot at 100 feet. For plotting with a protractor, the nearest 15 minutes will usually be accurate enough.

295. Rectangular Coordinates. When the distance left and right of a line established by two stations is more important than the distance along the line, as often happens when the objects are near the line and the line is comparatively long, **the plus and offset** of each object is measured. The point on line opposite the object is estimated, the plus determined, and the offset distance measured from the line of sight to the object. The plus of all the objects can be determined by carrying a single measurement along the line. This eliminates a long measurement to each of the many objects from a distant station. Plotting is obviously materially facilitated by this method (see Figs. 6, 7).

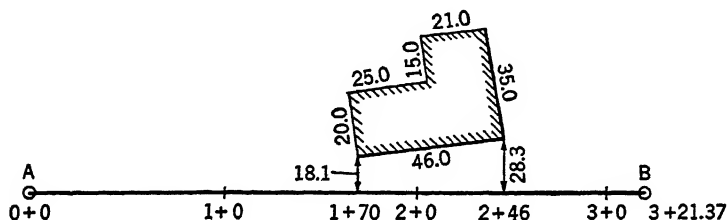


FIG. 6.—Plus and offset measurements.

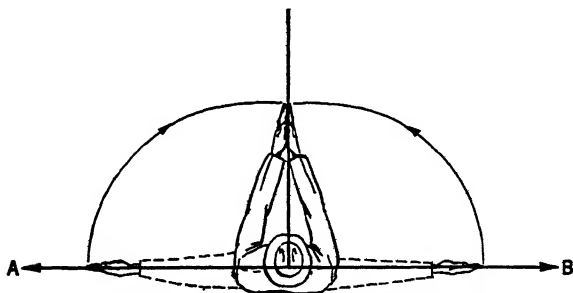


FIG. 7.—Estimating a perpendicular.















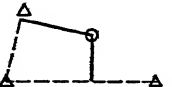
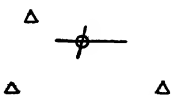
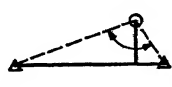

296. Other Methods of Obtaining Horizontal Ties. In order to reduce field work or to overcome obstacles, a number of other methods are often used instead of the two described. They consist in making the following measurements:

Focal coordinates. The directions to the object from two stations. (This is really triangulation.)

Linear coordinates. The distances to the object from two stations.

Resection from three points. The two angles formed **at the object** by lines to three stations.

Resection from two points. The distance to a station and the angle formed **at the object** by lines to that station and one other.

Method	Measurements	Loci
1 Polar coordinates Angle and distance		
2 Rectangular coordinates Plus and offset		
3 Focal coordinates Triangulation		
4 Linear coordinates Two distances		
5 Resection, 3 stations Three point method		
6 Resection, 2 stations Two point method		
7 Similar to No.1 Angle and distance from a line		
8 Similar to No.2 and No. 4 2 distances from lines		
9 Similar to No. 6 Angle at point distance to a line		


Legend: Measured distance ————
 Measured angle  Line of sight - - - -

FIG. 8.—Methods of making horizontal ties.

297. Measurement from Lines. The distances mentioned in the preceding paragraphs can be measured to lines instead of points.

298. Strong Figures. The methods described above are collected in Fig. 8. In general, a point can be tied to control by making two measurements (angular or linear) provided that each measurement determines a locus for the point.

299. When these loci intersect at right angles, an error in measurement will result in an equal error in position. When the angle of intersection of the loci is less than 90 deg an error in measurement will

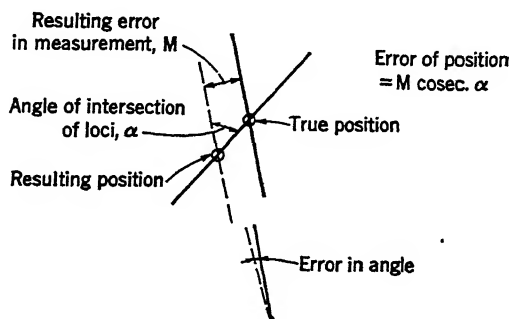


FIG. 9.—Error in position.

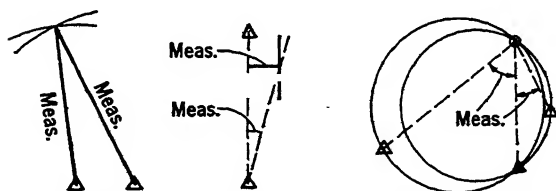


FIG. 10.—Some examples of weak ties showing loci.

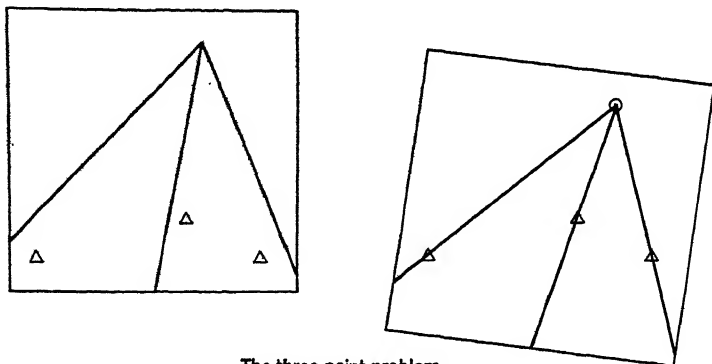
introduce an error in position equal to its value multiplied by the cosecant of the angle of intersection of the loci (see Fig. 9).

300. Thus, the more nearly the loci intersect at right angles, the more accurately the position is obtained. When the measurements are arranged so that the accuracy is high the tie is said to form a **strong figure**. Often the choice of methods depends on the strength of figure involved.

301. Plotting from Horizontal Ties. The position of an object is plotted by establishing the intersection of the two loci. Coordinates can be computed by trigonometry if desired.

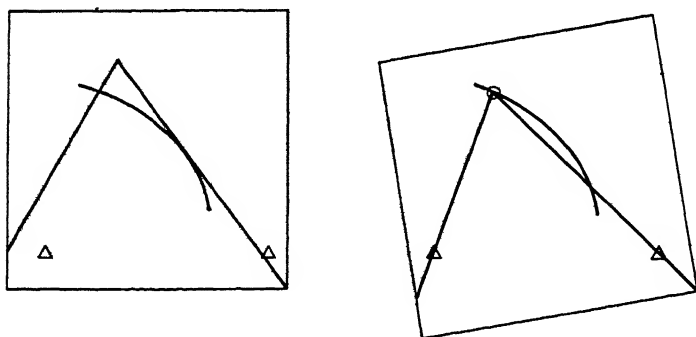
302. A location by resection can be plotted by constructing the circle that forms the locus of the vertex of each angle, but this is rather involved.

It is better to construct the angles on tracing paper and fit them to the required stations (see Fig. 11). When many points are located by the three-point method, a **three-armed protractor** should be used (see Fig. 12).



The three point problem.

The correct angles are plotted on tracing paper or set on a three armed protractor and the position of the point found by trial



The correct angle is plotted on tracing paper and the vertex fitted to the arc representing the distance from one station while the sides pass through the stations

FIG. 11.—Plotting a point located by resection.

303. Measurement of Features. It is usually advantageous to measure the **dimensions** of buildings, roads, etc., as well as the ties to control. The dimensions are used to check or supplement the ties. For example, if the exact position of a building is required, all the corners are tied to the control and all the dimensions are measured as a check. If less accurate data will suffice, the dimensions are measured but only

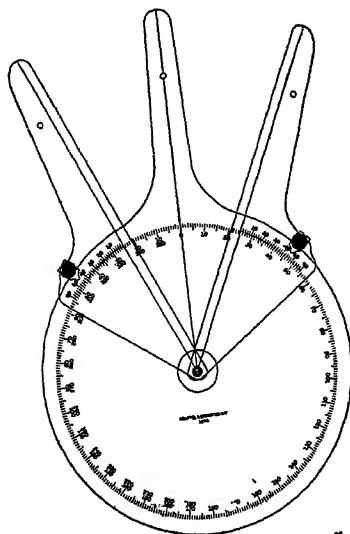
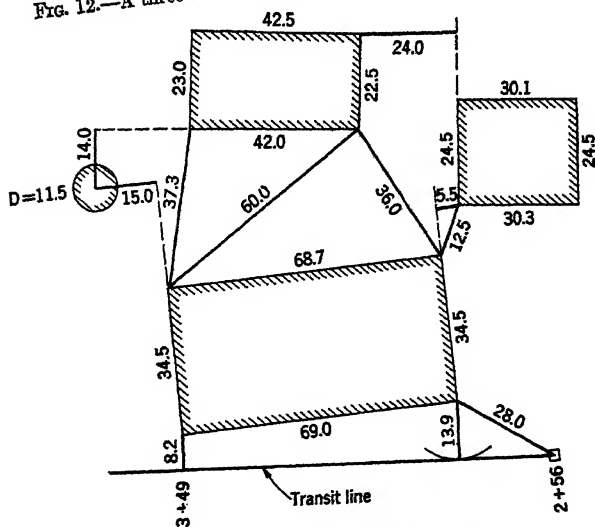


FIG. 12.—A three-armed protractor. (Keuffel & Esser Co.)



Sometimes the positions of features are determined by measurements from other features rather than from the control line itself

FIG. 13.—Locating one feature from another.

two corners are tied in. In this case the corner angles are assumed to be 90 deg. Ties to the center line of a road are sufficient under the same conditions. The width of the road is of course measured.

304. Locating One Feature from Another. Often time can be saved by tying features to each other instead of directly to control (see Fig. 13).

TRAVERSE AND ALIGNMENT OPERATIONS

305. Preliminary Survey Operations. The four operations described in the following paragraphs are chiefly useful in the determination of position, i.e., in the preliminary survey.

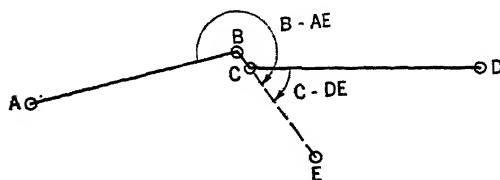


FIG. 14.

306. Angles on a Short Course (see Fig. 14). With a short course as BC in a traverse, the direction of CD with respect to AB cannot be determined by measuring the angles in the usual way, for a slight error in setup or the positioning of the target at B or C would introduce a large angular error.

Set up at B . Pick or set a well-defined point as far away as convenient at E on line with point C . Measure the angles $B-AE$ and $C-DE$. Compute $C-BD = 180^\circ - (C-DE)$.

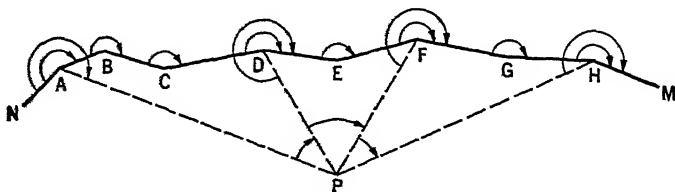


FIG. 15.

307. Carrying Direction on a Long Traverse. In hilly country the direction should be taken to a high point P and back to the traverse when possible (see Fig. 15).

Measure the angles shown. Adjust, giving greater weight to directions compiled through P .

In nearly level country the direction should be carried on sight lines that extend between the highest of the traverse stations (see Fig. 16).

Measure the angles shown. Adjust the angles, giving greater weight to the directions compiled through the **azimuth line** ADFI.

308. Steadying the Tape. When plumb bobs are used, the tape should be held as near the ground as feasible to reduce the plumb-bob swing. When possible, only one bob should be used. The tape should then be steadied at the other end by pressing it lightly against the stake or mark (see Fig. 17).



FIG. 16.

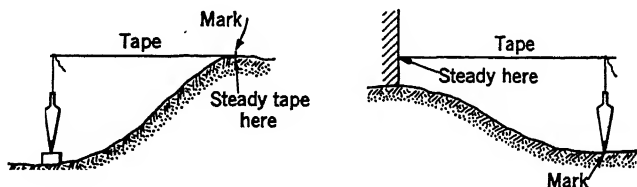


FIG. 17.

309. Swing Offset (see Fig. 18). It is required to measure a perpendicular from a point *P* to a line *AB*. Set up at *A*, and point on *B*. Swing a tape or a leveling rod as shown, finding the shortest distance. When the tape is near the transit, the graduations are turned toward the transit and the least reading is noted by the transitman. Otherwise, a yellow pencil or target is held on the tape or rod and adjusted until it

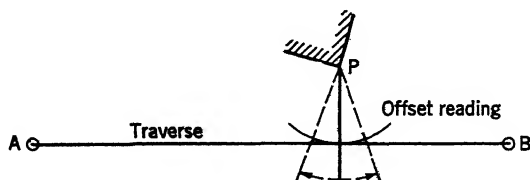


FIG. 18.

just touches the line of sight when the tape is swung back and forth. The final position of the pencil or target is used.

To **establish line** at a certain perpendicular distance from *P*, the tape or rod is swung as before. The transitman points at the greatest distance reached by the proper mark on the tape or the rod.

310. Location Survey Operations. The five operations described in the following paragraphs are chiefly useful in establishing line, i.e., in the location survey.

311. Double Centering (see Fig. 19). When a line such as AB is to be prolonged from B to C , the transit may be set up at A , and pointed at B , and C may be set on line.

This method is unsatisfactory, for a long prolongation, for the point C may be too far away to be set accurately, or rolling ground may interfere.

The usual method, therefore, is to set up the transit at B , point at A with the telescope reversed, then transit the telescope to its direct position and set C . If the transit is in adjustment, this method will give

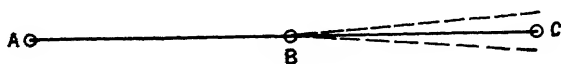


FIG. 19.

correct results. If the transit is out of adjustment, particularly if the line of sight is not perpendicular to the horizontal axis, this method will not produce a straight line.

If the transit is not known to be in adjustment, the operation described must be repeated with the telescope in the opposite positions to those used before. A is pointed with the telescope **direct** and C set with it **reversed**. This will result in a second mark for C if the transit is out of adjustment. The final point C is then set halfway between the two marks.

The process is known as **double centering**. It is difficult in the field when the men are out of earshot. Each man must have a clear idea of exactly what is being accomplished during each operation.

312. To Wiggle In, between Two Points. Frequently it is necessary to establish a point on line between two marks when it is impossible

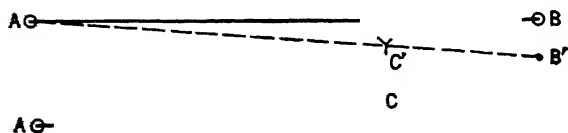


FIG. 20.

to set up over either of them. This occurs often in shop alignment and in the field when a point must be set on a hill that intervenes between the two marks.

In Fig. 20 assume that it is required to set a point C between the marks A and B . Set up at C' approximately on line. Choosing the most distant mark, point on A reversed, transit, and set B' . Measure B' to B . Estimate the ratio AC'/AB , and move the transit from C' to C , computing this distance as follows:

$$\frac{C'C}{B'B} = \frac{AC}{AB}$$

Repeat the procedure until B' falls on B . When $B'B$ becomes small, the position B' must be established each time by double centering. When the direct and reversed shots are equally spaced each side of B , the transit is on line and C can be set under the plumb bob.

313. To Set a Point near a Transit. The telescope cannot be lowered far enough or focused close enough to set a point on line nearer

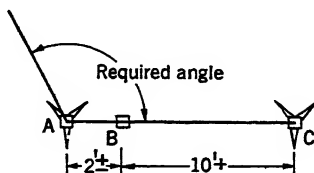


FIG. 21.

the transit than at about 4 feet. At less than 4 feet the following is necessary (see Fig. 21).

Set up at A , it being required to set B . Set a point C on the proper line. Set up on C . Point A , and set B on line.

314. To Set a Point of Intersection (P.I.). Frequently it is necessary to establish a point at the intersection of two lines, for example, the lines AB and CD (see Fig. 22).

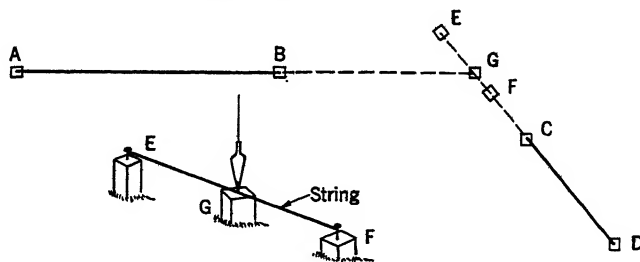


FIG. 22.

Set up at C . Set E by double centering, and point on the final position of E . Set F on line. E and F should be as near together as possible and yet lie one on each side of the prolongation of AB .

Tie a string from E to F .

Set up at B , and set a stake G on the line AB prolonged and also under the string. The stake should be driven down until the top just touches the string. Draw a pencil line on the top of the stake just under the string. Find the exact point of intersection on the pencil line by double centering from B .

315. Witnessing a Mark. Frequently it is necessary to make arrangements so that a mark can be easily replaced if disturbed. Two methods are indicated in Fig. 23. The supplementary marks are called **witnesses** or **witness marks**, and any ties are called **witness meas-**

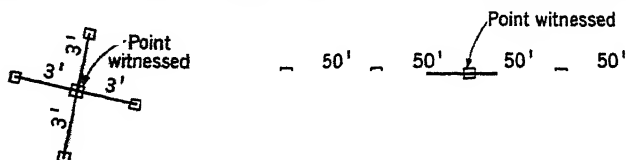


FIG. 23.

urements. It is well to use a method that will serve even if only two witness marks remain.

OBSTACLES TO LINE AND LEVELS

316. Obstacles to Measurement but Not to Line. Water or other obstacles to measurement but not to sight are crossed by triangulation. The measured base should be about as long as the computed distance (see Fig. 24). All the angles should be measured, checked and adjusted so that their sum is 180 deg.

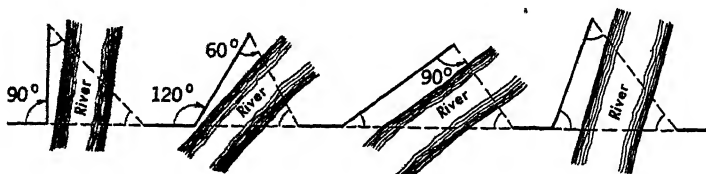


FIG. 24.

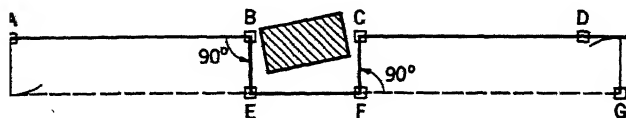


FIG. 25.

317. Right-angle Offset. In staking out a line, it is often necessary to carry distance and direction accurately beyond a small obstacle, as from *AB* to *CD* in Fig. 25.

At *B* turn 90 deg, and set *E* at a convenient number of feet. At *E* point a swing offset from *A*, and set *G* by double centering. Point *G*, and set *F* at a convenient number of feet. At *F* turn 90 deg, and set *C* so that *FC* = *BE*. At *C* point on a swing offset from *G*. Set *D*. While this method is simple and accurate, it takes about 2 hours and should be avoided if a quicker method is available.

318. Parallel Offset to Obstructed Line. A property or construction line is often marked at both ends but the entire length is obstructed. A parallel offset line is usually established and used instead (see Fig. 26).

Set C by estimating a position opposite A . Point a swing offset equal to AC at B , turn 90 deg, and measure a swing offset at A (usually a very small distance).

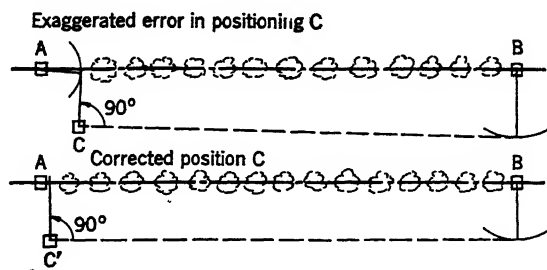


FIG. 26.

If the swing offset from A is large, move C back to C' and repeat the process. If it is small, add the value to measurements along the offset line from C .

319. Random Line. When a parallel offset line is impossible, a random line can be used to establish line points between the ends of an obstructed line (see Fig. 27).

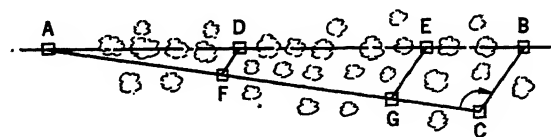


FIG. 27.

Set C at random but visible from A . Measure angle at $C-AB$. Compute any other desired positions as D, E , using the same angle, i.e.,

$$F-AD = G-AE = C-AB$$

320. High Obstacle on Line. Frequently an obstacle can be avoided by setting a point on high ground from which a line may be established over it or by setting a station on it. Distance can be carried over the obstacle by long plumb bobs, slope measurements, or triangulation (see Fig. 28).

321. Random Traverse. Of course any obstructed line can be replaced by a traverse. The length and direction of the obstructed line

can then be computed by trigonometry, traverse-computation technique being used if desirable. Sometimes time can be saved by orienting the coordinate system so that it coincides with one of the lines of the random traverse (see Fig. 29).

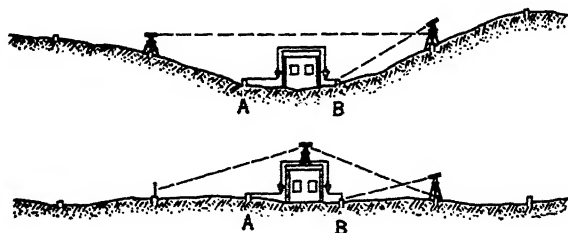
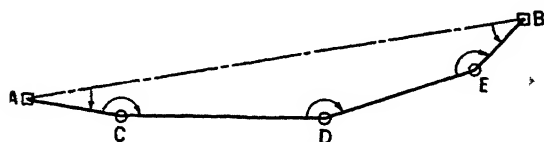


FIG. 28.

FIG. 29.—Random traverse. Choose a coordinate system so that CD is due east.

322. Measuring Vertical Clearance. To determine vertical clearance or the elevation of a point above the H.I., the rod can be used upside down. The rod reading must be given the opposite sign to that ordinarily used. It is often called a **minus rod** (see Fig. 30).

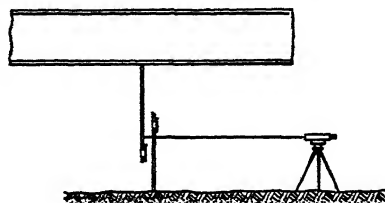


FIG. 30.

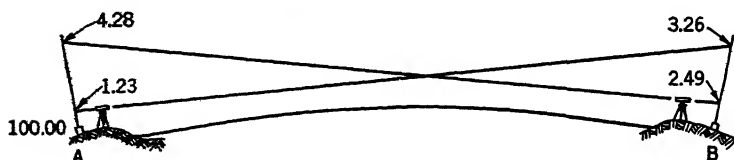


FIG. 31.

323. Reciprocal Leveling. When it is necessary to carry levels over a body of water, the plus sight and minus sight necessarily have different horizontal lengths. This introduces the instrument errors and,

PROBLEMS

The following are the measured values of the angles of the triangulation in Fig. 2:
Base AB 628.32 ft. Base GH 485.52 ft.

Angle		Angle	
$C-AB$	60°10'25"	$B-CA$	60°27'35"
$A-BC$	59 22 15		
$D-CB$	62 31 53	$C-BD$	55 58 33
$B-DC$	61 29 43		
$E-CD$	64 08 25	$D-EC$	60 23 05
$C-DE$	55 28 15		
$F-ED$	55 42 00	$E-DF$	59 11 10
$D-FE$	65 06 50		
$G-EF$	66 30 18	$F-GE$	49 38 08
$E-FG$	63 51 28		
$H-GF$	65 44 45	$G-FH$	67 28 35
$F-HG$	46 46 55		

1. Adjust the angles.
2. Assuming the bearing of BD is due east ($N\ 90^\circ\ E$), compute the bearings.
3. Compute the lengths of the sides.
4. Assuming that the coordinates of Station A are $N\ 100.00$, $E\ 100.00$, compute the coordinates of other stations.
5. In Fig. 4 describe how the transit would be oriented at Station B .
6. The following are the values of the angles obtained in Fig. 15. Adjust the angles and compute the azimuths without changing (holding fixed) the angles on the azimuth control line. Azimuth $NA\ 42^\circ 25' 30''$.

$A-NP$	248°32'20"	$A-NB$	206°10'10"
$B-AC$	219 42 20		
$C-BD$	154 14 50	$D-CE$	195 23 40
$D-PE$	308 18 40		
$E-DF$	157 47 30	$F-EG$	207 10 30
$F-PG$	252 05 10		
$G-FH$	171 22 40	$H-GM$	196 10 20
$H-PM$	224 04 10		
$P-AD$	38 41 20		
$P-DF$	61 11 10		
$P-FH$	35 33 00		

7. Compute the elevation of turning point B in Fig. 31 if the rod readings were the following:

Instrument at	Rod at	Reading
A	A	2.45
A	B	7.28
B	A	6.39
B	B	11.16

8. In Fig. 32 compute the elevation of the top of the chimney from the following data:

$$\begin{aligned}
 AB' &= 261.28 & \text{Elev. } A &= 82.36 \\
 A &= 62^\circ 37' & \text{Elev. } B &= 85.10 \\
 B' &= 56^\circ 14' \\
 \alpha &= 25^\circ 41' \\
 \beta &= 23^\circ 45'
 \end{aligned}$$

9. In Fig. 29 compute the length of AB from the following data:

$$\begin{array}{lll}
 A & 21^\circ 36' & E \ 152^\circ 24' \quad AC = 101.60 \\
 C & 167^\circ 53' & B \ 38^\circ 04' \quad CD = 242.43 \\
 D & 160^\circ 08' & \quad DE = 169.94 \\
 & & \quad EB = 75.31
 \end{array}$$

CHAPTER XIII

TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEYING

325. The Topographic Map. A topographic map is the basis for almost all projects. It shows the horizontal positions to scale of contour lines, natural features, roads, and structures. Often it includes boundaries, coordinate lines, survey control marks, spot elevations, true and magnetic north, and other features. The survey for such a map consists of the establishment of vertical and horizontal control systems arranged for the particular work in hand and the measurement of ties that connect the various features to this control.

326. Topographic Surveys. In general, there are two types of topographic surveys, **area surveys** and **route surveys**. Area surveys have appreciable width as well as length. Route surveys provide strip maps for the location of railroads, highways, pipe lines, transmission lines, canals, etc. An area survey requires a control **network** of stations and bench marks, even though the network may be rudimentary when the area is small. Most of the horizontal ties in an area survey are made by angle and distance. A route survey is controlled by a single traverse and profile extending throughout its length, and the horizontal ties are made chiefly by plus and offset.

327. When either type of survey is large, aerial mapping is the most economical method. Lack of accuracy does not limit this process, for contours with as small an interval as 2 feet have been accurately mapped by one aerial mapping system. Aerial mapping usually requires less detailed control and comparatively few ties.

THE STADIA METHOD

328. The Use and Principle of the Stadia Method. The stadia method provides the most useful means of making angle and distance ties, and it is the most rapid means of determining differences in elevation. It is therefore practically indispensable for topographic mapping.

329. For stadia measurements the instrument is equipped with two supplementary horizontal cross hairs equally spaced above and below the center hair (Fig. 1). The apparent intercept between the stadia hairs on a level rod or the like can be used to determine the slope distance from the instrument to the rod to an accuracy of about 1 part in 300.

When the vertical angle is also measured, the horizontal distance and the difference in elevation can be computed. These data, together with the direction of the rod obtained from the reading of the horizontal circle, complete a three-dimensional tie for the rod position.

330. The Stadia Theory. The computation of vertical and horizontal distances from stadia intercepts is accomplished by two sets of formulas. One set applies to the instruments that are focused by moving the objective lens, and the other set applies to internal-focusing instru-

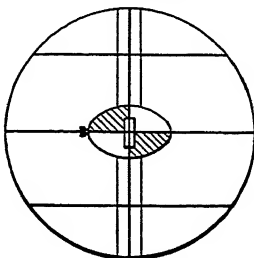


FIG. 1.—Stadia hairs and rod.

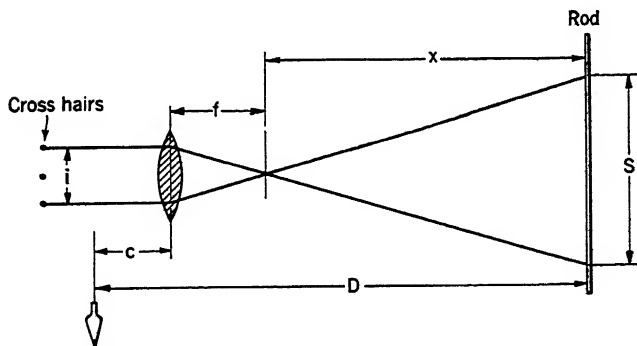


FIG. 2.—External-focusing instrument used for stadia measurements.

ments. The values of the constants in the formulas depend on the design and construction of each individual instrument.

331. Stadia Formulas for External-focusing Instruments. Figure 2 shows the conditions that exist when the line of sight is horizontal.

From the figure:

$$= \frac{f}{i} \quad \text{or} \quad r = \frac{f}{i}$$

$$D = \frac{f}{i} s + f + c$$

D is the distance from the plumb bob to the rod and is therefore the distance desired.

332. Inclined Stadia Shots. Figure 3 shows the conditions that exist when the line of sight is inclined. The height of the center of the instrument above the stake or other mark is known as the *h.i.* It is measured by holding the rod beside the instrument at the level of the

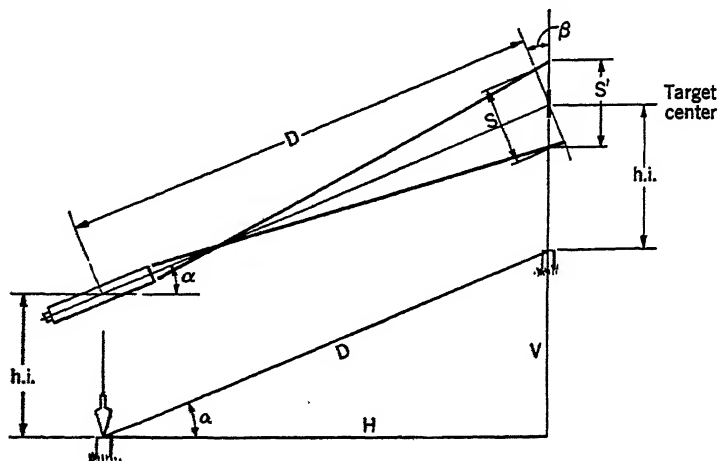


FIG. 3.—Inclined stadia observation.

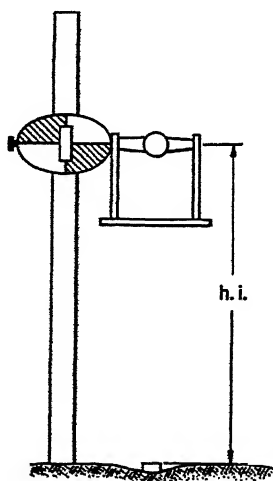


FIG. 4.—Determining the *h.i.*

stake (see Fig. 4). The target is set at this value. When the rod is placed on the point to be located, the center cross hair is pointed at the target as shown (see also Fig. 1). The line of sight is thus made parallel with the line from the top of the stake to the point to be located.

$$s = s' \cos \beta \quad (\text{very nearly})$$

$$\beta = \alpha \quad \text{sides perpendicular in the same order}$$

But

$$D = \frac{f}{i} s + f + c$$

By substitution,

$$D = \frac{f}{i} s' \cos \alpha + f + c$$

But

$$H = D \cos \alpha$$

$$V = D \sin \alpha$$

Hence,

$$H = \frac{f}{i} s' \cos^2 \alpha + (f + c) \cos \alpha$$

$$V = \frac{f}{i} s' \sin \alpha \cos \alpha + (f + c) \sin \alpha$$

The cross hairs are usually spaced so that $f/i = 100$. In this case the formulas may be written

$$H = s'100 \cos^2 \alpha + (f + c) \cos \alpha$$

$$V = s'100 \sin \alpha \cos \alpha + (f + c) \sin \alpha$$

333. Determination of the Stadia Constants of an External-focusing Instrument. While in most instruments the value f/i is 100 and $f + c$ is approximately 1 foot, these values must sometimes be

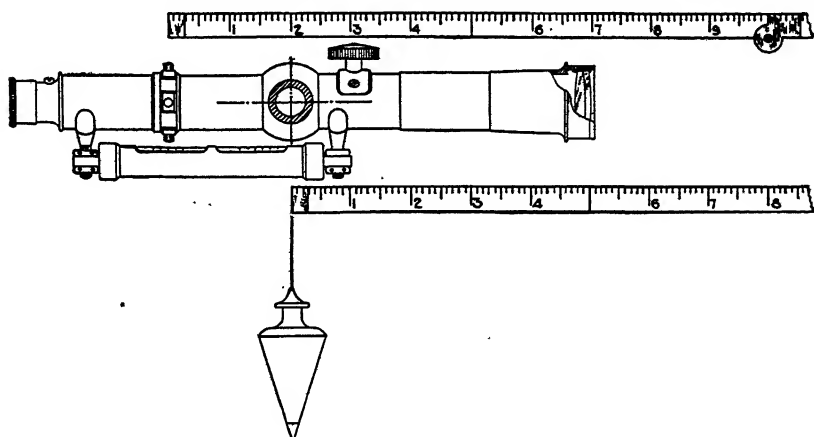


FIG. 5.—Measuring stadia constants. $f = 6.8$ inches, $c = 4.8$ inches. Therefore $f + c = 11.6$ inches which can be called 1 foot. (C. L. Berger & Sons, Inc.)

checked. f/i must be known exactly, and $f + c$ should be known within about 0.1 foot. They can be determined by the following procedure:

1. Focus on a distant point (800 feet or more away), and measure from the estimated center of the lens to the cross-hair adjusting screws (see Fig. 5). This gives the value of f . It is to be remembered that the focal length is the same both in front of and behind the lens. When the telescope is focused at a distant point, the principal focus is brought on the plane of the cross hairs and the focal length can be measured as described.

2. Focus on a point about 100 feet distant, and measure from the lens to the instrument center. This will give the value of c . Although

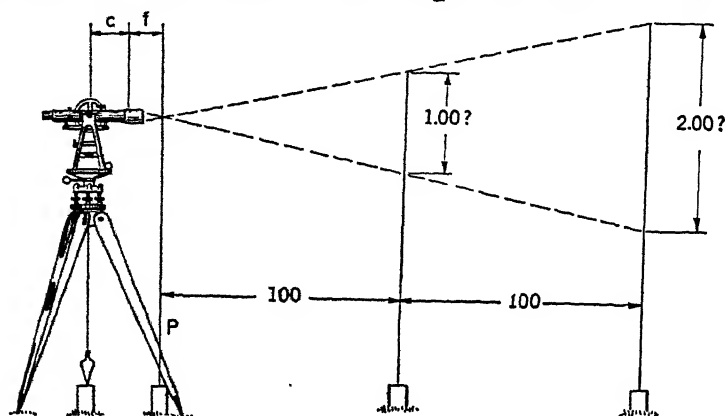


FIG. 6.—Determining $\frac{f}{i}$ (the stadia constant) for an external-focusing instrument.

c changes with different distances as the lens is moved in and out, an average value is sufficiently accurate.

3. Measuring from a point P , shown in Fig. 6, which is a distance of $f + c$ from the plumb bob, place marks at 100 feet and 200 feet (see Fig. 6). Keeping the telescope level, read the stadia intercepts at these points. Then

$$\frac{f}{i} = \frac{x}{s}$$

where x is the distance from P .

334. The Stadia Formulas for Internal-focusing Instruments.

Figure 7 shows the conditions that exist in an internal-focusing instrument. The upper diagram illustrates a comparatively long sight, and the lower figure illustrates a shorter one. The dotted lines show part of the upper diagram superimposed on the lower figure.

The objective lens and the cross hairs are fixed in the telescope. The image is brought on the plane of the cross hairs by moving the

negative lens. As it is moved toward the rear of the telescope to focus on a nearer object, the distance a (which is controlled by the separation of the stadia hairs) increases so that the ratio between the distance of the object and the stadia intercept is changed. This is illustrated by the change in slope from the dotted lines to the full lines. Instruments can be designed, however, so that this change is negligible and, in fact,

$$D = 100s \quad (\text{very nearly})$$

For example, when an instrument has the constants given below, if the cross hairs are set so that they intercept exactly 1.00 when D is 100 feet, then the following occurs (values are given in feet):

When

$$\begin{aligned} f_1 &= 166 \text{ mm} \\ f_2 &= 142 \text{ mm} \\ d &= 208.4 \text{ mm} \\ c &= 140 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

D	10	100	500
s	0.0966	1.0000	5.0175
Error in D	0.34	0	1.75

Since the errors of plotting at the largest usual scales are greater than 0.34 foot and the error of reading the rod at 500 feet is nearly 0.02 foot, the errors shown above are negligible.

The formulas required for this computation can be derived as follows:

From Fig. 7,

$$u_1 = D - c \quad (1)$$

and

$$\frac{s}{a} = \frac{u_1 - f_1}{f_1} = \frac{u_1}{v_1} \quad \frac{a}{i} = \frac{f_2}{v_2 + f_2} = \frac{u_2}{v_2}$$

Hence,

$$v_1 = \frac{u_1 f_1}{u_1 - f_1} \quad (2)$$

$$u_2 = \frac{v_2 f_2}{v_2 + f_2} \quad (3)$$

and

$$\frac{s}{i} = \frac{u_1}{v_1} \times \frac{u_2}{v_2} \quad (4)$$

From the figure,

$$b = d - v_1 = v_2 - u_2 \quad (5)$$

Substituting (3) in (5),

$$b = v_2 - \frac{v_2 f_2}{v_2 + f_2}$$

Solving for v_2 ,

$$v_2 = \frac{b \pm \sqrt{b^2 + 4bf_2}}{2} \quad (6)$$

When the values of f_1 , f_2 , d , and c are known, the value s/i can be found for any value of D as follows:

Solve (1) for u_1 , (2) for v_1 , (5) for b , (6) for v_2 , (5) for u_2 , and (4) for s/i .

When the relation s/i is known, the separation between the wires can be computed for any desired intercept, and vice versa.

335. Inclined Stadia Shots with Internal-focusing Instruments. Since D can be taken as equal to 100s, the formulas for inclined shots are

$$H = 100s' \cos^2 \alpha$$

$$V = 100s' \sin \alpha \cos \alpha$$

336. Determination of the Constants for an Internal-focusing Instrument. By reading the stadia intercepts at various values of D the exact values of D/s can be determined. Obviously, if the value is near enough 100 for the work involved, 100 should be used. If precise results are necessary, a correction chart should be constructed.

337. Stadia Reduction Devices. Special tables, charts, and slide rules have been devised that facilitate stadia computations. An excellent circular slide rule is shown in Fig. 9. Stadia tables are given in Part II of this text.

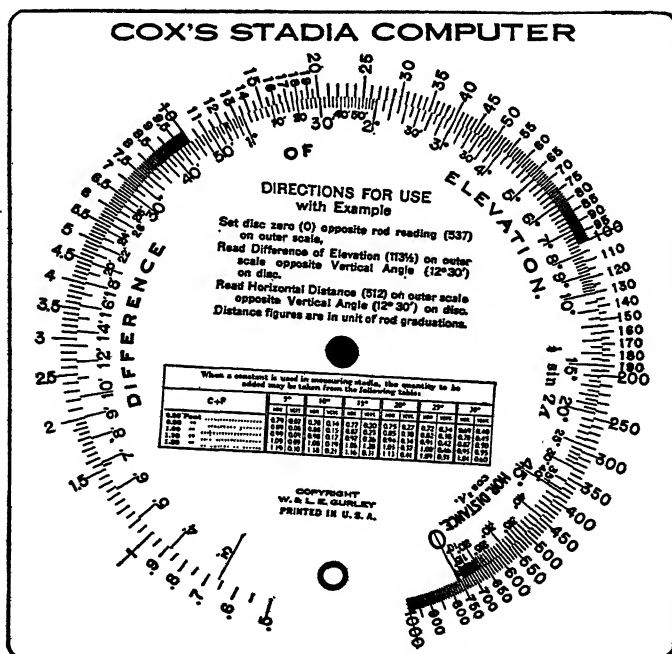


FIG. 9.—A stadia circular slide rule manufactured by W. & L. E. Gurley. (W. & L. E. Gurley.)

The devices are based on the assumption that $f/i = 100$. They give the following values in one form or another.

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{For } H, 100 \cos^2 \alpha & \text{and } (f + c) \cos \alpha \\ \text{For } V, 100 \sin \alpha \cos \alpha & \text{and } (f + c) \sin \alpha \end{array}$$

338. For a precise solution, the two terms of the equations are solved separately. The first term is found by entering the table with α and multiplying the tabulated value by the stadia intercept. The stadia slide rule performs this multiplication when the stadia intercept and α are set on the scales. The second term is found by entering the table computed for an $f + c$ nearest to that of the instrument, the argument α being used. The sum of the results for the two terms gives the value required.

339. A quicker procedure is ordinarily used. Although approximate, it usually introduces much less error than the reading of the stadia intercept. Since the vertical angle is usually small (10 deg or less) and $f + c$ is usually a small fraction of the distance, the second terms of the formulas can be multiplied by the cosine of α without materially changing the results. Thus,

$$H = s'100 \cos^2 \alpha + (f + c) \cos^2 \alpha$$

or

$$H = \left(s' + \frac{f + c}{100} \right) 100 \cos^2 \alpha$$

Similarly,

$$V = \left(s' + \frac{f + c}{100} \right) 100 \sin \alpha \cos \alpha$$

The procedure therefore consists in mentally adding $(f + c)/100$ to the stadia intercept and solving only the first terms of the formulas.

Example. Assume $f + c = 1.00$, $s' = 3.00$, $\alpha = +10^\circ 00'$. By the true formulas,

$$\begin{aligned} H &= (3.00)100 \cos^2 10^\circ + (1.00) \cos 10^\circ = 291.940 \\ V &= (3.00)100 \sin 10^\circ \cos 10^\circ + (1.00) \sin 10^\circ = +51.476 \end{aligned}$$

By the approximate formulas,

$$\begin{aligned} H &= (3.01)100 \cos^2 10^\circ = 291.925 \\ V &= (3.01)100 \sin 10^\circ \cos 10^\circ = +51.474 \end{aligned}$$

Since the error in reading the instrument is at least 1 part in 500, the errors shown above are negligible.

340. Use of Stadia Computing Devices for Internal-focusing Instruments. As shown previously, $f + c$ can be considered equal to

zero for internal-focusing instruments. For these instruments only the first terms of the formulas are used.

341. Stadia Observations. When the stadia is used for making ties, the instrument is set up at a horizontal control station. The h.i. is measured and recorded, and the target is set at this value. The instrument is oriented as described in Art. 293 by pointing at a second control station, usually with the vernier set at the azimuth of that direction.

To make the tie, the rodman holds the rod at the point to be tied in. The center of the cross hairs is pointed on the target, by means of the upper motion and the vertical motion. With the vertical-motion tangent screw, the line of sight is then raised or lowered until the lower stadia hair falls on the nearest foot mark. The stadia intercept is read by mentally subtracting the position of the lower hair from the position of the upper hair. It is recorded, the center hair is moved back to the target, and the "all right" signal is given to the rodman. While the rodman is moving to the next point, the horizontal angle and the vertical angle are read and recorded.

At some time during the work at each station, an observation must be made on a point of known elevation. Just before picking up the instrument the orientation should be checked by again pointing on the station used for orienting.

342. Special Stadia Observations. When the rod is too far distant to observe the full stadia interval, a half interval is sometimes used. The accuracy is cut in half.

343. When the target previously set at the h.i. on the rod is not visible, any other mark on the rod can be sighted instead, but its value must be recorded (see Fig. 10). The elevation for a point where such a procedure is used is obtained by computing an elevation in the usual way and correcting it by the difference between the mark sighted on the rod and the h.i., thus:

$$\text{True elev.} = \text{computed elev.} - (\text{mark sighted} - \text{h.i.})$$

344. Often the magnetic bearings of some of the observations are read as approximate checks on the azimuths.

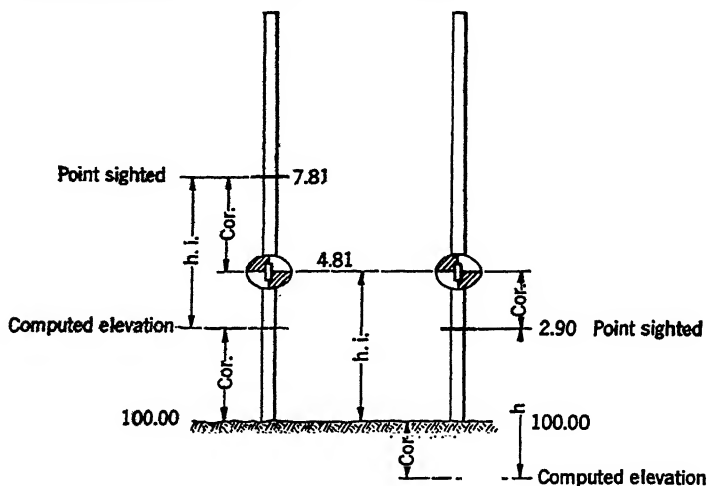
345. Level Stadia Shots. The necessity for stadia reductions can be eliminated by taking **level stadia shots**. It is then necessary only to add the value of $f + c$ to the stadia distances.

The telescope is leveled for each observation, the attached level being used and the reading of the center hair is recorded. The lower hair can then be set at the nearest foot mark and the intercept determined. If all observations are made in this manner, ordinary level notes and

methods can be used for elevations, the h.i. is omitted, and of course no vertical angle is read.

In small surveys where differences in elevation are not great, level shots are great timesavers and should always be used.

346. Stadia Traverse. A complete traverse can be run by stadia. Since the distance accuracy is low, angles to the nearest minute are more than accurate enough. To simplify plotting it is therefore standard practice to carry the azimuth throughout. The instrument is oriented at each succeeding station by observing the previous station with the back



$$\begin{aligned}\text{True elevation} &= \text{Computed elevation} - (\text{Mark sighted} - h.i.) \\ &= 103.00 - (7.81 - 4.81) = 100.00 \\ &= 98.09 - (2.90 - 4.81) = 100.00\end{aligned}$$

FIG. 10.—Corrections when point sighted on rod is not h.i.

azimuth set on the vernier. Traverse procedure is given in detail in the following paragraphs (see Fig. 11).

347. Stadia Connecting Traverses. The first stadia station in a stadia connecting traverse is a previously established control station. The instrument is oriented at that station in the usual way. Immediately after the orientation observation, a stadia shot is taken to the second stadia station, which is on the stadia traverse. This shot gives the azimuth of that station, the length of the course, and the difference in elevation. An observation is then taken on a point of known elevation. All necessary topographic shots are taken next. Finally, the orientation of the instrument is checked by again observing the station that was used for initial orientation.

At the second stadia station the back azimuth of the first course is computed by adding ± 180 to the forward azimuth. The vernier is set at this value, and the instrument is pointed at the first station with the lower motion.

Immediately after orientation, a regular stadia shot is completed on the first station, i.e., the stadia intercept, the azimuth, and the vertical angle are read. The stadia intercept should be the same as the forward stadia intercept within the limits of reading the rod. It is usually acceptable if within ± 0.02 foot. The azimuth, of course, has been just set for orientation. The reading constitutes a check on the setting and on the fact that the lower motion was used to point the instrument. The vertical angle should have the opposite sign to the forward vertical angle and should numerically agree within ± 2 minutes. Averages are used for computation.

The next stadia shot should be on the next stadia station. Following this are the topography ties and finally the orientation check.

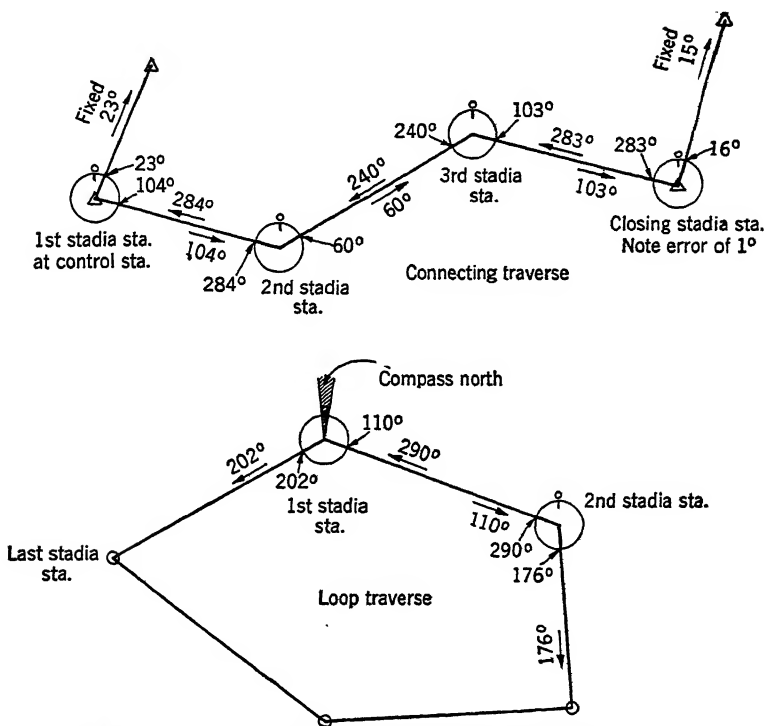


FIG. 11.—Diagrammatic plans of orientation of instrument to carry azimuth forward.

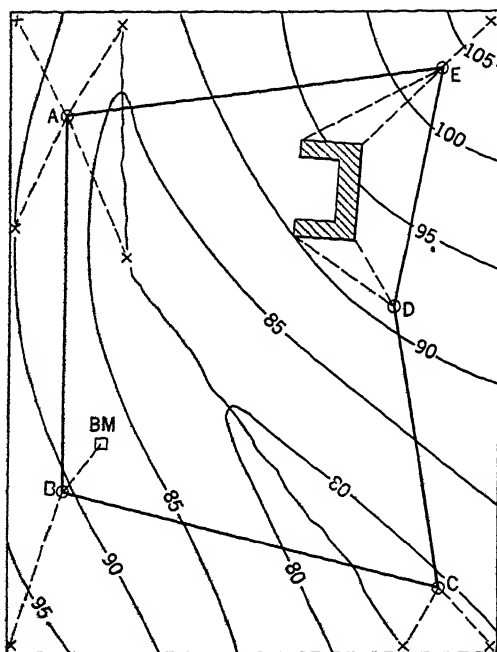
The traverse is closed by placing the last stadia station at a control station. There a second control station is observed, and also a point of known elevation. The azimuth of the second control station thus determined through the traverse is compared with the known azimuth. The difference is taken as the angular error of the traverse. The shot to the point of known elevation will result in a level closure when the computations are completed.

348. Stadia Loop Traverse (see Figs. 11, 12, 13). The first step in a stadia loop traverse is to mark at least three stations, the *first*, the *second*, and the *last*. The instrument is set up at the *first* station. The azimuth, of course, must be assumed. It is often convenient to assume the azimuth so that zero azimuth agrees with mag-

netic north as near as the compass will indicate it. This is seldom better than ± 10 minutes.

The instrument is oriented at the first station by setting the vernier at zero and pointing the instrument with the lower motion so that the compass reads north. The last station is then observed using the upper motion. The azimuth of this station constitutes the real orientation, for it can be precisely regained, whereas the direction established with the compass cannot.

The stadia readings are completed on the last station, a stadia shot is taken on the second station, the ties are completed, and finally the orientation is checked on the last station.



Plant #2 site survey

FIG. 12.—Stadia loop traverse.

Thereafter the process is the same as for the connecting traverse.

When the last station is finally occupied, all closures are completed. A stadia shot, of course, is taken to the first station. To determine the angular error the forward azimuth thus determined is compared with the back azimuth originally established.

The elevation differences are closed so that a check is obtained independent of other elevations. A datum can be assumed or a standard datum can be used by observing at least one point of known elevation.

349. Stadia-traverse Closures. When a stadia traverse is closed, the angular error is immediately apparent in the field. If the error is in the neighborhood of or less than 1 minute times the square root of the number of stations, the azimuths are

351. Special Method for Differential Leveling by Stadia. Two rods should be used, one for back observations and one for forward observations. The two rods and the instrument are all moved forward together. The targets are to be permanently set at any desired point on the rod. Usually 1 foot above the mid-point should be used. The value of the h.i. is disregarded, but the target positions should be **exactly the same** on both rods. To eliminate any error of target setting the front rod should be interchanged for the rear rod halfway between bench marks.

The procedure is shown in Fig. 14. It is much like differential leveling. The two differences in height between the instrument and the targets are applied with the proper signs to carry the elevations forward. The method is rapid but provides no check on the individual observations as does the usual procedure.

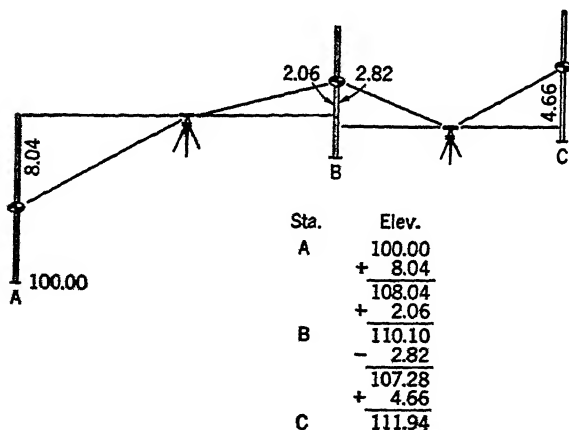


FIG. 14.—Differential leveling by stadia.

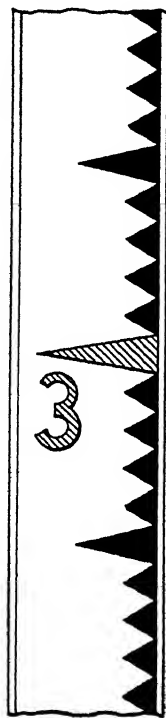


FIG. 15.—Part of a special stadia rod.

352. Special Stadia Equipment. Special rods are often used for stadia observations. They are designed for easy reading at long distances (see Figs. 15, 16). A handkerchief is usually tied around the rod for a target. Often instruments are equipped with specially graduated vertical scales, which give the stadia reduction coefficients for the vertical angle used. Reading the vertical angle can be omitted and these reduction values read instead. The distances and differences in height can be obtained by multiplying these values by $s' + \frac{f+c}{100}$. The device is known as the **Beaman arc** after the inventor (see Fig. 17). It eliminates use of the tables but requires one slide-rule computation and therefore is equivalent to a stadia slide rule in speed.

353. The Plane Table. A plane table consists of a drawing board on a tripod arranged for field use (see Fig. 18). The table can be leveled and turned and locked in azimuth. Used with the plane table is an alidade, which consists of a straightedge and sighting device. The sighting device is usually a telescopic sight with stadia

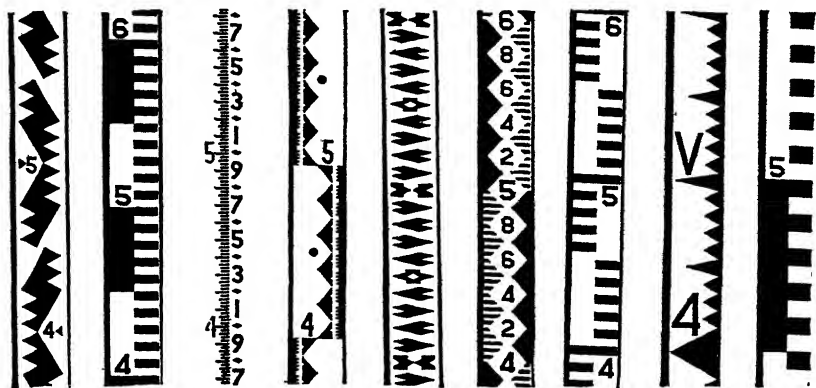


FIG. 16.—Various types of stadia rods. (W. & L. E. Gurley.)

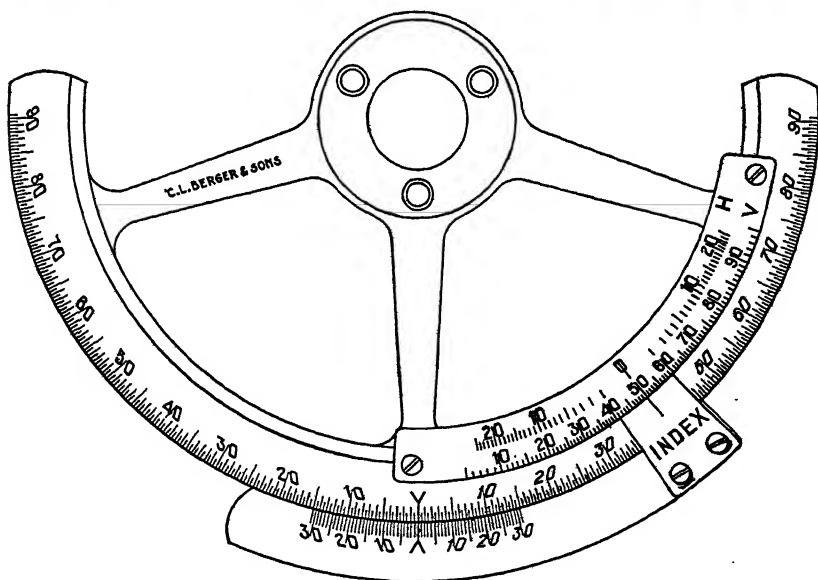


FIG. 17.—A Beaman stadia arc. (C. L. Berger & Sons, Inc.)

equipment. The alidade rests on the plane table and can be moved over it wherever desired.

Triangulation, traverse, and topography are placed on the map sheet on the board as the work progresses. The table can be oriented by placing the straightedge along a line on the map and turning the whole table until the line of sight points

along the corresponding line on the ground (see Fig. 19). Thereafter the directions to other points can be drawn by directing the alidade at the point desired while keeping the straightedge at the point on the map representing the station of the table on the ground.

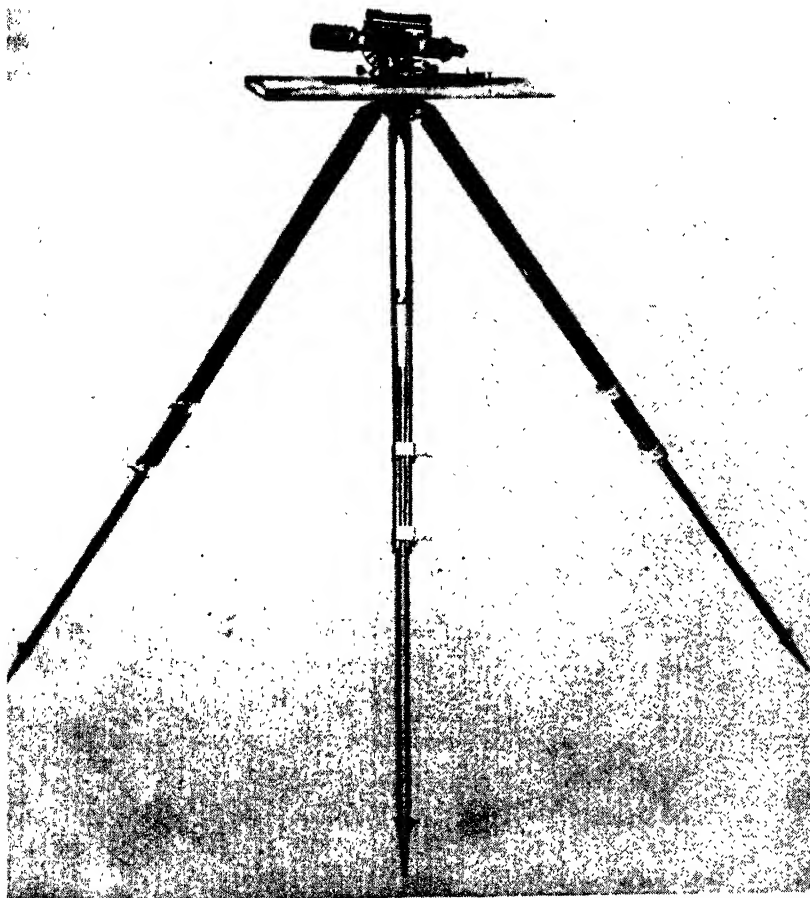


FIG. 18.—Plane table and alidade. (W. & L. E. Gurley.)

Distances and elevations are usually measured by stadia. The distances are immediately plotted and the elevations noted. Contours are sketched in while the actual ground is being viewed.

Next to aerial mapping equipment, the plane table is the most generally used instrument for mapping large areas. It is excellent for small surveys as well as large, and the method has been omitted from this text only because it is not essential to its purpose.

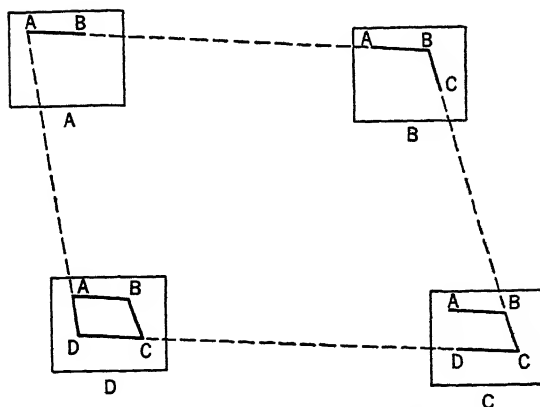


FIG. 19.—A plane table traverse.

TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEYS OF SMALL AREAS

354. Locating Contours. The methods of establishing control and making ties have been covered in this and other chapters. The problem remains of how to locate contours. In area surveys the positions and elevations of certain key points are determined, and the contour lines are interpolated between them. When greater accuracy is necessary, elevations are also determined at grid positions as described in Chap. X. The key points must be included even when the grid system is used.

355. Key Points for Contours. In general, key points are **those points between which the ground has a uniform slope**. Since the ground never slopes uniformly, the accuracy of the map depends on how small a change in slope is considered significant for the contour interval desired. The ability to select key points so that the desired map accuracy can be obtained with a minimum of field work is an art that develops with experience. However, if each of the following conformations is considered with a view to using it as a key point, there will be little chance for omissions:

1. Summits.
2. Saddles (low points in ridges).
3. Depressions.
4. Valley profiles.
5. Ridge profiles.
6. Boundary and building corners.
7. Profiles along buildings and boundaries.
8. Profiles along toes of slopes.
9. Profiles along brows of hills (tops of slopes).
10. Profiles along shoulders.

Figure 20 illustrates the typical key points found on a plant site. The numbers refer to the list above. Although many points fall into more than one classification, only one classification is shown.

356. Time can usually be saved by taking the elevations of points that must be located horizontally, like the corners of buildings and the

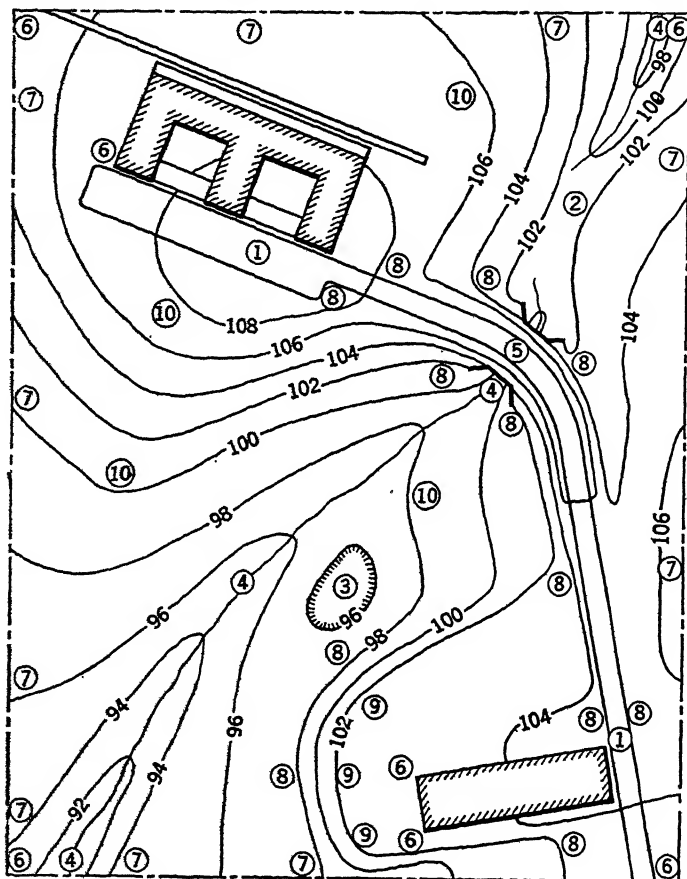
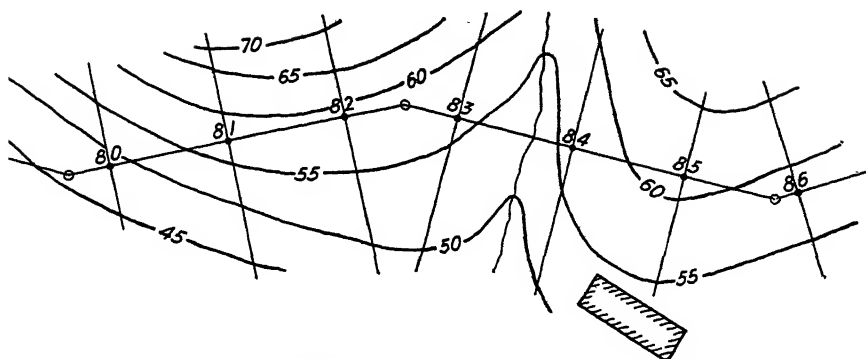


FIG. 20.—Key points for contours.

bends in streams. These points are usually key points, and, of course, no further measurements for horizontal position are required.

ROUTE SURVEYS

357. **Use of Route Surveys.** Even over short distances, route-surveying methods are advantageous for the strip maps necessary for roads, railway sidings, drainage ditches, and the like.



SURVEY FOR DRIVE						Ch. Smith H. Jones H.C. Koley R.C. Ely		Date
Sta.	ID	IDR	Used	Mg. Br.	Cal. Br. Dist.			Clear
86						65	60	55
$85+79.6$	$150^{\circ}02'$	$300^{\circ}05'$	$150^{\circ}02'$			79	22	43
85						58	20	91
					$S 76-00^{\circ}E$	32	48	98
84					$S 76-10^{\circ}E$	329.3	93	60
+65						72	35	5
83						60	20	120
$82+50.3$	$205^{\circ}32'$	$51^{\circ}04'$	$205^{\circ}32'$			112		
82						76	38	11
					$N 78-20^{\circ}E$	$N 78-18^{\circ}E$	70	48
81					284.1		60	23
80							80	20
$79+66.2$	$150^{\circ}13'$	$300^{\circ}27'$	$150^{\circ}13'$			57	18	43

FIG. 21.—Portion of route-survey field notes. The notes shown, on the right-hand page are often kept in a large, separate field book.

358. Procedure for Route Surveys (see Fig. 21). A traverse is established near the center line of the strip, stations are marked at every 100 feet, and the ground elevations are determined at every station by profile leveling. Topographical features are located by plus and offset, estimated right angles being used. The offsets to the contour lines are determined at regular intervals (often at every station) and wherever else necessary by finding the actual contour lines on the ground with the aid of a **hand level** and measuring the offsets with a metallic tape.

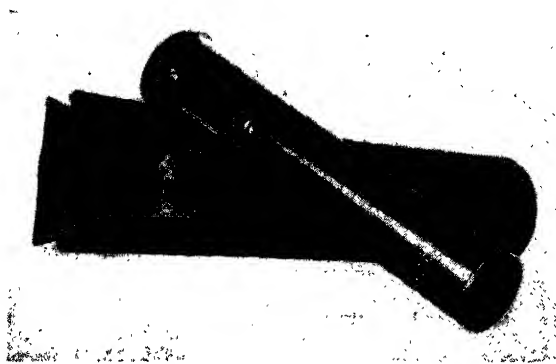
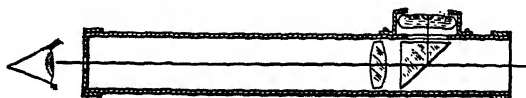
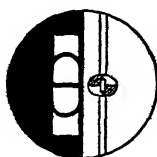


FIG. 22.—Hand level and case. (W. & L. E. Gurley.)



The lens and prism cover only half of the tube



View through the hand level showing the appearance of the rod target when it has been placed at the same elevation as the instrument

FIG. 23.—Operation of the hand level.

359. The Hand Level. Figures 22 and 23 show the appearance and operation of a hand level. The instrument is adjusted so that when the bubble is centered, the line of sight is horizontal. There is a mark on the bubble tube on which the bubble is centered, and the reflection of this line, together with the peephole, determines the line of sight. The instrument can be held in the hand and the bubble centered while the position of the line of sight on the rod is observed. Owing to the unsteady support, magnification is not helpful, and therefore a telescope is seldom incorporated. The levelman can seldom read the rod, and therefore a target is used. The rodman adjusts the rod at the direction of the levelman and then reads its

position. The levelman must be careful to keep the instrument at the same height between plus and minus sights. The accuracy is about 3 feet $\sqrt{\text{miles}}$. The level is used in a special way for determining contours in a route survey.

360. Locating Contours with a Hand Level. Usually the position of each contour is found along a line perpendicular to the traverse at each station (see Fig. 24). An example is given of this procedure when used for locating 5-foot contours.

The hand level is placed on a forked stick cut so that the line of sight is 5 feet from the ground. To work downhill the stick is first placed on the ground at the station. Assume that from the profile notes it is known that the station has the elevation 92.3 feet. The H.I. is 97.3. To find the 90-foot contour the rod target is set at 7.3 and the rod moved downhill perpendicular to the traverse line until the target is at the level of the instrument. The offset is then measured from the station.

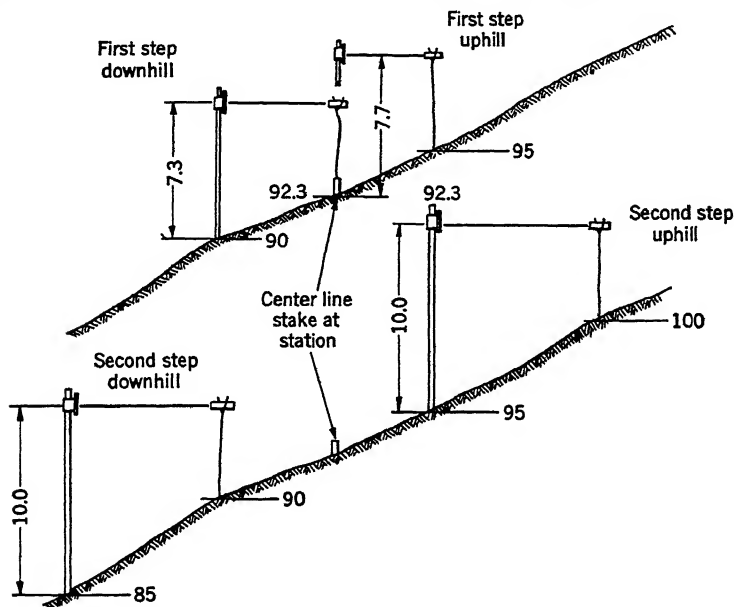


FIG. 24.—Finding the contour lines with the hand level.

The target is then set at 10 feet, the level is moved to the position of the rod, and the process is repeated to find the 85-foot contour, etc.

In working uphill the rod is first held at the station with the target set at 7.7. The instrument is moved uphill until it is level with the target. The instrument is then on ground 2.7 feet above the station and therefore at the 95-foot contour. The offset is measured. The target is set at 10 feet, the rod moved to the instrument position, and the process repeated to find the 100-foot contour, etc.

Usually the results are plotted in the field book and the contours between stations are sketched in while the ground is being viewed.

PROBLEMS

1. Copy Fig. 25 approximately to scale, making a rectangle $5\frac{1}{4}$ by $7\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Draw the 5-foot contour lines. First interpolate along streams.
2. From the stadia notes in Fig. 26, draw a map to the scale of 1 in. = 200 ft.

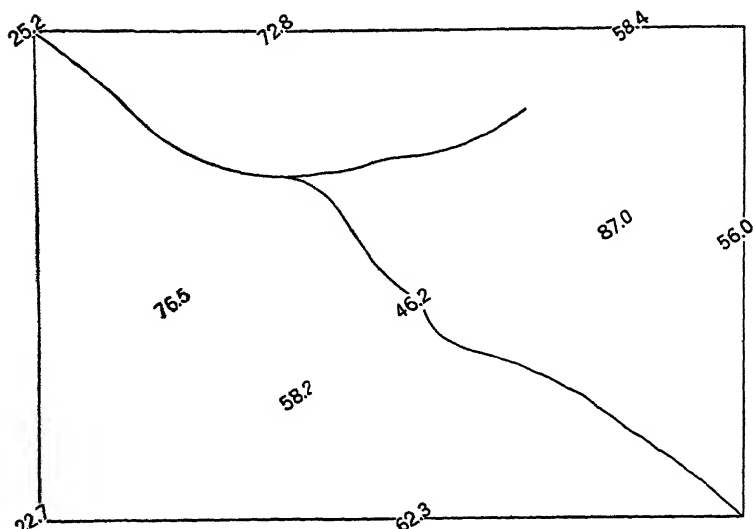


FIG. 25.—Problem for contour interpolation.

MILL SITE SURVEY							Ch. Smith	Date
$f+c=1.00$							π Jones	Hot, Calm
Sta	S	Azim	V	H	V	Elev.	Rod	Cole
πA	<i>h.i.</i>	4.38						On Rock in Stream
E	6.08	260°32'	+1°41'					
B	9.00	0°00'	+2°10'					
	1.79	180°00'	+2°18'					Property Corner
πB	<i>h.i.</i>	4.63						
A	9.00	180°00'	-2°10'					
C	9.04	276°20'	-1°14'					
	5.67	223°25'	-2°24'					Saddle
	3.47	287°02'	-5°56'					Stream
	.99	0°00'	-0°17'					Property Corner
πC	<i>h.i.</i>	4.71						Property Corner
B	9.06	96°20'	+1°14'					
D	7.07	171°52'	+1°04'					
πD	<i>h.i.</i>	4.22						
C	7.05	351°52'	-1°02'					
E	4.46	153°26'	-1°14'					
I	1.57	71°20'	-3°40'					
2	2.60	104°40'	-2°38'					
	1.06	290°15'	+1°48'					
πE	<i>h.i.</i>	4.68						
D	4.46	333°26'	+1°14'					
A	6.06	80°32'	-1°41'					
B.M.	3.11	255°17'	+0°19'			67.43		Mon at Property Cor.

FIG. 26.—Example of stadia notes.

CHAPTER XIV

DRAWING MAPS AND KEEPING RECORDS

MAPPING

361. Maps. Maps have many uses and are made accordingly. When maps are to be used for design, it must be possible to determine distances, elevations, and angles from them by scaling. Usually the entire map must have a uniform standard of accuracy so that these data may be determined anywhere on it with equally accurate results.

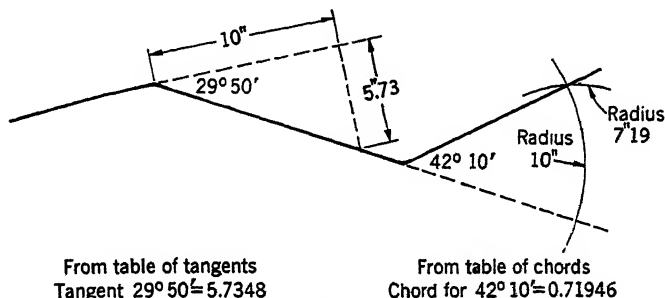


FIG. 1.—Plotting angles by tangents or chords.

Since the survey on which a map is based can be readily made more accurate than can any drafting procedure, map accuracy is limited by the accuracy of drafting. This imposes a high standard on the drafting technique required, and special methods must be employed. Steel straightedges must be used for important lines, important positions must be pricked with a needle, and important directions must be established by precise linear scaling. The T-square and wooden-edged drawing board cannot be relied on for drawing parallel lines, and any parallel or angular drafting equipment must be tested thoroughly before it can be safely adopted.

362. When less precision is desired, methods of plotting will occur to the reader. When coordinates are not computed, angles can be plotted by protractor or by setting out tangents or chords (see Fig. 1) and lengths can be scaled directly. Only precise methods are covered in the following paragraphs.

363. Steps in Making a Map. The procedure for mapping is as follows:

1. Determine the types of features to be included.
2. Draw an approximate small-scale sketch of the area to be included in the map.
3. Establish the scale.
4. Establish the size of the map sheets.
5. Determine the arrangement of the map.
6. Construct the grid (the graticule).
7. Plot the control.
8. Plot features.
9. Add details.
10. Ink.

364. Features to Be Included in the Map. Article 325 describes the features often included in a map. The features chosen, of course, depend on the purpose of the map and are usually stipulated before the survey is begun. Ordinarily all data obtained by the survey are included; for the cost of the survey is high, and maps are often used for purposes never considered when they were made. Data are sometimes omitted to avoid confusion.

Four items, independent of the survey, should **always** be included. They are

1. Statement of scale.
2. Graphical indication of scale in case the sheet shrinks or expands.
3. Title.
4. North point even if very approximate.

Whenever it is necessary to give lengths or elevations to an accuracy greater than shown graphically, the values are lettered on the map near the features they represent.

365. The Approximate Sketch. Before the map can be started, the arrangement of the map must be planned—if only to keep all of the map on the paper. To plan the map a small-scale sketch of the outline of the map must be obtained. Usually a sketch is made of the perimeter of the control system and the controlling external topographic observations. Sometimes the outline can be sketched by memory on an existing map (see Fig. 2).

366. Choice of Map Scale. Three types of map scales are in common use. They are generally known as **engineer's scales**, **architect's scales**, and **ratio scales**. An engineer's scale gives the number of feet represented by 1 inch on the map and is written **1 in. = 20 ft** or **1 in. = 100 ft**, etc. An architect's scales gives the fraction of an inch on the map that represents one foot and is written $\frac{1}{8}$ in. = 1 ft,

$\frac{1}{16}$ in. = 1 ft., etc. A ratio scale gives the relative size of a distance on the map to the represented distance on the ground and is written, 1:20,000, 1:62,500, etc.

The engineer's scale is the most convenient for mapping limited areas and is the most generally used. Rules for engineer's scales are usually made with the following number of spaces per inch: 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60. Eighty graduations per inch are sometimes found. Map scales are selected accordingly. The most common are 1 in. = 20, 40, 50, 100, 200, 500, 1,000, and 2,000 ft.

The map scale chosen should be the smallest at which the desired precision can be obtained. It is generally assumed that distances on a map can be measured to $\frac{1}{50}$ inch. Thus, if distances are required to the nearest 0.4 foot, 0.4 foot should be represented by $\frac{1}{50}$ inch on the map

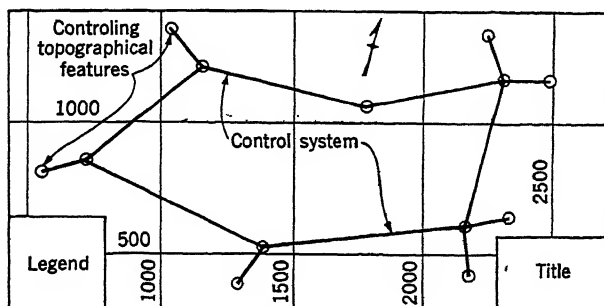


FIG. 2.—Sketch map with sheet arrangement completed.

and the map scale would be 1 in. = 20 ft. In like manner, if distances are required to the nearest 10 feet, the scale should be 1 in. = 500 ft.

For large areas, the entire survey is planned according to the desired map accuracy. For example, if the largest distance in the area covered is 5,000 feet and it is necessary to scale to the nearest foot, the maximum error allowed in the survey would be ± 0.5 foot. Accordingly, the control system should have a minimum accuracy of 1:10,000, i.e., $0.5/5,000$, and the ties should be made to the nearest half foot. Stadia measurements (having an accuracy of 1:300) should not be made over 150 feet long. With such limits it might, of course, be theoretically possible to find distances on the map that were in error by 2 feet, but the limits described are usually accepted, for the adjustment of control and the laws of chance would practically eliminate the possibility of this occurrence.

Within small areas it is difficult to make a well-planned survey that does not give position within the mapping accuracy desired.

When a map is to be traced for blueprinting, the scale must often be

increased so that small details can be shown in the wider ink lines required.

367. The Size of Map Sheets. If a standard size of sheet is not required, the map should be drawn on one sheet if possible. The difficulty of using more than one sheet is so great that sheets as large as 40 by 60 inches are used. They are hard to file, but they can be used on a drawing board. The sheets must be large enough to include a minimum border of $\frac{1}{2}$ inch to protect the map. Larger borders give a better appearance. Space must be reserved for the title and any required legends. Frequently, when small working sheets are required, the original map is drawn on a large sheet but traced in small sections.

368. The Arrangement of the Map. The border lines adopted should be drawn to scale on the sketch of the area (see Figs. 2, 3). Some-

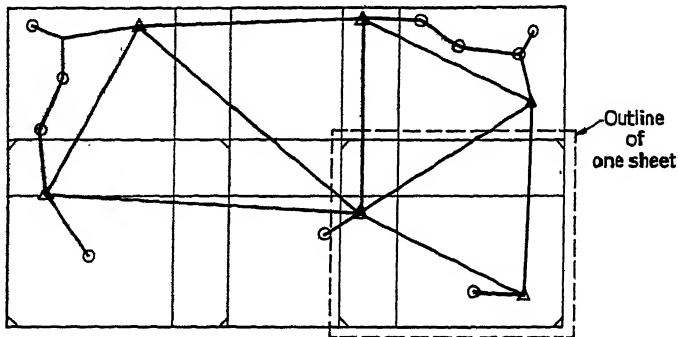


FIG. 3.—Sketch map with overlapping sheet arrangement completed.

times a considerable overlap is used so that parts of the map appear on more than one sheet as in Fig. 3. When map sheets overlap, the coordinate grid shows how the sections are matched. Match lines must be used if no grid is drawn. Sometimes the borders are oriented to the north of the coordinate system, and sometimes they are placed at coordinate lines having round-number values.

369. The Grid. The coordinate system is shown on the map by a **graticule** of lines parallel to the axes, 5 to 10 inches apart (for ease in plotting) and representing round-number coordinate values. The approximate position of this grid system is found by scaling from the border lines on the sketch. The grid system can be laid out with a T square and triangle; but if an accurate grid is desired, an accurate right angle should be established and all lines thereafter laid out by scaling. This procedure requires a steel straightedge but no other precise drafting instrument other than the scale.

Figure 4 illustrates the method. Line 1 is placed by scaling the distances S_1 and S_2 on the sketch, and A is placed by scaling S_3 . The right angle at A is established by trial and error, the 3, 4, 5 method being used. Measuring from A , points are pricked along lines 1 and 2 according to the required spacing of the grid lines. Point D is located by trial measurements from B and C . Lines 3 and 4 are divided by prick marks, and finally opposite prick points are connected to form the grid.

All lines must be drawn with a very hard pencil sharpened to a round point and held against the bottom of the steel straightedge. Points must be pricked with a needle. After the grid is constructed, the spacing should be thoroughly checked with dividers.

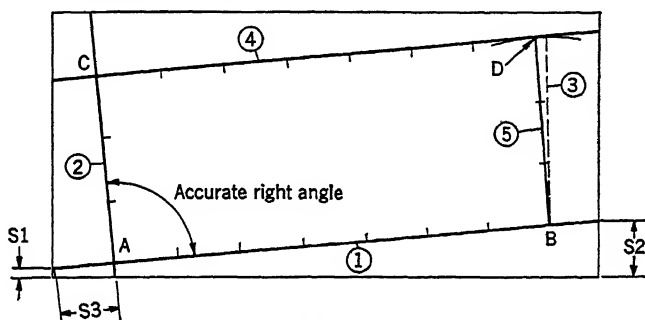


FIG. 4.—Establishing an accurate grid. S_1 and S_2 are scaled from the sketch. Line 1 is drawn. S_3 is scaled from the sketch and line 2 erected at exactly 90 deg. Point D is found by trial measurements from B and C .

370. Plotting Control. The control should be plotted by coordinates, measuring from the grid lines. The stations thus plotted are connected by lines representing the traverse or triangulation system, and their lengths and the angles between them are checked by protractor and scale against the **original field notes**. This check will disclose nearly all blunders and should never be omitted.

When the coordinates of control stations are not computed, at least the directions of the lines should be computed. Lines plotted by directions are not affected by the accumulated accidental errors caused by plotting successive angles.

371. Plotting Features. Stadia traverses and the positions of topographical features are plotted by protractor and scale, measuring from the control system. A drafting machine (Fig. 5) or a large paper protractor used as shown in Fig. 6 will be found to be a timesaver. Unless the drafting machine is quite accurate, the angular scale should be oriented at each station.

372. The Title. In the past, maps were often embellished with considerable artistry. Too frequently, however, the ornamentation covered lack of data. Today, some survival of this custom is found in

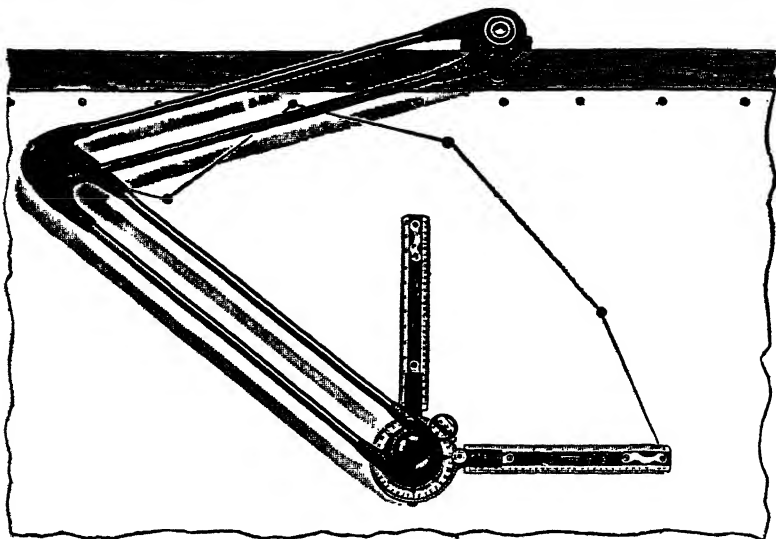


FIG. 5.—A Keuffel & Esser drafting machine. (*Keuffel & Esser Co.*)

ornate titles and other details. There may be some justification for them when the map is made for a private individual. Otherwise, the title and other details should be designed to give the maximum information at a glance. The title should contain the following items unless a good reason exists for their omission. They are stated in the usual order found in titles.

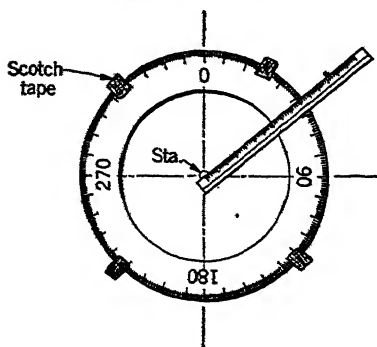


FIG. 6.—Plotting topography by scale and cutout paper protractor.

1. Organization making the map.
2. Technical name (map, chart, or plan).
3. Name of the area mapped.
4. Name of purchaser.
5. Where area is located.
6. Name of engineer responsible.
7. Date of survey.
8. Scale.
9. Identification numbers.

Frequently this complete list will result in duplication, and certain items should be omitted.

Certain items should be emphasized by larger and heavier letters so that the map can be quickly selected from others. The order of emphasis should be the following:

Greatest emphasis, items 2, 3, 4.

Medium emphasis, items 1, 5, 6.

Least emphasis, items 7, 8, 9.

JONES AND JONES CONSULTANTS
MAP
OF THE
SITE OF PROPOSED PLANT B
OF THE
SMITH MANUFACTURING CO.
LAKEVILLE, NEW YORK

MAY 3, 1947 SCALE 1 INCH=200 FEET

FIG. 7.

Examples of the same title used for different purposes are shown in Figs. 7 and 8. Figure 7 shows the kind of title that would be used by a consulting firm preparing the map for a manufacturing company. The simple form of title shown in Fig. 8 would be used by the manufacturing company when the map was prepared by their own personnel.

THE SMITH MANUFACTURING CO.

Map of Site of Plant B
Lakeville, New York

Survey by: Thomas Smith

May 3, 1947

Scale: 1-Inch = 200 feet

Dwg. 2222

FIG. 8.

It will be found that vertical letters are more quickly read than slant letters. Roman type offers the best method of emphasis. Figure 9 gives useful alphabets.

373. Other Details. Figure 10 gives a good form of graphical scale. A graphical scale should be as long as possible within reason. It can be omitted if a coordinate grid is used. A typical north point is shown in

A B C D E F G H I J K L M
N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z
a b c d e f g h i j k l m n o p q r s
t u v w x y z & 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0

A B C D E F G H I J K L M
N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z
a b c d e f g h i j k l m n o p q r s
t u v w x y z & 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0

FIG. 9.

A B C D E F G H I J

K L M N O P Q R S T

U V W X Y Z a b c d e f

g h i j k l m n o p q r s t u v

w x y z & 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0

A B C D E F G H I J

K L M N O P Q R S T

U V W X Y Z a b c d e f

g h i j k l m n o p q r s t u v

w x y z & 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0

Fig. 11. Beside it should be a legend stating exactly whether it is true, magnetic, or assumed. Spot elevations and dimensions should be printed at the features to which they refer. Descriptive legends are often valuable aids to clarity. They are usually placed at the lower left-hand corner of the map.

374. Topographic Symbols. Figure 12 shows the most useful typical topographic symbols. They are essential for small-scale maps



FIG. 10.—A graphical scale.

where the features are small and detailed. A legend giving their meaning should accompany the map. On large-scale maps the features can usually be recognized and are easily labeled. The symbols are useful for outlining the limits of woods, swamps, etc.

375. Inking the Original Map. The entire original map should be inked, including the coordinate grid and the survey control system. The identification numbers or letters and the coordinates of control

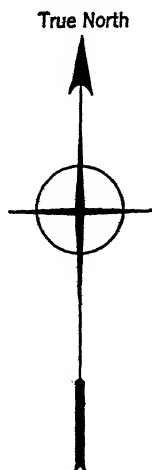


FIG. 11.—A north point.

stations, the identifications and elevations of bench marks, the azimuths, and sometimes the lengths of lines should be printed in appropriate places. This information will prove of great assistance when additions to the map are required and when location surveys are necessary.

All control lines on the original map should be inked with very fine lines for accuracy and clarity. In general, fine lines are preferable except when emphasis is necessary. Often colored inks improve the appearance

Deciduous trees



Evergreen trees



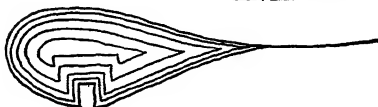
Fresh marsh



Salt marsh



Water lining



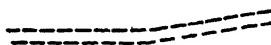
Depression contours



Important roads



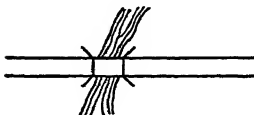
Unimportant roads



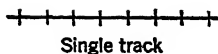
Paths



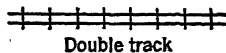
Bridge



Railroads

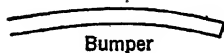


Single track

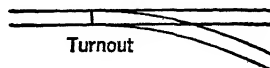


Double track

R.R. tracks



Bumper



Turnout

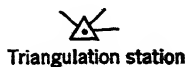
Control points



Bench mark



Traverse station

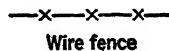


Triangulation station

Fences



Wood fence



Wire fence

FIG. 12.—Topographic symbols.

and legibility. The following schedule is representative of standard practice in the use of colors.

- | | |
|--|-------|
| 1. Culture (works of man)..... | Black |
| 2. Water..... | Blue |
| 3. Relief (including contour lines)..... | Brown |
| 4. Survey points and lines..... | Red |

376. Tracing. Tracings can never reach the accuracy of the original map and are almost always made for a special purpose. Usually, therefore, only the items and those parts of the map which are necessary to the purpose are traced, and heavy lines are used freely for emphasis. A graphical scale should be included, or the coordinate intersections should be shown by crosses to give scale, for both the tracing cloth and the blue-print change considerably in size from day to day.

RECORDS

377. Importance of Survey Records. Since survey data are invariably used for many purposes in addition to the specific purpose for which they were obtained, survey records are very valuable and should be preserved with great care.

378. Job Names. Every job must be given a name at the outset of the work. Methods of naming differ with the size of the organization and its functions. Usually the name of the purchaser or a **job number** is used. The job name must appear on all records except the records of the survey control points, for which it has no significance.

379. Records of Control Points. Control points nearly always have a continuing value. Each should be given a number for identification. A card index should be kept, with a card for each control point containing a description of the point, a sketch showing its position, including **witness** measurements to various near-by objects, and the coordinates or the elevations it represents. The cards, of course, are filed by number.

380. Field-book Records. The field books should be used chronologically and numbered and paged as they are issued to the field parties. The name or number of each job, the date, the members of the field party, and the weather should be recorded daily. Field books are filed by number.

381. The Computation Record. The computations should show the name or number of the job, the field-book number and page, and the date of computation. They are usually filed by job name or number.

382. The Map References. The map shows the name of the job, the date of the survey, and the field-book number and page. Maps are filed by job name or number.

383. Survey Index Cards. Since maps are hard to handle and often no map results from a survey, a card for each survey should be made that duplicates the references on the map or carries the same type of information when no map exists. Like maps they are filed by job name or number.

384. The Index. A good index should originate with the item in the record most easily brought to mind. Accordingly, a survey index **must** originate with the location of the survey. By far the best index is an outline map of the areas where surveys are performed. On the outline map are placed, in their proper positions, the control points with their numbers, the job names and dates, and the field-book numbers and pages.

385. Method of Finding the Records. With the system outlined above the survey records can be found according to the table below:

Known	Index	References to
Location.....	Outline map	Job name or number, field book, date, control points
Job name or number.....	Survey cards or map	Location, field book, date, computations
Date.. ..	Field book	Location, job name

TABLE I¹

COMMON LOGARITHMS OF NUMBERS

This table gives the common logarithms, to five places of decimals, of numbers from 1 to 10,000 and, to seven places of decimals, of numbers from 10,000 to 11,000. Throughout the first part of the table, on any pair of open pages, are found the proportional parts (Prop. Parts) of the tabular differences that occur on these pages. Interpolation is facilitated by the use of proportional parts as shown in the examples below.

Example 1. To find the logarithm of the number 33207. From the main table, the logarithm of 33200 is 52114 and the tabular difference is 13. In the table of proportional parts headed 13, beside the number 7, is found the increment 9.1. Adding 9.1 to 52114 gives the value sought, 52123.

Example 2. To find the number having the logarithm 52123. In the main table, the logarithm just less than 52123 is 52114, which is the logarithm of 33200. The tabular difference is 13. Subtracting from 52123, the value 52114, gives the increment 9. The nearest increment to 9 in the table of proportional parts headed 13 is 9.1, which is beside the number 7. Adding 7 to 33200 gives the value sought, 33207.

¹ From "Plane and Spherical Trigonometry," by Claude I. Palmer and Charles W. Leigh; used by permission of the publishers, McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc., New York.

TABLE I

100-150

N.	L.	c	x	z	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Prop. Parts		
100	00	000	043	087	130	173	217	260	303	346	389			
101		432	475	518	561	604	647	689	732	775	817	44	43	42
102		860	903	945	988	*030	*072	*115	*157	*199	*242	1	4.4	4.3 4.2
103	01	284	326	368	410	452	494	536	578	620	662	2	8.8	8.6 8.4
104		703	745	787	828	870	912	953	995	*036	*078	3	13.2	12.9 12.6
105	02	119	160	202	243	284	325	366	407	449	490	4	17.6	17.2 16.8
106		531	572	612	653	694	735	776	816	857	898	5	22.0	21.5 21.0
107		938	979	*019	*060	*100	*141	*181	*222	*262	*302	6	26.4	25.8 25.2
108	03	342	383	423	463	503	543	583	623	663	703	7	30.8	30.1 29.4
109		743	782	822	862	902	941	981	*021	*060	*100	8	35.2	34.4 33.6
110	04	139	179	218	258	297	336	376	415	454	493	9	39.6	38.7 37.8
111		532	571	610	650	689	727	766	805	844	883		41	40 39
112		922	961	999	*038	*077	*115	*154	*192	*231	*269	1	4.1	4.0 3.9
113	05	308	346	385	423	461	500	538	576	614	652	2	8.2	8.0 7.8
114		690	729	767	805	843	881	918	956	994	*032	3	12.3	12.0 11.7
115	06	070	108	145	183	221	258	296	333	371	408	4	16.4	16.0 15.6
116		446	483	521	558	595	633	670	707	744	781	5	20.5	20.0 19.5
117		819	856	893	930	967	*004	*041	*078	*115	*151	6	24.6	24.0 23.4
118	07	188	225	262	298	335	372	408	445	482	518	7	28.7	28.0 27.3
119		555	591	628	664	700	737	773	809	846	882	8	32.8	32.0 31.2
120		918	954	990	*027	*063	*099	*135	*171	*207	*243	9	36.9	36.0 35.1
121	08	279	314	350	386	422	458	493	529	565	600		38	37 36
122		636	672	707	743	778	814	849	884	920	955	1	3.8	3.7 3.6
123		991	*026	*061	*096	*132	*167	*202	*237	*272	*307	2	7.6	7.4 7.2
124	09	342	377	412	447	482	517	552	587	621	656	3	11.4	11.1 10.8
125		691	726	760	795	830	864	899	934	968	*003	4	15.2	14.8 14.4
126	10	037	072	106	140	175	209	243	278	312	346	5	19.0	18.5 18.0
127		380	415	449	483	517	551	585	619	653	687	6	22.8	22.2 21.6
128		721	755	789	823	857	890	924	958	992	*025	7	26.6	25.9 25.2
129	11	059	093	126	160	193	227	261	294	327	361	8	30.4	29.6 28.8
130		394	428	461	494	528	561	594	628	661	694	9	34.2	33.3 32.4
131		727	760	793	826	860	893	926	959	992	*024		35	34 33
132	12	057	090	123	156	189	222	254	287	320	352	1	3.5	3.4 3.3
133		385	418	450	483	516	548	581	613	646	678	2	7.0	6.8 6.6
134		710	743	775	808	840	872	905	937	969	*001	3	10.5	10.2 9.9
135	13	033	066	098	130	162	194	226	258	290	322	4	14.0	13.6 13.2
136		354	386	418	450	481	513	545	577	609	640	5	17.5	17.0 16.5
137		672	704	735	767	799	830	862	893	925	956	6	21.0	20.4 19.8
138		988	*019	*051	*082	*114	*145	*176	*208	*239	*270	7	24.5	23.8 23.1
139	14	301	333	364	395	426	457	489	520	551	582	8	28.0	27.2 26.4
140		613	644	675	706	737	768	799	829	860	891	9	31.5	30.6 29.7
141		922	953	983	*014	*045	*076	*106	*137	*168	*198		32	31 30
142	15	229	259	290	320	351	381	412	442	473	503	1	3.2	3.1 3.0
143		534	564	594	625	655	685	715	746	776	806	2	6.4	6.2 6.0
144		836	866	897	927	957	987	*017	*047	*077	*107	3	9.6	9.3 9.0
145	16	137	167	197	227	256	286	316	346	376	406	4	12.8	12.4 12.0
146		435	465	495	524	554	584	613	643	673	702	5	16.0	15.5 15.0
147		732	761	791	820	850	879	909	938	967	997	6	19.2	18.6 18.0
148	17	026	056	085	114	143	173	202	231	260	289	7	22.4	21.7 21.0
149		319	348	377	406	435	464	493	522	551	580	8	25.6	24.8 24.0
150		609	638	667	696	725	754	782	811	840	869	9	28.8	27.9 27.0
N.	L.	a	x	z	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Prop. Parts		
0	1'	= 60"	S. 4.68	557	T. 4.68	557		0° 19' = 1140"	S. 4.68	557	T. 4.68	558		
0	2	= 120		557		557		0 20 = 1200		557		558		
0	3	= 180		557		557		0 21 = 1260		557		558		
								0 22 = 1320		557		558		
0	16	= 960		557		558		0 23 = 1380		557		558		
0	17	= 1020		557		558		0 24 = 1440		557		558		
0	18	= 1080		557		558		0 25 = 1500		557		558		

TABLE I

150-200

N.	L.	o	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Prop. Parts	
150	17	609	638	667	696	725	754	782	811	840	869		
151		898	926	955	984	*013	*041	*070	*099	*127	*156		
152	18	184	213	241	270	298	327	355	384	412	441	1	29 28
153		469	498	526	554	583	611	639	667	696	724	2	2.9 2.8
154		752	780	808	837	865	893	921	949	977	*005	3	5.8 5.6
155	19	033	061	089	117	145	173	201	229	257	285	4	8.7 8.4
156		312	340	368	396	424	451	479	507	535	562	5	11.6 11.2
157		590	618	645	673	700	728	756	783	811	838	6	14.5 14.0
158		866	893	921	948	976	*003	*030	*058	*085	*112	7	17.4 16.8
159	20	140	167	194	222	249	276	303	330	358	385	8	20.3 19.6
160		412	439	466	493	520	548	575	602	629	656	9	23.2 22.4
161		683	710	737	763	790	817	844	871	898	925		26.1 25.2
162		952	978	*005	*032	*059	*085	*112	*139	*165	*192	1	27 26
163	21	219	245	272	299	325	352	378	405	431	458	2	2.7 2.6
164		484	511	537	564	590	617	643	669	696	722	3	5.4 5.2
165		748	775	801	827	854	880	906	932	958	985	4	8.1 7.8
166	22	011	037	063	089	115	141	167	194	220	246	5	10.8 10.4
167		272	298	324	350	376	401	427	453	479	505	6	13.5 13.0
168		531	557	583	608	634	660	686	712	737	763	7	16.2 15.6
169		789	814	840	866	891	917	943	968	994	*019	8	18.9 18.2
170	23	045	070	096	121	147	172	198	223	249	274	9	21.6 20.8
171		300	325	350	376	401	426	452	477	502	528		24.3 23.4
172		553	578	603	629	654	679	704	729	754	779	1	25
173		805	830	855	880	905	930	955	980	*005	*030	2	2.5
174	24	055	080	105	130	155	180	204	229	254	279	3	5.0
175		304	329	353	378	403	428	452	477	502	527	4	7.5
176		551	576	601	625	650	674	699	724	748	773	5	10.0
177		797	822	846	871	895	920	944	969	993	*018	6	12.5
178	25	042	066	091	115	139	164	188	212	237	261	7	15.0
179		285	310	334	358	382	406	431	455	479	503	8	17.5
180		527	551	575	600	624	648	672	696	720	744	9	20.0
181		768	792	816	840	864	888	912	935	959	983		22.5
182	26	007	031	055	079	102	126	150	174	198	221	1	24 23
183		245	269	293	316	340	364	387	411	435	458	2	2.4 2.3
184		482	505	529	553	576	600	623	647	670	694	3	4.8 4.6
185		717	741	764	788	811	834	858	881	905	928	4	7.2 6.9
186		951	975	998	*021	*045	*068	*091	*114	*138	*161	5	9.6 9.2
187	27	184	207	231	254	277	300	323	346	370	393	6	12.0 11.5
188		416	439	462	485	508	531	554	577	600	623	7	14.4 13.8
189		646	669	692	715	738	761	784	807	830	852	8	16.8 16.1
190		875	898	921	944	967	989	*012	*035	*058	*081	9	19.2 18.4
191	28	103	126	149	171	194	217	240	262	285	307		21.6 20.7
192		330	353	375	398	421	443	466	488	511	533	1	22 21
193		556	578	601	623	646	668	691	713	735	758	2	2.2 2.1
194		780	803	825	847	870	892	914	937	959	981	3	4.4 4.2
195	29	003	026	048	070	092	115	137	159	181	203	4	6.6 6.3
196		226	248	270	292	314	336	358	380	403	425	5	8.8 8.4
197		447	469	491	513	535	557	579	601	623	645	6	11.0 10.5
198		667	688	710	732	754	776	798	820	842	863	7	13.2 12.6
199		885	907	929	951	973	994	*016	*038	*060	*081	8	15.4 14.7
200	30	103	125	146	168	190	211	233	255	276	298	9	17.6 16.8
													19.8 18.9
N.	L.	o	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Prop. Parts	
0°	2'	= 120"	S. 4.68	557	T. 4.68	557							
0	3	= 180		557		557							
0	4	= 240		557		558							
0	25	= 1500			557		558						
0	26	= 1560			557		558						
0	27	= 1620			557		558						
0°	28'	= 1680"	S. 4.68	557	T. 4.68	558							
0	29	= 1740			557		559						
0	30	= 1800			557		559						
0	31	= 1860			557		559						
0	32	= 1920			557		559						
0	33	= 1980			557		559						
0	34	= 2040			557		559						

TABLE I

200-250

N.	L.	o	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Prop. Parts		
200	30	103	125	146	168	190	211	233	255	276	298			
201		320	341	363	384	406	428	449	471	492	514	22 21		
202		535	557	578	600	621	643	664	685	707	728	1 2.2 2.1		
203		750	771	792	814	835	856	878	899	920	942	2 4.4 4.2		
204		963	984	*006	*027	*048	*069	*091	*112	*133	*154	3 6.6 6.3		
205	31	175	197	218	239	260	281	302	323	345	366	4 8.8 8.4		
206		387	408	429	450	471	492	513	534	555	576	5 11.0 10.5		
207		597	618	639	660	681	702	723	744	765	785	6 13.2 12.6		
208		806	827	848	869	890	911	931	952	973	994	7 15.4 14.7		
209	32	015	035	056	077	098	118	139	160	181	201	8 17.6 16.8		
210		222	243	263	284	305	325	346	366	387	408	9 19.8 18.9		
211		428	449	469	490	510	531	552	572	593	613	20		
212		634	654	675	695	715	736	756	777	797	818	1 2.0		
213		838	858	879	899	919	940	960	980	*001	*021	2 4.0		
214	33	041	062	082	102	122	143	163	183	203	224	3 6.0		
215		244	264	284	304	325	345	365	385	405	425	4 8.0		
216		445	465	486	506	526	546	566	586	606	626	5 10.0		
217		646	666	686	706	726	746	766	786	806	826	6 12.0		
218		846	866	885	905	925	945	965	985	*005	*025	7 14.0		
219	34	044	064	084	104	124	143	163	183	203	223	8 16.0		
220		242	262	282	301	321	341	361	380	400	420	9 18.0		
221		439	459	479	498	518	537	557	577	596	616	19		
222		635	655	674	694	713	733	753	772	792	811	1 1.9		
223		830	850	869	889	908	928	947	967	986	*005	2 3.8		
224	35	025	044	064	083	102	122	141	160	180	199	3 5.7		
225		218	238	257	276	295	315	334	353	372	392	4 7.6		
226		411	430	449	468	488	507	526	545	564	583	5 9.5		
227		603	622	641	660	679	698	717	736	755	774	6 11.4		
228		793	813	832	851	870	889	908	927	946	965	7 13.3		
229		984	*003	*021	*040	*059	*078	*097	*116	*135	*154	8 15.2		
230	36	173	192	211	229	248	267	286	305	324	342	9 17.1		
231		361	380	399	418	436	455	474	493	511	530	18		
232		549	568	586	605	624	642	661	680	698	717	1 1.8		
233		736	754	773	791	810	829	847	866	884	903	2 3.6		
234		922	940	959	977	996	*014	*033	*051	*070	*088	3 5.4		
235	37	107	125	144	162	181	199	218	236	254	273	4 7.2		
236		291	310	328	346	365	383	401	420	438	457	5 9.0		
237		475	493	511	530	548	566	585	603	621	639	6 10.8		
238		658	676	694	712	731	749	767	785	803	822	7 12.6		
239		840	858	876	894	912	931	949	967	985	*003	8 14.4		
240	38	021	039	057	075	093	112	130	148	166	184	9 16.2		
241		202	220	238	256	274	292	310	328	346	364	17		
242		382	399	417	435	453	471	489	507	525	543	1 1.7		
243		561	578	596	614	632	650	668	686	703	721	2 3.4		
244		739	757	775	792	810	828	846	863	881	899	3 5.1		
245		917	934	952	970	987	*005	*023	*041	*058	*076	4 6.8		
246	39	094	111	129	146	164	182	199	217	235	252	5 8.5		
247		270	287	305	322	340	358	375	393	410	428	6 10.2		
248		445	463	480	498	515	533	550	568	585	602	7 11.9		
249		620	637	655	672	690	707	724	742	759	777	8 13.6		
250		794	811	829	846	863	881	898	915	933	950	9 15.3		
N.	L.	o	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Prop. Parts		
0°	3'	= 180"	S. 4.68	557	T. 4.68	557		0°	36'	= 2160"	S. 4.68	557	T. 4.68	557
0	4	= 240		557		558		0	37	= 2220		557		559
0	5	= 300		557		558		0	38	= 2280		557		559
								0	39	= 2340		557		559
0	33	= 1980		557		559		0	40	= 2400		557		559
0	34	= 2040		557		559		0	41	= 2460		556		560
0	35	= 2100		557		559		0	42	= 2520		556		560

TABLE I

250-300

N.	L.	o	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Prop. Parts
250	39	794	811	829	846	863	881	898	915	933	950	18
251		967	985	*002	*019	*037	*054	*071	*088	*106	*123	1.8
252	40	140	157	175	192	209	226	243	261	278	295	2
253		312	329	346	364	381	398	415	432	449	466	3
254		483	500	518	535	552	569	586	603	620	637	4
255		654	671	688	705	722	739	756	773	790	807	5
256		824	841	858	875	892	909	926	943	960	976	6
257		993	*010	*027	*044	*061	*078	*095	*111	*128	*145	7
258	41	162	179	196	212	229	246	263	280	296	313	8
259		330	347	363	380	397	414	430	447	464	481	9
260		497	514	531	547	564	581	597	614	631	647	17
261		664	681	697	714	731	747	764	780	797	814	1
262		830	847	863	880	896	913	929	946	963	979	2
263		996	*012	*029	*045	*062	*078	*095	*111	*127	*144	3
264	42	160	177	193	210	226	243	259	275	292	308	4
265		325	341	357	374	390	406	423	439	455	472	5
266		488	504	521	537	553	570	586	602	619	635	6
267		651	667	684	700	716	732	749	765	781	797	7
268		813	830	846	862	878	894	911	927	943	959	8
269		975	991	*008	*024	*040	*056	*072	*088	*104	*120	9
270	43	136	152	169	185	201	217	233	249	265	281	log $\epsilon = 0.43429$
271		297	313	329	345	361	377	393	409	425	441	16
272		457	473	489	505	521	537	553	569	584	600	1
273		616	632	648	664	680	696	712	727	743	759	2
274		775	791	807	823	838	854	870	886	902	917	3
275		933	949	965	981	996	*012	*028	*044	*059	*075	4
276	44	091	107	122	138	154	170	185	201	217	232	5
277		248	264	279	295	311	326	342	358	373	389	6
278		404	420	436	451	467	483	498	514	529	545	7
279		560	576	592	607	623	638	654	669	685	700	8
280		716	731	747	762	778	793	809	824	840	855	9
281		871	886	902	917	932	948	963	979	994	*010	15
282	45	025	040	056	071	086	102	117	133	148	163	1
283		179	194	209	225	240	255	271	286	301	317	2
284		332	347	362	378	393	408	423	439	454	469	3
285		484	500	515	530	545	561	576	591	606	621	4
286		637	652	667	682	697	712	728	743	758	773	5
287		788	803	818	834	849	864	879	894	909	924	6
288		939	954	969	984	*000	*015	*030	*045	*060	*075	7
289	46	090	105	120	135	150	165	180	195	210	225	8
290		240	255	270	285	300	315	330	345	359	374	9
291		389	404	419	434	449	464	479	494	509	523	14
292		538	553	568	583	598	613	627	642	657	672	1
293		687	702	716	731	746	761	776	790	805	820	2
294		835	850	864	879	894	909	923	938	953	967	3
295		982	997	*012	*026	*041	*056	*070	*085	*100	*114	4
296	47	129	144	159	173	188	202	217	232	246	261	5
297		276	290	305	319	334	349	363	378	392	407	6
298		422	436	451	465	480	494	509	524	538	553	7
299		567	582	596	611	625	640	654	669	683	698	8
300		712	727	741	756	770	784	799	813	828	842	9
N.	L.	o	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Prop. Parts
0°	4' =	240"	S. 4.68	557	T. 4.68	558		0° 45' =	2700"	S. 4.68	556	T 4.68 560
0	5 =	300		557		558		0 46 =	2760		556	560
								0 47 =	2820		556	560
0	41 =	2460			556		560	0 48 =	2880		556	560
0	42 =	2520			556		560	0 49 =	2940		556	560
0	43 =	2580			556		560	0 50 =	3000		556	560
0	44 =	2640			556		560					

TABLE I

200-250

N.	L.	o	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Prop. Parts
200	30	103	125	146	168	190	211	233	255	276	298	
201		320	341	363	384	406	428	449	471	492	514	
202		535	557	578	600	621	643	664	685	707	728	
203		750	771	792	814	835	856	878	899	920	942	
204		963	984	*006	*027	*048	*069	*091	*112	*133	*154	
205	31	175	197	218	239	260	281	302	323	345	366	
206		387	408	429	450	471	492	513	534	555	576	
207		597	618	639	660	681	702	723	744	765	785	
208		806	827	848	869	890	911	931	952	973	994	
209	32	015	035	056	077	098	118	139	160	181	201	
210		222	243	263	284	305	325	346	366	387	408	
211		428	449	469	490	510	531	552	572	593	613	
212		634	654	675	695	715	736	756	777	797	818	
213		838	858	879	899	919	940	960	980	*001	*021	
214	33	041	062	082	102	122	143	163	183	203	224	
215		244	264	284	304	325	345	365	385	405	425	
216		445	465	486	506	526	546	566	586	606	626	
217		646	666	686	706	726	746	766	786	806	826	
218		846	866	885	905	925	945	965	985	*005	*025	
219	34	044	064	084	104	124	143	163	183	203	223	
220		242	262	282	301	321	341	361	380	400	420	
221		439	459	479	498	518	537	557	577	596	616	
222		635	655	674	694	713	733	753	772	792	811	
223		830	850	869	889	908	928	947	967	986	*005	
224	35	025	044	064	083	102	122	141	160	180	199	
225		218	238	257	276	295	315	334	353	372	392	
226		411	430	449	468	488	507	526	545	564	583	
227		603	622	641	660	679	698	717	736	755	774	
228		793	813	832	851	870	889	908	927	946	965	
229		984	*003	*021	*040	*059	*078	*097	*116	*135	*154	
230	36	173	192	211	229	248	267	286	305	324	342	
231		361	380	399	418	436	455	474	493	511	530	
232		549	568	586	605	624	642	661	680	698	717	
233		736	754	773	791	810	829	847	866	884	903	
234		922	940	959	977	996	*014	*033	*051	*070	*088	
235	37	107	125	144	162	181	199	218	236	254	273	
236		291	310	328	346	365	383	401	420	438	457	
237		475	493	511	530	548	566	585	603	621	639	
238		658	676	694	712	731	749	767	785	803	822	
239		840	858	876	894	912	931	949	967	985	*003	
240	38	021	039	057	075	093	112	130	148	166	184	
241		202	220	238	256	274	292	310	328	346	364	
242		382	399	417	435	453	471	489	507	525	543	
243		561	578	596	614	632	650	668	686	703	721	
244		739	757	775	792	810	828	846	863	881	899	
245		917	934	952	970	987	*005	*023	*041	*058	*076	
246	39	094	111	129	146	164	182	199	217	235	252	
247		270	287	305	322	340	358	375	393	410	428	
248		445	463	480	498	515	533	550	568	585	602	
249		620	637	655	672	690	707	724	742	759	777	
250		794	811	829	846	863	881	898	915	933	950	
N.	L.	o	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Prop. Parts
0°	3'	= 180"	S. 4.68	557	T. 4.68	557						
0	4	= 240		557		558						
0	5	= 300		557		558						
0	33	= 1980		557		559						
0	34	= 2040		557		559						
0	35	= 2100		557		559						
0°	36'	= 2160"	S. 4.68	557	T. 4.68	557						
0	37	= 2220				557						
0	38	= 2280				557						
0	39	= 2340				557						
0	40	= 2400				557						
0	41	= 2460				556						
0	42	= 2520				556						

TABLE I

250-300

N.	L.	o	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Prop. Parts	
250	39	794	811	829	846	863	881	898	915	933	950	18	
251		967	985	*002	*019	*037	*054	*071	*088	*106	*123	1	
252	40	140	157	175	192	209	226	243	261	278	295	2	
253		312	329	346	364	381	398	415	432	449	466	3	
254		483	500	518	535	552	569	586	603	620	637	4	
255		654	671	688	705	722	739	756	773	790	807	5	
256		824	841	858	875	892	909	926	943	960	976	6	
257		993	*010	*027	*044	*061	*078	*095	*111	*128	*145	7	
258	41	162	179	196	212	229	246	263	280	296	313	8	
259		330	347	363	380	397	414	430	447	464	481	9	
260		497	514	531	547	564	581	597	614	631	647	17	
261		664	681	697	714	731	747	764	780	797	814	1	
262		830	847	863	880	896	913	929	946	963	979	2	
263		996	*012	*029	*045	*062	*078	*095	*111	*127	*144	3	
264	42	160	177	193	210	226	243	259	275	292	308	4	
265		325	341	357	374	390	406	423	439	455	472	5	
266		488	504	521	537	553	570	586	602	619	635	6	
267		651	667	684	700	716	732	749	765	781	797	7	
268		813	830	846	862	878	894	911	927	943	959	8	
269		975	991	*008	*024	*040	*056	*072	*088	*104	*120	9	
270	43	136	152	169	185	201	217	233	249	265	281	log e = 0.43429	
271		297	313	329	345	361	377	393	409	425	441	16	
272		457	473	489	505	521	537	553	569	584	600	1	
273		616	632	648	664	680	696	712	727	743	759	2	
274		775	791	807	823	838	854	870	886	902	917	3	
275		933	949	965	981	996	*012	*028	*044	*059	*075	4	
276	44	091	107	122	138	154	170	185	201	217	232	5	
277		248	264	279	295	311	326	342	358	373	389	6	
278		404	420	436	451	467	483	498	514	529	545	7	
279		560	576	592	607	623	638	654	669	685	700	8	
280		716	731	747	762	778	793	809	824	840	855	9	
281		871	886	902	917	932	948	963	979	994	*010	15	
282	45	025	040	056	071	086	102	117	133	148	163	1	
283		179	194	209	225	240	255	271	286	301	317	2	
284		332	347	362	378	393	408	423	439	454	469	3	
285		484	500	515	530	545	561	576	591	606	621	4	
286		637	652	667	682	697	712	728	743	758	773	5	
287		788	803	818	834	849	864	879	894	909	924	6	
288		939	954	969	984	*000	*015	*030	*045	*060	*075	7	
289	46	090	105	120	135	150	165	180	195	210	225	8	
290		240	255	270	285	300	315	330	345	359	374	9	
291		389	404	419	434	449	464	479	494	509	523	14	
292		538	553	568	583	598	613	627	642	657	672	1	
293		687	702	716	731	746	761	776	790	805	820	2	
294		835	850	864	879	894	909	923	938	953	967	3	
295		982	997	*012	*026	*041	*056	*070	*085	*100	*114	4	
296	47	129	144	159	173	188	202	217	232	246	261	5	
297		276	290	305	319	334	349	363	378	392	407	6	
298		422	436	451	465	480	494	509	524	538	553	7	
299		567	582	596	611	625	640	654	669	683	698	8	
300		712	727	741	756	770	784	799	813	828	842	9	
N.	L.	o	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Prop. Parts	
0°	4' = 240''	S.	4.68	557	T.	4.68	558	0°	45' = 2700''	S.	4.68	556	T 4.68 560
0	5 = 300			557			558	0	46 = 2760			556	560
								0	47 = 2820			556	560
								0	48 = 2880			556	560
								0	49 = 2940			556	560
								0	50 = 3000			556	560
0	41 = 2460			556			560						
0	42 = 2520			556			560						
0	43 = 2580			556			560						
0	44 = 2640			556			560						

TABLE I

300-350

N.	L.	o	i	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Prop. Parts
300	47	712	727	741	756	770	784	799	813	828	842	
301		857	871	885	900	914	929	943	958	972	986	
302	48	001	015	029	044	058	073	087	101	116	130	
303		144	159	173	187	202	216	230	244	259	273	15
304		287	302	316	330	344	359	373	387	401	416	1 1.5
305		430	444	458	473	487	501	515	530	544	558	2 3.0
306		572	586	601	615	629	643	657	671	686	700	3 4.5
307		714	728	742	756	770	785	799	813	827	841	4 6.0
308		855	869	883	897	911	926	940	954	968	982	5 7.5
309		996	*010	*024	*038	*052	*066	*080	*094	*108	*122	6 9.0
310	49	136	150	164	178	192	206	220	234	248	262	7 10.5
311		276	290	304	318	332	346	360	374	388	402	8 12.0
312		415	429	443	457	471	485	499	513	527	541	9 13.5
313		554	568	582	596	610	624	638	651	665	679	
314		693	707	721	734	748	762	776	790	803	817	log $\pi = 0.49715$
315		831	845	859	872	886	900	914	927	941	955	14
316		969	982	996	*010	*024	*037	*051	*065	*079	*092	1 1.4
317	50	106	120	133	147	161	174	188	202	215	229	2 2.8
318		243	256	270	284	297	311	325	338	352	365	3 4.2
319		379	393	406	420	433	447	461	474	488	501	4 5.6
320		515	529	542	556	569	583	596	610	623	637	5 7.0
321		651	664	678	691	705	718	732	745	759	772	6 8.4
322		786	799	813	826	840	853	866	880	893	907	7 9.8
323		920	934	947	961	974	987	*001	*014	*028	*041	8 11.2
324	51	055	068	081	095	108	121	135	148	162	175	9 12.6
325		188	202	215	228	242	255	268	282	295	308	
326		322	335	348	362	375	388	402	415	428	441	13
327		455	468	481	495	508	521	534	548	561	574	1 1.3
328		587	601	614	627	640	654	667	680	693	706	2 2.6
329		720	733	746	759	772	786	799	812	825	838	3 3.9
330		851	865	878	891	904	917	930	943	957	970	4 5.2
331		983	996	*009	*022	*035	*048	*061	*075	*088	*101	5 6.5
332	52	114	127	140	153	166	179	192	205	218	231	6 7.8
333		244	257	270	284	297	310	323	336	349	362	7 9.1
334		375	388	401	414	427	440	453	466	479	492	8 10.4
335		504	517	530	543	556	569	582	595	608	621	9 11.7
336		634	647	660	673	686	699	711	724	737	750	
337		763	776	789	802	815	827	840	853	866	879	
338		892	905	917	930	943	956	969	982	994	*007	
339	53	020	033	046	058	071	084	097	110	122	135	12
340		148	161	173	186	199	212	224	237	250	263	1 1.2
341		275	288	301	314	326	339	352	364	377	390	2 2.4
342		403	415	428	441	453	466	479	491	504	517	3 3.6
343		529	542	555	567	580	593	605	618	631	643	4 4.8
344		656	668	681	694	706	719	732	744	757	769	5 6.0
345		782	794	807	820	832	845	857	870	882	895	6 7.2
346		908	920	933	945	958	970	983	995	*008	*020	7 8.4
347	54	033	045	058	070	083	095	108	120	133	145	8 9.6
348		158	170	183	195	208	220	233	245	258	270	9 10.8
349		283	295	307	320	332	345	357	370	382	394	
350		407	419	432	444	456	469	481	494	506	518	
N.	L.	o	i	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Prop. Parts
0° 5' = 300"	S.	4.68	557	T.	4.68	558	0° 54' = 3240"	S.	4.68	556	T.	4.68 561
0 6 = 360			557			558	0 55 = 3300			556		561
							0 56 = 3360			556		561
0 50 = 3000				556		561	0 57 = 3420			555		561
0 51 = 3060				556		561	0 58 = 3480			555		562
0 52 = 3120				556		561	0 59 = 3540			555		562
0 53 = 3180				556		561						

TABLE I

350-400

N.	L.	o	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Prop. Parts	
350	54	407	419	432	444	456	469	481	494	506	518		
351		531	543	555	568	580	593	605	617	630	642		
352		654	667	679	691	704	716	728	741	753	765		
353		777	790	802	814	827	839	851	864	876	888		
354		900	913	925	937	949	962	974	986	998	*011	13	
355	55	023	035	047	060	072	084	096	108	121	133	1	
356		145	157	169	182	194	206	218	230	242	255	2	
357		267	279	291	303	315	328	340	352	364	376	3	
358		388	400	413	425	437	449	461	473	485	497	4	
359		509	522	534	546	558	570	582	594	606	618	5	
360		630	642	654	666	678	691	703	715	727	739	6	
361		751	763	775	787	799	811	823	835	847	859	7	
362		871	883	895	907	919	931	943	955	967	979	8	
363		991	*003	*015	*027	*038	*050	*062	*074	*086	*098	9	
364	56	110	122	134	146	158	170	182	194	205	217	10.4	
365		229	241	253	265	277	289	301	312	324	336	12	
366		348	360	372	384	396	407	419	431	443	455	1	
367		467	478	490	502	514	526	538	549	561	573	2	
368		585	597	608	620	632	644	656	667	679	691	3	
369		703	714	726	738	750	761	773	785	797	808	4	
370		820	832	844	855	867	879	891	902	914	926	5	
371		937	949	961	972	984	996	*008	*019	*031	*043	6	
372	57	054	066	078	089	101	113	124	136	148	159	7	
373		171	183	194	206	217	229	241	252	264	276	8	
374		287	299	310	322	334	345	357	368	380	392	9	
375		403	415	426	438	449	461	473	484	496	507		
376		519	530	542	553	565	576	588	600	611	623		
377		634	646	657	669	680	692	703	715	726	738	11	
378		749	761	772	784	795	807	818	830	841	852	1	
379		864	875	887	898	910	921	933	944	955	967	2	
380		978	990	*001	*013	*024	*035	*047	*058	*070	*081	3	
381	58	092	104	115	127	138	149	161	172	184	195	4	
382		206	218	229	240	252	263	274	286	297	309	5	
383		320	331	343	354	365	377	388	399	410	422	6	
384		433	444	456	467	478	490	501	512	524	535	7	
385		546	557	569	580	591	602	614	625	636	647	8	
386		659	670	681	692	704	715	726	737	749	760	9	
387		771	782	794	805	816	827	838	850	861	872		
388		883	894	906	917	928	939	950	961	973	984		
389		995	*006	*017	*028	*040	*051	*062	*073	*084	*095	10	
390	59	106	118	129	140	151	162	173	184	195	207	1	
391		218	229	240	251	262	273	284	295	306	318	2	
392		329	340	351	362	373	384	395	406	417	428	3	
393		439	450	461	472	483	494	506	517	528	539	4	
394		550	561	572	583	594	605	616	627	638	649	5	
395		660	671	682	693	704	715	726	737	748	759	6	
396		770	780	791	802	813	824	835	846	857	868	7	
397		879	890	901	912	923	934	945	956	966	977	8	
398		988	999	*010	*021	*032	*043	*054	*065	*076	*086	9	
399	60	097	108	119	130	141	152	163	173	184	195		
400		206	217	228	239	249	260	271	282	293	304		
N.	L.	o	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Prop. Parts	
0°	5'	300"	S. 4.68	557	T. 4.68	558		1°	1' = 3660"	S. 4.68	555	T. 4.68	562
0	6	= 360		557		558		1	2 = 3720		555		562
0	7	= 420		557		558		1	3 = 3780		555		562
								1	4 = 3840		555		563
0	58	= 3480			555		562	1	5 = 3900		555		563
0	59	= 3540			555		562	1	6 = 3960		555		563
1	0	= 3600			555		562	1	7 = 4020		555		563

TABLE I

400-450

N.	L.	o	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Prop. Parts	
400	60	206	217	228	239	249	260	271	282	293	304		
401		314	325	336	347	358	369	379	390	401	412		
402		423	433	444	455	466	477	487	498	509	520		
403		531	541	552	563	574	584	595	606	617	627		
404		638	649	660	670	681	692	703	713	724	735		
405		746	756	767	778	788	799	810	821	831	842	11	
406		853	863	874	885	895	906	917	927	938	949	1 1.1	
407		959	970	981	991	*002	*013	*023	*034	*045	*055	2 2.2	
408	61	066	077	087	098	109	119	130	140	151	162	3 3.3	
409		172	183	194	204	215	225	236	247	257	268	4 4.4	
410		278	289	300	310	321	331	342	352	363	374	5 5.5	
411		384	395	405	416	426	437	448	458	469	479	6 6.6	
412		490	500	511	521	532	542	553	563	574	584	7 7.7	
413		595	606	616	627	637	648	658	669	679	690	8 8.8	
414		700	711	721	731	742	752	763	773	784	794	9 9.9	
415		805	815	826	836	847	857	868	878	888	899		
416		909	920	930	941	951	962	972	982	993	*003		
417	62	014	024	034	045	055	066	076	086	097	107		
418		118	128	138	149	159	170	180	190	201	211		
419		221	232	242	252	263	273	284	294	304	315		
420		325	335	346	356	366	377	387	397	408	418	10	
421		428	439	449	459	469	480	490	500	511	521	1 1.0	
422		531	542	552	562	572	583	593	603	613	624	2 2.0	
423		634	644	655	665	675	685	696	706	716	726	3 3.0	
424		737	747	757	767	778	788	798	808	818	829	4 4.0	
425		839	849	859	870	880	890	900	910	921	931	5 5.0	
426		941	951	961	972	982	992	*002	*012	*022	*033	6 6.0	
427	63	043	053	063	073	083	094	104	114	124	134	7 7.0	
428		144	155	165	175	185	195	205	215	225	236	8 8.0	
429		246	256	266	276	286	296	306	317	327	337	9 9.0	
430		347	357	367	377	387	397	407	417	428	438		
431		448	458	468	478	488	498	508	518	528	538		
432		548	558	568	579	589	599	609	619	629	639		
433		649	659	669	679	689	699	709	719	729	739		
434		749	759	769	779	789	799	809	819	829	839		
435		849	859	869	879	889	899	909	919	929	939		
436		949	959	969	979	988	998	*008	*018	*028	*038	9	
437	64	048	058	068	078	088	098	108	118	128	137	1 0.9	
438		147	157	167	177	187	197	207	217	227	237	2 1.8	
439		246	256	266	276	286	296	306	316	326	335	3 2.7	
440		345	355	365	375	385	395	404	414	424	434	4 3.6	
441		444	454	464	473	483	493	503	513	523	532	5 4.5	
442		542	552	562	572	582	591	601	611	621	631	6 5.4	
443		640	650	660	670	680	689	699	709	719	729	7 6.3	
444		738	748	758	768	777	787	797	807	816	826	8 7.2	
445		836	846	856	865	875	885	895	904	914	924	9 8.1	
446		933	943	953	963	972	982	992	*002	*011	*021		
447	65	031	040	050	060	070	079	089	099	108	118		
448		128	137	147	157	167	176	186	196	205	215		
449		225	234	244	254	263	273	283	292	302	312		
450		321	331	341	350	360	369	379	389	398	408		
N.	L.	o	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Prop. Parts	
0°	6'	= 360''	S. 4.68	557	T. 4.68	558	1°	9'	= 4140''	S. 4.68	555	T. 4.68	563
0	7	= 420		557		558	1	10	= 4200		554		563
0	8	= 480		557		558	1	11	= 4260		554		564
							1	12	= 4320		554		564
1	6	= 3960		555		563	1	13	= 4380		554		564
1	7	= 4020		555		563	1	14	= 4440		554		564
1	8	= 4080		555		563	1	15	= 4500		554		564

TABLE I

450-500

N.	L.	o	i	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Prop. Parts
450	65	321	331	341	350	360	369	379	389	398	408	
451		418	427	437	447	456	466	475	485	495	504	
452		514	523	533	543	552	562	571	581	591	600	
453		610	619	629	639	648	658	667	677	686	696	
454		706	715	725	734	744	753	763	772	782	792	
455		801	811	820	830	839	849	858	868	877	887	
456		896	906	916	925	935	944	954	963	973	982	10
457		992	*001	*011	*020	*030	*039	*049	*058	*068	*077	1 1.0
458	56	087	096	106	115	124	134	143	153	162	172	2 2.0
459		181	191	200	210	219	229	238	247	257	266	3 3.0
460		276	285	295	304	314	323	332	342	351	361	4 4.0
461		370	380	389	398	408	417	427	436	445	455	5 5.0
462		464	474	483	492	502	511	521	530	539	549	6 6.0
463		558	567	577	586	596	605	614	624	633	642	7 7.0
464		652	661	671	680	689	699	708	717	727	736	8 8.0
465		745	755	764	773	783	792	801	811	820	829	9 9.0
466		839	848	857	867	876	885	894	904	913	922	
467		932	941	950	960	969	978	987	*997	*006	*015	
468	67	025	034	043	052	062	071	080	089	099	108	
469		117	127	136	145	154	164	173	182	191	201	
470		210	219	228	237	247	256	265	274	284	293	9
471		302	311	321	330	339	348	357	367	376	385	1 0.9
472		394	403	413	422	431	440	449	459	468	477	2 1.8
473		486	495	504	514	523	532	541	550	560	569	3 2.7
474		578	587	596	605	614	624	633	642	651	660	4 3.6
475		669	679	688	697	706	715	724	733	742	752	5 4.5
476		761	770	779	788	797	806	815	825	834	843	6 5.4
477		852	861	870	879	888	897	906	916	925	934	7 6.3
478		943	952	961	970	979	988	997	*006	*015	*024	8 7.2
479	68	034	043	052	061	070	079	088	097	106	115	9 8.1
480		124	133	142	151	160	169	178	187	196	205	
481		215	224	233	242	251	260	269	278	287	296	
482		305	314	323	332	341	350	359	368	377	386	
483		395	404	413	422	431	440	449	458	467	476	
484		485	494	502	511	520	529	538	547	556	565	
485		574	583	592	601	610	619	628	637	646	655	
486		664	673	681	690	699	708	717	726	735	744	8
487		753	762	771	780	789	797	806	815	824	833	1 0.8
488		842	851	860	869	878	886	895	904	913	922	2 1.6
489		931	940	949	958	966	975	984	993	*002	*011	3 2.4
490	69	020	028	037	046	055	064	073	082	090	099	4 3.2
491		108	117	126	135	144	152	161	170	179	188	5 4.0
492		197	205	214	223	232	241	249	258	267	276	6 4.8
493		285	294	302	311	320	329	338	346	355	364	7 5.6
494		373	381	390	399	408	417	425	434	443	452	8 6.4
495		461	469	478	487	496	504	513	522	531	539	9 7.2
496		548	557	566	574	583	592	601	609	618	627	
497		636	644	653	662	671	679	688	697	705	714	
498		723	732	740	749	758	767	775	784	793	801	
499		810	819	827	836	845	854	862	871	880	888	
500		897	906	914	923	932	940	949	958	966	975	
N.	L.	o	i	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Prop. Parts
0°	7'	= 420"	S. 4.68	557	T. 4.68	558		1° 18'	= 4680"	S. 4.68	554	T. 4.68 565
0	8	= 480		557		558		1	19	= 4740		554 565
0	9	= 540		557		558		1	20	= 4800		554 565
								1	21	= 4860		553 566
1	15	= 4500		554		564		1	22	= 4920		553 566
1	16	= 4560		554		565		1	23	= 4980		553 566
1	17	= 4620		554		565		1	24	= 5040		553 566

TABLE I

500-550

N.	L.	o	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Prop. Parts	
500	69	897	906	914	923	932	940	949	958	966	975		
501		984	992	*001	*010	*018	*027	*036	*044	*053	*062		
502	70	070	079	088	096	105	114	122	131	140	148		
503		157	165	174	183	191	200	209	217	226	234		
504		243	252	260	269	278	286	295	303	312	321		
505		329	338	346	355	364	372	381	389	398	406	9	
506		415	424	432	441	449	458	467	475	484	492	1 0.9	
507		501	509	518	526	535	544	552	561	569	578	2 1.8	
508		586	595	603	612	621	629	638	646	655	663	3 2.7	
509		672	680	689	697	706	714	723	731	740	749	4 3.6	
510		757	766	774	783	791	800	808	817	825	834	5 4.5	
511		842	851	859	868	876	885	893	902	910	919	6 5.4	
512		927	935	944	952	961	969	978	986	995	*003	7 6.3	
513	71	012	020	029	037	046	054	063	071	079	088	8 7.2	
514		096	105	113	122	130	139	147	155	164	172	9 8.1	
515		181	189	198	206	214	223	231	240	248	257		
516		265	273	282	290	299	307	315	324	332	341		
517		349	357	366	374	383	391	399	408	416	425		
518		433	441	450	458	466	475	483	492	500	508		
519		517	525	533	542	550	559	567	575	584	592		
520		600	609	617	625	634	642	650	659	667	675	8	
521		684	692	700	709	717	725	734	742	750	759	1 0.8	
522		767	775	784	792	800	809	817	825	834	842	2 1.6	
523		850	858	867	875	883	892	900	908	917	925	3 2.4	
524		933	941	950	958	966	975	983	991	999	*008	4 3.2	
525	72	016	024	032	041	049	057	066	074	082	090	5 4.0	
526		099	107	115	123	132	140	148	156	165	173	6 4.8	
527		181	189	198	206	214	222	230	239	247	255	7 5.6	
528		263	272	280	288	296	304	313	321	329	337	8 6.4	
529		346	354	362	370	378	387	395	403	411	419	9 7.2	
530		428	436	444	452	460	469	477	485	493	501		
531		509	518	526	534	542	550	558	567	575	583		
532		591	599	607	616	624	632	640	648	656	665		
533		673	681	689	697	705	713	722	730	738	746		
534		754	762	770	779	787	795	803	811	819	827		
535		835	843	852	860	868	876	884	892	900	908	7	
536		916	925	933	941	949	957	965	973	981	989	1 0.7	
537		997	*006	*014	*022	*030	*038	*046	*054	*062	*070	2 1.4	
538	73	078	086	094	102	111	119	127	135	143	151	3 2.1	
539		159	167	175	183	191	199	207	215	223	231	4 2.8	
540		239	247	255	263	272	280	288	296	304	312	5 3.5	
541		320	328	336	344	352	360	368	376	384	392	6 4.2	
542		400	408	416	424	432	440	448	456	464	472	7 4.9	
543		480	488	496	504	512	520	528	536	544	552	8 5.6	
544		560	568	576	584	592	600	608	616	624	632	9 6.3	
545		640	648	656	664	672	679	687	695	703	711		
546		719	727	735	743	751	759	767	775	783	791		
547		799	807	815	823	830	838	846	854	862	870		
548		878	886	894	902	910	918	926	933	941	949		
549		957	965	973	981	989	997	*005	*013	*020	*028		
550	74	036	044	052	060	068	076	084	092	099	107		
N.	L.	o	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Prop. Parts	
0°	8'	480"	S. 4.68	557	T. 4.68	558	1°	26'	=5160"	S. 4.68	553	T. 4.68	567
0	9	= 540		557		558	1	27	=5220		553		567
0	10	= 600		557		558	1	28	=5280		553		567
							1	29	=5340		553		567
1	23	= 4980		553		566	1	30	=5400		553		567
1	24	= 5040		553		566	1	31	=5460		552		568
1	25	= 5100		553		566	1	32	=5520		552		568

TABLE I

550-600

N.	L.	o	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Prop. Parts		
550	74	036	044	052	060	068	076	084	092	099	107			
551		115	123	131	139	147	155	162	170	178	186			
552		194	202	210	218	225	233	241	249	257	265			
553		273	280	288	296	304	312	320	327	335	343			
554		351	359	367	374	382	390	398	406	414	421			
555		429	437	445	453	461	468	476	484	492	500			
556		507	515	523	531	539	547	554	562	570	578			
557		586	593	601	609	617	624	632	640	648	656			
558		663	671	679	687	695	702	710	718	726	733			
559		741	749	757	764	772	780	788	796	803	811			
560		819	827	834	842	850	858	865	873	881	889			
561		896	904	912	920	927	935	943	950	958	966			
562		974	981	989	997	*005	*012	*020	*028	*035	*043			
563	75	051	059	066	074	082	089	097	105	113	120			
564		128	136	143	151	159	166	174	182	189	197			
565		205	213	220	228	236	243	251	259	266	274			
566		282	289	297	305	312	320	328	335	343	351			
567		358	366	374	381	389	397	404	412	420	427			
568		435	442	450	458	465	473	481	488	496	504			
569		511	519	526	534	542	549	557	565	572	580			
570		587	595	603	610	618	626	633	641	648	656			
571		664	671	679	686	694	702	709	717	724	732			
572		740	747	755	762	770	778	785	793	800	808			
573		815	823	831	838	846	853	861	868	876	884			
574		891	899	906	914	921	929	937	944	952	959			
575		967	974	982	989	997	*005	*012	*020	*027	*035			
576	76	042	050	057	065	072	080	087	095	103	110			
577		118	125	133	140	148	155	163	170	178	185			
578		193	200	208	215	223	230	238	245	253	260			
579		268	275	283	290	298	305	313	320	328	335			
580		343	350	358	365	373	380	388	395	403	410			
581		418	425	433	440	448	455	462	470	477	485			
582		492	500	507	515	522	530	537	545	552	559			
583		567	574	582	589	597	604	612	619	626	634			
584		641	649	656	664	671	678	686	693	701	708			
585		716	723	730	738	745	753	760	768	775	782			
586		790	797	805	812	819	827	834	842	849	856			
587		864	871	879	886	893	901	908	916	923	930			
588		938	945	953	960	967	975	982	989	997	*004			
589	77	012	019	026	034	041	048	056	063	070	078			
590		085	093	100	107	115	122	129	137	144	151			
591		159	166	173	181	188	195	203	210	217	225			
592		232	240	247	254	262	269	276	283	291	298			
593		305	313	320	327	335	342	349	357	364	371			
594		379	386	393	401	408	415	422	430	437	444			
595		452	459	466	474	481	488	495	503	510	517			
596		525	532	539	546	554	561	568	576	583	590			
597		597	605	612	619	627	634	641	648	656	663			
598		670	677	685	692	699	706	714	721	728	735			
599		743	750	757	764	772	779	786	793	801	808			
600		815	822	830	837	844	851	859	866	873	880			
N.	L.	o	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Prop. Parts		
0°	9'	= 540"	S. 4.68	557	T. 4.68	558		1°	35'	= 5700"	S. 4.68	552	T. 4.68	569
0	10	= 600		557		558		1	36	= 5760		552		569
								1	37	= 5820		552		569
1	31	= 5460		552		568		1	38	= 5880		552		569
1	32	= 5520		552		568		1	39	= 5940		551		569
1	33	= 5580		552		568		1	40	= 6000		551		570
1	34	= 5640		552		568								

TABLE I

600-650

N.	L.	o	i	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Prop. Parts
600	77	815	822	830	837	844	851	859	866	873	880	
601		887	895	902	909	916	924	931	938	945	952	
602		960	967	974	981	988	996	*003	*010	*017	*025	
603	78	032	039	046	053	061	068	075	082	089	097	
604		104	111	118	125	132	140	147	154	161	168	
605		176	183	190	197	204	211	219	226	233	240	8
606		247	254	262	269	276	283	290	297	305	312	1 0.8
607		319	326	333	340	347	355	362	369	376	383	2 1.6
608		390	398	405	412	419	426	433	440	447	455	3 2.4
609		462	469	476	483	490	497	504	512	519	526	4 3.2
610		533	540	547	554	561	569	576	583	590	597	5 4.0
611		604	611	618	625	633	640	647	654	661	668	6 4.8
612		675	682	689	696	704	711	718	725	732	739	7 5.6
613		746	753	760	767	774	781	789	796	803	810	8 6.4
614		817	824	831	838	845	852	859	866	873	880	9 7.2
615		888	895	902	909	916	923	930	937	944	951	
616		958	965	972	979	986	993	*000	*007	*014	*021	
617	79	029	036	043	050	057	064	071	078	085	092	
618		099	106	113	120	127	134	141	148	155	162	
619		169	176	183	190	197	204	211	218	225	232	
620		239	246	253	260	267	274	281	288	295	302	7
621		309	316	323	330	337	344	351	358	365	372	1 0.7
622		379	386	393	400	407	414	421	428	435	442	2 1.4
623		449	456	463	470	477	484	491	498	505	511	3 2.1
624		518	525	532	539	546	553	560	567	574	581	4 2.8
625		588	595	602	609	616	623	630	637	644	650	5 3.5
626		657	664	671	678	685	692	699	706	713	720	6 4.2
627		727	734	741	748	754	761	768	775	782	789	7 4.9
628		796	803	810	817	824	831	837	844	851	858	8 5.6
629		865	872	879	886	893	900	906	913	920	927	9 6.3
630		934	941	948	955	962	969	975	982	989	996	
631	80	003	010	017	024	030	037	044	051	058	065	
632		072	079	085	092	099	106	113	120	127	134	
633		140	147	154	161	168	175	182	188	195	202	
634		209	216	223	229	236	243	250	257	264	271	
635		277	284	291	298	305	312	318	325	332	339	6
636		346	353	359	366	373	380	387	393	400	407	1 0.6
637		414	421	428	434	441	448	455	462	468	475	2 1.2
638		482	489	496	502	509	516	523	530	536	543	3 1.8
639		550	557	564	570	577	584	591	598	604	611	4 2.4
640		618	625	632	638	645	652	659	665	672	679	5 3.0
641		686	693	699	706	713	720	726	733	740	747	6 3.6
642		754	760	767	774	781	787	794	801	808	814	7 4.2
643		821	828	835	841	848	855	862	868	875	882	8 4.8
644		889	895	902	909	916	922	929	936	943	949	9 5.4
645		956	963	969	976	983	990	996	*003	*010	*017	
646	81	023	030	037	043	050	057	064	070	077	084	
647		090	097	104	111	117	124	131	137	144	151	
648		158	164	171	178	184	191	198	204	211	218	
649		224	231	238	245	251	258	265	271	278	285	
650		291	298	305	311	318	325	331	338	345	351	
N.	L.	o	i	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Prop. Parts
0° 10' = 600"	S.	4.68	557	T.	4.68	558		1° 44' = 6240"	S.	4.68	551	T. 4.68 571
0 11 = 660			557			558		1 45 = 6300			551	571
								1 46 = 6360			551	571
1 40 = 6000				551		570		1 47 = 6420			550	572
1 41 = 6060				551		570		1 48 = 6480			550	572
1 42 = 6120				551		570		1 49 = 6540			550	572
1 43 = 6180				551		570						

TABLE I

650-700

N.	L.	o	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Prop. Parts
650	81	291	298	305	311	318	325	331	338	345	351	
651		358	365	371	378	385	391	398	405	411	418	
652		425	431	438	445	451	458	465	471	478	485	
653		491	498	505	511	518	525	531	538	544	551	
654		558	564	571	578	584	591	598	604	611	617	
655		624	631	637	644	651	657	664	671	677	684	
656		690	697	704	710	717	723	730	737	743	750	
657		757	763	770	776	783	790	796	803	809	816	
658		823	829	836	842	849	856	862	869	875	882	
659		889	895	902	908	915	921	928	935	941	948	
660		954	961	968	974	981	987	994	*000	*007	*014	
661	82	020	027	033	040	046	053	060	066	073	079	7
662		086	092	099	105	112	119	125	132	138	145	1 0.7
663		151	158	164	171	178	184	191	197	204	210	2 1.4
664		217	223	230	236	243	249	256	263	269	276	3 2.1
665		282	289	295	302	308	315	321	328	334	341	4 2.8
666		347	354	360	367	373	380	387	393	400	406	5 3.5
667		413	419	426	432	439	445	452	458	465	471	6 4.2
668		478	484	491	497	504	510	517	523	530	536	7 4.9
669		543	549	556	562	569	575	582	588	595	601	8 5.6
670		607	614	620	627	633	640	646	653	659	666	9 6.3
671		672	679	685	692	698	705	711	718	724	730	
672		737	743	750	756	763	769	776	782	789	795	
673		802	808	814	821	827	834	840	847	853	860	
674		866	872	879	885	892	898	905	911	918	924	
675		930	937	943	950	956	963	969	975	982	988	
676		995	*001	*008	*014	*020	*027	*033	*040	*046	*052	
677	83	059	065	072	078	085	091	097	104	110	117	
678		123	129	136	142	149	155	161	168	174	181	
679		187	193	200	206	213	219	225	232	238	245	
680		251	257	264	270	276	283	289	296	302	308	6
681		315	321	327	334	340	347	353	359	366	372	1 0.6
682		378	385	391	398	404	410	417	423	429	436	2 1.2
683		442	448	455	461	467	474	480	487	493	499	3 1.8
684		506	512	518	525	531	537	544	550	556	563	4 2.4
685		569	575	582	588	594	601	607	613	620	626	5 3.0
686		632	639	645	651	658	664	670	677	683	689	6 3.6
687		696	702	708	715	721	727	734	740	746	753	7 4.2
688		759	765	771	778	784	790	797	803	809	816	8 4.8
689		822	828	835	841	847	853	860	866	872	879	9 5.4
690		885	891	897	904	910	916	923	929	935	942	
691		948	954	960	967	973	979	985	992	998	*004	
692	84	011	017	023	029	036	042	048	055	061	067	
693		073	080	086	092	098	105	111	117	123	130	
694		136	142	148	155	161	167	173	180	186	192	
695		198	205	211	217	223	230	236	242	248	255	
696		261	267	273	280	286	292	298	305	311	317	
697		323	330	336	342	348	354	361	367	373	379	
698		386	392	398	404	410	417	423	429	435	442	
699		448	454	460	466	473	479	485	491	497	504	
700		510	516	522	528	535	541	547	553	559	566	
N.	L.	o	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Prop. Parts
0° 10' = 600"	S.	4.68	557	T.	4.68	558	1° 51' = 6660"	S.	4.68	550	T.	4.68 573
0 11 = 660			557			558	1 52 = 6720			550		573
0 12 = 720			557			558	1 53 = 6780			550		573
							1 54 = 6840			550		573
1 48 = 6480				550		572	1 55 = 6900			549		574
1 49 = 6540				550		572	1 56 = 6960			549		574
1 50 = 6600				550		572	1 57 = 7020			549		574

TABLE I

700-750

N.	L.	o	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Prop. Parts
700	84	510	516	522	528	533	541	547	553	559	566	
701		572	578	584	590	597	603	609	615	621	628	
702		634	640	646	652	658	665	671	677	683	689	
703		696	702	708	714	720	726	733	739	745	751	
704		757	763	770	776	782	788	794	800	807	813	
705		819	825	831	837	844	850	856	862	868	874	7
706		880	887	893	899	905	911	917	924	930	936	1 0.7
707		942	948	954	960	967	973	979	985	991	997	2 1.4
708	85	003	009	016	022	028	034	040	046	052	058	3 2.1
709		065	071	077	083	089	095	101	107	114	120	4 2.8
710		126	132	138	144	150	156	163	169	175	181	5 3.5
711		187	193	199	205	211	217	224	230	236	242	6 4.2
712		248	254	260	266	272	278	285	291	297	303	7 4.9
713		309	315	321	327	333	339	345	352	358	364	8 5.6
714		370	376	382	388	394	400	406	412	418	425	9 6.3
715		431	437	443	449	455	461	467	473	479	485	
716		491	497	503	509	516	522	528	534	540	546	
717		552	558	564	570	576	582	588	594	600	606	
718		612	618	625	631	637	643	649	655	661	667	
719		673	679	685	691	697	703	709	715	721	727	
720		733	739	745	751	757	763	769	775	781	788	6
721		794	800	806	812	818	824	830	836	842	848	1 0.6
722		854	860	866	872	878	884	890	896	902	908	2 1.2
723		914	920	926	932	938	944	950	956	962	968	3 1.8
724		974	980	986	992	998	*004	*010	*016	*022	*028	4 2.4
725	86	034	040	046	052	058	064	070	076	082	088	5 3.0
726		094	100	106	112	118	124	130	136	141	147	6 3.6
727		153	159	165	171	177	183	189	195	201	207	7 4.2
728		213	219	225	231	237	243	249	255	261	267	8 4.8
729		273	279	285	291	297	303	308	314	320	326	9 5.4
730		332	338	344	350	356	362	368	374	380	386	
731		392	398	404	410	415	421	427	433	439	445	
732		451	457	463	469	475	481	487	493	499	504	
733		510	516	522	528	534	540	546	552	558	564	
734		570	576	581	587	593	599	605	611	617	623	
735		629	635	641	646	652	658	664	670	676	682	5
736		688	694	700	705	711	717	723	729	735	741	1 0.5
737		747	753	759	764	770	776	782	788	794	800	2 1.0
738		806	812	817	823	829	835	841	847	853	859	3 1.5
739		864	870	876	882	888	894	900	906	911	917	4 2.0
740		923	929	935	941	947	953	958	964	970	976	5 2.5
741		982	988	994	999	*005	*011	*017	*023	*029	*035	6 3.0
742	87	040	046	052	058	064	070	075	081	087	093	7 3.5
743		099	105	111	116	122	128	134	140	146	151	8 4.0
744		157	163	169	175	181	186	192	198	204	210	9 4.5
745		216	221	227	233	239	245	251	256	262	268	
746		274	280	286	291	297	303	309	315	320	326	
747		332	338	344	349	355	361	367	373	379	384	
748		390	396	402	408	413	419	425	431	437	442	
749		448	454	460	466	471	477	483	489	495	500	
750		506	512	518	523	529	535	541	547	552	558	
N.	L.	o	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Prop. Parts
0° 11' = 660"	S.	4.68	557	T.	4.68	558	1° 59' = 7140"	S.	4.68	549	T.	4.68 575
0 12 = 720			557			558	2 0 = 7200			549		575
0 13 = 780			557			558	2 1 = 7260			549		575
							2 2 = 7320			548		576
1 56 = 6960				549		574	2 3 = 7380			548		576
1 57 = 7020				549		574	2 4 = 7440			548		576
1 58 = 7080				549		575	2 5 = 7500			548		577

TABLE I

750-800

N.	L.	o	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Prop. Parts
750	87	506	512	518	523	529	535	541	547	552	558	
751		564	570	576	581	587	593	599	604	610	616	
752		622	628	633	639	645	651	656	662	668	674	
753		679	685	691	697	703	708	714	720	726	731	
754		737	743	749	754	760	766	772	777	783	789	
755		795	800	806	812	818	823	829	835	841	846	
756		852	858	864	869	875	881	887	892	898	904	
757		910	915	921	927	933	938	944	950	955	961	
758		967	973	978	984	990	996	*001	*007	*013	*018	
759	88	024	030	036	041	047	053	058	064	070	076	
760		081	087	093	098	104	110	116	121	127	133	
761		138	144	150	156	161	167	173	178	184	190	
762		195	201	207	213	218	224	230	235	241	247	1 0.6
763		252	258	264	270	275	281	287	292	298	304	2 1.2
764		309	315	321	326	332	338	343	349	355	360	3 1.8
765		366	372	377	383	389	395	400	406	412	417	4 2.4
766		423	429	434	440	446	451	457	463	468	474	5 3.0
767		480	485	491	497	502	508	513	519	525	530	6 3.6
768		536	542	547	553	559	564	570	576	581	587	7 4.2
769		593	598	604	610	615	621	627	632	638	643	8 4.8
770		649	655	660	666	672	677	683	689	694	700	9 5.4
771		705	711	717	722	728	734	739	745	750	756	
772		762	767	773	779	784	790	795	801	807	812	
773		818	824	829	835	840	846	852	857	863	868	
774		874	880	885	891	897	902	908	913	919	925	
775		930	936	941	947	953	958	964	969	975	981	
776		986	992	997	*003	*009	*014	*020	*025	*031	*037	
777	89	042	048	053	059	064	070	076	081	087	092	
778		098	104	109	115	120	126	131	137	143	148	
779		154	159	165	170	176	182	187	193	198	204	
780		209	215	221	226	232	237	243	248	254	260	
781		265	271	276	282	287	293	298	304	310	315	1 5
782		321	326	332	337	343	348	354	360	365	371	2 0.5
783		376	382	387	393	398	404	409	415	421	426	3 1.5
784		432	437	443	448	454	459	465	470	476	481	4 2.0
785		487	492	498	504	509	515	520	526	531	537	5 2.5
786		542	548	553	559	564	570	575	581	586	592	6 3.0
787		597	603	609	614	620	625	631	636	642	647	7 3.5
788		653	658	664	669	675	680	686	691	697	702	8 4.0
789		708	713	719	724	730	735	741	746	752	757	9 4.5
790		763	768	774	779	785	790	796	801	807	812	
791		818	823	829	834	840	845	851	856	862	867	
792		873	878	883	889	894	900	905	911	916	922	
793		927	933	938	944	949	955	960	966	971	977	
794		982	988	993	998	*004	*009	*015	*020	*026	*031	
795	90	037	042	048	053	059	064	069	075	080	086	
796		091	097	102	108	113	119	124	129	135	140	
797		146	151	157	162	168	173	179	184	189	195	
798		200	206	211	217	222	227	233	238	244	249	
799		255	260	266	271	276	282	287	293	298	304	
800		309	314	320	325	331	336	342	347	352	358	
N.	L.	o	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Prop. Parts
0° 12' =	720''	S. 4.68	557	T. 4.68	558		2° 8' =	7680''	S. 4.68	547	T. 4.68	578
0 13 =	780		557		558		2 9 =	7740		547		578
0 14 =	840		557		558		2 10 =	7800		547		578
							2 11 =	7860		547		579
2 5 =	7500		548		577		2 12 =	7920		547		579
2 6 =	7560		548		577		2 13 =	7980		547		579
2 7 =	7620		548		577		2 14 =	8040		546		579

TABLE I

800-850

N.	L.	o	i	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Prop. Parts
800	90	309	314	320	325	331	336	342	347	352	358	
801		363	369	374	380	385	390	396	401	407	412	
802		417	423	428	434	439	445	450	455	461	466	
803		472	477	482	488	493	499	504	509	515	520	
804		526	531	536	542	547	553	558	563	569	574	
805		580	585	590	596	601	607	612	617	623	628	
806		634	639	644	650	655	660	666	671	677	682	
807		687	693	698	703	709	714	720	725	730	736	
808		741	747	752	757	763	768	773	779	784	789	
809		795	800	806	811	816	822	827	832	838	843	
810		849	854	859	865	870	875	881	886	891	897	
811		902	907	913	918	924	929	934	940	945	950	
812		956	961	966	972	977	982	988	993	998	*004	
813	91	009	014	020	025	030	036	041	046	052	057	1 0.6
814		062	068	073	078	084	089	094	100	105	110	2 1.2
815		116	121	126	132	137	142	148	153	158	164	3 1.8
816		169	174	180	185	190	196	201	206	212	217	4 2.4
817		222	228	233	238	243	249	254	259	265	270	5 3.0
818		275	281	286	291	297	302	307	312	318	323	6 3.6
819		328	334	339	344	350	355	360	365	371	376	7 4.2
820		381	387	392	397	403	408	413	418	424	429	8 4.8
821		434	440	445	450	455	461	466	471	477	482	9 5.4
822		487	492	498	503	508	514	519	524	529	535	
823		540	545	551	556	561	566	572	577	582	587	
824		593	598	603	609	614	619	624	630	635	640	
825		645	651	656	661	666	672	677	682	687	693	
826		698	703	709	714	719	724	730	735	740	745	
827		751	756	761	766	772	777	782	787	793	798	
828		803	808	814	819	824	829	834	840	845	850	
829		855	861	866	871	876	882	887	892	897	903	
830		908	913	918	924	929	934	939	944	950	955	
831		960	965	971	976	981	986	991	997	*002	*007	
832	92	012	018	023	028	033	038	044	049	054	059	1 0.5
833		065	070	075	080	085	091	096	101	106	111	2 1.0
834		117	122	127	132	137	143	148	153	158	163	3 1.5
835		169	174	179	184	189	195	200	205	210	215	4 2.0
836		221	226	231	236	241	247	252	257	262	267	5 2.5
837		273	278	283	288	293	298	304	309	314	319	6 3.0
838		324	330	335	340	345	350	355	361	366	371	7 3.5
839		376	381	387	392	397	402	407	412	418	423	8 4.0
840		428	433	438	443	449	454	459	464	469	474	9 4.5
841		480	485	490	495	500	505	511	516	521	526	
842		531	536	542	547	552	557	562	567	572	578	
843		583	588	593	598	603	609	614	619	624	629	
844		634	639	645	650	655	660	665	670	675	681	
845		686	691	696	701	706	711	716	722	727	732	
846		737	742	747	752	758	763	768	773	778	783	
847		788	793	799	804	809	814	819	824	829	834	
848		840	845	850	855	860	865	870	875	881	886	
849		891	896	901	906	911	916	921	927	932	937	
850		942	947	952	957	962	967	973	978	983	988	
N.	L.	o	i	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Prop. Parts
0° 13' = 780"	S.	4.68	557	T.	4.68	558	2° 16' = 8160"	S.	4.68	546	T.	4.68 580
0 14 = 840			557			558	2 17 = 8220			546		580
0 15 = 900			557			558	2 18 = 8280			546		581
							2 19 = 8340			546		581
2 13 = 7980				547		579	2 20 = 8400			545		582
2 14 = 8040				546		579	2 21 = 8460			545		582
2 15 = 8100				546		580	2 22 = 8520			545		582

TABLE I

850-900

N.	L.	o	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Prop. Parts
850	92	942	947	952	957	962	967	973	978	983	988	
851		993	998	*003	*008	*013	*018	*024	*029	*034	*039	
852	93	044	049	054	059	064	069	075	080	085	090	
853		095	100	105	110	115	120	125	131	136	141	
854		146	151	156	161	166	171	176	181	186	192	
855		197	202	207	212	217	222	227	232	237	242	6
856		247	252	258	263	268	273	278	283	288	293	1 0.6
857		298	303	308	313	318	323	328	334	339	344	2 1.2
858		349	354	359	364	369	374	379	384	389	394	3 1.8
859		399	404	409	414	420	425	430	435	440	445	4 2.4
860		450	455	460	465	470	475	480	485	490	495	5 3.0
861		500	505	510	515	520	526	531	536	541	546	6 3.6
862		551	556	561	566	571	576	581	586	591	596	7 4.2
863		601	606	611	616	621	626	631	636	641	646	8 4.8
864		651	656	661	666	671	676	682	687	692	697	9 5.4
865		702	707	712	717	722	727	732	737	742	747	
866		752	757	762	767	772	777	782	787	792	797	
867		802	807	812	817	822	827	832	837	842	847	
868		852	857	862	867	872	877	882	887	892	897	
869		902	907	912	917	922	927	932	937	942	947	
870		952	957	962	967	972	977	982	987	992	997	5
871	94	002	007	012	017	022	027	032	037	042	047	1 0.5
872		052	057	062	067	072	077	082	086	091	096	2 1.0
873		101	106	111	116	121	126	131	136	141	146	3 1.5
874		151	156	161	166	171	176	181	186	191	196	4 2.0
875		201	206	211	216	221	226	231	236	240	245	5 2.5
876		250	255	260	265	270	275	280	285	290	295	6 3.0
877		300	305	310	315	320	325	330	335	340	345	7 3.5
878		349	354	359	364	369	374	379	384	389	394	8 4.0
879		399	404	409	414	419	424	429	433	438	443	9 4.5
880		448	453	458	463	468	473	478	483	488	493	
881		498	503	507	512	517	522	527	532	537	542	
882		547	552	557	562	567	571	576	581	586	591	
883		596	601	606	611	616	621	626	630	635	640	
884		645	650	655	660	665	670	675	680	685	689	
885		694	699	704	709	714	719	724	729	734	738	4
886		743	748	753	758	763	768	773	778	783	787	1 0.4
887		792	797	802	807	812	817	822	827	832	836	2 0.8
888		841	846	851	856	861	866	871	876	880	885	3 1.2
889		890	895	900	905	910	915	919	924	929	934	4 1.6
890		939	944	949	954	959	963	968	973	978	983	5 2.0
891		988	993	998	*002	*007	*012	*017	*022	*027	*032	6 2.4
892	95	036	041	046	051	056	061	066	071	075	080	7 2.8
893		085	090	095	100	105	109	114	119	124	129	8 3.2
894		134	139	143	148	153	158	163	168	173	177	9 3.6
895		182	187	192	197	202	207	211	216	221	226	
896		231	236	240	245	250	255	260	265	270	274	
897		279	284	289	294	299	303	308	313	318	323	
898		328	332	337	342	347	352	357	361	366	371	
899		376	381	386	390	395	400	405	410	415	419	
900		424	429	434	439	444	448	453	458	463	468	
N.	L.	o	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Prop. Parts
0° 14' = 840"	S.	4.68	557	T.	4.68	558	2° 25' = 8700"	S.	4.68	545	T.	4.68 583
0 15 = 900			557			558	2 26 = 8760			544		584
							2 27 = 8820			544		584
2 21 = 8460			545			582	2 28 = 8880			544		584
2 22 = 8520			545			582	2 29 = 8940			544		585
2 23 = 8580			545			583	2 30 = 9000			544		585
2 24 = 8640			545			583						

TABLE I

900-950

N.	L.	o	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Prop. Parts	
900	95	424	429	434	439	444	448	453	458	463	468		
901		472	477	482	487	492	497	501	506	511	516		
902		521	525	530	535	540	545	550	554	559	564		
903		569	574	578	583	588	593	598	602	607	612		
904		617	622	626	631	636	641	646	650	655	660		
905		665	670	674	679	684	689	694	698	703	708		
906		713	718	722	727	732	737	742	746	751	756		
907		761	766	770	775	780	785	789	794	799	804		
908		809	813	818	823	828	832	837	842	847	852		
909		856	861	866	871	875	880	885	890	895	899		
910		904	909	914	918	923	928	933	938	942	947		
911		952	957	961	966	971	976	980	985	990	995	5	
912		999	*004	*009	*014	*019	*023	*028	*033	*038	*042	1 0.5	
913	96	047	052	057	061	066	071	076	080	085	090	2 1.0	
914		095	099	104	109	114	118	123	128	133	137	3 1.5	
915		142	147	152	156	161	166	171	175	180	185	4 2.0	
916		190	194	199	204	209	213	218	223	227	232	5 2.5	
917		237	242	246	251	256	261	265	270	275	280	6 3.0	
918		284	289	294	298	303	308	313	317	322	327	7 3.5	
919		332	336	341	346	350	355	360	365	369	374	8 4.0	
920		379	384	388	393	398	402	407	412	417	421	9 4.5	
921		426	431	435	440	445	450	454	459	464	468		
922		473	478	483	487	492	497	501	506	511	515		
923		520	525	530	534	539	544	548	553	558	562		
924		567	572	577	581	586	591	595	600	605	609		
925		614	619	624	628	633	638	642	647	652	656		
926		661	666	670	675	680	685	689	694	699	703		
927		708	713	717	722	727	731	736	741	745	750		
928		755	759	764	769	774	778	783	788	792	797		
929		802	806	811	816	820	825	830	834	839	844		
930		848	853	858	862	867	872	876	881	886	890		
931		895	900	904	909	914	918	923	928	932	937	4	
932		942	946	951	956	960	965	970	974	979	984	1 0.4	
933		988	993	997	*002	*007	*011	*016	*021	*025	*030	2 0.8	
934	97	035	039	044	049	053	058	063	067	072	077	3 1.2	
935		081	086	090	095	100	104	109	114	118	123	4 1.6	
936		128	132	137	142	146	151	155	160	165	169	5 2.0	
937		174	179	183	188	192	197	202	206	211	216	6 2.4	
938		220	225	230	234	239	243	248	253	257	262	7 2.8	
939		267	271	276	280	285	290	294	299	304	308	8 3.2	
940		313	317	322	327	331	336	340	345	350	354	9 3.6	
941		359	364	368	373	377	382	387	391	396	400		
942		405	410	414	419	424	428	433	437	442	447		
943		451	456	460	465	470	474	479	483	488	493		
944		497	502	506	511	516	520	525	529	534	539		
945		543	548	552	557	562	566	571	575	580	585		
946		589	594	598	603	607	612	617	621	626	630		
947		635	640	644	649	653	658	663	667	672	676		
948		681	685	690	695	699	704	708	713	717	722		
949		727	731	736	740	745	749	754	759	763	768		
950		772	777	782	786	791	795	800	804	809	813		
N.	L.	o	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Prop. Parts	
0° 15' = 900"	S.	4.68	557	T.	4.68	558	2° 34' = 9240"	S.	4.68	543	T.	4.68	587
0 16 = 960			557			558	2 35 = 9300			543		587	
							2 36 = 9360			543		587	
2 30 = 9000				544		585	2 37 = 9420			542		588	
2 31 = 9060				544		585	2 38 = 9480			542		588	
2 32 = 9120				543		586	2 39 = 9540			542		588	
2 33 = 9180				543		586							

TABLE I

950-1000

N.	L.	o	i	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Prop. Parts
950	97	772	777	782	786	791	795	800	804	809	813	
951		818	823	827	832	836	841	845	850	855	859	
952		864	868	873	877	882	886	891	896	900	905	
953		909	914	918	923	928	932	937	941	946	950	
954		955	959	964	968	973	978	982	987	991	996	
955	98	000	005	009	014	019	023	028	032	037	041	
956		046	050	055	059	064	068	073	078	082	087	
957		091	096	100	105	109	114	118	123	127	132	
958		137	141	146	150	155	159	164	168	173	177	
959		182	186	191	195	200	204	209	214	218	223	
960		227	232	236	241	245	250	254	259	263	268	
961		272	277	281	286	290	295	299	304	308	313	
962		318	322	327	331	336	340	345	349	354	358	
963		363	367	372	376	381	385	390	394	399	403	
964		408	412	417	421	426	430	435	439	444	448	
965		453	457	462	466	471	475	480	484	489	493	
966		498	502	507	511	516	520	525	529	534	538	
967		543	547	552	556	561	565	570	574	579	583	
968		588	592	597	601	605	610	614	619	623	628	
969		632	637	641	646	650	655	659	664	668	673	
970		677	682	686	691	695	700	704	709	713	717	
971		722	726	731	735	740	744	749	753	758	762	
972		767	771	776	780	784	789	793	798	802	807	
973		811	816	820	825	829	834	838	843	847	851	
974		856	860	865	869	874	878	883	887	892	896	
975		900	905	909	914	918	923	927	932	936	941	
976		945	949	954	958	963	967	972	976	981	985	
977		989	994	998	*003	*007	*012	*016	*021	*025	*029	
978	99	034	038	043	047	052	056	061	065	069	074	
979		078	083	087	092	096	100	105	109	114	118	
980		123	127	131	136	140	145	149	154	158	162	
981		167	171	176	180	185	189	193	198	202	207	
982		211	216	220	224	229	233	238	242	247	251	
983		255	260	264	269	273	277	282	286	291	295	
984		300	304	308	313	317	322	326	330	335	339	
985		344	348	352	357	361	366	370	374	379	383	
986		388	392	396	401	405	410	414	419	423	427	
987		432	436	441	445	449	454	458	463	467	471	
988		476	480	484	489	493	498	502	506	511	515	
989		520	524	528	533	537	542	546	550	555	559	
990		564	568	572	577	581	585	590	594	599	603	
991		607	612	616	621	625	629	634	638	642	647	
992		651	656	660	664	669	673	677	682	686	691	
993		695	699	704	708	712	717	721	726	730	734	
994		739	743	747	752	756	760	765	769	774	778	
995		782	787	791	795	800	804	808	813	817	822	
996		826	830	835	839	843	848	852	856	861	865	
997		870	874	878	883	887	891	896	900	904	909	
998		913	917	922	926	930	935	939	944	948	952	
999		957	961	965	970	974	978	983	987	991	996	
1000	00	000	004	009	013	017	022	026	030	035	039	
N.	L.	o	i	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Prop. Parts
0° 15' = 900"	S.	4.68	557	T.	4.68	558		2° 41' = 9660"	S.	4.68	542	T. 4.68 589
0 16 = 960			557			558		2 42 = 9720			541	590
0 17 = 1020			557			558		2 43 = 9780			541	590
								2 44 = 9840			541	590
								2 45 = 9900			541	591
2 38 = 9480				542		588		2 46 = 9960			541	591
2 39 = 9540				542		588		2 47 = 10020			540	592
2 40 = 9600				542		589						

TABLE I

1000-1050

N.	L.	o	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1000	000	0000	0434	0869	1303	1737	2171	2605	3039	3473	3907
1001		4341	4775	5208	5642	6076	6510	6943	7377	7810	8244
1002		8677	9111	9544	9977	*0411	*0844	*1277	*1710	*2143	*2576
1003	001	3009	3442	3875	4308	4741	5174	5607	6039	6472	6905
1004		7337	7770	8202	8635	9067	9499	9932	*0364	*0796	*1228
1005	002	1661	2093	2525	2957	3389	3821	4253	4685	5116	5548
1006		5980	6411	6843	7275	7706	8138	8569	9001	9432	9863
1007	003	0295	0726	1157	1588	2019	2451	2882	3313	3744	4174
1008		4605	5036	5467	5898	6328	6759	7190	7620	8051	8481
1009		8912	9342	9772	*0203	*0633	*1063	*1493	*1924	*2354	*2784
1010	004	3214	3644	4074	4504	4933	5363	5793	6223	6652	7082
1011		7512	7941	8371	8800	9229	9659	*0088	*0517	*0947	*1376
1012	005	1805	2234	2663	3092	3521	3950	4379	4808	5237	5666
1013		6094	6523	6952	7380	7809	8238	8666	9094	9523	9951
1014	006	0380	0808	1236	1664	2092	2521	2949	3377	3805	4233
1015		4660	5088	5516	5944	6372	6799	7227	7655	8082	8510
1016		8937	9365	9792	*0219	*0647	*1074	*1501	*1928	*2355	*2782
1017	007	3210	3637	4064	4490	4917	5344	5771	6198	6624	7051
1018		7478	7904	8331	8757	9184	9610	*0037	*0463	*0889	*1316
1019	008	1742	2168	2594	3020	3446	3872	4298	4724	5150	5576
1020		6002	6427	6853	7279	7704	8130	8556	8981	9407	9832
1021	009	0257	0683	1108	1533	1959	2384	2809	3234	3659	4084
1022		4509	4934	5359	5784	6208	6633	7058	7483	7907	8332
1023		8756	9181	9605	*0030	*0454	*0878	*1303	*1727	*2151	*2575
1024	010	3000	3424	3848	4272	4696	5120	5544	5967	6391	6815
1025		7239	7662	8086	8510	8933	9357	9780	*0204	*0627	*1050
1026	011	1474	1897	2320	2743	3166	3590	4013	4436	4859	5282
1027		5704	6127	6550	6973	7396	7818	8241	8664	9086	9509
1028		9931	*0354	*0776	*1198	*1621	*2043	*2465	*2887	*3310	*3732
1029	012	4154	4576	4998	5420	5842	6264	6685	7107	7529	7951
1030		8372	8794	9215	9637	*0059	*0480	*0901	*1323	*1744	*2165
1031	013	2587	3008	3429	3850	4271	4692	5113	5534	5955	6376
1032		6797	7218	7639	8059	8480	8901	9321	9742	*0162	*0583
1033	014	1003	1424	1844	2264	2685	3105	3525	3945	4365	4785
1034		5205	5625	6045	6465	6885	7305	7725	8144	8564	8984
1035		9403	9823	*0243	*0662	*1082	*1501	*1920	*2340	*2759	*3178
1036	015	3598	4017	4436	4855	5274	5693	6112	6531	6950	7369
1037		7788	8206	8625	9044	9462	9881	*0300	*0718	*1137	*1555
1038	016	1974	2392	2810	3229	3647	4065	4483	4901	5319	5737
1039		6155	6573	6991	7409	7827	8245	8663	9080	9498	9916
1040	017	0333	0751	1168	1586	2003	2421	2838	3256	3673	4090
1041		4507	4924	5342	5759	6176	6593	7010	7427	7844	8260
1042		8677	9094	9511	9927	*0344	*0761	*1177	*1594	*2010	*2427
1043	018	2843	3259	3676	4092	4508	4925	5341	5757	6173	6589
1044		7005	7421	7837	8253	8669	9084	9500	9916	*0332	*0747
1045	019	1163	1578	1994	2410	2825	3240	3656	4071	4486	4902
1046		5317	5732	6147	6562	6977	7392	7807	8222	8637	9052
1047		9467	9882	*0296	*0711	*1126	*1540	*1955	*2369	*2784	*3198
1048	020	3613	4027	4442	4856	5270	5684	6099	6513	6927	7341
1049		7755	8169	8583	8997	9411	9824	*0238	*0652	*1066	*1479
1050	021	1893	2307	2720	3134	3547	3961	4374	4787	5201	5614
N.	L.	o	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
2° 46' = 9 960'' S.	4.68	541	T. 4.68	591	2° 51' = 10 260'' S.	4.68	540	T. 4.68	593		
2 47 = 10 020		540		592	2 52 = 10 320		539		594		
2 48 = 10 080		540		592	2 53 = 10 380		539		594		
2 49 = 10 140		540		592	2 54 = 10 440		539		595		
2 50 = 10 200		540		593	2 55 = 10 500		539		595		

TABLE I

1050-1100

N.	L.	o	i	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1050	021	1893	2307	2720	3134	3547	3961	4374	4787	5201	5614
1051		6027	6440	6854	7267	7680	8093	8506	8919	9332	9745
1052	022	0157	0570	0983	1396	1808	2221	2634	3046	3459	3871
1053		4284	4696	5109	5521	5933	6345	6758	7170	7582	7994
1054		8406	8818	9230	9642	*0054	*0466	*0878	*1289	*1701	*2113
1055	023	2525	2936	3348	3759	4171	4582	4994	5405	5817	6228
1056		6639	7050	7462	7873	8284	8695	9106	9517	9928	*0339
1057	024	0750	1161	1572	1982	2393	2804	3214	3625	4036	4446
1058		4857	5267	5678	6088	6498	6909	7319	7729	8139	8549
1059		8960	9370	9780	*0190	*0600	*1010	*1419	*1829	*2239	*2649
1060	025	3059	3468	3878	4288	4697	5107	5516	5926	6335	6744
1061		7154	7563	7972	8382	8791	9200	9609	*0018	*0427	*0836
1062	026	1245	1654	2063	2472	2881	3289	3698	4107	4515	4924
1063		5333	5741	6150	6558	6967	7375	7783	8192	8600	9008
1064		9416	9824	*0233	*0641	*1049	*1457	*1865	*2273	*2680	*3088
1065	027	3496	3904	4312	4719	5127	5535	5942	6350	6757	7165
1066		7572	7979	8387	8794	9201	9609	*0016	*0423	*0830	*1237
1067	028	1644	2051	2458	2865	3272	3679	4086	4492	4899	5306
1068		5713	6119	6526	6932	7339	7745	8152	8558	8964	9371
1069		9777	*0183	*0590	*0996	*1402	*1808	*2214	*2620	*3026	*3432
1070	029	3838	4244	4649	5055	5461	5867	6272	6678	7084	7489
1071		7895	8300	8706	9111	9516	9922	*0327	*0732	*1138	*1543
1072	030	1948	2353	2758	3163	3568	3973	4378	4783	5188	5592
1073		5997	6402	6807	7211	7616	8020	8425	8830	9234	9638
1074	031	0043	0447	0851	1256	1660	2064	2468	2872	3277	3681
1075		4085	4489	4893	5296	5700	6104	6508	6912	7315	7719
1076		8123	8526	8930	9333	9737	*0140	*0544	*0947	*1350	*1754
1077	032	2157	2560	2963	3367	3770	4173	4576	4979	5382	5785
1078		6188	6590	6993	7396	7799	8201	8604	9007	9409	9812
1079	033	0214	0617	1019	1422	1824	2226	2629	3031	3433	3835
1080		4238	4640	5042	5444	5846	6248	6650	7052	7453	7855
1081		8257	8659	9060	9462	9864	*0265	*0667	*1068	*1470	*1871
1082	034	2273	2674	3075	3477	3878	4279	4680	5081	5482	5884
1083		6285	6686	7087	7487	7888	8289	8690	9091	9491	9892
1084	035	0293	0693	1094	1495	1895	2296	2696	3096	3497	3897
1085		4297	4698	5098	5498	5898	6298	6698	7098	7498	7898
1086		8298	8698	9098	9498	9898	*0297	*0697	*1097	*1496	*1896
1087	036	2295	2695	3094	3494	3893	4293	4692	5091	5491	5890
1088		6289	6688	7087	7486	7885	8284	8683	9082	9481	9880
1089	037	0279	0678	1076	1475	1874	2272	2671	3070	3468	3867
1090		4265	4663	5062	5460	5858	6257	6655	7053	7451	7849
1091		8248	8646	9044	9442	9839	*0237	*0635	*1033	*1431	*1829
1092	038	2226	2624	3022	3419	3817	4214	4612	5009	5407	5804
1093		6202	6599	6996	7393	7791	8188	8585	8982	9379	9776
1094	039	0173	0570	0967	1364	1761	2158	2554	2951	3348	3745
1095		4141	4538	4934	5331	5727	6124	6520	6917	7313	7709
1096		8106	8502	8898	9294	9690	*0086	*0482	*0878	*1274	*1670
1097	040	2066	2462	2858	3254	3650	4045	4441	4837	5232	5628
1098		6023	6419	6814	7210	7605	8001	8396	8791	9187	9582
1099		9977	*0372	*0767	*1162	*1557	*1952	*2347	*2742	*3137	*3532
1100	041	3927	4322	4716	5111	5506	5900	6295	6690	7084	7479
N.	L.	o	i	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
2° 55' = 10 500'' S.	4. 68	539	T. 4. 68	595		3° 0' = 10 800'' S.	4. 68	538	T. 4. 68	597	
2 56 = 10 560		539		595		3 1 = 10 860		537		598	
2 57 = 10 620		538		596		3 2 = 10 920		537		598	
2 58 = 10 680		538		596		3 3 = 10 980		537		599	
2 59 = 10 740		538		597		3 4 = 11 040		537		599	

TABLE II¹

LOGARITHMS OF TRIGONOMETRIC FUNCTIONS

Use of Table for Angles near 0° and 90°. When angles are near 0° or near 90°, interpolation based on the assumption of proportional change in angle and logarithm may give results considerably in error. For this reason it is convenient to introduce the functions S and T defined by the equations $S = \alpha/\sin \alpha$ and $T = \alpha/\tan \alpha$. The relative change of the functions S and T with respect to α is very small when α is less than 3° and, as a consequence, the required accuracy of the results is obtained by using them. On the first three pages of Table II the columns headed $\log S^*$ and $\log T$ give the common logarithms of S and T , respectively. The following formulas apply when the angle involved is less than 3°:

1. For angles less in magnitude than 3°.

- | | |
|---|---|
| <p>(a) $\log \sin \alpha = \log \alpha''\dagger - \log S.$</p> <p>(b) $\log \tan \alpha = \log \alpha'' - \log T.$</p> <p>(c) $\log \cot \alpha = \text{colog } \alpha'' + \log T,$
 $\quad = \text{colog } \tan \alpha.$</p> <p>(d) $\log \csc \alpha = \text{colog } \alpha'' + \log S.$</p> | <p>(e) $\log \alpha'' = \log \sin \alpha + \log S.$</p> <p>(f) $\log \alpha'' = \log \tan \alpha + \log T.$</p> <p>(g) $\log \alpha'' = \text{colog } \cot \alpha + \log T.$</p> <p>(h) $\log \alpha'' = \text{colog } \csc \alpha + \log S.$</p> |
|---|---|

2. For angles α such that $90^\circ - \alpha\dagger$ is less in magnitude than 3°.

- (i) $\log \cos \alpha = \log (90^\circ - \alpha)'' - \log S.$
- (j) $\log \cot \alpha = \log (90^\circ - \alpha)'' - \log T.$
- (k) $\log \tan \alpha = \text{colog } (90^\circ - \alpha)'' + \log T,$
 $\quad = \text{colog } \cot \alpha.$
- (l) $\log \sec \alpha = \text{colog } (90^\circ - \alpha)'' + \log S.$
- (m) $\log (90^\circ - \alpha)'' = \log \cos \alpha + \log S.$
- (n) $\log (90^\circ - \alpha)'' = \log \cot \alpha + \log T.$
- (o) $\log (90^\circ - \alpha)'' = \text{colog } \tan \alpha + \log T.$
- (p) $\log (90^\circ - \alpha)'' = \text{colog } \sec \alpha + \log S.$

To find θ when $\log \sin \theta = 8.46932 - 10$, we first find in the column headed $l \sin$ the entry nearest to 8.46932, namely, 8.46799. On one side of 8.46799 we read $\log S = 5.31449$, and on the other $1^\circ 41' = 6060''$. Hence, using formula (e), we write $\log \alpha = 8.46932 - 10 + 5.31449 = 3.78381$. Therefore $\alpha = 6078.7''$. Since $1^\circ 41' = 6060''$, $6078.7'' = 1^\circ 41' 19''$.

¹ From "Plane Trigonometry," by Lyman M. Kells, Willis F. Kern, and James R. Bland, used by permission of the publishers, McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc., New York.

* The function $\log S$ is often written $\text{cpl } S$, and the function $\log T$, is written $\text{cpl } T$.

† The symbol $\log \alpha''$ means in this connection the logarithm of the number of seconds in the angle.

‡ Since $\cos \alpha = \sin (90^\circ - \alpha)$, in this case $S = \frac{(90^\circ - \alpha)''}{\sin (90^\circ - \alpha)}$.

"	'	$\angle \sin$	$\log S$	$\angle \csc$	$\angle \tan$	$\log T$	$\angle \cot$	$\angle \sec$	$\angle \cos$	'
0	0	Inf. neg.	—	Infinite.	Inf. neg.	—	Infinite.	10.00000	10.00000	60
60	1	6.46373	5.31443	13.53627	6.46373	5.31443	13.53627	00000	00000	59
120	2	76476	5.31443	23524	76476	5.31443	23524	00000	00000	58
180	3	94085	5.31443	05915	94085	5.31443	05915	00000	00000	57
240	4	7.06579	5.31443	12.93421	7.06579	5.31442	12.93421	00000	00000	56
300	5	7.16270	5.31443	12.83730	7.16270	5.31442	12.83730	10.00000	10.00000	55
360	6	24188	5.31443	75812	24188	5.31442	75812	00000	00000	54
420	7	30882	5.31443	69118	30882	5.31442	69118	00000	00000	53
480	8	36682	5.31443	63318	36682	5.31442	63318	00000	00000	52
540	9	41797	5.31443	58203	41797	5.31442	58203	00000	00000	51
600	10	7.46373	5.31443	12.53627	7.46373	5.31442	12.53627	10.00000	10.00000	50
660	11	50512	5.31443	49488	50512	5.31442	49488	00000	00000	49
720	12	54291	5.31443	45709	54291	5.31442	45709	00000	00000	48
780	13	57767	5.31443	42233	57767	5.31442	42233	00000	00000	47
840	14	60985	5.31443	39015	60986	5.31442	39014	00000	00000	46
900	15	7.63982	5.31443	12.36018	7.63982	5.31442	12.36018	10.00000	10.00000	45
960	16	66784	5.31443	33216	66785	5.31442	33215	00000	00000	44
1020	17	69417	5.31443	30583	69418	5.31442	30582	00001	9.99999	43
1080	18	71900	5.31443	28100	71900	5.31442	28100	00001	9.99999	42
1140	19	74248	5.31443	25752	74248	5.31442	25752	00001	9.99999	41
1200	20	7.76476	5.31443	12.23525	7.76476	5.31442	12.23524	10.00001	9.99999	40
1260	21	78594	5.31443	21406	78595	5.31442	21405	00001	9.99999	39
1320	22	80615	5.31443	19385	80615	5.31442	19385	00001	9.99999	38
1380	23	82545	5.31443	17455	82546	5.31442	17454	00001	9.99999	37
1440	24	84393	5.31443	15607	84394	5.31442	15606	00001	9.99999	36
1500	25	7.86166	5.31443	12.13834	7.86167	5.31442	12.13833	10.00001	9.99999	35
1560	26	87870	5.31443	12130	87871	5.31442	12129	00001	9.99999	34
1620	27	89509	5.31443	10491	89510	5.31442	10490	00001	9.99999	33
1680	28	91088	5.31443	08912	91089	5.31442	08911	00001	9.99999	32
1740	29	92612	5.31443	07388	92613	5.31441	07387	00002	9.99998	31
1800	30	7.94084	5.31443	12.05916	7.94086	5.31441	12.05914	10.00002	9.99998	30
1860	31	95508	5.31443	04492	95510	5.31441	04490	00002	9.99998	29
1920	32	96887	5.31443	03113	96889	5.31441	03111	00002	9.99998	28
1980	33	98223	5.31443	01777	98225	5.31441	01775	00002	9.99998	27
2040	34	99520	5.31443	00480	99522	5.31441	00478	00002	9.99998	26
2100	35	8.00779	5.31443	11.99221	8.00781	5.31441	11.99219	10.00002	9.99998	25
2160	36	02002	5.31443	97998	02004	5.31441	97996	00002	9.99998	24
2220	37	03192	5.31443	96808	03194	5.31441	96806	00003	9.99997	23
2280	38	04350	5.31443	95650	04353	5.31441	95647	00003	9.99997	22
2340	39	05478	5.31443	94522	05481	5.31441	94519	00003	9.99997	21
2400	40	8.06578	5.31443	11.93422	8.06581	5.31441	11.93419	10.00003	9.99997	20
2460	41	07650	5.31444	92350	07653	5.31440	92347	00003	9.99997	19
2520	42	08696	5.31444	91304	08700	5.31440	91300	00003	9.99997	18
2580	43	09718	5.31444	90282	09722	5.31440	90278	00003	9.99997	17
2640	44	10717	5.31444	89283	10720	5.31440	89280	00004	9.99996	16
2700	45	8.11693	5.31444	11.88307	8.11696	5.31440	11.88304	10.00004	9.99996	15
2760	46	12647	5.31444	87353	12651	5.31440	87349	00004	9.99996	14
2820	47	13581	5.31444	86419	13585	5.31440	86415	00004	9.99996	13
2880	48	14495	5.31444	85505	14500	5.31440	85500	00004	9.99996	12
2940	49	15391	5.31444	84609	15395	5.31440	84605	00004	9.99996	11
3000	50	8.16268	5.31444	11.83732	8.16273	5.31439	11.83727	10.00005	9.99995	10
3060	51	17128	5.31444	82872	17133	5.31439	82867	00005	9.99995	9
3120	52	17971	5.31444	82029	17976	5.31439	82024	00005	9.99995	8
3180	53	18798	5.31444	81202	18804	5.31439	81196	00005	9.99995	7
3240	54	19610	5.31444	80390	19616	5.31439	80384	00005	9.99995	6
3300	55	8.20407	5.31444	11.79593	8.20413	5.31439	11.79587	10.00006	9.99994	5
3360	56	21189	5.31444	78811	21195	5.31439	78805	00006	9.99994	4
3420	57	21958	5.31445	78042	21964	5.31439	78036	00006	9.99994	3
3480	58	22713	5.31445	77287	22720	5.31438	77280	00006	9.99994	2
3540	59	23456	5.31445	76544	23462	5.31438	76538	00006	9.99994	1
3600	60	24186	5.31445	75814	24192	5.31438	75808	00007	9.99993	0
"	'	$\angle \cos$	$\angle \sec$	$\angle \cot$	$\angle \tan$	$\angle \csc$	$\angle \sin$	'		

TABLE II

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"	'	$\angle \sin$	$\log S$	$\angle \csc$	$\angle \tan$	$\log T$	$\angle \cot$	$\angle \sec$	$\angle \cos$	'
3600	0	8.24186	5.31445	11.75814	8.24192	5.31438	11.75808	10.00007	9.99993	60
3660	1	24903	5.31445	75097	24910	5.31438	75090	00007	99993	59
3720	2	25609	5.31445	74391	25616	5.31438	74384	00007	99993	58
3780	3	26304	5.31445	73696	26312	5.31438	73688	00007	99993	57
3840	4	26988	5.31445	73012	26996	5.31437	73004	00008	99992	56
3900	5	8.27661	5.31445	11.72339	8.27669	5.31437	11.72331	10.00008	9.99992	55
3960	6	28324	5.31445	71676	28332	5.31437	71668	00008	99992	54
4020	7	28977	5.31445	71023	28986	5.31437	71014	00008	99992	53
4080	8	29621	5.31445	70379	29629	5.31437	70371	00008	99992	52
4140	9	30255	5.31445	69745	30263	5.31437	69737	00009	99991	51
4200	10	8.30879	5.31446	11.69121	8.30888	5.31437	11.69112	10.00009	9.99991	50
4260	11	31495	5.31446	68505	31505	5.31436	68495	00009	99991	49
4320	12	32103	5.31446	67897	32112	5.31436	67888	00010	99990	48
4380	13	32702	5.31446	67298	32711	5.31436	67289	00010	99990	47
4440	14	33292	5.31446	66708	33302	5.31436	66698	00010	99990	46
4500	15	8.33875	5.31446	11.66125	8.33886	5.31436	11.66114	10.00010	9.99990	45
4560	16	34450	5.31446	65550	34461	5.31435	65539	00011	99989	44
4620	17	35018	5.31446	64982	35029	5.31435	64971	00011	99989	43
4680	18	35578	5.31446	64422	35590	5.31435	64410	00011	99989	42
4740	19	36131	5.31446	63869	36143	5.31435	63857	00011	99989	41
4800	20	8.36678	5.31446	11.63322	8.36689	5.31435	11.63311	10.00012	9.99988	40
4860	21	37217	5.31447	62783	37229	5.31434	62771	00012	99988	39
4920	22	37750	5.31447	62250	37762	5.31434	62238	00012	99988	38
4980	23	38276	5.31447	61724	38289	5.31434	61711	00013	99987	37
5040	24	38796	5.31447	61204	38809	5.31434	61191	00013	99987	36
5100	25	8.39310	5.31447	11.60690	8.39323	5.31434	11.60677	10.00013	9.99987	35
5160	26	39818	5.31447	60182	39832	5.31433	60168	00014	99986	34
5220	27	40320	5.31447	59680	40334	5.31433	59666	00014	99986	33
5280	28	40816	5.31447	59184	40830	5.31433	59170	00014	99986	32
5340	29	41307	5.31447	58693	41321	5.31433	58679	00015	99985	31
5400	30	8.41792	5.31447	11.58208	8.41807	5.31433	11.58193	10.00015	9.99985	30
5460	31	42272	5.31448	57728	42287	5.31432	57713	00015	99985	29
5520	32	42746	5.31448	57254	42762	5.31432	57238	00016	99984	28
5580	33	43216	5.31448	56784	43232	5.31432	56768	00016	99984	27
5640	34	43680	5.31448	56320	43696	5.31432	56304	00016	99984	26
5700	35	8.44139	5.31448	11.55861	8.44156	5.31431	11.55844	10.00017	9.99983	25
5760	36	44594	5.31448	55406	44611	5.31431	55389	00017	99983	24
5820	37	45044	5.31448	54956	45061	5.31431	54939	00017	99983	23
5880	38	45489	5.31448	54511	45507	5.31431	54493	00018	99982	22
5940	39	45930	5.31449	54070	45948	5.31431	54052	00018	99982	21
6000	40	8.46366	5.31449	11.53634	8.46385	5.31430	11.53615	10.00018	9.99982	20
6060	41	46799	5.31449	53201	46817	5.31430	53188	00019	99981	19
6120	42	47226	5.31449	52774	47245	5.31430	52755	00019	99981	18
6180	43	47650	5.31449	52350	47669	5.31430	52331	00019	99981	17
6240	44	48069	5.31449	51931	48089	5.31429	51911	00020	99980	16
6300	45	8.48485	5.31449	11.51515	8.48505	5.31429	11.51495	10.00020	9.99980	15
6360	46	48896	5.31449	51104	48917	5.31429	51083	00021	99979	14
6420	47	49304	5.31450	50696	49325	5.31428	50675	00021	99979	13
6480	48	49708	5.31450	50292	49729	5.31428	50271	00021	99979	12
6540	49	50108	5.31450	49892	50130	5.31428	49870	00022	99978	11
6600	50	8.50504	5.31450	11.49496	8.50527	5.31428	11.49473	10.00022	9.99978	10
6660	51	50897	5.31450	49103	50920	5.31427	49080	00023	99977	9
6720	52	51287	5.31450	48713	51310	5.31427	48690	00023	99977	8
6780	53	51673	5.31450	48327	51696	5.31427	48304	00023	99977	7
6840	54	52055	5.31450	47945	52079	5.31427	47921	00024	99976	6
6900	55	8.52434	5.31451	11.47566	8.52459	5.31426	11.47541	10.00024	9.99976	5
6960	56	52810	5.31451	47190	52835	5.31426	47165	00025	99975	4
7020	57	53183	5.31451	46817	53208	5.31426	46792	00025	99975	3
7080	58	53552	5.31451	46448	53578	5.31425	46422	00026	99974	2
7140	59	53919	5.31451	46081	53945	5.31425	46055	00026	99974	1
7200	60	54282	5.31451	45718	54308	5.31425	45692	00026	99974	0
"	'	$\angle \cos$	$\angle \sec$	$\angle \cot$	$\angle \tan$	$\angle \csc$	$\angle \sin$	'		

91°

88°

TABLE II

177°

"	'	$\angle \sin$	$\log S$	$\angle \csc$	$\angle \tan$	$\log T$	$\angle \cot$	$\angle \sec$	d 1'	$\angle \cos$	'
7200	0	8.54282	5.31451	11.45718	8.54308	5.31425	11.45692	10.00026	1	9.99974	60
7260	1	54642	5.31451	45358	54669	5.31425	45331	00027	1	99973	59
7320	2	54999	5.31452	45001	55027	5.31424	44973	00027	1	99973	58
7380	3	55354	5.31452	44646	55382	5.31424	44618	00028	1	99972	57
7440	4	55705	5.31452	44295	55734	5.31424	44266	00028	1	99972	56
7500	5	8.56054	5.31452	11.43946	8.56083	5.31423	11.43917	10.00029	1	9.99971	55
7560	6	56400	5.31452	43600	56429	5.31423	43571	00029	1	99971	54
7620	7	56743	5.31452	43257	56773	5.31423	43227	00030	1	99970	53
7680	8	57084	5.31453	42916	57114	5.31422	42886	00030	1	99970	52
7740	9	57421	5.31453	42579	57452	5.31422	42548	00031	1	99969	51
7800	10	8.57757	5.31453	11.42243	8.57788	5.31422	11.42212	10.00031	1	9.99969	50
7860	11	58089	5.31453	41911	58121	5.31421	41879	00032	1	99968	49
7920	12	58419	5.31453	41581	58451	5.31421	41549	00032	1	99968	48
7980	13	58747	5.31453	41253	58779	5.31421	41221	00033	1	99967	47
8040	14	59072	5.31454	40928	59105	5.31421	40895	00033	1	99967	46
8100	15	8.59395	5.31454	11.40608	8.59428	5.31420	11.40572	10.00033	1	9.99967	45
8160	16	59715	5.31454	40285	59749	5.31420	40251	00034	1	99966	44
8220	17	60033	5.31454	39967	60068	5.31420	39932	00034	1	99966	43
8280	18	60349	5.31454	39651	60384	5.31419	39616	00035	1	99965	42
8340	19	60662	5.31454	39338	60698	5.31419	39302	00036	1	99964	41
8400	20	8.60973	5.31455	11.39027	8.61009	5.31418	11.38991	10.00036	1	9.99964	40
8460	21	61282	5.31455	38718	61319	5.31418	38681	00037	1	99963	39
8520	22	61589	5.31455	38411	61626	5.31418	38374	00037	1	99963	38
8580	23	61894	5.31455	38106	61931	5.31417	38069	00038	1	99962	37
8640	24	62196	5.31455	37804	62234	5.31417	37766	00038	1	99962	36
8700	25	8.62497	5.31455	11.37503	8.62535	5.31417	11.37465	10.00039	1	9.99961	35
8760	26	62795	5.31456	37205	62834	5.31416	37166	00039	1	99961	34
8820	27	63091	5.31456	36909	63131	5.31416	36869	00040	1	99960	33
8880	28	63385	5.31456	36615	63426	5.31416	36574	00040	1	99960	32
8940	29	63678	5.31456	36322	63718	5.31415	36282	00041	1	99959	31
9000	30	8.63968	5.31456	11.36032	8.64009	5.31415	11.35991	10.00041	1	9.99959	30
9060	31	64256	5.31456	35744	64298	5.31415	35702	00042	1	99958	29
9120	32	64543	5.31457	35457	64585	5.31414	35415	00042	1	99958	28
9180	33	64827	5.31457	35173	64870	5.31414	35130	00043	1	99957	27
9240	34	65110	5.31457	34890	65154	5.31413	34846	00044	1	99956	26
9300	35	8.65391	5.31457	11.34609	8.65435	5.31413	11.34565	10.00044	1	9.99956	25
9360	36	65670	5.31457	34330	65715	5.31413	34285	00045	1	99955	24
9420	37	65947	5.31458	34053	65993	5.31412	34007	00045	1	99955	23
9480	38	66223	5.31458	33777	66269	5.31412	33731	00046	1	99954	22
9540	39	66497	5.31458	33503	66543	5.31412	33457	00046	1	99954	21
9600	40	8.66769	5.31458	11.33231	8.66816	5.31411	11.33184	10.00047	1	9.99953	20
9660	41	67039	5.31458	32961	67087	5.31411	32913	00048	1	99952	19
9720	42	67308	5.31459	32692	67356	5.31410	32644	00048	1	99952	18
9780	43	67575	5.31459	32425	67624	5.31410	32376	00049	1	99951	17
9840	44	67841	5.31459	32159	67890	5.31410	32110	00049	1	99951	16
9900	45	8.68104	5.31459	11.31896	8.68154	5.31409	11.31846	10.00050	1	9.99950	15
9960	46	68367	5.31459	31633	68417	5.31409	31583	00051	1	99949	14
10020	47	68627	5.31460	31373	68678	5.31408	31322	00051	1	99949	13
10080	48	68886	5.31460	31114	68938	5.31408	31062	00052	1	99948	12
10140	49	69144	5.31460	30856	69196	5.31408	30804	00052	1	99948	11
10200	50	8.69400	5.31460	11.30600	8.69453	5.31407	11.30547	10.00053	1	9.99947	10
10260	51	69654	5.31460	30346	69708	5.31407	30292	00054	1	99946	9
10320	52	69907	5.31461	30093	69962	5.31406	30038	00054	1	99946	8
10380	53	70159	5.31461	29841	70214	5.31406	29786	00055	1	99945	7
10440	54	70409	5.31461	29591	70465	5.31405	29535	00056	1	99944	6
10500	55	8.70658	5.31461	11.29342	8.70714	5.31405	11.29286	10.00056	1	9.99944	5
10560	56	70905	5.31461	29095	70962	5.31405	29038	00057	1	99943	4
10620	57	71151	5.31462	28849	71208	5.31404	28792	00058	1	99942	3
10680	58	71395	5.31462	28605	71453	5.31404	28547	00058	1	99942	2
10740	59	71638	5.31462	28362	71697	5.31403	28303	00059	1	99941	1
10800	60	71880	5.31462	28120	71940	5.31403	28060	00060	1	99940	0
"	'	$\angle \cos$	$\angle \sec$	$\angle \cot$	$\angle \tan$	$\angle \csc$	d 1'	$\angle \sin$	"	'	

92°

87°

TABLE II

176°

										Proportional Parts									
°	\sin	d	\csc	\tan	d	\cot	\sec	d	\cos	°	241	239	237	235	234	232	229		
0	8.	1'	11.	8.	1'	11.	10.	1'	9.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
1	71880	240	28120	71940	241	28060	00060	0	99940	1	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		
2	72120	239	27880	72181	239	27819	080	1	940	2	8	8	8	8	8	8	8		
3	359	238	641	420	239	580	061	1	939	3	12	12	12	12	12	12	11		
4	834	237	403	659	237	341	062	1	938	4	16	16	16	16	16	15	15		
5	73069	236	166	896	236	104	062	1	938	5	20	20	20	20	19	19	19		
6	303	234	26931	73132	234	26868	063	1	937	6	24	24	24	24	23	23	23		
7	535	232	697	366	234	634	064	1	936	7	28	28	28	27	27	27	27		
8	767	232	465	600	232	400	064	1	936	8	32	32	32	31	31	31	31		
9	997	229	233	832	231	168	065	1	935	9	36	36	36	35	35	35	34		
10	74226	228	003	74063	229	25937	066	1	934	10	40	40	40	39	39	39	38		
11	454	228	25774	292	229	708	066	1	934	11	44	44	43	43	43	43	42		
12	680	226	546	521	227	479	067	1	933	12	48	48	47	47	47	46	46		
13	906	226	320	748	226	252	068	1	932	13	52	52	51	51	51	50	50		
14	75130	224	094	974	225	026	068	1	932	14	56	56	55	55	55	54	53		
15	353	222	24870	75198	224	24801	069	1	931	15	60	60	59	59	59	58	57		
16	575	222	647	423	222	577	070	1	930	16	64	64	63	63	62	62	61		
17	795	220	425	645	222	355	071	1	929	17	68	68	67	67	66	66	65		
18	76015	220	205	867	222	133	071	1	929	18	72	72	71	70	70	70	69		
19	234	219	23985	76087	219	23913	072	1	928	19	76	76	75	74	74	73	73		
20	451	217	766	306	219	694	073	1	927	20	80	80	79	78	78	77	76		
21	661	216	549	525	217	475	074	1	926	21	84	84	83	82	82	81	80		
22	883	216	333	742	216	258	074	1	926	22	88	88	87	86	86	85	84		
23	77097	214	117	958	215	042	075	1	925	23	92	92	91	90	90	89	88		
24	310	212	22903	77173	214	22827	076	1	924	24	96	96	95	94	94	93	92		
25	522	211	690	387	214	613	077	1	923	25	100	100	99	98	97	97	95		
26	733	210	478	600	211	400	077	1	923	26	104	104	103	102	101	101	99		
27	943	209	267	811	211	189	078	1	922	27	108	108	107	106	105	104	103		
28	78152	208	057	78022	210	21978	079	1	921	28	112	112	111	110	109	108	107		
29	360	206	21848	232	209	768	080	1	920	29	116	116	115	114	113	112	111		
30	78568	206	640	441	208	559	080	1	920	30	120	120	118	118	117	116	114		
31	774	205	21432	78649	206	21351	00081	1	99919	31	125	123	122	121	121	120	118		
32	979	204	226	855	206	145	082	1	918	32	129	127	126	125	125	124	122		
33	79183	203	021	79061	205	20939	083	1	917	33	133	131	130	129	129	128	126		
34	386	202	20817	266	204	734	083	1	917	34	137	135	134	133	133	131	130		
35	588	201	614	470	203	580	084	1	916	35	141	139	138	137	137	135	134		
36	789	201	412	673	202	327	085	1	915	36	145	143	142	141	140	139	137		
37	990	201	211	875	201	125	086	1	914	37	149	147	146	145	144	143	141		
38	80189	199	010	80076	201	19924	087	1	913	38	153	151	150	149	148	147	145		
39	388	199	19811	277	199	723	087	1	912	39	157	155	154	153	152	151	149		
40	585	197	612	476	198	524	088	1	911	40	161	159	158	157	156	155	153		
41	782	197	415	674	198	328	089	1	910	41	165	163	162	161	160	159	156		
42	978	196	218	872	198	128	090	1	909	42	169	167	166	164	164	162	160		
43	81173	196	022	81068	196	18932	091	1	909	43	173	171	170	168	168	166	164		
44	367	194	18827	264	195	736	091	1	908	44	177	175	174	172	172	170	168		
45	560	193	633	459	194	541	092	1	907	45	181	179	178	176	175	174	172		
46	752	192	440	653	193	347	093	1	906	46	185	183	182	180	179	178	176		
47	944	192	248	846	192	154	094	1	905	47	189	187	186	184	183	182	179		
48	82134	190	056	82038	192	17962	095	1	904	48	193	191	190	188	187	186	183		
49	324	190	17866	230	190	770	096	1	904	49	197	195	194	192	191	189	187		
50	513	189	676	420	190	580	096	1	903	50	201	199	198	196	195	193	191		
51	701	188	487	610	189	390	097	1	902	51	205	203	201	200	199	197	195		
52	888	187	299	799	188	201	098	1	901	52	209	207	205	204	203	201	198		
53	83075	186	112	987	188	013	099	1	900	53	213	211	209	208	207	205	202		
54	261	186	16925	83175	186	18325	100	1	899	54	217	215	213	212	211	209	206		
55	446	185	739	361	186	639	101	1	898	55	221	219	217	215	215	213	210		
56	630	184	554	547	185	453	102	1	898	56	225	223	221	219	218	217	214		
57	813	183	370	732	185	268	103	1	897	57	229	227	225	223	222	220	218		
58	996	183	187	916	184	084	103	1	896	58	233	231	229	227	226	224	221		
59	84177	181	004	84100	184	15900	104	1	895	59	237	235	233	231	230	228	225		
60	84358	181	15823	282	182	718	105	1	894	60	241	239	237	235	234	232	229		
			15642	84464		15536	00106		99894										
°	\sin	d	\csc	\tan	d	\cot	\sec	d	\cos	°	241	239	237	235	234	232	229		
93°	8.	1'	11.	8.	1'	11.	10.	1'	9.	93°	241	239	237	235	234	232	229		

93°

86°

TABLE II

"	Proportional Parts																			
	227	225	223	220	217	215	213	211	208	206	203	201	199	197	195	193	192	189	187	185
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
2	8	8	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	6	6	6	6	6	6
3	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	9	9	9
4	15	15	15	15	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	12	12
5	19	19	19	18	18	18	18	18	17	17	17	17	17	17	16	16	16	16	15	15
6	23	22	22	22	22	22	21	21	21	21	20	20	20	20	20	19	19	19	18	18
7	26	26	26	26	25	25	25	25	24	24	24	23	23	23	23	22	22	22	21	21
8	30	30	30	29	29	29	28	28	28	27	27	27	27	27	26	26	26	25	25	24
9	34	34	33	33	33	32	32	32	31	31	30	30	30	29	29	29	28	28	27	27
10	38	38	37	37	36	36	36	35	35	34	34	34	33	33	32	32	32	31	31	30
11	42	41	41	40	40	39	39	38	38	37	37	37	36	36	36	35	35	34	34	33
12	45	45	45	44	43	43	43	42	42	41	41	40	40	39	39	38	38	37	37	36
13	49	49	48	48	47	47	46	46	45	45	44	44	43	43	42	42	41	41	40	39
14	53	52	52	51	51	50	50	49	49	48	47	47	46	46	45	45	44	44	43	42
15	57	56	56	55	54	54	53	53	52	51	51	50	50	49	48	48	47	47	46	45
16	61	60	59	59	58	57	57	56	55	55	54	54	53	53	52	51	51	50	49	48
17	64	64	63	62	61	61	60	60	59	58	58	57	56	55	55	54	54	53	52	51
18	68	68	67	66	65	64	64	63	62	61	60	60	59	58	58	57	56	55	54	53
19	72	71	71	70	69	68	67	66	65	64	64	63	62	62	61	61	60	59	58	57
20	76	75	74	73	72	72	71	70	69	68	67	66	66	65	64	64	63	62	61	60
21	79	79	78	77	76	75	75	74	73	72	71	70	69	68	68	67	66	65	64	63
22	83	82	82	81	80	79	78	77	76	75	74	73	72	72	71	70	69	68	67	66
23	87	86	85	84	83	82	81	80	79	78	77	76	75	74	73	72	71	70	69	68
24	91	90	89	88	87	86	85	84	83	82	81	80	79	78	77	76	75	74	73	72
25	95	94	93	92	90	90	89	88	87	86	85	84	83	82	81	80	79	78	77	76
26	98	98	97	95	94	93	92	91	90	89	88	87	86	85	84	83	82	81	80	79
27	102	101	100	99	98	97	96	95	94	93	91	90	89	88	87	86	85	84	83	82
28	106	105	104	103	101	100	99	98	97	96	95	94	93	92	91	90	89	88	87	86
29	110	109	108	106	105	104	103	102	101	100	98	97	96	95	94	93	92	91	90	89
30	114	112	112	110	108	108	106	106	104	103	102	100	100	98	98	96	96	94	94	92
31	117	116	115	114	112	111	110	109	107	106	105	104	103	102	101	100	99	98	97	96
32	121	120	119	117	116	115	114	113	111	110	108	107	106	105	104	103	102	101	100	99
33	125	124	123	121	119	118	117	116	114	113	112	111	109	108	107	106	105	104	103	102
34	129	128	126	125	123	122	121	120	118	117	115	114	113	112	110	109	107	106	105	104
35	132	131	130	128	127	125	124	123	121	120	118	117	116	115	114	113	112	110	109	108
36	136	135	134	132	130	129	128	127	125	124	122	121	119	118	117	116	115	113	112	111
37	140	139	138	136	134	133	131	130	128	127	125	124	123	121	120	119	118	117	115	114
38	144	142	141	139	137	136	135	134	132	130	129	127	126	125	124	122	122	120	118	117
39	148	146	145	143	141	140	138	137	135	134	132	131	129	128	127	125	125	123	122	120
40	151	150	149	147	145	143	142	141	139	137	135	134	133	131	130	129	128	126	125	123
41	155	154	152	150	148	147	146	144	142	141	139	137	136	135	133	132	131	129	128	126
42	159	158	156	154	152	150	149	148	146	144	142	141	139	138	136	135	134	132	131	130
43	163	161	160	158	156	154	153	151	149	148	145	144	143	141	140	138	138	135	134	133
44	166	165	164	161	159	158	156	155	153	151	149	147	146	144	143	142	141	139	137	136
45	170	169	167	165	163	161	160	158	156	155	152	151	149	148	146	145	144	142	140	139
46	174	172	171	169	166	165	163	162	159	158	156	154	153	151	150	148	147	145	143	142
47	178	176	175	172	170	168	167	165	163	161	159	157	156	154	153	151	150	148	146	145
48	182	180	178	176	174	172	170	169	166	165	162	161	159	158	156	154	154	151	150	148
49	185	184	182	180	177	176	174	172	168	166	164	163	161	159	158	156	157	154	153	151
50	189	188	186	183	181	179	178	176	173	172	169	168	166	164	162	161	160	158	156	154
51	193	191	190	187	184	183	181	179	177	175	173	171	169	167	166	164	163	161	159	157
52	197	195	193	191	188	186	185	183	180	179	176	174	172	171	169	167	166	164	162	160
53	201	199	197	194	192	190	188	186	184	182	179	178	176	174	172	170	170	167	165	163
54	204	202	201	198	195	194	192	190	187	185	183	181	179	177	176	174	173	170	168	166
55	208	206	204	202	199	197	195	193	191	189	186	184	182	181	179	177	176	173	171	168
56	212	210	208	205	203	201	199	197	194	192	189	188	186	184	182	180	179	176	173	171
57	216	214	212	209	206	204	202	200	198	196	193	191	189	187	185	183	182	180	178	176
58	219	218	216	213	210	208	206	204	201	199	196	194	192	190	188	187	186	183	181	179
59	223	221	219	216	213	211	209	207	205	203	200	198	196	194	192	190	189	186	184	182
60	227	225	223	220	217	215	213	211	208	206	203	201	199	197	195	193	192	189	187	185
"	227	225	223	220	217	215	213	211	208	206	203	201	199	197	195	193	192	189	187	185
Proportional Parts																				
"	227	225	223	220	217	215	213	211	208	206	203	201	199	197	195	193	192	189	187	185

TABLE II

175°

										Proportional Parts									
										182	181	179	177	176	175	174			
°	sin	d	sec	tan	d	cot	sec	d	cos	0	1	2	3	4	5	6			
'	8.	1'	11.	8.	1'	11.	10.	1'	9.	99894	99894	99894	99894	99894	99894	99894			
0	84358	181	15642	84464	182	15536	00106	1	89894	60	0	0	0	0	0	0			
1	539	179	461	646	180	354	107	1	89359	59	1	3	3	3	3	3			
2	718	179	282	826	180	174	108	1	89258	58	2	6	6	6	6	6			
3	897	179	103	85006	180	14994	109	1	89157	57	3	9	9	9	9	9			
4	85075	178	14925	185	179	815	109	1	89156	56	4	12	12	12	12	12			
5	252	177	748	363	177	637	110	1	89055	55	5	15	15	15	15	15			
6	429	177	571	540	177	460	111	1	88954	54	6	18	18	18	18	18			
7	605	176	395	717	176	283	112	1	88853	53	7	21	21	21	21	21			
8	780	175	220	893	176	107	113	1	88752	52	8	24	24	24	24	23			
9	955	175	045	86069	174	13931	114	1	88651	51	9	27	27	27	27	26			
10	86128	173	13872	243	174	757	115	1	88550	50	10	30	30	30	30	29			
11	301	173	699	417	174	583	116	1	88449	49	11	33	33	33	32	32			
12	474	173	526	591	172	409	117	1	88348	48	12	36	36	36	35	35			
13	645	171	355	763	172	237	118	1	88247	47	13	39	39	39	38	38			
14	816	171	184	935	171	065	119	1	88146	46	14	42	42	42	41	41			
15	987	169	013	87106	171	12894	120	1	88045	45	15	45	45	45	44	44			
16	87156	169	12844	277	171	723	121	1	87944	44	16	49	48	48	47	47			
17	325	169	675	447	169	553	121	1	87943	43	17	52	51	51	50	50			
18	494	169	506	616	169	384	122	1	87842	42	18	55	54	54	53	53			
19	661	167	339	785	168	215	123	1	87741	41	19	58	57	57	56	56			
20	829	166	171	953	167	047	124	1	87640	40	20	61	60	60	59	59			
21	995	166	005	88120	167	11880	125	1	87539	39	21	64	63	63	62	61			
22	88161	166	11839	287	166	713	126	1	87438	38	22	67	66	66	65	64			
23	326	165	674	453	166	547	127	1	87337	37	23	70	69	69	68	67			
24	490	164	510	618	165	382	128	1	87236	36	24	73	72	72	71	70			
25	654	163	346	783	165	217	129	1	87135	35	25	76	75	75	74	73			
26	817	163	183	948	163	052	130	1	87034	34	26	79	78	78	77	76			
27	980	163	020	89111	162	10889	131	1	86933	33	27	82	81	81	80	79			
28	89142	162	10858	274	162	726	132	1	86832	32	28	85	84	84	83	82			
29	304	162	696	437	161	563	133	1	86731	31	29	88	87	87	86	85			
30	80464	161	10536	89598	162	10402	00134	1	99866	30	30	91	90	90	88	88			
31	625	159	375	760	160	240	135	1	86630	29	31	94	94	92	91	91			
32	784	159	216	920	160	080	136	1	86529	28	32	97	97	95	94	94			
33	943	159	057	90080	160	09920	137	1	86428	27	33	100	100	98	97	97			
34	90102	158	09898	240	159	760	138	1	86327	26	34	103	103	101	100	100			
35	260	157	740	399	158	601	139	1	86226	25	35	106	106	104	103	103			
36	417	157	583	557	158	443	140	1	86125	24	36	109	109	107	106	106			
37	574	157	426	715	157	285	141	1	85923	23	37	112	112	110	109	109			
38	730	156	270	872	157	128	142	1	85822	22	38	115	115	113	112	111			
39	885	155	115	91029	156	08971	143	1	85721	21	39	118	118	116	115	114			
40	91040	155	08960	185	155	815	144	1	85620	20	40	121	121	119	118	117			
41	195	154	805	340	155	660	145	1	85519	19	41	124	124	122	121	120			
42	349	154	651	495	155	505	146	1	85418	18	42	127	127	125	124	123			
43	502	153	498	650	153	350	147	1	85317	17	43	130	130	128	127	126			
44	655	152	345	803	154	197	148	1	85216	16	44	133	133	131	130	129			
45	807	152	193	957	153	043	149	1	85115	15	45	137	138	134	133	132			
46	959	151	041	92110	152	07890	150	1	85014	14	46	140	139	137	136	135			
47	92110	151	07890	262	152	738	152	1	84913	13	47	143	142	140	139	138			
48	261	151	739	414	151	586	153	1	84812	12	48	146	145	143	142	141			
49	411	150	589	565	151	435	154	1	84711	11	49	149	148	146	145	144			
50	561	149	439	716	150	284	155	1	84610	10	50	152	151	149	148	147			
51	710	149	290	866	150	134	156	1	84509	9	51	155	154	152	150	150			
52	859	148	141	93018	149	06984	157	1	84408	8	52	158	157	155	153	153			
53	93007	147	06993	165	148	835	158	1	84307	7	53	161	160	158	156	155			
54	154	147	846	313	149	687	159	1	84206	6	54	164	163	161	159	158			
55	301	147	699	462	147	538	160	1	84105	5	55	167	166	164	162	161			
56	448	146	552	609	147	391	161	1	83944	4	56	170	169	167	165	164			
57	594	146	406	756	147	244	162	1	83843	3	57	173	172	170	168	167			
58	740	146	260	903	146	097	163	1	83742	2	58	176	175	173	171	170			
59	885	145	115	94049	146	05951	164	1	83641	1	59	179	178	176	174	173			
60	94030	145	05970	94195	146	05805	00166	2	99834	0	60	182	181	179	177	176			
'	cos	d	11.	8.	d	11.	10.	d	9.	'	Proportional Parts								
'	cos	1'	sec	cot	1'	tan	csc	1'	sin		182	181	179	177	176	175	174		

94°

85°

TABLE II

"	Proportional Parts																			
	173	172	171	169	167	166	165	163	162	160	159	158	157	155	153	152	151	150	149	147
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2
2	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
3	9	9	9	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	7	7
4	12	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
5	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	12	12	12
6	17	17	17	17	17	17	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	15	15	15	15	15	15
7	20	20	20	20	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	17	17
8	23	23	23	23	22	22	22	22	22	21	21	21	21	21	20	20	20	20	20	19
9	26	26	26	25	25	25	25	24	24	24	24	24	24	23	23	23	23	22	22	22
10	29	29	28	28	28	28	28	27	27	27	26	26	26	26	25	25	25	25	24	24
11	32	32	31	31	31	30	30	30	30	29	29	29	29	28	28	28	28	28	27	27
12	35	34	34	34	33	33	33	33	32	32	32	32	31	31	31	30	30	30	29	29
13	37	37	37	37	36	36	36	35	35	35	34	34	34	34	33	33	33	32	32	31
14	40	40	40	39	39	39	38	38	38	37	37	37	37	36	36	35	35	35	34	34
15	43	43	43	42	42	42	41	41	40	40	40	39	39	38	38	38	38	37	37	36
16	46	46	46	45	45	44	44	44	43	43	42	42	41	41	41	40	40	40	39	39
17	49	49	48	48	47	47	47	46	46	45	45	45	44	44	43	43	43	42	42	41
18	52	52	51	51	50	50	50	49	49	48	48	47	47	46	46	45	45	45	44	44
19	55	54	54	54	53	53	52	52	51	51	50	50	50	49	48	48	48	48	47	46
20	58	57	57	56	56	55	55	54	54	53	53	52	52	51	51	50	50	50	49	49
21	61	60	60	59	58	58	58	57	57	56	55	55	54	54	53	53	53	52	52	51
22	63	63	63	62	61	61	60	60	59	59	58	58	57	56	56	55	55	55	54	54
23	66	66	66	65	64	64	63	63	62	61	61	60	59	59	58	58	58	57	56	56
24	69	69	68	68	67	66	66	65	65	64	64	63	63	62	61	61	60	60	59	58
25	72	72	71	70	70	69	69	68	68	67	66	66	65	65	64	63	63	62	62	61
26	75	75	74	73	72	72	72	71	70	69	68	68	67	66	66	65	65	65	64	63
27	78	77	77	76	75	75	74	73	73	72	72	71	71	70	69	68	68	67	66	65
28	81	80	80	79	78	77	77	76	76	75	74	73	72	71	71	70	70	69	68	68
29	84	83	83	82	81	80	80	79	78	77	77	76	75	74	73	73	72	72	71	70
30	86	86	86	84	84	83	82	82	81	80	80	79	78	78	76	76	76	75	74	73
31	89	89	88	87	86	86	85	84	84	83	82	81	80	79	79	78	78	77	76	75
32	92	92	91	90	89	89	88	87	86	85	84	84	83	82	81	81	80	79	78	77
33	95	95	94	93	92	91	91	90	89	88	87	86	85	84	84	83	82	82	81	80
34	98	97	97	96	95	94	94	92	92	91	90	90	89	88	87	86	86	85	84	83
35	101	100	100	99	97	97	96	95	94	93	93	92	92	90	89	89	88	88	87	86
36	104	103	103	101	100	100	99	98	97	96	95	94	93	92	91	91	90	89	88	87
37	107	106	106	104	103	102	102	101	100	99	98	97	97	96	94	94	93	92	91	90
38	110	109	108	107	106	105	104	103	103	101	101	100	99	98	97	96	95	94	93	92
39	112	112	111	110	109	108	107	106	105	104	103	102	101	99	99	99	98	97	96	95
40	115	115	114	113	111	111	110	109	108	107	106	105	105	103	102	101	101	100	99	97
41	118	118	117	115	114	113	113	111	111	109	109	108	107	106	105	104	103	102	100	99
42	121	120	120	118	117	116	116	114	113	112	111	111	110	108	107	106	106	105	104	102
43	124	123	123	121	120	119	118	117	116	115	114	113	113	111	110	109	108	107	105	104
44	127	126	125	124	122	122	121	120	119	117	117	116	115	114	112	111	110	109	108	107
45	130	129	128	127	125	124	124	122	122	120	119	118	118	116	115	114	113	112	110	109
46	133	132	131	130	128	127	126	125	124	123	122	121	120	119	117	117	116	115	114	113
47	136	135	134	132	131	130	129	128	127	125	125	124	123	121	120	119	118	117	115	114
48	138	138	137	135	134	133	132	130	130	128	127	126	126	124	122	122	121	120	119	117
49	141	140	140	138	136	135	133	132	131	130	129	128	127	125	124	123	122	120	119	118
50	144	143	142	141	139	138	138	136	135	133	132	132	131	129	128	127	126	125	124	122
51	147	146	145	144	142	141	140	139	138	136	135	134	133	132	130	129	128	127	125	124
52	150	149	148	146	145	144	143	141	140	139	138	137	136	134	133	132	131	130	129	127
53	153	152	151	149	148	147	146	144	143	141	140	140	139	137	135	134	133	132	130	129
54	156	155	154	152	150	149	148	146	144	143	142	141	140	138	137	136	135	134	132	131
55	159	158	157	155	153	152	151	149	148	147	146	145	144	142	140	139	138	138	137	135
56	161	161	160	158	156	155	154	152	151	149	148	147	147	145	143	142	141	140	139	137
57	164	163	162	161	159	158	157	155	154	152	151	150	149	147	145	144	143	142	140	139
58	167	166	165	163	161	160	160	158	157	155	154	153	152	150	148	147	146	145	144	142
59	170	169	168	166	164	163	162	160	159	157	156	155	154	152	150	149	148	147	145	144
60	173	172	171	169	167	166	165	163	162	160	159	158	157	155	153	152	151	150	149	147
n	173	172	171	169	167	166	165	163	162	160	159	158	157	155	153	152	151	150	149	147
Proportional Parts																				

TABLE II

174°

										Proportional Parts									
										145	144	143	142	141	140	139			
°	l sin	d	l csc	l tan	d	l cot	l sec	d	l cos	°	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
0	94030	144	05970	94195	145	05805	00166	1	99834	60	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	174	144	826	340	145	660	167	1	833	59	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
2	317	143	683	488	145	515	168	1	832	58	2	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
3	461	144	539	630	145	370	169	1	831	57	3	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
4	603	142	397	773	144	227	170	1	830	56	4	10	10	10	9	9	9	9	9
5	746	143	254	917	143	083	171	1	829	55	5	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
6	887	141	113	95060	142	04940	172	1	828	54	6	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
7	95029	141	04971	202	142	798	173	2	827	53	7	17	17	17	17	16	16	16	16
8	170	140	830	344	142	656	175	2	825	52	8	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19
9	310	140	690	486	141	514	176	1	824	51	9	22	22	21	21	21	21	21	21
10	450	139	550	627	140	373	177	1	823	50	10	24	24	24	24	24	23	23	23
11	589	139	411	767	141	233	178	1	822	49	11	27	26	26	26	26	26	25	25
12	728	139	272	908	139	092	179	1	821	48	12	29	29	29	28	28	28	28	28
13	867	138	133	96047	138	03953	180	1	820	47	13	31	31	31	31	31	30	30	30
14	96005	138	03995	187	138	813	181	2	819	46	14	34	34	33	33	33	33	32	32
15	143	137	857	323	139	675	183	1	817	45	15	36	36	36	36	35	35	35	35
16	280	137	720	464	138	536	184	1	816	44	16	39	38	38	38	38	37	37	37
17	417	136	583	602	137	398	185	1	815	43	17	41	41	41	40	40	40	39	39
18	553	136	447	739	138	261	186	1	814	42	18	44	43	43	43	42	42	42	42
19	689	136	311	877	136	123	187	1	813	41	19	46	46	45	45	45	44	44	44
20	825	135	175	97013	137	02987	188	1	812	40	20	48	48	48	47	47	47	46	46
21	960	135	040	150	135	850	190	1	810	39	21	51	50	50	50	49	49	49	49
22	97095	134	02905	285	136	715	191	1	809	38	22	53	53	52	52	52	51	51	51
23	229	134	771	421	135	579	192	1	808	37	23	56	55	55	54	54	54	53	53
24	363	133	637	556	135	444	193	1	807	36	24	58	58	57	57	56	56	56	56
25	496	133	504	691	134	309	194	2	806	35	25	60	60	60	59	59	58	58	58
26	629	133	371	825	134	175	196	2	804	34	26	63	62	62	62	61	61	60	60
27	762	132	238	958	133	041	197	1	803	33	27	65	65	64	64	63	63	63	63
28	894	132	106	9092	133	01908	198	1	802	32	28	68	67	67	66	66	65	65	65
29	98026	131	01974	225	133	775	199	1	801	31	29	70	70	69	69	68	68	67	67
30	98157	131	01843	98358	132	01642	00200	1	99800	30	30	72	72	72	71	70	70	70	70
31	238	131	712	490	132	510	202	2	798	29	31	75	74	74	73	73	72	72	72
32	419	130	581	622	131	378	203	1	797	28	32	77	77	76	76	75	75	74	74
33	549	130	451	753	131	247	204	1	796	27	33	80	79	79	78	78	77	77	76
34	679	129	321	884	131	116	205	2	795	26	34	82	82	81	80	80	79	79	79
35	808	129	192	99015	130	00985	207	1	793	25	35 <td>85</td> <td>84</td> <td>83</td> <td>83</td> <td>82</td> <td>82</td> <td>81</td> <td>81</td>	85	84	83	83	82	82	81	81
36	937	128	063	145	130	855	208	1	792	24	36	87	86	86	85	85	84	83	83
37	99066	128	00934	275	130	725	209	1	791	23	37	89	89	88	88	87	86	86	86
38	194	128	806	405	129	595	210	2	790	22	38	92	91	91	90	89	89	88	88
39	322	128	678	534	128	466	212	1	788	21	39	94	94	93	92	92	91	90	90
40	450	127	550	662	129	338	213	1	787	20	40	97	96	95	95	94	93	93	93
41	577	127	423	791	129	209	214	1	786	19	41	99	98	98	97	96	96	95	95
42	704	126	296	919	127	081	215	2	785	18	42	102	101	100	99	99	98	97	97
43	830	126	170	00046	128	99954	217	1	783	17	43	104	103	102	102	101	100	100	100
44	956	126	044	174	127	826	218	1	782	16	44	106	106	105	104	103	103	102	102
45	00082	125	99918	301	126	699	219	1	781	15	45	109	108	107	106	106	105	104	104
46	207	125	793	427	126	573	220	2	780	14	46	111	110	110	109	108	107	107	107
47	332	124	668	553	126	447	222	1	778	13	47	114	113	112	111	110	110	109	109
48	456	125	544	679	126	321	223	1	777	12	48	116	115	114	114	113	112	111	111
49	581	123	419	805	125	195	224	1	776	11	49	118	118	117	116	115	114	114	114
50	704	124	296	930	125	070	225	2	775	10	50	121	120	119	118	118	117	116	116
51	828	123	172	01055	124	98945	227	1	773	9	51	123	122	122	121	120	119	118	118
52	951	123	049	179	124	821	228	1	772	8	52	126	125	124	123	122	121	120	120
53	01074	122	98926	303	124	697	229	2	771	7	53	128	127	126	125	125	124	123	123
54	196	122	804	427	123	573	231	1	769	6	54	130	130	129	128	127	126	125	125
55	318	122	682	550	123	450	232	1	768	5	55	133	132	131	130	129	128	127	127
56	440	121	560	673	123	327	233	2	767	4	56	135	134	133	133	132	131	130	130
57	561	121	439	796	122	204	235	1	765	3	57	138	137	136	135	134	133	132	132
58	682	121	318	918	122	082	236	1	764	2	58	140	139	138	137	136	135	134	134
59	803	120	197	02040	122	97960	237	2	763	1	59	143	142	141	140	139	138	137	137
60	01923	120	98077	02162	122	97838	00239	2	99761	0	60	145	144	143	142	141	140	139	139
°	l sin	d	l sec	l cot	d	l tan	l csc	d	l cos	°	145	144	143	142	141	140			

95°

84°

TABLE II

"	Proportional Parts																			
	138	137	136	135	134	133	132	131	130	129	128	127	126	125	124	123	122	121	120	2
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0
2	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	0
3	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	0
4	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	0
5	12	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	10	10	10	10	10	10	0
6	14	14	14	14	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	12	12	12	12	12	12	0
7	16	16	16	16	16	16	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	14	14	14	14	14	14	0
8	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	16	16	16	16	0
9	21	21	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	19	19	19	19	19	19	18	18	18	18	0
10	23	23	23	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	21	21	21	21	20	20	20	20	0
11	25	25	25	25	25	24	24	24	24	24	23	23	23	23	23	22	22	22	22	0
12	28	27	27	27	27	27	26	26	26	26	26	25	25	25	25	24	24	24	24	0
13	30	30	29	29	29	29	29	28	28	28	28	27	27	27	27	26	26	26	26	0
14	32	32	32	32	31	31	31	31	30	30	30	30	29	29	29	28	28	28	28	0
15	34	34	34	34	34	33	33	33	32	32	32	32	31	31	31	31	30	30	30	0
16	37	37	36	36	36	35	35	35	35	34	34	34	33	33	33	33	32	32	32	1
17	39	39	39	38	38	38	37	37	37	36	36	36	35	35	35	35	34	34	34	1
18	41	41	41	40	40	40	40	39	39	39	38	38	38	37	37	37	36	36	36	1
19	44	43	43	43	42	42	42	41	41	41	40	40	40	39	39	39	38	38	38	1
20	46	46	45	45	45	44	44	44	43	43	43	42	42	42	41	41	41	40	40	1
21	48	48	48	47	47	47	46	46	46	45	45	44	44	44	43	43	43	42	42	1
22	51	50	50	50	49	49	48	48	48	47	47	47	46	46	45	45	45	44	44	1
23	53	53	52	52	51	51	51	50	50	49	49	49	48	48	48	47	47	46	46	1
24	55	55	54	54	54	53	53	52	52	52	51	51	50	50	50	49	49	48	48	1
25	58	57	57	56	56	55	55	55	54	54	53	53	52	52	52	51	51	50	50	1
26	60	59	59	58	58	57	57	56	56	55	55	55	54	54	53	53	52	52	52	1
27	62	62	61	61	60	60	59	59	58	58	57	57	56	56	55	55	54	54	54	1
28	64	64	63	63	63	62	62	61	61	60	60	59	59	58	58	57	57	56	56	1
29	67	66	66	65	65	64	64	63	63	62	62	61	61	60	60	59	59	58	58	1
30	69	68	68	67	67	66	66	65	64	64	63	63	62	62	61	61	60	60	60	1
31	71	71	70	70	69	69	68	68	67	67	66	66	65	65	64	64	63	63	63	1
32	74	73	73	72	71	71	70	70	69	69	68	68	67	67	66	66	65	65	64	1
33	76	75	75	74	74	73	73	72	72	71	70	69	69	68	68	67	67	66	66	1
34	78	78	77	76	76	75	75	74	74	73	73	72	71	71	70	70	69	69	68	1
35	80	80	79	79	78	78	77	76	76	75	75	74	74	73	72	72	71	71	70	1
36	83	82	82	81	80	80	79	79	78	77	77	76	76	75	74	73	73	72	72	1
37	85	84	84	83	83	82	81	81	80	80	79	78	78	77	76	76	75	75	74	1
38	87	87	86	86	85	84	84	83	82	82	81	80	80	79	79	78	77	77	76	1
39	90	89	88	88	87	86	86	85	84	83	83	82	81	81	80	79	79	78	78	1
40	92	91	91	90	89	88	88	87	87	86	85	85	84	83	83	82	81	81	80	1
41	94	94	93	92	92	91	90	89	89	88	87	86	86	85	84	83	83	82	82	1
42	97	96	95	94	94	93	92	92	91	90	90	89	88	88	87	86	85	85	84	1
43	99	98	97	97	96	95	95	94	93	92	92	91	90	90	89	88	87	87	86	1
44	101	100	100	99	98	98	97	96	95	95	94	93	92	92	91	90	89	89	88	1
45	104	103	102	101	100	100	99	98	98	97	96	95	94	94	93	92	92	91	90	2
46	106	105	104	104	103	102	101	100	100	99	98	97	97	96	95	94	94	93	92	2
47	108	107	107	106	105	104	103	103	102	101	100	99	99	98	97	96	96	95	94	2
48	110	110	109	108	107	106	106	105	104	103	102	102	101	100	99	98	98	97	96	2
49	113	112	111	110	109	108	107	106	105	105	104	103	102	101	100	100	99	98	98	2
50	115	114	113	112	112	111	110	109	108	108	107	106	105	104	103	102	102	101	100	2
51	117	116	116	115	114	113	112	111	110	110	109	108	107	106	105	105	104	103	102	2
52	120	119	118	117	116	115	114	113	112	111	110	109	108	107	107	106	105	104	103	2
53	122	121	120	119	118	117	117	116	115	114	113	112	111	110	110	109	108	107	106	2
54	124	123	122	122	121	120	119	118	117	116	115	114	113	112	112	111	110	109	108	2
55	126	126	125	124	123	122	121	120	119	118	117	116	116	115	114	113	112	111	110	2
56	129	128	127	126	125	124	123	122	121	120	119	118	117	116	115	114	113	112	112	2
57	131	130	129	128	127	126	125	124	123	122	121	120	119	118	117	116	115	114	114	2
58	133	132	131	130	130	129	128	127	126	125	124	123	122	121	120	119	118	117	116	2
59	136	135	134	133	132	131	130	129	128	127	126	125	124	123	122	121	120	119	118	2
60	138	137	136	135	134	133	132	131	130	129	128	127	126	125	124	123	122	121	120	2
"	138	137	136	135	134	133	132	131	130	129	128	127	126	125	124	123	122	121	120	2
Proportional Parts																				

TABLE II

173°

°	sin		d	sec		d	cot		d	cos		°	Proportional Parts				
	9.	10.		9.	10.		9.	10.		9.	10.		121	120	119	118	117
0	01923			98077	02162		97838	00239		99761	60	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	02043	120		97957	283	121	717	240	1	760	59	1	2	2	2	2	2
2	163	120		837	404	121	596	241	2	759	58	2	4	4	4	4	4
3	283	119		717	525	120	475	243	2	757	57	3	6	6	6	6	6
4	402	118		598	646	121	355	244	1	756	56	4	8	8	8	8	8
5	520	118		480	765	120	234	245	1	755	55	5	10	10	10	10	10
6	639	119		361	885	119	115	247	2	753	54	6	12	12	12	12	12
7	757	118		243	03005	119	96995	248	1	752	53	7	14	14	14	14	14
8	874	117		126	124	118	876	249	2	751	52	8	16	16	16	16	16
9	992	116		008	242	119	758	251	1	749	51	9	18	18	18	18	18
10	03109	117		96891	361	118	639	252	1	748	50	10	20	20	20	20	20
11	226	116		774	479	118	521	253	2	747	49	11	22	22	22	22	21
12	342	116		658	597	117	403	255	1	745	48	12	24	24	24	24	23
13	458	116		542	714	118	286	256	2	744	47	13	26	26	26	26	25
14	574	116		426	832	116	168	258	1	742	46	14	28	28	28	28	27
15	690	115		310	948	117	052	259	1	741	45	15	30	30	30	29	29
16	805	115		195	04065	116	95935	260	2	740	44	16	32	32	32	31	31
17	920	114		080	181	116	819	263	1	738	43	17	34	34	34	33	33
18	04034	114		95966	297	116	703	262	1	737	42	18	36	36	36	35	35
19	149	113		851	413	115	587	264	2	736	41	19	38	38	38	37	37
20	262	114		738	528	115	472	266	1	734	40	20	40	40	40	39	39
21	376	114		624	643	115	357	267	2	733	39	21	42	42	42	41	41
22	490	113		510	758	115	242	269	1	731	38	22	44	44	44	43	43
23	603	113		397	873	114	127	270	1	730	37	23	46	46	46	45	45
24	715	112		285	987	114	013	272	1	728	36	24	48	48	48	47	47
25	828	112		172	05101	113	94899	273	1	727	35	25	50	50	50	49	49
26	940	112		060	214	114	786	274	2	726	34	26	52	52	52	51	51
27	05052	112		94948	328	113	672	276	1	724	33	27	54	54	54	53	53
28	164	111		836	441	113	559	277	2	723	32	28	56	56	56	55	55
29	275	111		725	553	113	447	279	1	721	31	29	58	58	58	57	57
30	05386	111		94614	05666	112	94334	00280	2	99720	30	30	60	60	60	59	58
31	497	110		503	778	112	222	282	1	718	29	31	62	62	61	61	60
32	607	110		393	890	112	110	283	1	717	28	32	64	64	63	63	62
33	717	110		283	06002	112	93998	284	1	716	27	33	66	66	65	65	64
34	827	110		173	113	111	887	286	2	714	26	34	68	68	67	67	66
35	937	109		063	224	111	776	287	1	713	25	35	70	70	69	69	68
36	06046	109		93954	335	110	665	289	2	711	24	36	72	72	71	71	70
37	155	109		845	445	111	555	290	1	710	23	37	74	74	73	73	72
38	264	109		736	556	110	444	292	2	708	22	38	76	76	75	75	74
39	372	109		628	666	109	334	293	1	707	21	39	78	78	77	77	76
40	481	108		519	775	110	225	295	1	705	20	40	80	80	79	79	78
41	589	107		411	885	109	115	296	2	704	19	41	82	82	81	81	80
42	696	108		304	994	109	006	298	1	702	18	42	84	84	83	83	82
43	804	108		196	07103	109	92897	299	1	701	17	43	86	86	85	85	84
44	911	107		089	211	109	789	301	2	699	16	44	88	88	87	87	86
45	07018	106		92982	320	108	680	302	1	698	15	45	90	90	89	89	88
46	124	107		876	428	108	572	304	2	696	14	46	92	92	91	91	90
47	231	106		769	536	107	464	305	1	695	13	47	94	94	93	92	92
48	337	107		663	643	107	357	307	2	693	12	48	96	96	95	94	94
49	442	106		558	751	108	249	308	1	692	11	49	98	98	97	96	96
50	548	105		452	858	106	142	310	2	690	10	50	101	100	99	98	98
51	653	105		347	964	107	036	311	1	689	9	51	103	102	101	100	99
52	758	105		242	08071	106	91929	313	2	687	8	52	105	104	103	102	101
53	863	105		137	177	106	823	314	1	686	7	53	107	106	105	104	103
54	968	104		032	283	106	717	316	2	684	6	54	109	108	107	106	105
55	08072	104		91928	389	106	611	317	1	683	5	55	111	110	109	108	107
56	176	103		824	495	105	505	319	2	681	4	56	113	112	111	110	109
57	280	103		720	600	105	400	320	1	680	3	57	115	114	113	112	111
58	383	103		617	705	105	295	322	2	678	2	58	117	116	115	114	113
59	486	103		514	810	104	190	323	1	677	1	59	119	118	117	116	115
60	08589	103		91411	08914	104	91086	00325	2	99675	0	60	121	120	119	118	117
°	9.	d	°	10.	d	°	10.	d	°	9.	d	°	121	120	119	118	117
1	l sin	1'	1	l sec	1'	1	l cot	1'	1	l cos	1'	1	Proportional Parts				

96°

83°

TABLE II

"	Proportional Parts														2	1
	116	115	114	113	112	111	110	109	108	107	106	105	104			
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	0
2	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	0	0	0
3	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	0	0	0
4	8	8	8	8	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	0	0	0
5	10	10	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	0	0	0
6	12	12	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	10	10	0	0	0
7	14	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	12	12	12	12	0	0	0
8	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	14	14	14	14	14	0	0	0
9	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	16	16	16	16	16	16	0	0	0
10	19	19	19	19	19	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	17	0	0	0
11	21	21	21	21	21	20	20	20	20	20	20	19	19	0	0	0
12	23	23	23	23	22	22	22	22	22	21	21	21	21	0	0	0
13	25	25	25	24	24	24	24	24	23	23	23	23	23	0	0	0
14	27	27	27	26	26	26	26	25	25	25	25	24	24	0	0	0
15	29	29	29	28	28	28	27	27	27	27	27	26	26	0	0	0
16	31	31	30	30	30	30	29	29	29	29	28	28	28	1	0	0
17	33	33	32	32	32	31	31	31	31	30	30	30	29	1	0	0
18	35	34	34	34	34	33	33	33	32	32	32	32	31	1	0	0
19	37	36	36	36	35	35	35	35	34	34	34	33	33	1	0	0
20	39	38	38	38	37	37	37	36	36	36	35	35	35	1	0	0
21	41	40	40	40	39	39	39	38	38	37	37	37	36	1	0	0
22	43	42	42	41	41	41	40	40	40	39	39	38	38	1	0	0
23	44	44	44	43	43	43	42	42	41	41	41	40	40	1	0	0
24	46	46	46	45	45	44	44	44	43	43	42	42	42	1	0	0
25	48	48	47	47	47	46	46	45	45	45	44	44	43	1	0	0
26	50	50	49	49	49	48	48	47	47	46	46	46	45	1	0	0
27	52	52	51	51	50	50	49	49	49	48	48	47	47	1	0	0
28	54	54	53	53	52	52	51	51	50	50	49	49	49	1	0	0
29	56	56	55	55	54	54	53	53	52	52	51	51	50	1	0	0
30	58	58	57	56	56	56	55	54	54	54	53	52	52	1	0	0
31	60	59	59	58	58	57	57	56	56	55	55	54	54	1	1	1
32	62	61	61	60	60	59	59	58	58	57	57	56	55	1	1	1
33	64	63	63	62	62	61	61	60	59	59	58	58	57	1	1	1
34	66	65	65	64	63	63	62	62	61	61	60	60	59	1	1	1
35	68	67	67	66	65	65	64	64	63	62	62	61	61	1	1	1
36	70	69	68	68	67	67	66	65	65	64	64	63	62	1	1	1
37	72	71	70	70	69	68	68	67	67	66	65	65	64	1	1	1
38	73	73	72	72	71	70	70	69	68	68	67	66	66	1	1	1
39	75	75	74	73	73	72	72	71	70	70	69	68	68	1	1	1
40	77	77	76	75	75	74	73	73	72	71	71	70	69	1	1	1
41	79	79	78	77	77	76	75	74	74	73	72	72	71	1	1	1
42	81	80	80	79	78	78	77	76	76	75	74	74	73	1	1	1
43	83	82	82	81	80	80	79	78	77	77	76	75	75	1	1	1
44	85	84	84	83	82	81	81	80	79	78	78	77	76	1	1	1
45	87	86	85	85	84	83	83	82	81	80	79	79	78	2	1	1
46	89	88	87	87	86	85	84	84	83	82	81	80	80	2	1	1
47	91	90	89	89	88	87	86	85	85	84	83	82	81	2	1	1
48	93	92	91	90	90	89	88	87	86	86	85	84	83	2	1	1
49	95	94	93	92	91	91	90	89	88	87	87	86	85	2	1	1
50	97	96	95	94	93	92	92	91	90	89	88	88	87	2	1	1
51	99	98	97	96	95	94	93	93	92	91	90	89	88	2	1	1
52	101	100	99	98	97	96	95	94	94	93	92	91	90	2	1	1
53	102	102	101	100	99	98	97	96	95	95	94	93	92	2	1	1
54	104	104	103	102	101	100	99	98	97	96	95	94	94	2	1	1
55	106	105	105	104	103	102	101	100	99	98	97	96	95	2	1	1
56	108	107	106	105	105	104	103	102	101	100	99	98	97	2	1	1
57	110	109	108	107	106	105	105	104	103	102	101	100	99	2	1	1
58	112	111	110	109	108	107	106	105	104	103	102	102	101	2	1	1
59	114	113	112	111	110	109	108	107	106	105	104	103	102	2	1	1
60	116	115	114	113	112	111	110	109	108	107	106	105	104	2	1	1
"	116	115	114	113	112	111	110	109	108	107	106	105	104	2	1	1

Proportional Parts

7°

TABLE II

172°

°	l sin	d	l csc	l tan	d	l cot	l sec	d	l cos	°	Proportional Parts				
											105	104	103	102	101
0	85589	103	91411	89914	105	91086	00325	1	99675	60	0	0	0	0	0
1	692	103	308	09019	105	90981	326	1	674	59	1	2	2	2	2
2	795	102	205	123	104	877	328	2	672	58	2	4	3	3	3
3	897	102	103	227	104	773	330	2	670	57	3	5	5	5	5
4	999	102	001	330	103	670	331	1	669	56	4	7	7	7	7
5	09101	102	90899	434	104	566	333	2	667	55	5	9	9	9	9
6	202	101	798	537	103	463	334	1	666	54	6	10	10	10	10
7	304	102	696	640	103	360	336	2	664	53	7	12	12	12	12
8	405	101	595	742	102	258	337	1	663	52	8	14	14	14	14
9	506	101	494	845	103	155	339	2	661	51	9	16	16	15	15
10	606	100	394	947	102	053	341	2	659	50	10	18	17	17	17
11	707	101	293	10049	102	89951	342	1	658	49	11	19	19	19	19
12	807	100	193	150	102	850	344	2	656	48	12	21	21	21	20
13	907	100	093	252	102	748	345	1	655	47	13	23	23	22	22
14	10006	99	89994	353	101	647	347	2	653	46	14	24	24	24	24
15	106	99	894	454	101	546	349	2	651	45	15	26	26	26	25
16	205	99	795	555	101	445	350	1	650	44	16	28	28	27	27
17	304	98	696	656	100	344	352	2	648	43	17	30	29	29	29
18	402	98	598	756	100	244	353	1	647	42	18	32	31	31	31
19	501	99	499	856	100	144	355	2	645	41	19	33	33	33	32
20	599	98	401	956	100	044	357	1	643	40	20	35	35	34	34
21	697	98	303	11056	99	89944	358	2	642	39	21	37	36	36	36
22	795	98	205	155	99	845	360	2	640	38	22	38	38	38	37
23	893	97	107	254	99	746	362	1	638	37	23	40	40	39	39
24	990	97	010	353	99	647	363	2	637	36	24	42	42	41	41
25	11087	96	88913	452	99	548	365	1	635	35	25	44	43	43	43
26	184	97	816	551	99	449	367	2	633	34	26	46	45	45	44
27	281	96	719	649	98	351	368	1	632	33	27	47	47	46	46
28	377	96	623	747	98	253	370	2	630	32	28	49	49	48	48
29	474	97	526	845	98	155	371	1	629	31	29	51	50	50	49
30	571	96	429	943	98	057	372	2	627	30	30	52	52	52	51
31	666	95	334	12040	97	87960	375	1	625	29	31	54	54	53	53
32	761	95	239	138	98	862	376	2	624	28	32	56	55	55	54
33	857	95	143	235	97	765	378	1	622	27	33	58	57	57	56
34	952	95	048	332	97	668	380	2	620	26	34	60	59	58	58
35	12047	94	87953	428	96	572	382	1	618	25	35	61	61	60	59
36	142	95	858	525	97	475	383	2	617	24	36	63	62	62	61
37	236	94	764	621	96	379	385	1	615	23	37	65	64	64	63
38	331	95	669	717	96	283	387	2	613	22	38	66	66	65	65
39	425	94	575	813	96	187	388	1	612	21	39	68	68	67	66
40	519	93	481	909	95	091	390	2	610	20	40	70	69	69	68
41	612	93	388	13004	95	86996	392	1	608	19	41	72	71	70	70
42	706	94	294	099	95	901	393	2	607	18	42	74	73	72	71
43	799	93	201	194	95	806	395	1	605	17	43	75	75	74	73
44	892	93	108	289	95	711	397	2	603	16	44	77	76	76	75
45	985	92	015	384	94	616	399	1	601	15	45	79	78	77	77
46	13078	92	86922	478	94	522	400	2	600	14	46	80	80	79	78
47	171	92	829	573	95	427	402	1	598	13	47	82	81	81	80
48	263	92	737	667	94	333	404	2	596	12	48	84	83	82	82
49	355	92	645	761	94	239	405	1	595	11	49	86	85	84	83
50	447	91	553	854	93	146	407	2	593	10	50	88	87	86	85
51	539	91	461	948	94	052	409	1	591	9	51	89	88	88	87
52	630	92	370	14041	93	85959	411	2	589	8	52	91	90	89	88
53	722	91	278	134	93	866	412	1	588	7	53	93	92	91	90
54	813	91	187	227	93	773	414	2	586	6	54	94	94	93	92
55	904	90	096	320	92	680	416	1	584	5	55	96	95	94	93
56	994	91	006	412	92	588	418	2	582	4	56	98	97	96	95
57	14085	90	85915	504	93	496	419	1	581	3	57	100	99	98	97
58	175	91	825	597	91	403	421	2	579	2	58	102	101	100	99
59	266	90	734	688	92	312	423	1	577	1	59	103	102	101	100
60	356	90	644	780	92	220	425	2	575	0	60	105	104	103	102
°	l sin	d	l sec	l cot	d	l tan	l csc	d	l cos	°	Proportional Parts				
°	l cos	d	l sec	l cot	d	l tan	l csc	d	l sin	°	105	104	103	102	101

97°

82°

TABLE II

"	Proportional Parts													
	101	100	99	98	97	96	95	94	93	92	91	90	2	1
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	0	0
2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	0	0
3	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	0	0
4	7	7	7	7	7	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	0	0
5	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	7	0	0
6	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	9	9	9	9	9	0	0
7	12	12	12	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	0	0
8	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	12	12	12	12	0	0
9	15	15	15	15	15	14	14	14	14	14	14	13	0	0
10	17	17	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	15	15	15	0	0
11	19	18	18	18	18	18	17	17	17	17	17	17	0	0
12	20	20	20	20	19	19	19	19	19	18	18	18	0	0
13	22	22	21	21	21	21	21	20	20	20	20	19	0	0
14	24	23	23	23	23	22	22	22	22	21	21	21	0	0
15	25	25	25	24	24	24	24	23	23	23	23	23	0	0
16	27	27	26	26	26	26	25	25	25	25	24	24	1	0
17	29	28	28	28	27	27	27	27	26	26	26	25	1	0
18	30	30	30	29	29	29	28	28	28	28	27	27	1	0
19	32	32	31	31	31	30	30	30	29	29	29	29	1	0
20	34	33	33	33	32	32	32	31	31	31	30	30	1	0
21	35	35	35	34	34	34	33	33	33	32	32	31	1	0
22	37	37	36	36	36	35	35	34	34	34	33	33	1	0
23	39	38	38	38	37	37	36	36	36	35	35	35	1	0
24	40	40	40	39	39	38	38	38	37	37	36	36	1	0
25	42	42	41	41	40	40	40	39	39	38	38	37	1	0
26	44	43	43	42	42	42	41	41	40	40	39	39	1	0
27	45	45	45	44	44	43	43	42	42	41	41	41	1	0
28	47	47	46	46	45	45	44	44	43	43	42	42	1	0
29	49	48	48	47	47	46	46	45	45	44	44	43	1	0
30	50	50	50	49	48	48	48	47	46	46	46	45	1	0
31	52	52	51	51	50	50	49	49	48	48	47	47	1	1
32	54	53	53	52	52	51	51	50	50	49	49	48	1	1
33	56	55	54	54	53	53	52	52	51	51	50	49	1	1
34	57	57	56	56	55	54	54	53	53	52	52	51	1	1
35	59	58	58	57	57	56	55	55	54	54	53	53	1	1
36	61	60	59	59	58	58	57	56	56	55	55	54	1	1
37	62	62	61	60	60	59	59	58	57	57	56	55	1	1
38	64	63	63	62	61	61	60	60	59	58	58	57	1	1
39	66	65	64	64	63	62	62	61	60	60	59	59	1	1
40	67	67	66	65	65	64	63	63	62	61	61	60	1	1
41	69	68	68	67	66	66	65	64	64	63	62	61	1	1
42	71	70	69	69	68	67	66	66	65	64	64	63	1	1
43	72	72	71	70	70	69	68	67	67	66	65	65	1	1
44	74	73	73	72	71	70	70	69	68	67	66	66	1	1
45	76	75	74	73	73	72	71	71	70	69	68	67	2	1
46	77	77	76	75	74	74	73	72	71	71	70	69	2	1
47	79	78	78	77	76	75	74	74	73	72	71	71	2	1
48	81	80	79	78	78	77	76	75	74	73	73	72	2	1
49	82	82	81	80	79	78	78	77	76	75	74	73	2	1
50	84	83	82	82	81	80	79	78	78	77	76	75	2	1
51	86	85	84	83	82	82	81	80	79	78	77	77	2	1
52	88	87	86	85	84	83	82	81	81	80	79	78	2	1
53	89	88	87	87	86	85	84	83	82	81	80	79	2	1
54	91	90	89	88	87	86	86	85	84	83	82	81	2	1
55	93	92	91	90	89	88	87	86	85	84	83	83	2	1
56	94	93	92	91	91	90	89	88	87	86	85	84	2	1
57	96	95	94	93	92	91	90	89	88	87	86	85	2	1
58	98	97	96	95	94	93	92	91	90	89	88	87	2	1
59	99	98	97	96	95	94	93	92	91	90	89	89	2	1
60	101	100	99	98	97	96	95	94	93	92	91	90	2	1
"	101	100	99	98	97	96	95	94	93	92	91	90	2	1
Proportional Parts														

										Proportional Parts			
°		\sin	d	\csc	\tan	d	\cot	\sec	\cos	92	91	90	
9.	1'	10.	9.	10.	9.	10.	9.	10.	9.				
0	14356	89	85644	14780	92	85220	00425	1	99575	60	0	0	0
1	445	89	555	872	91	128	426	2	574	59	2	2	1
2	535	89	465	963	91	037	428	2	572	58	3	3	3
3	624	89	376	15054	91	84946	430	2	570	57	5	5	5
4	714	89	286	145	91	855	432	2	568	56	6	6	6
5		89			91			2					
6	803	88	197	236	91	764	434	1	566	55	8	8	7
7	891	88	109	327	90	673	435	2	565	54	9	9	9
8	980	88	020	417	90	583	437	2	563	53	11	11	11
9	15069	88	84931	508	91	492	439	2	561	52	12	12	12
10	157	88	843	598	90	402	441	2	559	51	14	14	13
11	245	88	755	688	90	312	443	1	557	50	15	15	15
12	333	88	667	777	90	223	444	2	556	49	17	17	17
13	421	87	579	867	90	133	446	2	554	48	18	18	18
14	508	87	492	956	89	044	448	2	552	47	20	20	19
15	596	87	404	16046	89	83954	450	2	550	46	21	21	21
16	683	87	317	135	89	865	452	2	548	45	23	23	23
17	770	87	230	224	89	776	454	2	546	44	25	24	24
18	857	87	143	312	88	688	455	1	545	43	26	26	25
19	944	86	056	401	88	599	457	2	543	42	28	27	27
20	16030	86	83970	489	88	511	459	2	541	41	29	29	29
21	116	87	884	577	88	423	461	2	539	40	31	30	30
22	203	86	797	665	88	335	463	2	537	39	32	32	31
23	289	86	711	753	88	247	465	2	535	38	34	33	33
24	374	86	626	841	88	159	467	2	533	37	35	35	35
25	460	86	540	928	87	072	468	1	532	36	37	36	36
26	545	86	455	17016	88	82984	470	2	530	35	38	38	37
27	631	85	369	103	87	897	472	2	528	34	40	39	39
28	716	85	284	190	87	810	474	2	526	33	41	41	41
29	801	85	199	277	87	723	476	2	524	32	43	42	42
30	886	85	114	363	86	637	478	2	522	31	44	44	43
31	16970	84	83030	17450	87	82550	00480	2	99520	30	46	46	45
32	17055	84	82945	536	86	464	482	1	518	29	48	47	47
33	139	84	861	622	86	378	483	2	517	28	49	49	48
34	223	84	777	708	86	292	485	2	515	27	51	50	49
35	307	84	693	794	86	206	487	2	513	26	52	52	51
36	391	83	609	880	85	120	489	2	511	25	54	53	53
37	474	84	526	965	86	035	491	2	509	24	56	55	55
38	558	83	442	18051	85	81949	493	2	507	23	57	56	56
39	641	83	359	136	85	864	495	2	505	22	58	58	57
40	724	83	276	221	85	779	497	2	503	21	60	59	59
41	807	83	193	306	85	694	499	2	501	20	61	61	60
42	890	83	110	391	84	609	501	1	499	19	63	62	61
43	973	82	027	475	85	525	503	2	497	18	64	64	63
44	18055	82	81945	560	84	440	505	1	495	17	66	65	65
45	137	83	863	644	84	356	506	2	494	16	67	67	66
46	220	82	780	728	84	272	508	2	492	15	69	68	67
47	302	81	698	812	84	188	510	2	490	14	71	70	69
48	383	82	617	896	84	104	512	2	488	13	72	71	71
49	465	82	535	979	83	021	514	2	486	12	74	73	72
50	547	81	453	19063	83	89937	516	2	484	11	75	74	73
51	628	81	372	146	83	854	518	2	482	10	77	76	75
52	709	81	291	229	83	771	520	2	480	9	78	77	77
53	790	81	210	312	83	688	522	2	478	8	80	79	78
54	871	81	129	395	83	605	524	2	476	7	81	80	79
55	952	81	048	478	83	522	526	2	474	6	83	82	81
56	19033	80	80967	561	82	439	528	2	472	5	84	83	83
57	113	80	887	643	82	357	530	2	470	4	86	85	84
58	193	80	807	725	82	275	532	2	468	3	87	86	85
59	273	80	727	807	82	193	534	2	466	2	89	88	87
60	353	80	647	889	82	111	536	2	464	1	90	89	89
61	19433	80	80567	19971	82	80029	00538	2	99462	0	92	91	90
9.	d	10.	9.	d	10.	10.	d	9.		92	91	90	
\cos	1'	\sec	\cot	1'	\tan	\csc	1'	\sin					

TABLE II

"	Proportional Parts											
	89	88	87	86	85	84	83	82	81	80	2	1
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0
2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	0	0
3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	0	0
4	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	0	0
5	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	0	0
6	9	9	9	9	8	8	8	8	8	8	0	0
7	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	9	9	0	0
8	12	12	12	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	0	0
9	13	13	13	13	13	13	12	12	12	12	0	0
10	15	15	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	13	0	0
11	16	16	16	16	16	15	15	15	15	15	0	0
12	18	18	17	17	17	17	17	16	16	16	0	0
13	19	19	19	19	18	18	18	18	18	17	0	0
14	21	21	20	20	20	20	19	19	19	19	0	0
15	22	22	22	21	21	21	21	21	20	20	0	0
16	24	23	23	23	23	22	22	22	22	21	1	0
17	25	25	25	24	24	24	24	23	23	23	1	0
18	27	26	26	26	26	25	25	25	24	24	1	0
19	28	28	28	27	27	27	26	26	26	25	1	0
20	30	29	29	29	28	28	28	27	27	27	1	0
21	31	31	30	30	30	29	29	29	28	28	1	0
22	33	32	32	32	31	31	30	30	30	29	1	0
23	34	34	33	33	33	32	32	31	31	31	1	0
24	36	35	35	34	34	34	33	33	32	32	1	0
25	37	37	36	36	35	35	35	34	34	33	1	0
26	39	38	38	37	37	36	36	36	35	35	1	0
27	40	40	39	39	38	38	37	37	36	36	1	0
28	42	41	41	40	40	39	39	38	38	37	1	0
29	43	43	42	42	41	41	40	40	39	39	1	0
30	44	44	44	43	42	42	42	41	40	40	1	0
31	46	45	45	44	44	43	43	42	42	41	1	1
32	47	47	46	46	45	45	44	44	43	43	1	1
33	49	48	48	47	47	46	46	45	45	44	1	1
34	50	50	49	49	48	48	47	46	46	45	1	1
35	52	51	51	50	50	49	48	48	47	47	1	1
36	53	53	52	52	51	50	50	49	49	48	1	1
37	55	54	54	53	52	52	51	51	50	49	1	1
38	56	56	55	54	54	53	53	52	51	51	1	1
39	58	57	57	56	55	55	54	53	53	52	1	1
40	59	59	58	57	57	56	55	55	54	53	1	1
41	61	60	59	59	58	57	57	56	55	55	1	1
42	62	62	61	60	60	59	58	57	57	56	1	1
43	64	63	62	62	61	60	59	59	58	57	1	1
44	65	65	64	63	62	62	61	60	59	59	1	1
45	67	66	65	65	64	63	62	61	61	60	2	1
46	68	67	67	66	65	64	64	63	62	61	2	1
47	70	69	68	67	67	66	65	64	63	63	2	1
48	71	70	70	69	68	67	66	66	65	64	2	1
49	73	72	71	70	69	69	68	67	66	65	2	1
50	74	73	72	72	71	70	69	68	68	67	2	1
51	76	75	74	73	72	71	71	70	69	68	2	1
52	77	76	75	75	74	73	72	71	70	69	2	1
53	79	78	77	76	75	74	73	72	72	71	2	1
54	80	79	78	77	76	76	75	74	73	72	2	1
55	82	81	80	79	78	77	76	75	74	73	2	1
56	83	82	81	80	79	78	77	77	76	75	2	1
57	85	84	83	82	81	80	79	78	77	76	2	1
58	86	85	84	83	82	81	80	79	78	77	2	1
59	88	87	86	85	84	83	82	81	80	79	2	1
60	89	88	87	86	85	84	83	82	81	80	2	1
"	89	88	87	86	85	84	83	82	81	80	2	1
			</									

Proportional Parts

170°

	l	sin	d	l	csc	l	tan	d	l	cot	l	sec	d	l	cos	
	9.		1'	10.		10.		1'	10.		10.		1'	10.		
0	19433			80567		19971			80029		00538			99462		60
1	513	80		487	20053			82	79947		540	2		460	59	59
2	592	80		408	134			82	866		542	2		458	58	58
3	672	80		328	216			81	784		544	2		456	57	57
4	751	79		249	297			81	703		546	2		454	56	56
5	830	79		170	378			81	622		548	2		452	55	55
6	909	79		91	459			81	541		550	2		450	54	54
7	988	79		012	540			80	460		552	2		448	53	53
8	20067	78		79933	621			80	379		554	2		446	52	52
9	145	78		855	701			80	299		556	2		444	51	51
10	223	78		777	782			80	218		558	2		442	50	50
11	302	78		698	862			80	138		560	2		440	49	49
12	380	78		620	942			80	058		562	2		438	48	48
13	458	78		542	21022			80	78978		564	2		436	47	47
14	535	77		465	102			80	898		566	2		434	46	46
15	613	77		387	182			79	818		568	3		432	45	45
16	691	77		309	261			79	739		571	3		429	44	44
17	768	77		232	341			79	659		573	3		427	43	43
18	845	77		155	420			79	580		575	2		425	42	42
19	922	77		078	499			79	501		577	2		423	41	41
20	999	77		001	578			79	422		579	2		421	40	40
21	21076	76		78924	657			79	343		581	2		419	39	39
22	153	76		847	736			79	264		583	2		417	38	38
23	229	76		771	814			78	186		585	2		415	37	37
24	306	76		694	893			78	107		587	2		413	36	36
25	382	76		618	971			78	029		589	2		411	35	35
26	458	76		542	22049			77	77951		591	2		409	34	34
27	534	76		466	127			78	873		593	2		407	33	33
28	610	76		390	205			78	795		596	2		404	32	32
29	685	76		315	283			78	717		598	2		402	31	31
30	21761	75		78239	22361			77	77639		00600	2		99400	30	30
31	836	75		164	438			77	562		602	2		398	29	29
32	912	75		088	516			76	484		604	2		396	28	28
33	987	75		013	593			77	407		606	2		394	27	27
34	22062	75		77938	670			77	330		608	2		392	26	26
35	137	75		863	747			77	253		610	2		390	25	25
36	211	75		789	824			76	176		612	2		388	24	24
37	286	75		714	901			77	099		615	2		385	23	23
38	361	75		639	977			76	023		617	2		383	22	22
39	435	74		565	23054			77	76946		619	2		381	21	21
40	509	74		491	130			76	870		621	2		379	20	20
41	583	74		417	206			76	794		623	2		377	19	19
42	657	74		343	283			77	717		625	2		375	18	18
43	731	74		269	359			76	641		628	2		372	17	17
44	805	73		195	435			75	565		630	2		370	16	16
45	878	74		122	510			76	490		632	2		368	15	15
46	952	74		048	586			76	414		634	2		366	14	14
47	23025	73		76975	661			75	339		636	2		364	13	13
48	098	73		902	737			76	263		638	2		362	12	12
49	171	73		829	812			75	188		641	3		359	11	11
50	244	73		756	887			76	113		643	3		357	10	10
51	317	73		683	962			75	038		645	3		355	9	9
52	390	73		610	24037			76	75963		647	2		353	8	8
53	462	72		538	112			75	888		649	2		351	7	7
54	535	72		465	186			74	814		652	3		348	6	6
55	607	72		393	261			74	739		654	2		346	5	5
56	679	72		321	335			74	665		656	2		344	4	4
57	752	71		248	410			74	590		658	2		342	3	3
58	823	72		177	484			74	516		660	3		340	2	2
59	895	72		105	558			74	442		663	3		337	1	1
60	23967	72		76033	24632			74	75368		00665	2		99385	0	0
	9.	d		10.	l	9.	d		10.	l	10.	d		9.	d	
	l cos	1'		l sec	1'	l cot	1'		l tan	1'	l sec	1'		l sin	1'	

Proportional Parts														
	82	81	80	79	78	77	76	75	74	73	72	71	3	2
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0
2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	0	0
3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	0	0
4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	0	0
5	7	7	7	7	7	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	0	0
6	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	7	7	7	7	0	0
7	10	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	8	8	0	0
8	11	11	11	11	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	9	0	0
9	12	12	12	12	12	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	0	0
10	14	14	13	13	13	13	13	12	12	12	12	12	0	0
11	15	15	15	14	14	14	14	14	14	13	13	13	0	0
12	16	16	16	16	15	15	15	15	15	15	14	14	1	0
13	18	18	17	17	17	17	16	16	16	16	16	15	1	0
14	19	19	19	18	18	18	18	18	17	17	17	17	1	0
15	21	20	20	20	19	19	19	19	19	18	18	18	1	0
16	22	22	21	21	21	21	20	20	20	19	19	19	1	0
17	23	23	23	22	22	22	22	21	21	21	21	21	1	1
18	25	24	24	24	23	23	23	22	22	22	22	22	1	1
19	26	26	25	25	25	24	24	24	23	23	23	23	1	1
20	27	27	27	26	26	26	25	25	25	24	24	24	1	1
21	29	28	28	27	27	27	26	26	26	25	25	25	1	1
22	30	29	29	29	28	28	28	27	27	27	26	26	1	1
23	31	31	31	30	30	30	29	29	28	28	27	27	1	1
24	33	32	32	32	31	31	30	30	30	29	29	29	1	1
25	34	34	33	33	33	32	32	31	31	31	30	30	1	1
26	36	35	35	34	34	34	33	33	32	32	31	31	1	1
27	37	36	36	35	35	35	34	34	33	33	32	32	1	1
28	38	38	37	37	36	36	35	35	35	34	34	33	1	1
29	40	39	39	38	38	37	37	36	36	35	35	34	1	1
30	41	40	40	39	38	38	38	37	36	36	36	36	2	1
31	42	42	41	41	40	39	39	38	38	37	37	37	2	1
32	44	43	43	42	42	41	41	40	39	39	38	38	2	1
33	45	45	44	44	43	42	42	41	41	40	40	39	2	1
34	46	46	45	45	44	44	43	42	42	41	41	40	2	1
35	48	47	47	46	45	45	44	44	43	43	43	42	2	1
36	49	48	47	47	46	46	45	44	44	43	43	43	2	1
37	51	50	49	48	48	47	47	46	46	45	44	44	2	1
38	52	51	51	50	49	49	48	48	47	46	46	46	2	1
39	53	53	52	51	51	50	49	49	48	47	47	46	2	1
40	55	54	53	53	52	51	51	50	49	49	48	47	2	1
41	56	55	55	54	53	53	52	51	51	50	49	49	2	1
42	57	57	56	55	55	54	53	52	52	51	50	50	2	1
43	59	58	57	57	56	55	54	54	53	52	52	51	2	1
44	60	59	59	58	57	56	56	55	54	54	53	52	2	1
45	61	61	60	59	59	58	57	56	55	54	54	53	2	2
46	63	62	61	61	60	59	58	58	57	56	55	54	2	2
47	64	63	63	62	61	60	59	58	57	56	56	56	2	2
48	66	65	64	63	62	62	61	60	59	58	58	57	2	2
49	67	66	65	65	64	63	62	61	60	59	58	58	2	2
50	68	67	66	65	65	64	63	62	62	61	60	59	2	2
51	70	69	68	67	66	65	65	64	63	62	61	60	3	2
52	71	70	69	68	67	66	65	64	63	62	62	62	3	2
53	72	72	71	70	69	68	67	66	65	64	63	63	3	2
54	74	73	72	71	70	69	68	67	66	65	64	64	3	2
55	75	74	73	72	71	71	70	69	68	67	66	65	3	2
56	77	76	75	74	73	72	71	70	69	68	67	66	3	2
57	78	77	76	75	74	73	72	71	70	69	68	67	3	2
58	79	78	77	76	75	74	73	72	72	71	70	69	3	2
59	81	80	79	78	77	76	75	74	73	72	71	70	3	2
60	82	81	80	79	78	77	76	75	74	73	72	71	3	2
"	82	81	80	79	78	77	76	75	74	73	72	71	3	2
Proportional Parts														

99°

80°

	l sin	d	l csc	l tan	d	l cot	l sec	d	l cos	
	9.	1'	10.	9.	1'	10.	10.	1'	9.	
0	23967		76033	24632		75368	00665		99335	60
1	24039	72	75961	706	74	294	667		333	59
2	110	71	890	779	73	221	669		331	58
3	181	71	819	853	74	147	672		328	57
4	253	72	747	926	73	074	674		326	56
5	324	71	676	25000	74	000	676		324	55
6	395	71	605	073	73	74927	678		322	54
7	466	71	534	146	73	854	681		319	53
8	536	70	464	219	73	781	683		317	52
9	607	71	393	292	73	708	685		315	51
10	677	70	323	365	73	635	687		313	50
11	748	71	252	437	72	563	690		310	49
12	818	70	182	510	73	490	692		308	48
13	888	70	112	582	72	418	694		306	47
14	958	70	042	655	73	345	696		304	46
15	25028	70	74972	727	72	273	699		301	45
16	098	70	902	799	72	201	701		299	44
17	168	70	832	871	72	129	703		297	43
18	237	69	763	943	72	057	706		294	42
19	307	70	693	26015	72	73985	708		292	41
20	376	69	624	086	71	914	710		290	40
21	445	69	555	158	72	842	712		288	39
22	514	69	486	229	71	771	715		285	38
23	583	69	417	301	72	699	717		283	37
24	652	69	348	372	71	628	719		281	36
25	721	69	279	443	71	557	722		278	35
26	790	69	210	514	71	486	724		276	34
27	858	68	142	585	71	415	726		274	33
28	927	69	073	655	70	345	729		271	32
29	995	68	005	726	71	274	731		269	31
30	26063	68	73937	26797	71	73203	00733		99267	30
31	131	68	869	867	70	133	736		264	29
32	199	68	801	937	71	063	738		262	28
33	267	68	733	27008	71	72992	740		260	27
34	335	68	665	078	70	922	743		257	26
35	403	67	597	148	70	852	745		255	25
36	470	67	530	218	70	782	748		252	24
37	538	68	462	288	70	712	750		250	23
38	605	67	395	357	69	643	752		248	22
39	672	67	328	427	70	573	755		245	21
40	739	67	261	496	69	504	757		243	20
41	806	67	194	566	70	434	759		241	19
42	873	67	127	635	69	365	762		238	18
43	940	67	060	704	69	296	764		236	17
44	27007	67	72993	773	69	227	767		233	16
45	073	66	927	842	69	158	769		231	15
46	140	67	860	911	69	089	771		229	14
47	206	66	794	980	69	020	774		226	13
48	273	67	727	28049	69	71951	776		224	12
49	339	66	661	117	68	883	779		221	11
50	405	66	595	186	69	814	781		219	10
51	471	66	529	254	68	746	783		217	9
52	537	66	463	323	69	677	786		214	8
53	602	65	398	391	68	609	788		212	7
54	668	66	332	459	68	541	791		209	6
55	734	66	266	527	68	473	793		207	5
56	799	65	201	595	68	405	796		204	4
57	864	65	136	662	67	338	798		202	3
58	930	66	070	730	68	270	800		200	2
59	995	65	005	798	68	202	803		197	1
60	28060	65	71940	28865	67	71135	00805		99195	0
	9.	d	10.	9.	d	10.	10.	d	9.	
	l cos	1'	l sec	l cot	1'	l tan	l csc	1'	l sin	

Proportional Parts												
"	74	73	72	71	70	69	68	67	66	65	3	2
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0	0
3	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	0	0
4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	4	4	0	0
5	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	5	0	0
6	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	6	0	0
7	9	9	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	0	0
8	10	10	10	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	0	0
9	11	11	11	11	11	10	10	10	10	10	0	0
10	12	12	12	12	12	12	11	11	11	11	0	0
11	14	13	13	13	13	13	12	12	12	12	1	0
12	15	14	14	14	14	14	14	13	13	13	1	0
13	16	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	14	1	0
14	17	17	17	17	16	16	16	16	16	15	1	0
15	19	18	18	18	17	17	17	17	17	16	1	0
16	20	19	19	19	19	18	18	18	18	17	1	1
17	21	20	20	20	20	20	19	19	19	18	1	1
18	22	21	21	21	21	21	20	20	20	20	1	1
19	23	23	23	22	22	22	22	21	21	21	1	1
20	25	24	24	24	23	23	23	22	22	22	1	1
21	26	25	25	25	24	24	24	23	23	23	1	1
22	27	26	26	26	25	25	25	24	24	24	1	1
23	28	28	28	27	26	26	26	25	25	25	1	1
24	30	29	29	28	28	28	27	27	26	26	1	1
25	31	30	30	30	29	29	28	28	27	27	1	1
26	32	31	31	31	30	30	29	29	28	28	1	1
27	33	32	32	32	31	31	31	30	30	29	1	1
28	34	33	33	33	32	32	32	31	31	31	1	1
29	35	35	35	34	34	34	33	33	32	31	1	1
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31	38	37	37	37	36	36	35	35	34	34	2	1
32	39	38	38	38	37	37	36	36	35	35	2	1
33	41	40	40	40	39	38	37	37	36	36	2	1
34	42	41	41	41	40	39	39	38	37	37	2	1
35	43	42	42	41	41	40	40	39	39	38	2	1
36	44	43	43	42	41	41	41	40	40	39	2	1
37	46	44	44	44	43	43	42	41	41	40	2	1
38	47	46	46	45	44	44	44	43	42	42	2	1
39	48	47	47	46	45	45	44	44	43	42	2	1
40	49	48	48	47	46	46	45	45	44	43	2	1
41	51	50	49	48	47	47	46	46	45	44	2	1
42	52	51	50	50	49	48	48	47	46	46	2	1
43	53	52	52	51	50	49	49	48	47	47	2	1
44	54	54	53	52	51	51	50	49	48	48	2	1
45	55	55	54	53	53	52	51	50	49	49	2	2
46	57	56	55	54	54	53	52	51	50	50	2	2
47	58	57	56	56	55	54	53	52	51	51	2	2
48	59	58	57	57	56	55	54	54	53	52	2	2
49	60	60	59	58	57	56	56	55	54	53	2	2
50	62	61	60	59	58	58	57	56	55	54	2	2
51	63	62	61	60	59	59	58	57	56	55	3	2
52	64	63	62	61	60	59	58	57	56	55	3	2
53	65	64	64	63	62	61	60	59	58	57	3	2
54	67	66	65	64	63	62	61	60	59	58	3	2
55	68	67	66	65	64	63	62	61	61	60	3	2
56	69	68	67	66	65	64	63	63	62	61	3	2
57	70	69	68	67	66	65	64	63	62	61	3	2
58	72	71	70	69	68	67	66	65	64	63	3	2
59	73	72	71	70	69	68	67	66	65	64	3	2
60	74	73	72	71	70	69	68	67	66	65	3	2
"	74	73	72	71	70	69	68	67	66	65	3	2
Proportional Parts												

	\angle sin	\angle csc	\angle tan	\angle cot	\angle sec	\angle cos
9.	10.	9.	10.	10.	9.	9.
0	28060	71940	28865	71135	06805	99195
1	125	875	933	067	808	192
2	190	810	29000	000	810	190
3	254	746	067	70933	813	187
4	319	681	134	866	815	185
5	384	616	201	799	818	182
6	448	552	268	732	820	180
7	512	488	335	665	823	177
8	577	423	402	598	825	175
9	641	359	468	532	828	172
10	705	295	535	465	830	170
11	769	231	601	399	833	167
12	833	167	668	332	835	165
13	896	104	734	266	838	162
14	960	040	800	200	840	160
15	29024	70976	866	134	843	157
16	087	913	932	068	845	155
17	150	850	998	002	848	152
18	214	786	30064	69936	850	150
19	277	723	130	870	853	147
20	340	660	195	805	855	145
21	403	597	261	739	858	142
22	466	534	326	674	860	140
23	529	471	391	609	863	137
24	591	409	457	543	865	135
25	654	346	522	478	868	132
26	716	284	587	413	870	130
27	779	221	652	348	873	127
28	841	159	717	283	876	124
29	903	097	782	218	878	122
30	29966	70034	30846	69154	00881	99119
31	30028	69972	911	089	883	117
32	090	910	975	025	886	114
33	151	849	31040	68960	888	112
34	213	787	104	896	891	109
35	275	725	168	832	894	106
36	336	664	233	767	896	104
37	398	602	297	703	899	101
38	459	541	361	639	901	099
39	521	479	425	575	904	096
40	582	418	489	511	907	093
41	643	357	552	448	909	091
42	704	296	616	384	912	088
43	765	235	679	321	914	086
44	826	174	743	257	917	083
45	887	113	806	194	920	080
46	947	053	870	130	922	078
47	31008	68992	933	067	925	075
48	068	932	996	004	928	072
49	129	871	32059	67941	930	070
50	189	811	122	878	933	067
51	250	750	185	815	936	064
52	310	690	248	752	938	062
53	370	630	311	689	941	059
54	430	570	373	627	944	056
55	490	510	436	564	946	054
56	549	451	498	502	949	051
57	609	391	561	439	952	048
58	669	331	623	377	954	046
59	728	272	685	315	957	043
60	31788	68212	32747	67258	00960	99040
9.	10.	9.	10.	10.	9.	9.
\angle cos	\angle sec	\angle cot	\angle tan	\angle csc	\angle sin	

Proportional Parts															
68	67	66	65	64	63	62	61	60	59	3	2				
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	0	0	0	0
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	0	0	0	0
5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	0	0	0	0
6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	0	0	0	0
7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	0	0	0	0
8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	0	0	0	0
9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	0	0	0	0
10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	0	0	0	0
11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	0	0	0	0
12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	1	0	0	0
13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	1	0	0	0
14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	1	0	0	0
15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	1	0	0	0
16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	1	0	0	0
17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	1	0	0	0
18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	1	0	0	0
19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	1	0	0	0
20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	1	1	1	1
21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	1	1	1	1
22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	1	1	1	1
23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	1	1	1	1
24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	1	1	1	1
25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	1	1	1	1
26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	1	1	1	1
27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	1	1	1	1
28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	1	1	1	1
29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	1	1	1	1
30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	2	1	1	1
31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	2	1	1	1
32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	2	1	1	1
33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	2	1	1	1
34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	2	1	1	1
35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	2	1	1	1
36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	2	1	1	1
37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	2	1	1	1
38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	2	1	1	1
39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	2	1	1	1
40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	2	1	1	1
41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	2	1	1	1
42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	2	1	1	1
43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	2	1	1	1
44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	2	1	1	1
45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	2	1	1	1
46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	2	1	1	1
47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	2	1	1	1
48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	2	1	1	1
49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	2	1	1	1
50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	2	2	2	2
51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	2	2	2	2
52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	2	2	2	2
53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	2	2	2	2
54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	2	2	2	2
55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	2	2	2	2
56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	2	2	2	2
57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	2	2	2	2
58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	2	2	2	2
59	59	59	59	59	59	59	59	59	59	59	59	2	2	2	2
60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	2	2	2	2
61	61	61	61	61	61	61	61	61	61	61	61	3	2	2	2
62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	3	2	2	2
63	63	63	63	63	63	63	63	63	63	63	63	3	2	2	2
64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	3	2	2	2
65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	3	2	2	2
66	66	66	66	66	66	66	66	66	66	66	66	3	2	2	2
67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	3	2	2	2
68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	3	2	2	2

12°

TABLE II

167°

														Proportional Parts											
"	63	62	61	60	59	58	57	56	55	3	2														
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0								
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0								
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0								
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	0								
5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	0	0	0	0	0	0								
6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	0	0	0	0	0	0								
7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	6	0	0	0	0	0								
8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	7	0	0	0	0	0								
9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	8	0	0	0	0	0								
10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	9	0	0	0	0	0								
11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	10	10	10	1	0	0	0	0								
12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	11	11	11	1	0	0	0	0								
13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	12	12	12	1	0	0	0	0								
14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	13	13	13	1	0	0	0	0								
15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	14	14	14	1	0	0	0	0								
16	16	17	17	16	16	16	16	16	16	15	15	15	1	1	1	1	1								
17	17	18	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	16	16	16	1	1	1	1	1								
18	18	19	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	17	17	17	1	1	1	1	1								
19	19	20	20	19	19	19	19	19	19	18	18	18	1	1	1	1	1								
20	20	21	21	20	20	20	20	20	20	19	19	19	1	1	1	1	1								
21	21	22	22	21	21	21	21	21	21	20	20	20	1	1	1	1	1								
22	22	23	23	22	22	22	22	22	22	21	21	21	1	1	1	1	1								
23	23	24	24	23	23	23	23	23	23	22	22	22	1	1	1	1	1								
24	24	25	25	24	24	24	24	24	24	23	23	23	1	1	1	1	1								
25	25	26	26	25	25	25	25	25	25	24	24	24	1	1	1	1	1								
26	26	27	27	26	26	26	26	26	26	25	25	25	1	1	1	1	1								
27	27	28	28	27	27	27	27	27	27	26	26	26	1	1	1	1	1								
28	28	29	29	28	28	28	28	28	28	27	27	27	1	1	1	1	1								
29	29	30	30	29	29	29	29	29	29	28	28	28	1	1	1	1	1								
30	30	32	31	30	30	30	29	28	28	28	28	28	2	1	1	1	1								
31	31	33	32	31	31	30	29	29	29	29	29	29	2	1	1	1	1								
32	32	34	33	32	32	31	30	30	30	30	30	30	2	1	1	1	1								
33	33	35	34	33	33	32	31	31	31	31	31	31	2	1	1	1	1								
34	34	36	35	34	34	33	32	32	32	32	32	32	2	1	1	1	1								
35	35	37	36	35	35	34	33	33	33	33	33	33	2	1	1	1	1								
36	36	38	37	36	36	35	34	34	34	34	34	34	2	1	1	1	1								
37	37	39	38	37	37	36	35	35	35	35	35	35	2	1	1	1	1								
38	38	40	39	38	38	37	36	36	36	36	36	36	2	1	1	1	1								
39	39	41	40	40	39	38	37	37	37	37	37	37	2	1	1	1	1								
40	40	42	41	41	40	39	38	38	38	38	38	38	2	1	1	1	1								
41	41	43	42	42	41	40	39	39	39	39	39	39	2	1	1	1	1								
42	42	44	43	43	42	41	40	40	40	40	40	40	2	1	1	1	1								
43	43	45	44	44	43	42	41	41	41	41	41	41	2	1	1	1	1								
44	44	46	45	45	44	43	42	42	42	42	42	42	2	1	1	1	1								
45	45	47	46	46	45	44	43	43	43	43	43	43	2	1	1	1	1								
46	46	48	47	47	46	45	44	44	44	44	44	44	2	1	1	1	1								
47	47	49	48	48	47	46	45	45	45	45	45	45	2	1	1	1	1								
48	48	50	49	49	48	47	46	46	46	46	46	46	2	1	1	1	1								
49	49	51	50	50	49	48	47	47	47	47	47	47	2	1	1	1	1								
50	50	52	51	51	50	49	48	48	48	48	48	48	2	1	1	1	1								
51	51	53	52	52	51	50	49	49	49	49	49	49	2	1	1	1	1								
52	52	54	53	53	52	51	50	50	50	50	50	50	2	1	1	1	1								
53	53	55	54	54	53	52	51	51	51	51	51	51	2	1	1	1	1								
54	54	56	55	55	54	53	52	52	52	52	52	52	2	1	1	1	1								
55	55	57	56	56	55	54	53	53	53	53	53	53	2	1	1	1	1								
56	56	58	57	57	56	55	54	54	54	54	54	54	2	1	1	1	1								
57	57	59	58	58	57	56	55	55	55	55	55	55	2	1	1	1	1								
58	58	60	59	59	58	57	56	56	56	56	56	56	2	1	1	1	1								
59	59	61	60	60	59	58	57	57	57	57	57	57	2	1	1	1	1								
60	60	62	61	61	60	59	58	58	58	58	58	58	2	1	1	1	1								
"	63	62	61	60	59	58	57	56	55	3	2														

102°

77°

\angle	\sin	\cos	\tan	\cot	\sec	\csc
9.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.
0	35209	64791	36336	63664	01128	98872
1	263	737	394	606	131	869
2	318	682	452	548	133	867
3	373	627	509	491	136	864
4	427	573	566	434	139	861
5	481	519	624	376	142	858
6	536	464	681	319	145	855
7	590	410	738	262	148	852
8	644	356	795	205	151	849
9	698	302	852	148	154	846
10	752	248	909	091	157	843
11	806	194	966	034	160	840
12	860	140	37023	62977	163	837
13	914	086	080	920	166	834
14	968	032	137	863	169	831
15	36022	63978	193	807	172	828
16	075	925	250	750	175	825
17	129	871	306	694	178	822
18	182	818	363	637	181	819
19	236	764	419	581	184	816
20	289	711	476	524	187	813
21	342	658	532	468	190	810
22	395	605	588	412	193	807
23	449	551	644	356	196	804
24	502	498	700	300	199	801
25	555	445	756	244	202	798
26	608	392	812	188	205	795
27	660	340	868	132	208	792
28	713	287	924	076	211	789
29	766	234	980	020	214	786
30	36819	63181	38035	61965	01217	98783
31	871	129	091	909	220	780
32	924	076	147	853	223	777
33	976	024	202	798	226	774
34	37028	62972	257	743	229	771
35	081	919	313	687	232	768
36	133	867	368	632	235	765
37	185	815	423	577	238	762
38	237	763	477	521	241	759
39	289	711	534	466	244	756
40	341	659	589	411	247	753
41	393	607	644	356	250	750
42	445	555	699	301	254	746
43	497	503	754	246	257	743
44	549	451	808	192	260	740
45	600	400	863	137	263	737
46	652	348	918	082	266	734
47	703	297	972	028	269	731
48	755	245	39027	60973	272	728
49	806	194	032	918	275	725
50	858	142	136	864	278	722
51	909	091	190	810	281	719
52	960	040	245	755	285	715
53	38011	61989	299	701	288	712
54	062	938	353	647	291	709
55	113	887	407	593	294	706
56	164	836	461	539	297	703
57	215	785	515	485	300	700
58	266	734	569	431	303	697
59	317	683	623	377	306	694
60	38368	61632	39677	60323	01310	98690
9.	\cos	\sec	\tan	\cot	\sin	

Proportional Parts											
58	57	56	55	54	53	52	51	4	3	2	1
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	0	0	0	0
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	0	0	0	0
5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	0	0	0	0
6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	0	0	0	0
7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	0	0	0	0
8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	0	0	0	0
9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	0	0	0	0
10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	0	0	0	0
11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	0	0	0	0
12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	0	0	0	0
13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	0	0	0	0
14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	0	0	0	0
15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	0	0	0	0
16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	0	0	0	0
17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	0	0	0	0
18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	0	0	0	0
19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	0	0	0	0
20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	0	0	0	0
21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	0	0	0	0
22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	0	0	0	0
23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	0	0	0	0
24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	0	0	0	0
25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	0	0	0	0
26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	0	0	0	0
27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	0	0	0	0
28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	0	0	0	0
29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	0	0	0	0
30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	0	0	0	0
31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	0	0	0	0
32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	0	0	0	0
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35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	0	0	0	0
36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	0	0	0	0
37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	0	0	0	0
38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	0	0	0	0
39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	0	0	0	0
40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	0	0	0	0
41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	0	0	0	0
42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	0	0	0	0
43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	0	0	0	0
44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	0	0	0	0
45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	0	0	0	0
46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	0	0	0	0
47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	0	0	0	0
48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	0	0	0	0
49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	0	0	0	0
50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	0	0	0	0
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55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	0	0	0	0
56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	0	0	0	0
57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	0	0	0	0
58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	0	0	0	0
59	59	59	59	59	59	59	59	0	0	0	0
60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	0	0	0	0
58	57	56	55	54	53	52	51	4	3	2	1

Proportional Parts

14°

TABLE II

165°

"	sin	d	csc	tan	d	cot	sec	d	cos	"
9.	10.	1'	10.	9.	1'	10.	10.	1'	9.	
0	38368		61632	39677		60323	01310		98690	60
1	418	50	582	731	54	269	313	3	687	59
2	469	51	531	785	54	215	316	3	684	58
3	519	50	481	838	53	162	319	3	681	57
4	570	50	430	892	54	108	322	3	678	56
5	620	50	380	945	53	055	325	3	675	55
6	670	50	330	999	54	001	329	4	671	54
7	721	51	279	40052	53	59948	332	3	668	53
8	771	50	229	106	54	894	335	3	665	52
9	821	50	179	159	53	841	338	3	662	51
10	871	50	129	212	53	788	341	3	659	50
11	921	50	079	266	54	734	344	4	656	49
12	971	50	029	319	53	681	348	4	652	48
13	39021	60	979	372	53	628	351	3	649	47
14	071	50	929	425	53	575	354	3	646	46
15	121	50	879	478	53	522	357	3	643	45
16	170	49	830	531	53	469	360	4	640	44
17	220	50	780	584	53	416	364	4	636	43
18	270	50	730	636	52	364	367	3	633	42
19	319	49	681	689	53	311	370	3	630	41
20	369	50	631	742	53	258	373	3	627	40
21	418	49	582	795	53	205	377	4	623	39
22	467	49	533	847	52	153	380	3	620	38
23	517	50	483	900	53	100	383	3	617	37
24	566	49	434	952	53	048	386	3	614	36
25	615	49	385	41005	53	58995	390	3	610	35
26	664	49	336	057	52	943	393	3	607	34
27	713	49	287	109	52	891	396	3	604	33
28	762	48	238	161	52	839	399	3	601	32
29	811	49	189	214	52	786	403	4	597	31
30	39360	60	60140	41266	52	58734	01406	3	98594	30
31	909	49	091	318	52	682	409	3	591	29
32	958	48	042	370	52	630	412	4	588	28
33	40006	48	59994	422	52	578	416	4	584	27
34	055	48	945	474	52	526	419	3	581	26
35	103	48	897	526	52	474	422	4	578	25
36	152	49	848	578	52	422	426	4	574	24
37	200	48	800	629	51	371	429	3	571	23
38	249	49	751	681	52	319	432	3	568	22
39	297	48	703	733	52	267	435	3	565	21
40	346	48	654	784	51	216	439	4	561	20
41	394	48	606	836	52	164	442	3	558	19
42	442	48	558	887	51	113	445	4	555	18
43	490	48	510	939	52	061	449	4	551	17
44	538	48	462	990	51	010	452	3	548	16
45	586	48	414	42041	51	57959	455	4	545	15
46	634	48	366	093	52	907	458	4	541	14
47	682	48	318	144	51	856	462	3	538	13
48	730	48	270	195	51	805	465	4	535	12
49	778	48	222	246	51	754	469	4	531	11
50	825	47	175	297	51	703	472	3	528	10
51	873	48	127	348	51	652	475	3	525	9
52	921	48	079	399	51	601	479	3	521	8
53	968	47	032	450	51	550	482	3	518	7
54	41016	47	58984	501	51	499	485	3	515	6
55	063	47	937	552	51	448	489	4	511	5
56	111	48	889	603	51	397	492	3	508	4
57	158	47	842	653	50	347	495	4	505	3
58	205	47	795	704	51	296	499	4	501	2
59	252	47	748	755	51	245	502	3	498	1
60	41300	50	58700	42805	50	57195	01506	3	98494	0
9.	d	10.	9.	d	10.	10.	d	9.		
cos	1'	sec	cot	1'	tan	csc	1'	sin		

Proportional Parts												
"	54	53	52	51	50	49	48	47	4	3		
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	0	0	0	0
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	0	0	0	0
5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	0	0	0	0
6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	0	0	0	0
7	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	0	0	0	0
8	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	0	0	0	0
9	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	0	0	0	0
10	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	1	0	1	0
11	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	1	1	1	0
12	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	1	1	1	1
13	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	1	1	1	1
14	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	1	1	1	1
15	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	1	1	1	1
16	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	1	1	1	1
17	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	1	1	1	1
18	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	1	1	1	1
19	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	1	1	1	1
20	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	1	1	1	1
21	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	2	1	2	1
22	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	2	2	2	2
23	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	2	2	2	2
24	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	2	2	2	2
25	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	2	2	2	2
26	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	2	2	2	2
27	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	2	2	2	2
28	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	2	2	2	2
29	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	2	2	2	2
30	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	2	2	2	2
31	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	2	2	2	2
32	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	2	2	2	2
33	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	2	2	2	2
34	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	2	2	2	2
35	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	2	2	2	2
36	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	2	2	2	2
37	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	2	2	2	2
38	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	2	2	2	2
39	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	2	2	2	2
40	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	2	2	2	2
41	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	2	2	2	2
42	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	2	2	2	2
43	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	2	2	2	2
44	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	2	2	2	2
45	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	2	2	2	2
46	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	2	2	2	2
47	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	2	2	2	2
48	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	2	2	2	2
49	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	2	2	2	2
50	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	2	2	2	2
51	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	2	2	2	2
52	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	2	2	2	2
53	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	2	2	2	2
54	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	2	2	2	2
55	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	2	2	2	2
56	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	2	2	2	2
57	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	2	2	2	2
58	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	2	2	2	2
59	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	2	2	2	2
60	59	59	59	59	59	59	59	59	2	2	2	2
Proportional Parts												
"	54	53	52	51	50	49	48	47	4	3		

104°

75°

15°

TABLE II

164°

	\sin	d	\csc	\tan	d	\cot	\sec	d	\cos	
	9.	1'	10.	9.	1'	10.	10.	1'	9.	
0	1300		58700	42805		57195	01506		98494	60
1	347	47	653	856	51	144	509	3	491	59
2	394	47	606	906	51	094	512	4	488	58
3	441	47	559	957	51	043	516	4	484	57
4	488	47	512	43007	50	56993	519	4	481	56
5	535	47	465	057	51	943	523	4	477	55
6	582	46	418	108	50	892	526	3	474	54
7	628	47	372	158	50	842	529	4	471	53
8	675	47	325	208	50	792	533	4	467	52
9	722	46	278	258	50	742	536	4	464	51
10	768	47	232	308	50	692	540	4	460	50
11	815	46	185	358	50	642	543	4	457	49
12	861	47	139	408	50	592	547	4	453	48
13	908	47	092	458	50	542	550	3	450	47
14	954	46	046	508	50	492	553	4	447	46
15	42001		57999	558		442	557	3	443	45
16	047	46	953	607	49	393	560	4	440	44
17	093	46	907	657	50	343	564	4	436	43
18	140	47	860	707	50	293	567	4	433	42
19	186	46	814	756	50	244	571	4	429	41
20	232	46	768	806	49	194	574	4	426	40
21	278	46	722	855	49	145	578	4	422	39
22	324	46	676	905	50	095	581	4	419	38
23	370	46	630	954	50	046	585	4	415	37
24	416	45	584	44004	49	55996	588	3	412	36
25	461	46	539	053	49	947	591	4	409	35
26	507	46	493	102	49	898	595	4	405	34
27	553	46	447	151	50	849	598	4	402	33
28	599	46	401	201	50	799	602	4	398	32
29	644	46	356	250	49	750	605	4	395	31
30	42690		57310	44299		55701	01609		98391	30
31	735	46	265	348	49	652	612	3	388	29
32	781	46	219	397	49	603	616	3	384	28
33	826	46	174	446	49	554	619	4	381	27
34	872	45	128	495	49	505	623	4	377	26
35	917	45	083	544	48	456	627	3	373	25
36	962	45	038	592	48	408	630	3	370	24
37	43008		56992	641	49	359	634	3	366	23
38	053	45	947	690	49	310	637	3	363	22
39	098	45	902	738	49	262	641	3	359	21
40	143	45	857	787	49	213	644	4	356	20
41	188	45	812	836	48	164	648	4	352	19
42	233	45	767	884	48	116	651	3	349	18
43	278	45	722	933	48	067	655	3	345	17
44	323	44	677	981	48	019	658	4	342	16
45	367	45	633	45029	49	54971	662	4	338	15
46	412	45	588	078	48	922	666	3	334	14
47	457	45	543	126	48	874	669	3	331	13
48	502	44	498	174	48	826	673	3	327	12
49	546	44	454	222	48	778	676	4	324	11
50	591	44	409	271	48	729	680	3	320	10
51	635	44	365	319	48	681	683	4	317	9
52	680	44	320	367	48	633	687	3	313	8
53	724	44	276	415	48	585	691	3	309	7
54	769	44	231	463	48	537	694	4	306	6
55	813	44	187	511	48	489	698	3	302	5
56	857	44	143	559	47	441	701	4	299	4
57	901	44	099	606	47	394	705	3	295	3
58	946	44	054	654	47	346	709	4	291	2
59	990	44	010	702	48	298	712	3	288	1
60	44034		55966	45750		54250	01716		98284	0
	\sin	d	\csc	\tan	d	\cot	\sec	d	\cos	
	9.	1'	10.	9.	1'	10.	10.	1'	9.	

Proportional Parts										
	51	50	49	48	47	46	45	44	4	3
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0	0
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	0	0
4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	0	0
5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	0	0
6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	0	0
7	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	0	0
8	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	0	0
9	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	0	0
10	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	1	0
11	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	1	1
12	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	1	1
13	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	1	1
14	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	1	1
15	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	1	1
16	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	1	1
17	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	1	1
18	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	1	1
19	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	1	1
20	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	1	1
21	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	1	1
22	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	2	1
23	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	2	1
24	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	2	1
25	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	2	1
26	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	2	1
27	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	2	1
28	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	2	1
29	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	2	1
30	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	2	2
31	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	2	2
32	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	2	2
33	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	2	2
34	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	2	2
35	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	2	2
36	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	2	2
37	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	2	2
38	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	3	2
39	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	3	2
40	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	3	2
41	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	3	2
42	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	3	2
43	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	3	2
44	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	3	2
45	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	3	2
46	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	3	2
47	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	3	2
48	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	3	2
49	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	3	2
50	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	3	2
51	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	3	3
52	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	3	3
53	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	4	3
54	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	4	3
55	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	4	3
56	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	4	3
57	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	4	3
58	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	4	3
59	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	4	3
60	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	4	3
Proportional Parts										

105°

74°

16°

TABLE II

163°

\sin	d	\sec	\tan	d	\cot	\sec	d	\cos	d
9.	10.	9.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	9.	10.
0 44034	55966	45750	54250	01716	98284	60			
1 078	922	797	203	719	281	59			
2 122	878	845	155	723	277	58			
3 166	834	892	108	727	273	57			
4 210	790	940	060	730	270	56			
5 253	747	987	013	734	266	55			
6 297	703	46038	53965	738	262	54			
7 341	659	082	918	741	259	53			
8 385	615	130	870	745	255	52			
9 428	572	177	823	749	251	51			
10 472	528	224	776	752	248	50			
11 516	484	271	729	756	244	49			
12 559	441	319	681	760	240	48			
13 602	398	366	634	763	237	47			
14 646	354	413	587	767	233	46			
15 689	311	460	540	771	229	45			
16 733	267	507	493	774	226	44			
17 776	224	554	446	778	222	43			
18 819	181	601	399	782	218	42			
19 862	138	648	352	785	215	41			
20 905	095	694	306	789	211	40			
21 948	052	741	259	793	207	39			
22 992	008	788	212	796	204	38			
23 45035	54965	835	165	800	200	37			
24 077	923	881	119	804	196	36			
25 120	880	928	072	808	192	35			
26 163	837	975	025	811	189	34			
27 206	794	47021	52979	815	185	33			
28 249	751	068	932	819	181	32			
29 292	708	114	886	823	177	31			
30 45334	54666	47160	52840	01826	98174	30			
31 377	623	207	793	830	170	29			
32 419	581	253	747	834	166	28			
33 462	538	299	701	838	162	27			
34 504	496	346	654	841	159	26			
35 547	453	392	608	845	155	25			
36 589	411	438	562	849	151	24			
37 632	368	484	516	853	147	23			
38 674	326	530	470	856	144	22			
39 716	284	576	424	860	140	21			
40 758	242	622	378	864	136	20			
41 801	199	668	332	868	132	19			
42 843	157	714	286	871	129	18			
43 885	115	760	240	875	125	17			
44 927	073	806	194	879	121	16			
45 969	031	852	148	883	117	15			
46 46011	53989	897	103	887	113	14			
47 053	947	943	057	890	110	13			
48 095	905	989	011	894	106	12			
49 136	864	48035	51965	898	102	11			
50 178	822	080	920	902	098	10			
51 220	780	126	874	906	094	9			
52 262	738	171	829	910	090	8			
53 303	697	217	783	913	087	7			
54 345	655	262	738	917	083	6			
55 386	614	307	693	921	079	5			
56 428	572	353	647	925	075	4			
57 469	531	398	602	929	071	3			
58 511	489	443	557	933	067	2			
59 552	448	489	511	937	063	1			
60 46594	53406	48534	51466	01940	98060	0			
\cos	d	\sec	\cot	d	\tan	\sec	d	\sin	d
10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.

Proportional Parts												
48	47	46	45	44	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	36
0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1 1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2 2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3 3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
4 4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
5 5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
6 6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
7 7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
8 8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
9 9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
10 10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
11 11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
12 12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
13 13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
14 14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
15 15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
16 16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
17 17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
18 18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
19 19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19
20 20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
21 21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21
22 22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
23 23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
24 24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
25 25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
26 26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26
27 27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27
28 28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
29 29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29
30 30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
31 31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31
32 32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32
33 33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33
34 34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34
35 35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
36 36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
37 37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37
38 38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38
39 39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39
40 40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
41 41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41
42 42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42
43 43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43
44 44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44
45 45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
46 46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
47 47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47
48 48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48
49 49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49
50 50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
51 51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51
52 52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52
53 53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53
54 54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54
55 55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55
56 56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56
57 57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57
58 58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58
59 59	59	59	59	59	59	59	59	59	59	59	59	59
60 60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60
Proportional Parts												

106°

73°

17°

TABLE II

162°

\circ	\sin	\cos	\tan	\cot	\sec	\csc
0	46594	53406	48534	51466	01940	95060
1	635	365	579	421	944	05659
2	676	324	624	376	948	05258
3	717	283	669	331	952	04857
4	758	242	714	286	956	04456
5	800	200	759	241	960	04055
6	841	159	804	196	964	03654
7	882	118	849	151	968	03253
8	923	077	894	106	971	02952
9	964	036	939	061	975	02551
10	47005	52995	984	016	979	02150
11	045	955	49029	50971	983	01749
12	086	914	073	927	987	01348
13	127	873	118	882	991	00947
14	168	832	163	837	995	00546
15	209	791	207	793	999	00145
16	249	751	252	748	02003	9799744
17	290	710	296	704	007	99342
18	330	670	341	659	011	98942
19	371	629	385	615	014	98641
20	411	589	430	570	018	98240
21	452	548	474	526	022	97839
22	492	508	519	481	026	97438
23	533	467	563	437	030	97037
24	573	427	607	393	034	96636
25	613	387	652	348	038	96235
26	654	346	696	304	042	95834
27	694	306	740	260	046	95433
28	734	266	784	216	050	95032
29	774	226	828	172	054	94631
30	47814	52186	49372	50128	02058	9794230
31	854	146	916	084	062	93829
32	894	106	960	040	066	93428
33	934	066	50004	49996	070	93027
34	974	026	048	952	074	92626
35	48014	51986	092	908	078	92225
36	054	946	136	864	082	91824
37	094	906	180	820	086	91423
38	133	867	223	777	090	91022
39	173	827	267	733	094	90621
40	213	787	311	689	098	90220
41	252	748	355	645	102	89819
42	292	708	398	602	106	89418
43	332	668	442	558	110	89017
44	371	629	485	515	114	88616
45	411	589	529	471	118	88215
46	450	550	572	428	122	87814
47	490	510	616	384	126	87413
48	529	471	659	341	130	87012
49	568	432	703	297	134	86611
50	607	393	746	254	139	86110
51	647	353	789	211	143	8579
52	686	314	833	167	147	8538
53	725	275	876	124	151	8497
54	764	236	919	081	155	8456
55	803	197	963	038	159	8415
56	842	158	51005	48995	163	8374
57	881	119	048	952	167	8333
58	920	080	092	908	171	8292
59	959	041	135	865	175	8251
60	48998	51002	51178	48822	02179	978210
\circ	\sin	\cos	\tan	\cot	\sec	\csc

107°

72°

290

Proportional Parts												
\circ	45	44	43	42	41	40	39	5	4	3	2	1
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19
20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21
22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26
27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27
28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29
30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31
32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32
33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33
34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34
35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37
38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38
39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39
40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41
42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42
43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43
44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44
45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47
48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48
49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49
50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51
52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52
53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53
54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54
55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55
56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56
57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57
58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58
59	59	59	59	59	59	59	59	59	59	59	59	59
60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60
\circ	\sin	\cos	\tan	\cot	\sec	\csc	\sin	\cos	\tan	\cot	\sec	\csc

Proportional Parts

[illegible]

"	Proportional Parts								
	43	42	41	39	38	37	36	5	4
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0
2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0
3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0	0
4	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	0	0
5	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	0	0
6	4	4	3	4	4	4	4	0	0
7	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	1	1
8	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	1	1
9	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	1	1
10	7	7	7	6	6	6	6	1	1
11	8	8	8	7	7	7	7	1	1
12	9	8	8	8	8	7	7	1	1
13	9	9	9	8	8	8	8	1	1
14	10	10	10	9	9	9	8	1	1
15	11	10	10	10	10	9	9	1	1
16	11	11	11	10	10	10	10	1	1
17	12	12	12	11	11	10	10	1	1
18	13	13	12	12	11	11	11	2	1
19	14	13	13	12	12	12	11	2	1
20	14	14	14	13	13	12	12	2	1
21	15	15	14	14	13	13	13	2	1
22	16	15	15	14	14	14	13	2	1
23	16	16	16	15	15	14	14	2	2
24	17	17	16	16	15	15	14	2	2
25	18	18	17	16	15	15	15	2	2
26	19	18	17	16	16	16	16	2	2
27	19	19	18	18	17	17	16	2	2
28	20	20	19	18	18	17	17	2	2
29	21	20	20	19	18	18	17	2	2
30	22	21	20	20	19	18	18	2	2
31	22	22	21	20	20	19	19	3	2
32	23	22	22	21	20	20	19	3	2
33	24	23	23	21	21	20	20	3	2
34	24	24	23	22	22	21	20	3	2
35	25	24	24	23	22	22	21	3	2
36	26	25	25	23	23	22	22	3	2
37	27	26	26	24	23	23	23	3	2
38	27	27	26	25	24	23	23	3	3
39	28	27	27	25	25	24	23	3	3
40	29	28	27	26	25	25	24	3	3
41	29	29	28	27	26	25	25	3	3
42	30	30	29	27	27	26	25	4	3
43	31	30	29	28	27	27	26	4	3
44	32	31	30	29	28	27	26	4	3
45	32	32	31	29	28	28	27	4	3
46	33	32	31	30	29	28	28	4	3
47	34	33	32	31	30	29	28	4	3
48	34	34	33	31	30	30	29	4	3
49	35	34	33	32	31	30	29	4	3
50	36	35	34	32	32	31	30	4	3
51	37	36	35	33	32	31	31	4	3
52	37	37	36	34	33	32	31	4	3
53	38	37	36	34	34	33	32	4	4
54	39	38	37	35	34	33	32	4	4
55	39	38	38	36	35	34	33	5	4
56	40	39	38	36	35	35	34	5	4
57	41	40	39	37	36	35	34	5	4
58	42	41	40	38	37	36	35	5	4
59	42	41	40	38	37	36	35	5	4
60	43	42	41	39	38	37	36	5	4
"	43	42	41	39	38	37	36	5	4
	Proportional Parts								

19°

TABLE II

160°

	\sin	d	\sec	\tan	d	\cot	\sec	d	\cos	
	9.	1'	10.	9.	1'	10.	10.	1'	9.	
0	51264		48736	53897		46303	02433		97567	60
1	301	37	699	738	41	262	437	4	563	59
2	338	37	662	779	41	221	442	4	558	58
3	374	37	626	820	41	180	446	4	554	57
4	411	37	589	861	41	139	450	4	550	56
5	447	37	553	902	41	098	455	4	545	55
6	484	37	516	943	41	057	459	4	541	54
7	520	37	480	984	41	016	464	4	536	53
8	557	37	443	54025	41	45975	468	4	532	52
9	593	37	407	065	40	935	472	4	528	51
10	629	37	371	106	41	894	477	4	523	50
11	666	37	334	147	41	853	481	4	519	49
12	702	37	298	187	40	813	485	4	515	48
13	738	37	262	228	41	772	490	4	510	47
14	774	37	226	269	40	731	494	4	506	46
15	811	37	189	309	41	691	499	4	501	45
16	847	37	153	350	41	650	503	4	497	44
17	883	37	117	390	40	610	508	4	492	43
18	919	37	081	431	41	569	512	4	488	42
19	955	37	045	471	40	529	516	4	484	41
20	991	37	009	512	41	488	521	4	479	40
21	52027	37	47973	552	40	448	525	4	475	39
22	063	37	937	593	41	407	530	4	470	38
23	099	37	901	633	40	367	534	4	466	37
24	135	37	865	673	41	327	539	4	461	36
25	171	37	829	714	40	286	543	4	457	35
26	207	37	793	754	41	246	547	4	453	34
27	242	37	758	794	40	206	552	4	448	33
28	278	37	722	835	41	165	556	4	444	32
29	314	37	686	875	40	125	561	4	439	31
30	52350	37	47650	54915	41	45085	02565	4	97435	30
31	385	37	615	955	40	045	570	4	430	29
32	421	37	579	995	41	005	574	4	426	28
33	456	37	544	55035	40	44965	579	4	421	27
34	492	37	508	075	41	925	583	4	417	26
35	527	37	473	115	40	885	588	4	412	25
36	563	37	437	155	41	845	592	4	408	24
37	598	37	402	195	40	805	597	4	403	23
38	634	37	366	235	41	765	601	4	399	22
39	669	37	331	275	40	725	606	4	394	21
40	705	37	295	315	41	685	610	4	390	20
41	740	37	260	355	40	645	615	4	385	19
42	775	37	225	395	39	605	619	4	381	18
43	811	37	189	434	40	566	624	4	376	17
44	846	37	154	474	41	526	628	4	372	16
45	881	37	119	514	40	486	633	4	367	15
46	916	37	084	554	41	446	637	4	363	14
47	951	37	049	593	39	407	642	4	358	13
48	986	37	014	633	40	367	647	4	353	12
49	53021	37	46979	673	39	327	651	4	349	11
50	056	37	944	712	40	288	656	4	344	10
51	092	37	908	752	41	248	660	4	340	9
52	126	37	874	791	39	209	665	4	335	8
53	161	37	839	831	40	169	669	4	331	7
54	196	37	804	870	39	130	674	4	326	6
55	231	37	769	910	39	090	678	4	322	5
56	266	37	734	949	40	051	683	4	317	4
57	301	37	699	989	39	011	688	4	312	3
58	336	37	664	56028	39	43972	692	4	308	2
59	370	37	630	067	40	933	697	4	303	1
60	53405	37	46595	56107	39	43893	02701	4	97299	0
	9.	d	10.	9.	d	10.	10.	d	9.	
	\cos	1'	\sec	\cot	1'	\tan	\csc	1'	\sin	

Proportional Parts									
	41	40	39	37	36	35	34	5	4
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0	0
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	0	0
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	0	0
5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	0	0
6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	0	0
7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	0	0
8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	0	0
9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	0	0
10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	1	1
11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	1	1
12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	1	1
13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	1	1
14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	1	1
15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	1	1
16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	1	1
17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	1	1
18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	1	1
19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	1	1
20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	2	2
21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	2	2
22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	2	2
23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	2	2
24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	2	2
25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	2	2
26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	2	2
27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	2	2
28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	2	2
29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	2	2
30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	2	2
31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	2	2
32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	2	2
33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	2	2
34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	2	2
35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	2	2
36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	2	2
37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	2	2
38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	2	2
39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	2	2
40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	2	2
41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	2	2
42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	2	2
43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	2	2
44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	2	2
45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	2	2
46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	2	2
47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	2	2
48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	2	2
49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	2	2
50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	2	2
51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	2	2
52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	2	2
53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	2	2
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55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	2	2
56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	2	2
57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	2	2
58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	2	2
59	59	59	59	59	59	59	59	2	2
60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	2	2
	41	40	39	37	36	35	34	5	4
Proportional Parts									

109°

70°

20°

TABLE II

159°

										Proportional Parts													
°	l sin	d	l csc	l tan	d	l cot	l sec	d	l cos	°	40	39	38	37	35	34	33	5	4				
0	53405	1'	46595	56107	39	43393	02701	5	97299	60	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
1	440	35	560	146	39	854	706	5	294	59	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0				
2	475	34	525	185	39	815	711	5	289	58	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0				
3	509	35	491	224	40	776	715	4	285	57	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	0	0				
4	544	34	456	264	39	736	720	4	280	56	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	0	0				
5	578	35	422	303	39	697	724	5	276	55	5	3	3	3	3	3	3	0	0				
6	613	34	387	342	39	658	729	5	271	54	6	4	4	4	4	4	4	0	0				
7	647	35	353	381	39	619	734	5	266	53	7	5	5	5	5	5	5	1	1				
8	682	34	318	420	39	580	738	5	262	52	8	5	5	5	5	5	5	1	1				
9	716	35	284	459	39	541	743	5	257	51	9	6	6	6	6	6	6	1	1				
10	751	34	249	498	39	502	748	4	252	50	10	7	6	6	6	6	6	1	1				
11	785	35	215	537	39	463	752	4	248	49	11	7	7	7	7	7	7	1	1				
12	819	34	181	576	39	424	757	4	243	48	12	8	8	8	8	8	8	1	1				
13	854	35	146	615	39	385	762	4	238	47	13	9	8	8	8	8	8	1	1				
14	888	34	112	654	39	346	766	4	234	46	14	9	9	9	9	9	9	1	1				
15	922	35	078	693	39	307	771	5	229	45	15	10	10	10	10	10	10	1	1				
16	957	34	043	732	39	268	776	5	224	44	16	11	10	10	10	10	10	1	1				
17	991	35	009	771	39	229	780	5	220	43	17	11	11	11	11	11	11	1	1				
18	54025	34	45975	810	39	190	785	5	215	42	18	12	12	12	12	12	12	2	2				
19	059	34	941	849	39	151	790	5	210	41	19	13	12	12	12	12	12	2	2				
20	093	34	907	887	39	113	794	5	206	40	20	13	13	13	13	13	13	2	2				
21	127	34	873	926	39	074	799	5	201	39	21	14	14	14	14	14	14	2	2				
22	161	34	839	965	39	035	804	4	196	38	22	15	14	14	14	14	14	2	2				
23	195	34	805	57004	39	42996	808	4	192	37	23	15	15	15	15	15	15	2	2				
24	229	34	771	042	39	958	813	5	187	36	24	16	16	15	15	15	15	2	2				
25	263	34	737	081	39	919	818	4	182	35	25	17	16	16	16	16	16	2	2				
26	297	34	703	120	39	880	822	4	178	34	26	17	17	16	16	16	16	2	2				
27	331	34	669	158	39	842	827	4	173	33	27	18	18	17	17	17	17	2	2				
28	365	34	635	197	39	803	832	4	168	32	28	19	18	18	17	17	17	2	2				
29	399	34	601	235	39	765	837	5	163	31	29	19	19	18	18	18	18	2	2				
30	54433	34	45567	57274	39	42726	02841	4	97159	30	30	20	20	19	18	18	18	2	2				
31	466	34	534	312	39	688	846	5	154	29	31	21	20	20	19	18	18	2	2				
32	500	34	500	351	39	649	851	5	149	28	32	21	21	20	20	19	18	2	2				
33	534	34	466	389	39	611	855	5	145	27	33	22	21	21	20	19	18	2	2				
34	567	34	433	428	39	572	860	5	140	26	34	23	22	22	21	20	19	2	2				
35	601	34	399	466	39	534	865	5	135	25	35	23	23	22	22	20	20	2	2				
36	635	34	365	504	39	496	870	5	130	24	36	24	23	23	22	21	20	2	2				
37	668	34	332	543	39	457	874	5	126	23	37	25	24	23	23	22	21	2	2				
38	702	34	298	581	39	419	879	5	121	22	38	25	25	24	23	22	21	2	2				
39	735	34	265	619	39	381	884	5	116	21	39	26	25	25	24	23	22	2	2				
40	769	34	231	658	39	342	889	4	111	20	40	27	26	25	25	24	23	2	2				
41	802	34	198	696	39	304	893	4	107	19	41	27	27	26	25	24	23	2	2				
42	836	34	164	734	39	266	898	4	102	18	42	28	27	27	26	24	23	2	2				
43	869	34	131	772	39	228	903	4	97	17	43	29	28	27	27	25	24	2	2				
44	903	34	097	810	39	190	908	5	92	16	44	29	29	28	27	26	25	2	2				
45	936	34	064	849	39	151	913	4	87	15	45	30	29	28	28	26	25	2	2				
46	969	34	031	887	39	113	917	4	83	14	46	31	30	29	28	27	26	2	2				
47	55003	34	44997	925	39	075	922	4	78	13	47	31	31	30	29	27	27	2	2				
48	036	34	964	963	39	037	927	4	73	12	48	32	31	30	30	28	27	2	2				
49	069	34	931	58001	39	41999	932	5	68	11	49	33	32	31	30	29	28	2	2				
50	102	34	898	039	39	961	937	4	63	10	50	33	32	32	31	29	28	2	2				
51	136	34	864	077	39	923	941	4	59	9	51	34	33	32	31	30	29	2	2				
52	169	34	831	115	39	885	946	4	54	8	52	35	34	33	32	30	29	2	2				
53	202	34	798	153	39	847	951	4	49	7	53	35	34	34	33	31	30	2	2				
54	235	34	765	191	39	809	956	5	44	6	54	36	35	34	33	32	31	2	2				
55	268	34	732	229	39	771	961	4	39	5	55	37	36	35	34	32	31	2	2				
56	301	34	699	267	39	733	965	4	35	4	56	37	36	35	35	33	32	2	2				
57	334	34	666	304	39	696	970	4	30	3	57	38	37	36	35	33	32	2	2				
58	367	34	633	342	39	658	975	4	25	2	58	39	38	37	36	34	33	2	2				
59	400	34	600	380	39	620	980	5	20	1	59	39	38	37	36	34	33	2	2				
60	55433	34	44567	58418	39	41582	02985	5	97015	0	60	40	39	38	37	35	34	33	2	2			
												Proportional Parts											
°	l sin	d	l csc	l tan	d	l cot	l sec	d	l cos	°	40	39	38	37	35	34	33	5	4				

110°

69°

21°

TABLE II

158°

°	sin	d	sec	tan	d	cot	sec	d	cos	°
9.	10.	1'	9.	1'	10.	10.	1'	9.	1'	9.
0	55433		44567	58418		41582	02985		97015	60
1	466	33	534	455	38	545	990	5	010	59
2	499	33	501	493	38	507	995	5	005	58
3	532	33	468	531	38	469	999	5	001	57
4	564	32	436	569	37	431	03004	5	96996	56
5	597	32	403	606	37	394	009	5	991	55
6	630	32	370	644	36	356	014	5	986	54
7	663	32	337	681	35	319	019	5	981	53
8	695	32	305	719	35	281	024	5	976	52
9	728	32	272	757	34	243	029	5	971	51
10	761	32	239	794	33	206	034	5	966	50
11	793	32	207	832	32	168	038	4	962	49
12	826	32	174	869	31	131	043	4	957	48
13	858	32	142	907	30	093	048	4	952	47
14	891	32	109	944	29	056	053	4	947	46
15	923	32	077	981	28	019	058	4	942	45
16	956	32	044	59019	27	40981	063	4	937	44
17	988	32	012	056	26	944	068	4	932	43
18	56021	32	43979	094	25	906	073	4	927	42
19	053	32	947	131	24	869	078	4	922	41
20	085	32	915	168	23	832	083	4	917	40
21	118	32	882	205	22	795	088	4	912	39
22	150	32	850	243	21	757	093	4	907	38
23	182	32	818	280	20	720	097	4	903	37
24	215	32	785	317	19	683	102	4	898	36
25	247	32	753	354	18	646	107	4	893	35
26	279	32	721	391	17	609	112	4	888	34
27	311	32	689	429	16	571	117	4	883	33
28	343	32	657	466	15	534	122	4	878	32
29	375	32	625	503	14	497	127	4	873	31
30	56408	32	43592	59540	13	40460	03132	4	96868	30
31	440	32	560	577	12	423	137	4	863	29
32	472	32	528	614	11	386	142	4	858	28
33	504	32	496	651	10	349	147	4	853	27
34	536	32	464	688	9	312	152	4	848	26
35	568	31	432	725	8	275	157	4	843	25
36	599	32	401	762	7	238	162	4	838	24
37	631	32	369	799	6	201	167	4	833	23
38	663	32	337	835	5	165	172	4	828	22
39	695	32	305	872	4	128	177	4	823	21
40	727	32	273	909	3	091	182	4	818	20
41	759	32	241	946	2	054	187	4	813	19
42	790	32	210	983	1	017	192	4	808	18
43	822	32	178	60019	0	39981	197	4	803	17
44	854	32	146	056	37	944	202	4	798	16
45	886	31	114	093	37	907	207	4	793	15
46	917	32	083	130	36	870	212	4	788	14
47	949	31	051	166	37	834	217	4	783	13
48	980	31	020	203	37	797	222	4	778	12
49	57012	32	42988	240	36	760	228	4	772	11
50	044	31	956	276	37	724	233	4	767	10
51	075	32	925	313	36	687	238	4	762	9
52	107	31	893	349	37	651	243	4	757	8
53	138	31	862	386	36	614	248	4	752	7
54	169	31	831	422	36	578	253	4	747	6
55	201	31	799	459	36	541	258	4	742	5
56	232	32	768	495	37	505	263	4	737	4
57	264	32	736	532	37	468	268	4	732	3
58	295	31	705	568	37	432	273	4	727	2
59	326	32	674	605	36	395	278	4	722	1
60	57358	32	42642	60641	36	39359	03283	4	96717	0
9.	d	10.	9.	d	10.	10.	d	9.	1'	9.
l cos	1'	l sec	l cot	1'	l tan	l csc	1'	l sin	1'	l

Proportional Parts										
38	37	36	33	32	31	6	5	4	3	2
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
2	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
3	2	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0
4	3	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0
5	3	3	3	3	3	3	0	0	0	0
6	4	4	4	4	4	4	1	1	1	1
7	4	4	4	4	4	4	1	1	1	1
8	5	5	5	5	5	5	1	1	1	1
9	6	6	6	6	6	6	1	1	1	1
10	6	6	6	6	6	6	1	1	1	1
11	7	7	7	7	7	7	1	1	1	1
12	8	7	7	7	7	7	1	1	1	1
13	8	8	8	8	8	8	1	1	1	1
14	9	9	8	8	8	8	1	1	1	1
15	10	9	9	9	9	9	2	2	2	2
16	10	10	10	10	10	10	2	2	2	2
17	11	10	10	10	10	10	2	2	2	2
18	11	11	11	11	11	11	2	2	2	2
19	12	12	11	11	11	11	2	2	2	2
20	13	12	12	12	12	12	2	2	2	2
21	13	13	13	13	13	13	2	2	2	2
22	14	14	13	13	13	13	2	2	2	2
23	15	14	14	13	13	13	2	2	2	2
24	15	15	14	13	13	13	2	2	2	2
25	16	15	15	14	13	13	2	2	2	2
26	16	16	16	14	14	14	3	3	3	3
27	17	17	16	15	14	14	3	3	3	3
28	18	17	17	15	15	15	3	3	3	3
29	18	18	17	16	15	15	3	3	3	3
30	19	18	18	16	16	16	3	3	3	3
31	20	19	19	17	17	17	3	3	3	3
32	20	20	19	18	17	17	3	3	3	3
33	21	20	20	18	18	18	3	3	3	3
34	22	21	20	19	18	18	3	3	3	3
35	22	22	21	19	19	19	4	4	4	4
36	23	22	22	20	19	19	4	4	4	4
37	23	23	22	20	20	20	4	4	4	4
38	24	23	23	21	20	20	4	4	4	4
39	25	24	23	21	21	21	4	4	4	4
40	25	25	24	22	21	21	4	4	4	4
41	26	25	25	23	22	22	4	4	4	4
42	27	26	25	23	22	22	4	4	4	4
43	27	27	26	24	23	23	4	4	4	4
44	28	27	26	24	23	23	4	4	4	4
45	28	28	27	25	24	24	4	4	4	4
46	29	28	28	25	25	25	5	5	5	5
47	30	29	28	26	25	25	5	5	5	5
48	30	30	29	26	26	26	5	5	5	5
49	31	30	29	27	26	26	5	5	5	5
50	32	31	30	28	27	27	5	5	5	5
51	32	31	31	28	28	28	5	5	5	5
52	33	32	31	29	28	28	5	5	5	5
53	34	33	32	29	28	28	5	5	5	5
54	34	33	32	30	29	29	5	5	5	5
55	35	34	33	30	29	29	6	6	6	6
56	35	35	34	31	30	30	6	6	6	6
57	36	35	34	31	30	30	6	6	6	6
58	37	36	35	32	31	31	6	6	6	6
59	37	36	35	32	31	31	6	6	6	6
60	38	37	36	33	32	32	6	6	6	6
38	37	36	33	32	31	6	5	4	3	2
Proportional Parts										

111°

68°

22°

TABLE II

157°

											Proportional Parts									
l sin	d	l csc	l tan	d	l cot	l sec	d	l cos	9.	0	37	36	35	32	31	30	29	6	5	
0	57358	31	42642	36	60641	31	39359	36	03283	96717	60	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	389	31	611	37	677	36	323	37	289	711	59	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	
2	420	31	580	37	714	36	286	37	294	706	58	2	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	
3	451	31	549	37	750	36	250	37	299	701	57	3	2	2	2	2	2	1	0	
4	482	32	518	37	786	36	214	37	304	696	56	4	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	
5	514	31	486	37	823	36	177	37	309	691	55	5	3	3	3	3	2	0	0	
6	545	31	455	37	859	36	141	37	314	686	54	6	4	4	4	4	3	1	0	
7	576	31	424	37	895	36	105	37	319	681	53	7	4	4	4	4	3	1	1	
8	607	31	393	37	931	36	069	37	324	676	52	8	5	5	5	5	4	1	1	
9	638	31	362	37	967	36	033	37	330	670	51	9	6	5	5	5	4	1	1	
10	669	31	331	37	1004	36	38996	37	335	665	50	10	6	6	6	6	5	1	1	
11	700	31	300	37	1040	36	960	37	340	660	49	11	7	7	7	7	6	1	1	
12	731	31	269	37	1076	36	924	37	345	655	48	12	7	7	7	7	6	1	1	
13	762	31	238	37	1112	36	888	37	350	650	47	13	8	8	8	8	7	1	1	
14	793	31	207	37	1148	36	852	37	355	645	46	14	9	8	8	8	7	1	1	
15	824	31	176	37	1184	36	816	37	360	640	45	15	9	9	9	9	8	2	1	
16	855	30	145	37	1220	36	780	37	366	634	44	16	10	10	10	10	9	2	1	
17	885	31	115	37	1256	36	744	37	371	629	43	17	10	10	10	10	9	2	1	
18	916	31	084	37	1292	36	708	37	376	624	42	18	11	11	11	11	10	2	2	
19	947	31	053	37	1328	36	672	37	381	619	41	19	12	11	11	11	10	2	2	
20	978	30	022	37	1364	36	636	37	386	614	40	20	12	12	12	12	11	2	2	
21	58008	31	41992	37	1400	36	600	37	392	608	39	21	13	13	13	13	12	2	2	
22	039	31	961	37	436	36	564	37	397	603	38	22	14	13	13	13	12	2	2	
23	070	31	930	37	472	36	528	37	402	598	37	23	14	14	14	14	13	2	2	
24	101	30	899	37	508	36	492	37	407	593	36	24	15	14	14	14	13	2	2	
25	131	31	869	37	544	35	456	37	412	588	35	25	15	15	15	15	14	2	2	
26	162	31	838	37	579	35	421	37	418	582	34	26	16	16	16	16	15	3	2	
27	192	31	808	37	615	35	385	37	423	577	33	27	17	16	16	16	15	3	2	
28	223	31	777	37	651	35	349	37	428	572	32	28	17	17	17	17	16	3	2	
29	253	30	747	37	687	35	313	37	433	567	31	29	18	17	17	17	16	3	2	
30	58284	31	41716	37	723	35	277	37	438	562	30	30	18	18	18	18	17	4	3	
31	314	31	686	37	758	35	242	37	444	556	29	31	19	19	19	19	18	4	3	
32	345	31	655	37	794	35	206	37	449	551	28	32	20	20	20	20	19	4	3	
33	375	31	625	37	830	35	170	37	454	546	27	33	20	20	20	20	19	4	3	
34	406	30	594	37	865	35	135	37	459	541	26	34	21	20	20	20	19	4	3	
35	436	31	564	37	901	35	099	37	465	535	25	35	22	21	21	21	20	4	3	
36	467	30	533	37	936	35	064	37	470	530	24	36	22	22	22	22	21	4	3	
37	497	30	503	37	972	35	028	37	475	525	23	37	23	22	22	22	21	4	3	
38	527	30	473	37	1008	35	37992	37	480	520	22	38	23	23	23	23	22	4	3	
39	557	31	443	37	1043	35	957	37	486	514	21	39	24	23	23	23	22	4	3	
40	588	30	412	37	1079	35	921	37	491	509	20	40	25	24	24	24	23	4	3	
41	618	30	382	37	1114	35	886	37	496	504	19	41	25	25	24	24	23	4	3	
42	648	30	352	37	1150	35	850	37	502	498	18	42	26	25	24	24	23	4	4	
43	678	30	322	37	1185	35	815	37	507	493	17	43	27	26	25	25	24	4	4	
44	709	31	291	37	1221	35	779	37	512	488	16	44	27	26	26	26	25	4	4	
45	739	30	261	37	1256	35	744	37	517	483	15	45	28	27	26	26	25	4	4	
46	769	30	231	37	1292	35	708	37	523	477	14	46	28	28	27	27	26	5	4	
47	799	30	201	37	1327	35	673	37	528	472	13	47	29	28	27	27	26	5	4	
48	829	30	171	37	1362	35	638	37	533	467	12	48	30	29	28	28	27	5	4	
49	859	30	141	37	1398	35	602	37	539	461	11	49	30	29	29	28	27	5	4	
50	889	30	111	37	1433	35	567	37	544	456	10	50	31	30	29	29	28	5	4	
51	919	30	081	37	1468	35	532	37	549	451	9	51	31	31	30	29	28	5	4	
52	949	30	051	37	1504	35	496	37	555	445	8	52	32	31	30	29	28	5	4	
53	979	30	021	37	1539	35	461	37	560	440	7	53	33	32	31	30	29	5	4	
54	59009	31	40991	37	1574	35	426	37	565	435	6	54	33	32	32	29	28	5	4	
55	039	30	961	37	1609	35	391	37	571	429	5	55	34	33	32	29	28	6	5	
56	069	29	931	37	1645	35	355	37	576	424	4	56	35	34	33	30	29	6	5	
57	098	29	902	37	1680	35	320	37	581	419	3	57	35	34	33	30	29	6	5	
58	128	30	872	37	1715	35	285	37	587	413	2	58	36	35	34	31	30	6	5	
59	158	30	842	37	1750	35	250	37	592	408	1	59	36	35	34	31	30	6	5	
60	59188	31	40812	37	1785	35	215	37	597	403	0	60	37	36	35	32	31	6	5	
l cos	d	l sec	l cot	d	l tan	l csc	d	l sin	9.	0	37	36	35	32	31	30	29	6	5	
9.	1'	10.	1'	10.	1'	10.	1'	10.	1'	10.	1'	Proportional Parts								

112°

67°

23°

TABLE II

156°

										Proportional Parts									
°	sin	d	sec	tan	d	cot	sec	d	cos	°	36	35	34	30	29	28	6	5	
0	59188		40812	62785		37215	03597		96403	60	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	218	30	782	820	35	180	603	5	397	59	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0
2	247	29	753	855	36	145	608	6	392	58	2	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0
3	277	30	723	890	35	110	613	5	387	57	3	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	0
4	307	29	693	926	36	074	619	5	381	56	4	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	0
5	336	29	664	961	35	039	624	5	376	55	5	3	3	3	2	2	0	0	0
6	366	30	634	996	35	004	630	5	370	54	6	4	4	3	3	3	1	0	0
7	396	30	604	3031	35	36969	635	5	365	53	7	4	4	4	4	3	1	1	1
8	425	29	575	066	35	934	640	5	360	52	8	5	5	5	4	4	1	1	1
9	455	29	545	101	34	899	646	5	354	51	9	5	5	5	4	4	1	1	1
10	484	29	516	135	35	865	651	5	349	50	10	6	6	6	5	5	1	1	1
11	514	30	486	170	35	830	657	5	343	49	11	7	6	6	5	5	1	1	1
12	543	30	457	205	35	795	662	5	338	48	12	7	7	7	6	6	1	1	1
13	573	30	427	240	35	760	667	5	333	47	13	8	7	7	6	6	1	1	1
14	602	30	398	275	35	725	673	5	327	46	14	8	8	8	7	7	1	1	1
15	632	29	368	310	35	690	678	5	322	45	15	9	9	8	7	7	2	1	1
16	661	29	339	345	35	655	684	5	316	44	16	10	9	9	8	7	2	1	1
17	690	30	310	379	35	621	689	5	311	43	17	10	10	10	8	8	2	1	1
18	720	30	280	414	35	586	695	5	305	42	18	11	10	10	9	8	2	2	2
19	749	29	251	449	35	551	700	5	300	41	19	11	11	11	10	9	2	2	2
20	778	29	222	484	35	516	706	5	294	40	20	12	12	11	10	9	2	2	2
21	808	30	192	519	35	481	711	5	289	39	21	13	12	12	10	10	2	2	2
22	837	29	163	553	35	447	716	5	284	38	22	13	13	12	11	11	2	2	2
23	866	29	134	588	35	412	722	5	278	37	23	14	13	13	12	11	2	2	2
24	895	29	105	623	34	377	727	6	273	36	24	14	14	14	12	12	2	2	2
25	924	29	076	657	35	343	733	5	267	35	25	15	15	14	12	12	2	2	2
26	954	30	046	692	35	308	738	5	262	34	26	16	15	15	13	13	3	2	2
27	983	30	017	726	35	274	744	5	256	33	27	16	16	15	14	13	3	2	2
28	60012	30	39988	761	35	239	749	5	251	32	28	17	16	16	14	14	3	2	2
29	041	29	959	796	34	204	755	5	245	31	29	17	17	16	14	14	3	2	2
30	60070	30	39930	63830	35	36170	03760	5	96240	30	30	18	18	17	15	14	3	2	2
31	099	29	901	865	35	135	766	5	234	29	31	19	18	18	16	15	3	3	3
32	128	29	872	899	35	101	771	5	229	28	32	19	19	18	16	15	3	3	3
33	157	29	843	934	35	066	777	5	223	27	33	20	19	19	16	15	3	3	3
34	186	29	814	968	35	032	782	5	218	26	34	20	20	19	17	16	3	3	3
35	215	29	785	64003	34	35997	788	5	212	25	35	21	20	20	18	17	4	3	3
36	244	29	756	037	34	963	793	5	207	24	36	22	21	20	18	17	4	3	3
37	273	29	727	072	35	928	799	5	201	23	37	22	22	21	18	18	4	3	3
38	302	29	698	106	34	894	804	5	196	22	38	23	22	22	19	18	4	3	3
39	331	29	669	140	34	860	810	5	190	21	39	23	23	22	20	19	4	3	3
40	359	29	641	175	34	825	815	5	185	20	40	24	23	23	20	19	4	3	3
41	388	29	612	209	34	791	821	5	179	19	41	25	24	23	20	20	4	3	3
42	417	29	583	243	35	757	826	5	174	18	42	25	24	24	21	20	4	4	4
43	446	29	554	278	34	722	832	5	168	17	43	26	25	24	22	21	4	4	4
44	474	29	526	312	34	688	838	5	162	16	44	26	26	25	22	21	4	4	4
45	503	29	497	346	35	654	843	5	157	15	45	27	26	26	22	22	5	4	4
46	532	29	468	381	35	619	849	5	151	14	46	28	27	26	23	22	5	4	4
47	561	29	439	415	34	585	854	5	146	13	47	28	27	27	24	23	5	4	4
48	589	29	411	449	34	551	860	5	140	12	48	29	28	27	24	23	5	4	4
49	618	29	382	483	34	517	865	5	135	11	49	29	29	28	24	23	5	4	4
50	646	29	354	517	35	483	871	5	129	10	50	30	29	28	25	24	5	4	4
51	675	29	325	552	34	448	877	5	123	9	51	31	30	29	26	25	5	4	4
52	704	29	296	586	34	414	882	5	118	8	52	31	30	29	26	25	5	4	4
53	732	29	268	620	34	380	888	5	112	7	53	32	31	30	26	25	5	4	4
54	761	29	239	654	34	346	893	5	107	6	54	32	32	31	27	26	5	4	4
55	789	29	211	688	34	312	899	5	101	5	55	33	32	31	28	27	6	5	5
56	818	29	182	722	34	278	905	5	095	4	56	34	33	32	28	27	6	5	5
57	846	29	154	756	34	244	910	5	090	3	57	34	33	32	28	28	6	5	5
58	875	29	125	790	34	210	916	5	084	2	58	35	34	33	29	28	6	5	5
59	903	29	097	824	34	176	921	5	079	1	59	35	34	33	30	29	6	5	5
60	931	29	39069	64858	35	35142	03927	5	96073	0	60	36	35	34	30	29	6	5	5
°	sin	d	sec	cot	d	tan	sec	d	cos	°	36	35	34	30	29	28	6	5	

113°

66°

	\sin	\csc	\tan	\cot	\sec	\cos
9.	10.	9.	10.	10.	9.	
0	60931	39069	64858	35142	03927	96073
1	960	040	892	108	933	06759
2	988	012	926	074	938	06258
3	61016	38984	960	040	944	05657
4	045	955	994	006	950	05056
5	073	927	65028	34972	955	04555
6	101	899	062	938	961	03954
7	129	871	096	904	966	03453
8	158	842	130	870	972	02852
9	186	814	164	836	978	02251
10	214	786	197	803	983	01750
11	242	758	231	769	989	01149
12	270	730	265	735	995	00548
13	298	702	299	701	04000	00047
14	326	674	333	667	006	95994
15	354	646	366	634	012	98845
16	382	618	400	600	018	98244
17	411	589	434	566	023	97743
18	438	562	467	533	029	97142
19	466	534	501	499	035	96541
20	494	506	535	465	040	96040
21	522	478	568	432	046	95439
22	550	450	602	398	052	94838
23	578	422	636	364	058	94237
24	606	394	669	331	063	93736
25	634	366	703	297	069	93135
26	662	338	736	264	075	92534
27	689	311	770	230	080	92033
28	717	283	803	197	086	91432
29	745	255	837	163	092	90831
30	61773	38227	65870	34130	04098	95902
31	800	200	904	096	103	89729
32	828	172	937	063	109	89128
33	856	144	971	029	115	88527
34	883	117	66004	33996	121	87926
35	911	089	038	962	127	87325
36	939	061	071	929	132	86824
37	966	034	104	896	138	86223
38	994	006	138	862	144	85622
39	62021	37979	171	829	150	85021
40	049	951	204	796	156	84420
41	076	924	238	762	161	83919
42	104	896	271	729	167	83318
43	131	869	304	696	173	82717
44	159	841	337	663	179	82116
45	186	814	371	629	185	81515
46	214	786	404	596	190	81014
47	241	758	437	563	196	80413
48	268	732	470	530	202	79812
49	296	704	503	497	208	79211
50	323	677	537	463	214	78610
51	350	650	570	430	220	7809
52	377	623	603	397	225	7758
53	405	595	636	364	231	7697
54	432	568	669	331	237	7636
55	459	541	702	298	243	7575
56	486	514	735	265	249	7514
57	513	487	768	232	255	7453
58	541	459	801	199	261	7392
59	568	432	834	166	267	7331
60	62595	37405	66867	33133	04272	95728
9.	d	10.	9.	d	10.	d
\cos	\sec	\cot	\tan	\csc	\sin	

	34	33	29	28	27	6	5
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
2	1	1	1	1	1	0	0
3	2	2	1	1	1	0	0
4	2	2	2	2	2	0	0
5	3	3	2	2	2	0	0
6	3	3	3	3	3	1	0
7	4	4	3	3	3	1	1
8	5	4	4	4	4	1	1
9	5	5	4	4	4	1	1
10	6	6	5	5	5	1	1
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12	7	7	6	6	6	1	1
13	7	7	6	6	6	1	1
14	8	8	7	7	7	1	1
15	8	8	7	7	7	2	1
16	9	9	8	8	8	2	1
17	10	9	8	8	8	2	1
18	10	10	9	9	9	2	2
19	11	10	9	9	9	2	2
20	11	11	10	10	10	2	2
21	12	12	11	11	11	2	2
22	12	12	11	11	11	2	2
23	13	13	12	12	12	2	2
24	14	13	12	12	12	2	2
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27	15	15	14	14	14	3	2
28	16	15	14	14	14	3	2
29	16	16	15	15	15	3	2
30	17	16	15	15	15	3	2
31	18	17	16	16	16	4	3
32	18	18	17	17	17	4	3
33	19	18	17	17	17	4	3
34	19	19	18	18	18	4	3
35	20	19	18	18	18	4	3
36	20	20	19	19	19	4	3
37	21	20	19	19	19	4	3
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42	24	23	22	22	22	4	4
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47	27	26	25	25	25	5	4
48	27	26	25	25	25	5	4
49	28	27	26	26	26	5	4
50	28	28	27	27	27	5	4
51	29	28	27	27	27	5	4
52	29	29	28	28	28	5	4
53	30	29	28	28	28	5	4
54	31	30	29	29	29	5	4
55	31	30	29	29	29	6	5
56	32	31	30	30	30	6	5
57	32	31	30	30	30	6	5
58	33	32	31	31	31	6	5
59	33	32	31	31	31	6	5
60	34	33	32	32	32	6	5
"	34	33	29	28	27	6	5
Proportional Parts							

25°

TABLE II

154°

$\frac{1}{\sin}$	$\frac{1}{\cos}$	$\frac{1}{\tan}$	$\frac{1}{\cot}$	$\frac{1}{\sec}$	$\frac{1}{\csc}$
9.	10.	9.	10.	10.	9.
0 62595	37405	66867	33133	04272	95728
1 622	378	900	33	100	278
2 645	351	933	33	067	284
3 676	324	966	33	034	290
4 703	297	999	33	001	296
5 730	270	67032	33	32968	302
6 757	243	065	33	935	308
7 784	216	098	33	902	314
8 811	189	131	33	869	320
9 838	162	163	33	837	326
10 865	135	196	33	804	332
11 892	108	229	33	771	337
12 918	082	262	33	738	343
13 945	055	295	33	705	349
14 972	028	327	33	673	355
15 999	001	360	33	640	361
16 63026	36974	393	33	607	367
17 052	948	426	32	574	373
18 079	921	458	32	542	379
19 106	894	491	33	509	385
20 133	867	524	32	476	391
21 159	841	556	32	444	397
22 186	814	589	33	411	403
23 213	787	622	33	378	409
24 239	761	654	32	346	415
25 266	734	687	32	313	421
26 292	708	719	32	281	427
27 319	681	752	33	248	433
28 345	655	785	33	215	439
29 372	628	817	33	183	445
30 398	602	850	32	150	451
31 425	575	882	32	118	457
32 451	549	915	33	085	463
33 478	522	947	33	053	469
34 504	496	980	32	020	475
35 531	469	65012	33	31988	481
36 557	443	044	32	956	487
37 583	417	077	33	923	493
38 610	390	109	32	891	500
39 636	364	142	32	858	506
40 662	338	174	32	826	512
41 689	311	206	33	794	518
42 715	285	239	33	761	524
43 741	259	271	33	729	530
44 767	233	303	33	697	536
45 794	206	336	32	664	542
46 820	180	368	32	632	548
47 846	154	400	32	600	554
48 872	128	432	32	568	560
49 898	102	465	33	535	566
50 924	076	497	32	503	573
51 950	050	529	32	471	579
52 976	024	561	32	439	585
53 64002	35998	593	33	407	591
54 028	972	626	33	374	597
55 054	946	658	32	342	603
56 080	920	690	32	310	609
57 106	894	722	32	278	616
58 132	868	754	32	246	622
59 158	842	786	32	214	628
60 64184	35816	68818	33	31182	04634
9.	d	10.	9.	d	10.
$\frac{1}{\cos}$	$\frac{1}{\sin}$	$\frac{1}{\sec}$	$\frac{1}{\csc}$	$\frac{1}{\tan}$	$\frac{1}{\cot}$

Proportional Parts						
"	33	32	27	26	7	6
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	0	0	0	0
2	1	1	1	1	0	0
3	2	2	1	1	0	0
4	2	2	2	2	0	0
5	3	3	2	2	1	0
6	3	3	3	3	1	1
7	4	4	3	3	1	1
8	4	4	4	4	1	1
9	5	5	4	4	1	1
10	6	5	4	4	1	1
11	6	6	5	5	1	1
12	7	6	5	5	1	1
13	7	7	6	6	2	1
14	8	7	6	6	2	1
15	8	8	7	6	2	2
16	9	9	7	7	2	2
17	9	9	8	7	2	2
18	10	10	8	8	2	2
19	10	10	9	8	2	2
20	11	11	9	9	2	2
21	12	11	9	9	2	2
22	12	12	10	10	3	2
23	13	12	10	10	3	2
24	13	13	11	10	3	2
25	14	13	11	11	3	2
26	14	14	12	11	3	2
27	15	14	12	12	3	2
28	15	15	13	12	3	2
29	16	15	13	13	3	2
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31	17	17	14	13	4	3
32	18	17	14	14	4	3
33	18	18	15	14	4	3
34	19	18	15	15	4	3
35	19	19	16	15	4	4
36	20	19	16	16	4	4
37	20	20	17	16	4	4
38	21	20	17	16	4	4
39	21	21	18	17	5	4
40	22	21	18	17	5	4
41	23	22	18	18	5	4
42	23	22	19	18	5	4
43	24	23	19	19	5	4
44	24	23	20	19	5	4
45	25	24	20	20	5	4
46	25	25	21	20	5	5
47	26	25	21	20	5	5
48	26	26	22	21	6	5
49	27	26	22	21	6	5
50	28	27	22	22	6	5
51	28	27	23	22	6	5
52	29	28	23	23	6	5
53	29	28	24	23	6	5
54	30	29	24	23	6	5
55	30	29	25	24	6	5
56	31	30	25	24	7	6
57	31	30	26	25	7	6
58	32	31	26	25	7	6
59	32	31	27	26	7	6
60	33	32	27	26	7	6
Proportional Parts						
"	33	32	27	26	7	6

115°

64°

26°

TABLE II

153°

	\sin	\csc	\tan	\cot	\sec	\cos
9.	10.	9.	10.	10.	9.	
0	64184	35816	68818	31182	04634	95366
1	210	790	850	150	640	36059
2	236	764	882	118	646	35458
3	262	738	914	086	652	34857
4	288	712	946	054	659	34156
5	313	687	978	022	665	33555
6	339	661	69010	30990	671	32954
7	365	635	042	958	677	32353
8	391	609	074	926	683	31752
9	417	583	106	894	690	31051
10	442	558	138	862	696	30450
11	468	532	170	830	702	29849
12	494	506	202	798	708	29248
13	519	481	234	766	714	28647
14	545	455	266	734	721	27946
15	571	429	298	702	727	27345
16	596	404	329	671	733	26744
17	622	378	361	639	739	26143
18	647	353	393	607	746	25542
19	673	327	425	575	752	24841
20	698	302	457	543	758	24240
21	724	276	488	512	764	23639
22	749	251	520	480	771	22938
23	775	225	552	448	777	22337
24	800	200	584	416	783	21736
25	826	174	615	385	789	21135
26	851	149	647	353	796	20434
27	877	123	679	321	802	19833
28	902	98	710	290	808	19232
29	927	73	742	258	815	18531
30	64953	35047	69774	30226	04821	95179
31	978	022	805	195	827	17329
32	65003	34997	837	163	833	16728
33	029	971	868	132	840	16027
34	054	946	900	100	846	15426
35	079	921	932	068	852	14825
36	104	896	963	037	859	14124
37	130	870	995	005	865	13523
38	155	845	70026	29974	871	12922
39	180	820	058	942	878	12221
40	205	795	089	911	884	11620
41	230	770	121	879	890	11019
42	255	745	152	848	897	10318
43	281	719	184	816	903	09717
44	306	694	215	785	910	09016
45	331	669	247	753	916	08415
46	356	644	278	722	922	07814
47	381	619	309	691	929	07113
48	406	594	341	659	935	06512
49	431	569	372	628	941	05911
50	456	544	404	596	948	05210
51	481	519	435	565	954	0469
52	506	494	466	534	961	0398
53	531	469	498	502	967	0337
54	556	444	529	471	973	0276
55	580	420	560	440	980	0205
56	605	395	592	408	986	0144
57	630	370	623	377	993	0073
58	655	345	654	346	999	0012
59	680	320	685	315	05005	94995
60	65705	34295	70717	29283	05012	94988
9.	d	10.	9.	d	10.	9.
\cos	\sec	\cot	\tan	\csc	\sin	

Proportional Parts						
	32	31	26	25	24	7
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	0	0	0	0
2	1	1	1	1	1	0
3	2	2	1	1	1	0
4	2	2	2	2	2	0
5	3	3	2	2	2	1
6	3	3	3	2	2	1
7	4	4	3	3	3	1
8	4	4	3	3	3	1
9	5	5	4	4	4	1
10	5	5	4	4	4	1
11	6	6	5	5	5	1
12	6	6	5	5	5	1
13	7	7	6	6	6	2
14	7	7	6	6	6	2
15	8	8	6	6	6	2
16	9	8	7	7	7	2
17	9	9	7	7	7	2
18	10	9	8	8	8	2
19	10	10	8	8	8	2
20	11	10	9	9	9	2
21	11	11	9	9	9	2
22	12	11	10	9	9	3
23	12	12	10	10	10	3
24	13	12	10	10	10	3
25	13	13	11	10	10	3
26	14	13	11	11	10	3
27	14	14	12	11	11	3
28	15	14	12	12	11	3
29	15	15	13	12	12	3
30	16	16	13	12	12	4
31	17	16	13	13	12	4
32	17	17	14	13	13	4
33	18	17	14	14	13	4
34	18	18	15	14	14	4
35	19	18	15	15	14	4
36	19	19	16	15	14	4
37	20	19	16	15	15	4
38	20	20	16	16	15	4
39	21	20	17	16	16	5
40	21	21	17	17	16	5
41	22	21	18	17	16	5
42	22	22	18	18	17	5
43	23	22	19	18	17	5
44	23	23	19	18	18	5
45	24	23	20	19	18	5
46	25	24	20	19	18	5
47	25	24	20	19	5	5
48	26	25	21	20	19	6
49	26	25	21	20	20	6
50	27	26	22	21	20	6
51	27	26	22	21	20	6
52	28	27	23	22	21	6
53	28	27	23	22	21	6
54	29	28	23	22	22	6
55	29	28	24	23	22	6
56	30	29	24	23	22	6
57	30	29	25	24	23	7
58	31	30	25	24	23	7
59	31	30	26	25	24	7
60	32	31	26	25	24	7
	32	31	26	25	24	7
Proportional Parts						

116°

63°

299

27°

TABLE II

152°

											Proportional Parts										
l sin		l csc		l tan		l cot		l sec		l cos		32	31	30	25	24	23	7	6		
9.	1'	10.	1'	9.	1'	10.	1'	10.	1'	9.	1'										
0	65705	34295	70717	29283	05012	94988	60					0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	729	271	748	252	018	982	59					1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	754	246	779	221	025	975	58					2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	779	221	810	190	031	969	57					3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
4	804	196	841	159	038	962	56					4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
5	828	172	873	127	044	956	55					5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
6	853	147	904	096	051	949	54					6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
7	878	122	935	065	057	943	53					7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
8	902	098	966	034	064	936	52					8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
9	927	073	997	003	070	930	51					9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
10	952	048	1028	28972	077	923	50					10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
11	976	024	1059	941	083	917	49					11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
12	66001	33999	090	910	089	911	48					12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
13	025	975	121	879	096	904	47					13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
14	050	950	153	847	102	898	46					14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
15	075	925	184	816	109	891	45					15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
16	099	901	215	785	115	885	44					16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
17	124	876	246	754	122	878	43					17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
18	148	852	277	723	129	871	42					18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
19	173	827	308	692	135	865	41					19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19
20	197	803	339	661	142	858	40					20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
21	221	779	370	630	148	852	39					21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21
22	246	754	401	599	155	845	38					22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
23	270	730	431	569	161	839	37					23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
24	295	705	462	538	168	832	36					24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
25	319	681	493	507	174	826	35					25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
26	343	657	524	476	181	819	34					26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26
27	368	632	555	445	187	813	33					27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27
28	392	608	586	414	194	806	32					28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
29	416	584	617	383	201	799	31					29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29
30	66441	33559	71648	28352	05207	94793	30					30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
31	465	535	679	321	214	786	29					31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31
32	489	511	709	291	220	780	28					32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32
33	513	487	740	260	227	773	27					33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33
34	537	463	771	229	233	767	26					34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34
35	562	438	802	198	240	760	25					35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
36	586	414	833	167	247	753	24					36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
37	610	390	863	137	253	747	23					37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37
38	634	366	894	106	260	740	22					38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38
39	658	342	925	075	266	734	21					39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39
40	682	318	955	045	273	727	20					40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
41	706	294	986	014	280	720	19					41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41
42	731	269	1017	27983	286	714	18					42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42
43	755	245	048	952	293	707	17					43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43
44	779	221	078	922	300	700	16					44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44
45	803	197	109	891	306	694	15					45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
46	827	173	140	860	313	687	14					46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
47	851	149	170	830	320	680	13					47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47
48	875	125	201	799	326	674	12					48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48
49	899	101	231	769	333	667	11					49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49
50	922	078	262	738	340	660	10					50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
51	946	054	293	707	346	654	9					51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51
52	970	030	323	677	353	647	8					52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52
53	994	006	354	646	360	640	7					53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53
54	67018	32982	384	616	366	634	6					54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54
55	042	958	415	585	373	627	5					55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55
56	066	934	445	555	380	620	4					56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56
57	090	910	476	524	386	614	3					57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	57
58	113	887	506	494	393	607	2					58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58
59	137	863	537	463	400	600	1					59	59	59	59	59	59	59	59	59	59
60	67161	32839	72567	27438	05407	94593	0					60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60
9	d	10.	9.	d	10.	10.	d	9.	d	10.	9.	32	31	30	25	24	23	7	6		
l cos	1'	l sec	l cot	1'	l tan	l csc	1'	l sin				Proportional Parts									

117°

62°

300

28°

TABLE II

151'

										Proportional Parts									
°	sin	d	csc	tan	d	cot	sec	d	cos	°	31	30	29	24	23	22	7	6	
9.	10.	1'	9.	10.	1'	10.	10.	1'	9.										
0	67161	24	32839	72567	31	27433	05407	6	94593	60	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	185	23	815	598	30	402	413	6	587	59	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2	208	24	792	628	31	372	420	7	580	58	2	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	
3	232	24	768	659	30	341	427	7	573	57	3	2	2	1	1	1	0	0	
4	256	24	744	689	31	311	433	6	567	56	4	2	2	2	2	1	0	0	
5	280	23	720	720	30	280	440	7	560	55	5	3	2	2	2	2	1	0	
6	303	24	697	750	30	250	447	7	553	54	6	3	3	3	2	2	1	1	
7	327	23	673	780	31	220	454	6	546	53	7	4	4	3	3	3	1	1	
8	350	24	650	811	30	189	460	7	540	52	8	4	4	4	3	3	1	1	
9	374	24	626	841	31	159	467	7	533	51	9	5	4	4	4	3	1	1	
10	398	23	602	872	30	128	474	7	526	50	10	5	5	5	4	4	1	1	
11	421	24	579	902	30	098	481	7	519	49	11	6	6	5	4	4	1	1	
12	445	23	555	932	31	068	487	7	513	48	12	6	6	6	5	5	1	1	
13	468	24	532	963	30	037	494	7	506	47	13	7	6	6	5	5	2	1	
14	492	23	508	993	31	007	501	7	499	46	14	7	7	7	6	5	2	1	
15	515	24	485	73023	30	26977	508	7	492	45	15	8	8	7	6	6	2	2	
16	539	23	461	054	30	946	515	7	485	44	16	8	8	8	6	6	2	2	
17	562	24	438	084	31	916	521	7	479	43	17	9	8	8	7	6	2	2	
18	586	23	414	114	30	886	528	7	472	42	18	9	9	9	7	7	2	2	
19	609	24	391	144	31	856	535	7	465	41	19	10	10	9	8	7	2	2	
20	633	23	367	175	30	825	542	7	458	40	20	10	10	8	8	7	2	2	
21	656	24	344	205	30	795	549	7	451	39	21	11	10	10	8	8	2	2	
22	680	23	320	235	31	765	555	6	445	38	22	11	11	11	9	8	3	2	
23	703	24	297	265	30	735	562	7	438	37	23	12	12	11	9	8	3	2	
24	726	23	274	295	31	705	569	7	431	36	24	12	12	12	10	9	3	2	
25	750	24	250	326	30	674	576	7	424	35	25	13	12	12	10	9	3	2	
26	773	23	227	356	31	644	583	7	417	34	26	13	13	13	10	10	3	3	
27	796	24	204	386	30	614	590	6	410	33	27	14	14	13	11	10	3	3	
28	820	23	180	416	31	584	596	7	404	32	28	14	14	14	11	11	3	3	
29	843	24	157	446	30	554	603	7	397	31	29	15	14	14	12	11	3	3	
30	866	23	134	474	31	524	610	7	390	30	30	16	15	14	12	11	4	3	
31	890	24	110	507	30	493	617	7	383	29	31	16	16	15	12	11	4	3	
32	913	23	087	537	31	463	624	7	376	28	32	17	16	15	13	12	4	3	
33	936	24	064	567	30	433	631	7	369	27	33	17	16	16	13	12	4	3	
34	959	23	041	597	31	403	638	7	362	26	34	18	17	16	14	13	4	3	
35	982	24	018	627	30	373	645	7	355	25	35	18	18	17	14	13	4	4	
36	1006	23	006	657	31	343	651	7	349	24	36	19	18	17	14	14	4	4	
37	029	24	971	687	30	313	658	7	342	23	37	19	18	18	15	14	4	4	
38	052	23	948	717	31	283	665	7	335	22	38	20	19	18	15	14	4	4	
39	075	24	925	747	30	253	672	7	328	21	39	20	20	19	16	15	4	4	
40	098	23	902	777	31	223	679	7	321	20	40	21	20	19	16	15	5	4	
41	121	24	879	807	30	193	686	7	314	19	41	21	20	20	16	15	5	4	
42	144	23	856	837	31	163	693	7	307	18	42	22	21	20	17	16	5	4	
43	167	24	833	867	30	133	700	7	300	17	43	22	22	21	17	16	5	4	
44	190	23	810	897	31	103	707	7	293	16	44	23	22	21	18	17	5	4	
45	213	24	787	927	30	073	714	7	286	15	45	23	22	22	18	17	5	4	
46	237	23	763	957	31	043	721	7	279	14	46	24	23	22	18	17	5	5	
47	260	24	740	987	30	013	727	7	273	13	47	24	24	23	19	18	5	5	
48	283	23	717	74017	31	25983	734	7	266	12	48	25	24	23	19	18	6	5	
49	305	24	695	047	30	953	741	7	259	11	49	25	24	24	20	19	6	5	
50	328	23	672	077	31	923	748	7	252	10	50	26	25	24	20	19	6	5	
51	351	24	649	107	30	893	755	7	245	9	51	26	26	25	20	20	6	5	
52	374	23	626	137	31	863	762	7	238	8	52	27	26	25	21	20	6	5	
53	397	24	603	166	30	834	769	7	231	7	53	27	26	26	21	20	6	5	
54	420	23	580	196	31	804	776	7	224	6	54	28	27	26	22	21	6	5	
55	443	24	557	226	30	774	783	7	217	5	55	28	28	27	22	21	6	6	
56	466	23	534	256	31	744	790	7	210	4	56	29	28	27	22	21	7	6	
57	489	24	511	286	30	714	797	7	203	3	57	29	28	28	23	22	7	6	
58	512	23	488	316	31	684	804	7	196	2	58	30	29	28	23	22	7	6	
59	534	24	466	346	30	655	811	7	189	1	59	30	30	29	24	23	7	6	
60	557	23	31443	74375	31	25625	05818	7	94182	0	60	31	30	29	24	23	7	6	
9.	d	10.	9.	d	10.	10.	d	9.			31	30	29	24	23	22	7	6	
l cos	l sec	l cot	l tan	l csc	l sin						Proportional Parts								

118°

61°

29°

TABLE II

150°

	\sin	\cos	\tan	\cot	\sec	\csc	
9.	10.	9.	10.	10.	10.	9.	
0	68557	31443	74375	25625	05818	94182	60
1	580	420	405	595	825	175	59
2	603	397	435	565	832	168	58
3	625	375	465	535	839	161	57
4	648	352	494	506	846	154	56
5	671	329	524	476	853	147	55
6	694	306	554	446	860	140	54
7	716	284	583	417	867	133	53
8	739	261	613	387	874	126	52
9	762	238	643	357	881	119	51
10	784	216	673	327	888	112	50
11	807	193	702	298	895	105	49
12	829	171	732	268	902	98	48
13	852	148	762	238	910	90	47
14	875	125	791	209	917	83	46
15	897	103	821	179	924	76	45
16	920	80	851	149	931	69	44
17	942	58	880	120	938	62	43
18	965	35	910	90	945	55	42
19	987	13	939	61	952	48	41
20	69010	30990	969	031	959	041	40
21	032	968	998	002	966	034	39
22	055	945	75028	24972	973	027	38
23	077	923	058	942	980	020	37
24	100	900	087	913	988	012	36
25	122	878	117	883	995	005	35
26	144	856	146	854	0002	93998	34
27	167	833	176	824	009	991	33
28	189	811	205	795	016	984	32
29	212	788	235	765	023	977	31
30	69234	30766	75264	24786	06030	93970	30
31	256	744	294	706	037	963	29
32	279	721	323	677	045	955	28
33	301	699	353	647	052	948	27
34	323	677	382	618	059	941	26
35	345	655	411	589	066	934	25
36	368	632	441	559	073	927	24
37	390	610	470	530	080	920	23
38	412	588	500	500	088	912	22
39	434	566	529	471	095	905	21
40	456	544	558	442	102	898	20
41	479	521	588	412	109	891	19
42	501	499	617	383	116	884	18
43	523	477	647	353	124	876	17
44	545	455	676	324	131	869	16
45	567	433	705	295	138	862	15
46	589	411	735	265	145	855	14
47	611	389	764	236	153	847	13
48	633	367	793	207	160	840	12
49	655	345	822	178	167	833	11
50	677	323	852	148	174	826	10
51	699	301	881	119	181	819	9
52	721	279	910	90	188	811	8
53	743	257	939	61	196	804	7
54	765	235	969	31	203	797	6
55	787	213	998	002	211	789	5
56	809	191	76027	23973	218	782	4
57	831	169	056	944	225	775	3
58	853	147	086	914	232	768	2
59	875	125	115	885	240	760	1
60	69897	30103	76144	23856	06247	93753	0
9.	d	10.	9.	d	10.	9.	
\cos	\sec	\cot	\tan	\csc	\sin		

Proportional Parts						
	30	29	23	22	8	7
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	1	1	1	1	0	0
3	2	1	1	1	0	0
4	2	2	2	1	1	0
5	2	2	2	2	1	1
6	3	3	2	2	1	1
7	4	3	3	3	1	1
8	4	4	3	3	1	1
9	4	4	3	3	1	1
10	5	5	4	4	1	1
11	6	5	4	4	1	1
12	6	6	5	4	2	1
13	6	6	5	5	2	2
14	7	7	5	5	2	2
15	8	7	6	6	2	2
16	8	8	6	6	2	2
17	8	8	7	6	2	2
18	9	9	7	7	2	2
19	10	9	7	7	3	2
20	10	10	8	7	3	2
21	10	10	8	8	3	2
22	11	11	8	8	3	3
23	12	11	9	8	3	3
24	12	12	9	9	3	3
25	12	12	10	9	3	3
26	13	13	10	10	3	3
27	14	13	10	10	4	3
28	14	14	11	10	4	3
29	14	14	11	11	4	3
30	15	14	12	11	4	4
31	16	15	12	11	4	4
32	16	15	12	12	4	4
33	16	16	13	12	4	4
34	17	16	13	12	5	4
35	18	17	13	13	5	4
36	18	17	14	13	5	4
37	18	18	14	14	5	4
38	19	18	15	14	5	4
39	20	19	15	14	5	5
40	20	19	15	15	5	5
41	20	20	16	15	5	5
42	21	20	16	15	6	5
43	22	21	16	16	6	5
44	22	21	17	16	6	5
45	22	22	17	16	6	5
46	23	22	18	17	6	5
47	24	23	18	17	6	5
48	24	23	18	18	6	6
49	24	24	19	18	7	6
50	25	24	19	18	7	6
51	26	25	20	19	7	6
52	26	25	20	19	7	6
53	26	26	20	19	7	6
54	27	26	21	20	7	6
55	28	27	21	20	7	6
56	28	27	21	21	7	7
57	28	28	22	21	8	7
58	29	28	22	21	8	7
59	30	29	23	22	8	7
60	30	29	23	22	8	7
Proportional Parts						
	30	29	23	22	8	7

119°

60°

30°

TABLE II

149°

	\sin	\csc	\tan	\cot	\sec	\cos	
9.	10.	9.	10.	10.	10.	9.	
0	69897	30103	76144	23856	06247	93753	60
1	919	081	173	827	254	746	59
2	941	059	202	798	262	738	58
3	963	037	231	769	269	731	57
4	984	016	261	739	276	724	56
5	70006	29994	290	710	283	717	55
6	028	972	319	681	291	709	54
7	050	950	348	652	298	702	53
8	072	928	377	623	305	695	52
9	093	907	406	594	313	687	51
10	115	885	435	565	320	680	50
11	137	863	464	536	327	673	49
12	159	841	493	507	335	665	48
13	180	820	522	478	342	658	47
14	202	798	551	449	350	650	46
15	224	776	580	420	357	643	45
16	245	755	609	391	364	636	44
17	267	733	639	361	372	628	43
18	288	712	668	332	379	621	42
19	310	690	697	303	386	614	41
20	332	668	725	275	394	606	40
21	353	647	754	246	401	599	39
22	375	625	783	217	409	591	38
23	396	604	812	188	416	584	37
24	418	582	841	159	423	577	36
25	439	561	870	130	431	569	35
26	461	539	899	101	438	562	34
27	482	518	928	072	446	554	33
28	504	496	957	043	453	547	32
29	525	475	986	014	461	539	31
30	70547	29453	77015	22985	06468	93532	30
1	568	432	044	956	475	525	29
2	590	410	073	927	483	517	28
3	611	389	101	899	490	510	27
4	633	367	130	870	498	502	26
5	654	346	159	841	505	495	25
6	675	325	188	812	513	487	24
7	697	303	217	783	520	480	23
8	718	282	246	754	528	472	22
9	739	261	274	726	535	465	21
40	761	239	303	697	543	457	20
41	782	218	332	668	550	450	19
42	803	197	361	639	558	442	18
43	824	176	390	610	565	435	17
44	846	154	418	582	573	427	16
45	867	133	447	553	580	420	15
46	888	112	476	524	588	412	14
47	909	091	505	495	595	405	13
48	931	069	533	467	603	397	12
49	952	048	562	438	610	390	11
50	973	027	591	409	618	382	10
51	994	006	619	381	625	375	9
52	71015	28985	648	352	633	367	8
53	036	964	677	323	640	360	7
54	058	942	706	294	648	352	6
55	079	921	734	266	656	344	5
56	100	900	763	237	663	337	4
57	121	879	791	209	671	329	3
58	142	858	820	180	678	322	2
59	163	837	849	151	686	314	1
60	71184	28816	77377	22123	06693	93307	6
9.	10.	9.	10.	10.	10.	9.	
\cos	\sec	\cot	\tan	\csc	\sin		

Proportional Parts							
	30	29	28	27	26	25	24
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
4	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
5	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
6	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
7	4	3	3	3	3	3	3
8	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
9	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
10	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
11	6	5	5	5	5	5	5
12	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
13	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
14	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
15	8	7	7	7	7	7	7
16	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
17	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
18	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
19	10	9	9	9	9	9	9
20	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
21	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
22	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
23	12	11	11	11	11	11	11
24	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
25	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
26	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
27	14	13	13	13	13	13	13
28	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
29	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
30	15	14	14	14	14	14	14
31	16	15	15	15	15	15	15
32	16	15	15	15	15	15	15
33	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
34	17	16	16	16	16	16	16
35	18	17	17	17	17	17	17
36	18	17	17	17	17	17	17
37	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
38	19	18	18	18	18	18	18
39	20	19	19	19	19	19	19
40	20	19	19	19	19	19	19
41	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
42	21	20	20	20	20	20	20
43	22	21	21	21	21	21	21
44	22	21	21	21	21	21	21
45	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
46	23	22	22	22	22	22	22
47	24	23	23	23	23	23	23
48	24	23	23	23	23	23	23
49	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
50	25	24	24	24	24	24	24
51	26	25	25	25	25	25	25
52	26	25	25	25	25	25	25
53	26	26	26	26	26	26	26
54	27	26	26	26	26	26	26
55	28	27	27	27	27	27	27
56	28	27	27	27	27	27	27
57	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
58	29	28	28	28	28	28	28
59	30	29	29	29	29	29	29
60	30	29	29	29	29	29	29
Proportional Parts							
	30	29	28	27	26	25	24

120°

59°

31°

TABLE II

148°

"	sin	d	sec	tan	d	cot	sec	d	cos	"
9.	10.	9.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	9.	
0	71184	21	28816	77877	21	22123	06693	21	93307	60
1	205	21	795	906	29	094	701	8	299	59
2	226	21	774	935	28	065	709	7	291	58
3	247	21	753	963	27	037	716	6	284	57
4	268	21	732	992	26	008	724	5	276	56
5	289	21	711	78020	25	21980	731	4	269	55
6	310	21	690	049	24	951	739	3	261	54
7	331	21	669	077	23	923	747	2	253	53
8	352	21	648	106	22	894	754	1	246	52
9	373	21	627	135	21	865	762	0	238	51
10	393	21	607	163	20	837	770	0	230	50
11	414	21	586	192	19	808	777	0	223	49
12	435	21	565	220	18	780	785	0	215	48
13	456	21	544	248	17	751	793	0	207	47
14	477	21	523	277	16	723	800	0	200	46
15	498	21	502	306	15	694	808	0	192	45
16	519	21	481	334	14	666	816	0	184	44
17	539	21	461	363	13	637	823	0	177	43
18	560	21	440	391	12	609	831	0	169	42
19	581	21	419	419	11	581	839	0	161	41
20	602	20	398	448	10	552	846	0	154	40
21	622	20	378	476	9	524	854	0	146	39
22	643	21	357	505	8	495	862	0	138	38
23	664	21	336	533	7	467	869	0	131	37
24	685	21	315	562	6	438	877	0	123	36
25	705	21	295	590	5	410	885	0	115	35
26	726	21	274	618	4	382	892	0	108	34
27	747	21	253	647	3	353	900	0	100	33
28	767	20	233	675	2	325	908	0	92	32
29	788	21	212	704	1	296	916	0	84	31
30	71809	20	28191	76732	0	21268	06923	0	93077	30
31	829	21	171	760	29	240	931	8	069	29
32	850	21	150	789	28	211	939	7	061	28
33	870	21	130	817	27	183	947	6	053	27
34	891	21	109	845	26	155	954	5	046	26
35	911	21	089	874	25	126	962	4	038	25
36	932	21	068	902	24	098	970	3	030	24
37	952	21	048	930	23	070	978	2	022	23
38	973	21	027	959	22	041	986	1	014	22
39	994	21	006	987	21	013	993	0	007	21
40	72014	20	27986	79015	20	20985	07001	0	92999	20
41	034	21	966	043	19	957	009	9	991	19
42	055	21	945	072	18	928	017	8	983	18
43	075	21	925	100	17	900	024	7	976	17
44	096	21	904	128	16	872	032	6	968	16
45	116	21	884	156	15	844	040	5	960	15
46	137	20	863	185	14	815	048	4	952	14
47	157	20	843	213	13	787	056	3	944	13
48	177	21	823	241	12	759	064	2	936	12
49	198	21	802	269	11	731	071	1	929	11
50	218	20	782	297	10	703	079	0	921	10
51	238	21	762	326	9	674	087	9	913	9
52	259	21	741	354	8	646	095	8	905	8
53	279	20	721	382	7	618	103	7	897	7
54	299	21	701	410	6	590	111	6	889	6
55	320	21	680	438	5	562	119	5	881	5
56	340	20	660	466	4	534	126	4	874	4
57	360	21	640	495	3	505	134	3	866	3
58	381	21	619	523	2	477	142	2	858	2
59	401	20	599	551	1	449	150	1	850	1
60	72421	20	27579	79579	20	20421	07158	0	92842	0
"	sin	d	sec	cot	d	tan	sec	d	sin	"
9.	10.	9.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	9.	

Proportional Parts						
"	29	28	21	20	8	7
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	1	1	1	1	0	0
3	1	1	1	1	0	0
4	2	2	1	1	1	0
5	2	2	2	2	1	1
6	3	3	2	2	1	1
7	3	3	2	2	1	1
8	4	4	3	3	1	1
9	4	4	3	3	1	1
10	5	5	4	3	1	1
11	5	5	4	4	1	1
12	6	6	4	4	2	1
13	6	6	5	4	2	2
14	7	7	5	5	2	2
15	7	7	5	5	2	2
16	8	7	6	5	2	2
17	8	8	6	6	2	2
18	9	8	6	6	2	2
19	9	9	7	6	3	2
20	10	9	7	7	3	2
21	10	10	7	7	3	2
22	11	10	8	7	3	3
23	11	11	8	8	3	3
24	12	11	8	8	3	3
25	12	12	9	8	3	3
26	13	12	9	9	3	3
27	13	13	9	9	4	3
28	14	13	10	9	4	3
29	14	14	10	10	4	3
30	14	14	10	10	4	4
31	15	14	11	10	4	4
32	15	15	11	11	4	4
33	16	15	12	11	4	4
34	16	16	12	11	5	4
35	17	16	12	12	5	4
36	17	17	13	12	5	4
37	18	17	13	12	5	4
38	18	18	13	13	5	4
39	19	18	14	13	5	5
40	19	19	14	13	5	5
41	20	19	14	14	5	5
42	20	20	15	14	6	5
43	21	20	15	14	6	5
44	21	21	15	15	6	5
45	22	21	16	15	6	5
46	22	21	16	15	6	5
47	23	22	16	16	6	5
48	23	22	17	16	6	6
49	24	23	17	16	7	6
50	24	23	18	17	7	6
51	25	24	18	17	7	6
52	25	24	18	17	7	6
53	26	25	19	18	7	6
54	26	25	19	18	7	6
55	27	26	19	18	7	6
56	27	26	20	19	7	7
57	28	27	20	19	8	7
58	28	27	20	19	8	7
59	29	28	21	20	8	7
60	29	28	21	20	8	7
Proportional Parts						
"	29	28	21	20	8	7

121°

58°

304

											Proportional Parts									
°	'	l sin	d	l csc	l tan	d	l cot	l sec	d	l cos	°	29	28	27	21	20	19	9	8	7
0	72421	10	20	27579	79579	28	20421	07158	8	92842	60	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	441	20	20	559	607	28	393	166	8	834	59	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	461	21	20	539	635	28	365	174	8	826	58	2	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0
3	482	21	20	518	663	28	337	182	8	818	57	3	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0
4	502	20	20	498	691	28	309	190	7	810	56	4	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	0
5	522	20	20	478	719	28	281	197	8	803	55	5	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1
6	542	20	20	458	747	28	253	205	8	795	54	6	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	1
7	562	20	20	438	776	28	224	213	8	787	53	7	3	3	3	2	2	1	1	1
8	582	20	20	418	804	28	196	221	8	779	52	8	4	4	4	3	3	1	1	1
9	602	20	20	398	832	28	168	229	8	771	51	9	4	4	4	3	3	1	1	1
10	622	21	20	378	860	28	140	237	8	763	50	10	5	5	4	4	3	2	1	1
11	643	21	20	357	888	28	112	245	8	755	49	11	5	5	5	4	3	2	1	1
12	663	21	20	337	916	28	084	253	8	747	48	12	6	6	5	4	4	2	2	2
13	683	20	20	317	944	28	056	261	8	739	47	13	6	6	6	5	4	2	2	2
14	703	20	20	297	972	28	028	269	8	731	46	14	7	7	6	5	4	2	2	2
15	723	20	20	277	80000	28	000	277	8	723	45	15	7	7	7	5	5	2	2	2
16	743	20	20	257	028	28	19972	285	8	715	44	16	8	7	7	6	5	2	2	2
17	763	20	20	237	056	28	944	293	8	707	43	17	8	8	8	6	6	3	2	2
18	783	20	20	217	084	28	916	301	8	699	42	18	9	8	8	6	6	3	2	2
19	803	20	20	197	112	28	888	309	8	691	41	19	9	9	9	7	6	3	3	2
20	823	20	20	177	140	28	860	317	8	683	40	20	10	9	9	7	6	3	3	2
21	843	20	20	157	168	27	832	325	8	675	39	21	10	10	9	7	7	3	3	2
22	863	20	20	137	195	28	805	333	8	667	38	22	11	10	10	8	7	3	3	3
23	883	20	20	117	223	28	777	341	8	659	37	23	11	11	10	8	7	3	3	3
24	902	19	20	098	251	28	749	349	8	651	36	24	12	11	11	8	8	4	3	3
25	922	20	20	078	279	28	721	357	8	643	35	25	12	12	11	9	8	4	3	3
26	942	20	20	058	307	28	693	365	8	635	34	26	13	12	12	9	8	4	3	3
27	962	20	20	038	335	28	665	373	8	627	33	27	13	13	12	9	9	4	4	3
28	982	20	20	018	363	28	637	381	8	619	32	28	14	13	13	10	9	4	4	3
29	73002	20	20	26998	391	28	609	389	8	611	31	29	14	14	13	10	9	4	4	3
30	73022	20	20	26978	80419	28	19581	07397	8	92603	30	30	14	14	14	10	10	4	4	4
31	041	20	20	959	447	27	553	405	8	595	29	31	15	14	14	11	10	5	4	4
32	061	20	20	939	475	27	526	413	8	587	28	32	15	15	14	11	11	5	4	4
33	081	20	20	919	503	28	498	421	8	579	27	33	16	15	15	12	11	5	4	4
34	101	20	20	899	530	28	470	429	8	571	26	34	16	16	15	12	11	5	5	4
35	121	19	20	879	558	28	442	437	8	563	25	35	17	16	16	12	12	5	5	4
36	140	20	20	860	586	28	414	445	8	555	24	36	17	17	16	13	12	5	5	4
37	160	20	20	840	614	28	386	454	8	546	23	37	18	17	17	13	12	6	5	4
38	180	20	20	820	642	28	358	462	8	538	22	38	18	18	17	13	13	6	5	4
39	200	20	20	800	669	28	331	470	8	530	21	39	19	18	18	14	13	6	5	5
40	219	20	20	781	697	28	303	478	8	522	20	40	19	19	18	14	13	6	5	5
41	239	20	20	761	725	28	275	486	8	514	19	41	20	19	18	14	14	6	5	5
42	259	19	20	741	753	28	247	494	8	506	18	42	20	20	19	15	14	6	6	5
43	278	20	20	722	781	28	219	502	8	498	17	43	21	20	19	15	14	6	6	5
44	298	20	20	702	808	28	192	510	8	490	16	44	21	21	20	15	15	7	6	5
45	318	19	20	682	836	28	164	518	8	482	15	45	22	21	20	16	15	7	6	5
46	337	19	20	663	864	28	136	527	8	473	14	46	22	21	21	16	15	7	6	5
47	357	20	20	643	892	28	108	535	8	465	13	47	23	22	21	16	16	7	6	5
48	377	20	20	623	919	28	081	543	8	457	12	48	23	22	22	17	16	7	6	6
49	396	20	20	604	947	28	053	551	8	449	11	49	24	23	22	17	16	7	7	6
50	416	20	20	584	975	28	025	559	8	441	10	50	24	23	22	18	17	8	7	6
51	435	19	20	565	81003	27	18997	567	8	433	9	51	25	24	23	18	17	8	7	6
52	455	20	20	545	030	28	970	575	8	425	8	52	25	24	23	18	17	8	7	6
53	474	20	20	526	058	28	942	584	8	416	7	53	26	25	24	19	18	8	7	6
54	494	19	20	506	086	27	914	592	8	408	6	54	26	25	24	19	18	8	7	6
55	513	20	20	487	113	28	887	600	8	400	5	55	27	26	25	19	18	8	7	6
56	533	20	20	467	141	28	859	608	8	392	4	56	27	26	25	20	19	8	7	7
57	552	20	20	448	169	28	831	616	8	384	3	57	28	27	26	20	19	9	8	7
58	572	20	20	428	196	28	804	624	8	376	2	58	28	27	26	20	19	9	8	7
59	591	20	20	409	224	28	776	633	8	367	1	59	29	28	27	21	20	9	8	7
60	73611	20	20	26389	81252	28	18748	07641	8	92359	0	60	29	28	27	21	20	9	8	7
											Proportional Parts									
'	9.	d	1'	l sec	l cot	1'	l tan	l csc	d	9.	'	29	28	27	21	20	19	9	8	7

33°

TABLE II

146°

\angle	$\angle \sin$ 9.	$\angle \csc$ 10.	$\angle \tan$ 9.	$\angle \cot$ 10.	$\angle \sec$ 10.	$\angle \cos$ 9.
0	73611	26389	81252	18748	07641	92359
1	630	370	279	721	649	35159
2	650	350	307	693	657	34358
3	679	331	335	665	665	33557
4	689	311	362	638	674	32656
5	708	292	390	610	682	31855
6	727	273	418	582	690	31054
7	747	253	445	555	698	30253
8	766	234	473	527	707	29352
9	785	215	500	500	715	28551
10	805	195	528	472	723	27750
11	824	176	556	444	731	26949
12	843	157	583	417	740	26048
13	863	137	611	389	748	25247
14	882	118	638	362	756	24446
15	901	099	666	334	765	23545
16	921	079	693	307	773	22744
17	940	060	721	279	781	21943
18	959	041	748	252	789	21142
19	978	022	776	224	798	20241
20	997	003	803	197	806	19440
21	74017	25983	831	169	814	18639
22	036	964	858	142	823	17738
23	055	945	886	114	831	16937
24	074	926	913	087	839	16136
25	093	907	941	059	848	15235
26	113	887	968	032	856	14434
27	132	868	996	004	864	13633
28	151	849	82023	17977	873	12732
29	170	830	051	949	881	11931
30	74189	25811	82078	17922	07859	92111
31	208	792	106	894	898	10229
32	227	773	133	867	906	09428
33	246	754	161	839	914	08627
34	265	735	188	812	923	07726
35	284	716	215	785	931	06925
36	303	697	243	757	940	06024
37	322	678	270	730	948	05223
38	341	659	298	702	956	04422
39	360	640	325	675	965	03521
40	379	621	352	648	973	02720
41	398	602	380	620	982	01819
42	417	583	407	593	990	01018
43	436	564	435	565	998	00217
44	455	545	462	538	08007	91993
45	474	526	489	511	015	98515
46	493	507	517	483	024	97614
47	512	488	544	456	032	96813
48	531	469	571	429	041	95912
49	549	451	599	401	049	95111
50	568	432	626	374	058	94210
51	587	413	653	347	066	9349
52	606	394	681	319	075	9258
53	625	375	708	292	083	9177
54	644	356	735	265	092	9086
55	662	338	762	238	100	9005
56	681	319	790	210	109	8914
57	700	300	817	183	117	8833
58	719	281	844	156	126	8742
59	737	263	871	129	134	8661
60	74756	25244	82899	17101	08143	91857
$\angle \cos$ 9.	$\angle \sin$ 9.	$\angle \csc$ 10.	$\angle \tan$ 9.	$\angle \cot$ 10.	$\angle \sec$ 10.	$\angle \cos$ 9.

Proportional Parts						
"	28	27	20	19	18	9
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	1	1	1	1	1	0
3	1	1	1	1	1	0
4	2	2	1	1	1	1
5	2	2	2	2	2	1
6	3	3	2	2	2	1
7	3	3	2	2	2	1
8	4	4	3	3	3	1
9	4	4	3	3	3	1
10	5	4	3	3	3	2
11	5	5	4	4	4	2
12	6	5	4	4	4	2
13	6	6	4	4	4	2
14	7	6	5	4	4	2
15	7	7	5	5	4	2
16	7	7	5	5	5	2
17	8	8	6	5	5	3
18	8	8	6	6	5	3
19	9	9	6	6	6	3
20	9	9	7	6	6	3
21	10	9	7	7	6	3
22	10	10	7	7	7	3
23	11	10	8	7	7	3
24	11	11	8	8	7	4
25	12	11	8	8	8	4
26	12	12	9	8	8	4
27	13	12	9	9	8	4
28	13	13	9	9	9	4
29	14	13	10	9	9	4
30	14	14	10	10	9	4
31	14	14	10	10	9	5
32	15	14	11	10	10	5
33	15	15	11	10	10	5
34	16	15	11	11	10	5
35	16	16	12	11	10	5
36	17	16	12	11	11	5
37	17	17	12	12	11	6
38	18	17	13	12	11	6
39	18	18	13	12	12	6
40	19	18	13	13	12	6
41	19	18	14	13	12	6
42	20	19	14	13	13	6
43	20	19	14	14	13	6
44	21	20	15	14	13	7
45	21	20	15	14	14	7
46	21	21	15	15	14	7
47	22	21	16	15	14	7
48	22	22	16	15	15	7
49	23	22	16	16	15	7
50	23	22	17	16	15	8
51	24	23	17	16	15	8
52	24	23	17	16	16	8
53	25	24	18	17	16	8
54	25	24	18	17	16	8
55	26	25	18	17	16	8
56	26	25	19	18	17	8
57	27	26	19	18	17	9
58	27	26	19	18	17	9
59	28	27	20	19	18	9
60	28	27	20	19	18	9
"	28	27	20	19	18	9
Proportional Parts						

123°

56°

34°

TABLE II

145°

											Proportional Parts							
°	'	sin	d	l csc	l tan	d	l cot	l sec	d	l cos	"	28	27	26	19	18	9	8
0	74756	10.	25244	82899	17101	10.	08143	91857	60	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	775	19	225	926	27	074	151	849	59	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	794	19	206	953	27	047	160	840	58	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
3	812	19	188	980	28	020	168	832	57	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0
4	831	19	169	83008	28	16992	177	823	56	4	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1
5	850	19	150	035	27	965	185	815	55	5	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1
6	868	19	132	062	27	938	194	806	54	6	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	1
7	887	19	113	089	28	911	202	798	53	7	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	1
8	906	19	094	117	28	883	211	789	52	8	4	4	4	4	3	3	1	1
9	924	19	076	144	27	856	219	781	51	9	4	4	4	4	3	3	1	1
10	943	18	057	171	27	829	228	772	50	10	5	4	4	4	3	3	2	1
11	961	18	039	198	27	802	237	763	49	11	5	4	5	5	3	3	2	1
12	980	18	020	225	27	775	245	755	48	12	6	5	5	5	4	4	2	2
13	999	18	001	252	27	748	254	746	47	13	6	6	6	6	4	4	2	2
14	75017	19	24983	280	28	720	262	738	46	14	7	6	6	6	4	4	2	2
15	036	19	964	307	27	693	271	729	45	15	7	7	7	6	5	4	2	2
16	054	19	946	334	27	666	280	720	44	16	7	7	7	7	5	5	2	2
17	073	19	927	361	27	639	288	712	43	17	8	8	7	5	5	3	2	2
18	091	19	909	388	27	612	297	703	42	18	8	8	8	6	5	3	2	2
19	110	18	890	415	27	585	305	695	41	19	9	9	9	8	6	6	3	3
20	128	18	872	442	28	558	314	686	40	20	9	9	9	9	6	6	3	3
21	147	18	853	470	27	530	323	677	39	21	10	9	9	9	7	6	3	3
22	165	18	835	497	27	503	331	669	38	22	10	10	10	10	7	7	3	3
23	184	18	816	524	27	476	340	660	37	23	11	10	10	10	7	7	3	3
24	202	19	798	551	27	449	349	651	36	24	11	11	11	10	8	7	4	3
25	221	19	779	578	27	422	357	643	35	25	12	11	11	8	8	4	3	3
26	239	19	761	605	27	395	366	634	34	26	12	12	11	8	8	4	3	3
27	258	19	742	632	27	368	375	625	33	27	13	12	12	9	8	4	4	4
28	276	19	724	659	27	341	383	617	32	28	13	13	12	9	8	4	4	4
29	294	19	706	686	27	314	392	608	31	29	14	13	13	9	9	4	4	4
30	75313	19	24687	83713	28	16287	08401	91599	30	30	14	14	13	10	9	4	4	4
31	331	19	669	740	28	260	409	591	29	31	14	14	13	10	9	5	4	4
32	350	19	650	768	28	232	418	582	28	32	15	14	14	10	10	5	4	4
33	368	19	632	795	27	205	427	573	27	33	15	15	14	10	10	5	4	4
34	386	19	614	822	27	178	435	565	26	34	16	15	15	11	10	5	5	5
35	405	19	595	849	27	151	444	556	25	35	16	16	15	11	10	5	5	5
36	423	18	577	876	27	124	453	547	24	36	17	16	16	11	11	5	5	5
37	441	18	559	903	27	097	462	538	23	37	17	17	16	12	11	6	5	5
38	459	18	541	930	27	070	470	530	22	38	18	17	16	12	11	6	5	5
39	478	18	522	957	27	043	479	521	21	39	18	18	17	12	12	6	5	5
40	496	18	504	984	27	016	488	512	20	40	19	18	17	13	12	6	5	5
41	514	18	486	84011	28	15989	496	504	19	41	19	18	18	13	12	6	5	5
42	533	18	467	038	27	962	505	495	18	42	20	19	18	13	13	6	6	6
43	551	18	449	065	27	935	514	486	17	43	20	19	19	14	13	6	6	6
44	569	18	431	092	27	908	523	477	16	44	21	20	19	14	13	7	6	6
45	587	18	413	119	27	881	531	469	15	45	21	20	20	14	14	7	6	6
46	605	18	395	146	27	854	540	460	14	46	21	21	20	15	14	7	6	6
47	624	18	376	173	27	827	549	451	13	47	22	21	20	15	14	7	6	6
48	642	18	358	200	27	800	558	442	12	48	22	22	21	15	14	7	6	6
49	660	18	340	227	27	773	567	433	11	49	23	22	21	16	15	7	7	7
50	678	18	322	254	27	746	575	425	10	50	23	22	22	16	15	8	7	7
51	696	18	304	280	27	720	584	416	9	51	24	23	22	16	15	8	7	7
52	714	18	286	307	27	693	593	407	8	52	24	23	23	16	16	8	7	7
53	733	18	267	334	27	666	602	398	7	53	25	24	23	17	16	8	7	7
54	751	18	249	361	27	639	611	389	6	54	25	24	23	17	16	8	7	7
55	769	18	231	388	27	612	619	381	5	55	26	25	24	17	16	8	7	7
56	787	18	213	415	27	585	628	372	4	56	26	25	24	18	17	8	7	7
57	805	18	195	442	27	558	637	363	3	57	27	26	25	18	17	9	8	8
58	823	18	177	469	27	531	646	354	2	58	27	26	25	18	17	9	8	8
59	841	18	159	496	27	504	655	345	1	59	28	27	26	19	18	9	8	8
60	75859	19	24141	84523	28	15477	08664	91336	0	60	28	27	26	19	18	9	8	8
°	9.	d	10.	9.	d	10.	10.	9.	°	"	28	27	26	19	18	9	8	8
l cos	l sec	l cot	l tan	l csc	l sec	l sin												

124°

55°

307

35°

TABLE II

144°

\angle	\sin	\angle	\csc	\angle	\tan	\angle	\cot	\angle	\sec	\angle	\cos	\angle	\sin
9.	1'	10.	9.	1'	10.	10.	1'	10.	10.	1'	9.	1'	9.
0	75859	24141	84523	27	15477	08664	8	91336	60				
1	877	123	550	26	450	672	8	32859					
2	895	105	576	27	424	681	8	31958					
3	913	087	603	27	397	690	9	31057					
4	931	069	630	27	370	699	9	30156					
5	949	051	657	27	343	708	9	29255					
6	967	033	684	27	316	717	9	28354					
7	985	015	711	27	289	726	9	27453					
8	76003	23997	738	27	262	734	9	26652					
9	021	979	764	26	236	743	9	25751					
10	039	961	791	27	209	752	9	24850					
11	057	943	818	27	182	761	9	23949					
12	075	925	845	27	155	770	9	23048					
13	093	907	872	27	128	779	9	22147					
14	111	889	899	27	101	788	9	21246					
15	129	871	925	27	075	797	9	20345					
16	146	854	952	27	048	806	9	19444					
17	164	836	979	27	021	815	9	18543					
18	182	818	85006	27	14994	824	9	17642					
19	200	800	033	26	967	833	9	16741					
20	218	782	059	27	941	842	9	15840					
21	236	764	086	27	914	851	9	14939					
22	253	747	113	27	887	859	9	14138					
23	271	729	140	27	860	868	9	13237					
24	289	711	166	26	834	877	9	12336					
25	307	693	193	27	807	886	9	11435					
26	324	676	220	27	780	895	9	10534					
27	342	658	247	26	753	904	9	09633					
28	360	640	273	27	727	913	9	08732					
29	378	622	300	27	700	922	9	07831					
30	76395	23605	85327	27	14673	08931	9	91069	30				
31	413	587	354	27	646	940	9	06029					
32	431	569	380	26	620	949	9	05128					
33	448	552	407	27	593	958	9	04227					
34	466	534	434	27	566	967	9	03326					
35	484	516	460	27	540	977	10	02325					
36	501	499	487	27	513	986	9	01424					
37	519	481	514	27	486	995	9	00523					
38	537	463	540	26	460	99004	9	90996	22				
39	554	446	567	27	433	013	9	98721					
40	572	428	594	27	406	022	9	97820					
41	590	410	620	27	380	031	9	96919					
42	607	393	647	27	353	040	9	96018					
43	625	375	674	27	326	049	9	95117					
44	642	358	700	26	300	058	9	94216					
45	660	340	727	27	273	067	9	93315					
46	677	323	754	27	246	076	9	92414					
47	695	305	780	26	220	085	9	91513					
48	712	288	807	27	193	094	9	90612					
49	730	270	834	26	166	104	10	89611					
50	747	253	860	27	140	113	9	88710					
51	765	235	887	26	113	122	9	8789					
52	782	218	913	26	087	131	9	8698					
53	800	200	940	27	060	140	9	8607					
54	817	183	967	27	033	149	9	8516					
55	835	165	993	26	007	158	10	8425					
56	852	148	86020	27	13980	168	9	8324					
57	870	130	046	27	954	177	9	8233					
58	887	113	073	27	927	186	9	8142					
59	904	096	100	26	900	195	9	8051					
60	76922	23078	86126	27	13874	09204	9	90796	6				
9.	\angle	10.	9.	\angle	10.	10.	\angle	9.	\angle				
\angle	\cos	1'	\angle	\sec	\angle	\cot	1'	\angle	\sin				

Proportional Parts								
"	27	26	18	17	10	9	8	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
3	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
4	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
5	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1
6	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	1
7	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	1
8	4	3	2	2	1	1	1	1
9	4	4	3	3	2	1	1	1
10	4	4	3	3	2	2	1	1
11	5	5	3	3	2	2	2	1
12	5	5	4	3	2	2	2	2
13	6	6	4	4	2	2	2	2
14	6	6	4	4	2	2	2	2
15	7	6	4	4	2	2	2	2
16	7	7	5	5	3	2	2	2
17	8	7	5	5	3	3	2	2
18	8	8	5	5	3	3	3	2
19	9	8	6	5	3	3	3	3
20	9	9	6	6	3	3	3	3
21	9	9	6	6	4	3	3	3
22	10	10	7	6	4	3	3	3
23	10	10	7	7	4	3	3	3
24	11	10	7	7	4	4	3	3
25	11	11	8	7	4	4	3	3
26	12	11	8	7	4	4	4	3
27	12	12	8	8	4	4	4	4
28	13	12	8	8	5	4	4	4
29	13	13	9	8	5	4	4	4
30	14	13	9	8	5	4	4	4
31	14	13	9	9	5	5	4	4
32	14	14	10	9	5	5	4	4
33	15	14	10	9	6	5	4	4
34	15	15	10	10	6	5	5	4
35	16	15	10	10	6	5	5	5
36	16	16	11	10	6	5	5	5
37	17	16	11	10	6	6	5	5
38	17	16	11	11	6	6	5	5
39	18	17	12	11	6	6	5	5
40	18	17	12	11	7	6	5	5
41	18	18	12	12	7	6	6	6
42	19	18	13	12	7	6	6	6
43	19	19	13	12	7	6	6	6
44	20	19	13	12	7	7	6	6
45	20	20	14	13	8	7	6	6
46	21	20	14	13	8	7	6	6
47	21	20	14	13	8	7	6	6
48	22	21	14	14	8	7	6	6
49	22	21	15	14	8	7	7	7
50	22	22	15	14	8	8	7	7
51	23	22	15	14	8	8	7	7
52	23	23	16	15	9	8	7	7
53	24	23	16	15	9	8	7	7
54	24	23	16	15	9	8	7	7
55	25	24	16	16	9	8	7	7
56	25	24	17	16	9	8	7	7
57	26	25	17	16	10	9	8	8
58	26	25	17	16	10	9	8	8
59	27	26	18	17	10	9	8	8
60	27	26	18	17	10	9	8	8
Proportional Parts								
"	27	26	18	17	10	9	8	

125°

54°

										Proportional Parts							
"	27	26	18	17	16	10	9										
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0										
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0										
2	1	1	1	1	1	1	0										
3	1	1	1	1	1	1	0										
4	2	2	1	1	1	1	1										
5	2	2	2	2	1	1	1										
6	3	3	3	2	2	2	1										
7	3	3	2	2	2	2	1										
8	4	3	2	2	2	2	1										
9	4	4	3	3	2	2	1										
10	4	4	3	3	3	2	2										
11	5	4	3	3	3	2	2										
12	5	5	4	3	3	2	2										
13	6	6	4	4	4	2	2										
14	6	6	4	4	4	2	2										
15	7	6	4	4	4	2	2										
16	7	7	5	5	4	3	2										
17	8	7	5	5	5	3	3										
18	8	8	5	5	5	3	3										
19	9	8	6	5	5	3	3										
20	9	9	6	6	5	3	3										
21	9	9	6	6	6	4	3										
22	10	10	7	6	6	4	3										
23	10	10	7	7	6	4	3										
24	11	10	7	7	6	4	4										
25	11	11	8	7	7	4	4										
26	12	11	8	7	7	4	4										
27	12	12	8	8	7	4	4										
28	13	12	8	8	7	5	4										
29	13	13	9	8	8	5	4										
30	14	13	9	8	8	5	4										
31	14	13	9	9	8	5	5										
32	14	14	10	9	9	5	5										
33	15	14	10	9	9	6	5										
34	15	15	10	10	9	6	5										
35	16	15	10	10	9	6	5										
36	16	16	11	10	10	6	5										
37	17	16	11	10	10	6	6										
38	17	16	11	11	10	6	6										
39	18	17	12	11	10	6	6										
40	18	17	12	11	11	7	6										
41	18	18	12	12	11	7	6										
42	19	18	13	12	11	7	6										
43	19	19	13	12	11	7	6										
44	20	19	13	12	12	7	7										
45	20	20	14	13	12	8	7										
46	21	20	14	13	12	8	7										
47	21	20	14	13	13	8	7										
48	22	21	14	14	13	8	7										
49	22	21	15	14	13	8	7										
50	22	22	15	14	13	8	8										
51	23	22	15	14	14	8	8										
52	23	23	16	15	14	9	8										
53	24	23	16	15	14	9	8										
54	24	23	16	15	14	9	8										
55	25	24	16	16	15	9	8										
56	25	24	17	16	15	9	8										
57	26	25	17	16	15	10	9										
58	26	25	17	16	15	10	9										
59	27	26	18	17	16	10	9										
60	27	26	18	17	16	10	9										
Proportional Parts																	

37°

TABLE II

142°

\angle	\sin	\angle	\csc	\angle	\tan	\angle	\cot	\angle	\sec	\angle	\cos	\angle
9.	1'	10.	9.	1'	10.	10.	1'	10.	1'	10.	9.	1'
0	77946	22054	87711	12289	09765	90235	60					
1	963	037	738	262	775	225	59					
2	980	020	764	236	784	216	58					
3	997	003	790	210	794	206	57					
4	78013	21987	817	183	803	197	56					
5	030	970	843	157	813	187	55					
6	047	953	869	131	822	178	54					
7	063	937	895	105	832	168	53					
8	080	920	922	078	841	159	52					
9	097	903	948	052	851	149	51					
10	113	887	974	026	861	139	50					
11	130	870	88000	000	870	130	49					
12	147	853	027	11973	880	120	48					
13	163	837	053	947	889	111	47					
14	180	820	079	921	899	101	46					
15	197	803	105	895	909	091	45					
16	213	787	131	869	918	082	44					
17	230	770	158	842	928	072	43					
18	246	754	184	816	937	063	42					
19	263	737	210	790	947	053	41					
20	280	720	236	764	957	043	40					
21	296	704	262	738	966	034	39					
22	313	687	289	711	976	024	38					
23	329	671	315	685	985	014	37					
24	346	654	341	659	995	005	36					
25	362	638	367	633	10005	89995	35					
26	379	621	393	607	015	985	34					
27	395	605	420	580	024	976	33					
28	412	588	446	554	034	966	32					
29	428	572	472	528	044	956	31					
30	78445	21555	88498	11502	10053	89947	30					
31	461	539	524	476	063	937	29					
32	478	522	550	450	073	927	28					
33	494	506	577	423	082	918	27					
34	510	490	603	397	092	908	26					
35	527	473	629	371	102	898	25					
36	543	457	655	345	112	888	24					
37	560	440	681	319	121	879	23					
38	576	424	707	293	131	869	22					
39	592	408	733	267	141	859	21					
40	609	391	759	241	151	849	20					
41	625	375	786	214	160	840	19					
42	642	358	812	188	170	830	18					
43	658	342	838	162	180	820	17					
44	674	326	864	136	190	810	16					
45	691	309	890	110	199	801	15					
46	707	293	916	084	209	791	14					
47	723	277	942	058	219	781	13					
48	739	261	968	032	229	771	12					
49	756	244	994	006	239	761	11					
50	772	228	89020	10980	248	752	10					
51	788	212	046	954	258	742	9					
52	805	195	073	927	268	732	8					
53	821	179	099	901	278	722	7					
54	837	163	125	875	288	712	6					
55	853	147	151	849	298	702	5					
56	869	131	177	823	307	693	4					
57	886	114	203	797	317	683	3					
58	902	098	229	771	327	673	2					
59	918	082	255	745	337	663	1					
60	78934	21066	89281	10719	10347	89653	0					
\angle	\cos	\angle	\sec	\angle	\cot	\angle	\tan	\angle	\csc	\angle	\sin	\angle
9.	1'	10.	9.	1'	10.	10.	1'	10.	1'	10.	9.	1'

Proportional Parts						
"	27	26	17	16	10	9
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	1	1	1	1	0	0
3	1	1	1	1	0	0
4	2	2	1	1	1	1
5	2	2	1	1	1	1
6	3	3	2	2	1	1
7	3	3	2	2	1	1
8	4	3	2	2	1	1
9	4	4	3	2	2	1
10	4	4	3	3	2	2
11	5	5	3	3	2	2
12	5	5	3	3	2	2
13	6	6	4	3	2	2
14	6	6	4	4	2	2
15	7	6	4	4	2	2
16	7	7	5	4	3	2
17	8	7	5	5	3	3
18	8	8	5	5	3	3
19	9	8	5	5	3	3
20	9	9	6	5	3	3
21	9	9	6	6	4	3
22	10	10	6	6	4	3
23	10	10	7	6	4	3
24	11	10	7	6	4	4
25	11	11	7	7	4	4
26	12	11	7	7	4	4
27	12	12	8	7	4	4
28	13	12	8	7	5	4
29	13	13	8	8	5	4
30	14	13	8	8	5	4
31	14	13	9	8	5	5
32	14	14	9	9	5	5
33	15	14	9	9	6	5
34	15	15	10	9	6	5
35	16	15	10	9	6	5
36	16	16	10	10	6	5
37	17	16	10	10	6	6
38	17	16	11	10	6	6
39	18	17	11	10	6	6
40	18	17	11	11	7	6
41	18	18	12	11	7	6
42	19	18	12	11	7	6
43	19	19	12	11	7	6
44	20	19	12	12	7	7
45	20	20	13	12	8	7
46	21	20	13	12	8	7
47	21	20	13	13	8	7
48	22	21	14	13	8	7
49	22	21	14	13	8	7
50	22	22	14	13	8	8
51	23	22	14	14	8	8
52	23	23	15	14	9	8
53	24	23	15	14	9	8
54	24	23	15	14	9	8
55	25	24	16	15	9	8
56	25	24	16	15	9	8
57	26	25	16	15	10	9
58	26	25	16	15	10	9
59	27	26	17	16	10	9
60	27	26	17	16	10	9
Proportional Parts						
"	27	26	17	16	10	9

127°

52°

										Proportional Parts									
°		\sin	\cos	\tan	\cot	\sec	\csc	\sec	\csc	26	25	17	16	15	11	10	9		
0	78934	10	10	9	10	10	10	10	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	950	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	967	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
3	983	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
4	999	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	4	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
5	79015	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	5	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
6	031	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	6	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
7	047	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	7	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
8	033	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	8	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
9	079	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	9	4	4	3	2	2	2	2	2	2
10	095	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	10	4	4	3	3	2	2	2	2	2
11	111	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	11	5	5	3	3	2	2	2	2	2
12	128	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	12	5	5	3	3	2	2	2	2	2
13	144	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	13	6	5	4	3	3	2	2	2	2
14	160	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	14	6	6	4	4	3	2	2	2	2
15	176	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	15	6	6	4	4	3	2	2	2	2
16	192	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	7	7	5	4	3	3	3	3	3
17	208	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	17	7	7	5	5	4	3	3	3	3
18	224	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	18	8	8	5	5	4	3	3	3	3
19	240	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	19	8	8	5	5	5	3	3	3	3
20	256	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	20	9	8	6	5	5	4	3	3	3
21	272	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	21	9	9	6	6	5	4	4	4	4
22	288	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	22	10	9	6	6	6	4	4	4	4
23	304	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	23	10	10	7	6	6	4	4	4	4
24	319	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	24	10	10	7	6	6	4	4	4	4
25	335	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	25	11	10	7	7	6	5	4	4	4
26	351	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	26	11	11	7	7	6	5	4	4	4
27	367	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	27	12	11	8	7	7	5	4	4	4
28	383	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	28	12	12	8	7	7	5	5	4	4
29	399	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	29	13	12	8	8	7	5	5	4	4
30	79415	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	30	13	12	8	8	8	6	5	4	4
31	431	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	31	13	13	9	8	8	6	5	5	5
32	447	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	32	14	13	9	9	8	6	5	5	5
33	463	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	33	14	14	9	9	8	6	6	5	5
34	478	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	34	15	14	10	9	8	6	6	5	5
35	494	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	35	15	15	10	9	9	6	6	5	5
36	510	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	36	16	15	10	10	9	7	6	5	5
37	526	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	37	16	15	10	10	9	7	6	6	6
38	542	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	38	16	16	11	10	10	7	6	6	6
39	558	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	39	17	16	11	10	10	7	6	6	6
40	573	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	40	17	17	11	11	10	7	7	6	6
41	589	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	41	18	17	12	11	10	8	7	6	6
42	605	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	42	18	18	12	11	10	8	7	6	6
43	621	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	43	19	18	12	11	11	8	7	6	6
44	636	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	44	19	18	12	12	11	8	7	7	7
45	652	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	45	20	19	13	12	11	8	8	7	7
46	668	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	46	20	19	13	12	12	8	8	7	7
47	684	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	47	20	20	13	13	12	9	8	7	7
48	699	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	48	21	20	14	13	12	9	8	7	7
49	715	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	49	21	20	14	13	12	9	8	7	7
50	731	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	50	22	21	14	13	12	9	8	8	8
51	746	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	51	22	21	14	14	13	9	8	8	8
52	762	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	52	23	22	15	14	13	10	9	8	8
53	778	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	53	23	22	15	14	13	10	9	8	8
54	793	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	54	23	22	15	14	14	10	9	8	8
55	809	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	55	24	23	16	15	14	10	9	8	8
56	825	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	56	24	23	16	15	14	10	9	8	8
57	840	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	57	25	24	16	15	14	10	10	9	8
58	856	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	58	25	24	16	15	14	11	10	9	9
59	872	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	59	26	25	17	16	15	11	10	9	9
60	79887	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	60	26	25	17	16	15	11	10	9	9
										Proportional Parts									
°		\sin	\cos	\tan	\cot	\sec	\csc	\sec	\csc	26	25	17	16	15	11	10	9		

39°

TABLE II

140°

	\angle sin	\angle csc	\angle tan	\angle cot	\angle sec	\angle cos	
9.	10.	9.	10.	10.	10.	9.	
0	79887	20113	90837	09163	10950	89050	60
1	903	097	863	137	960	040	59
2	918	082	889	111	970	030	58
3	934	066	914	086	980	020	57
4	950	050	940	060	991	009	56
5	965	035	966	034	11001	88999	55
6	981	019	992	008	011	989	54
7	996	004	91018	08982	022	978	53
8	80012	19988	043	957	032	968	52
9	027	973	069	931	042	958	51
10	043	957	095	905	052	948	50
11	058	942	121	879	063	937	49
12	074	926	147	853	073	927	48
13	089	911	172	828	083	917	47
14	105	895	198	802	094	906	46
15	120	880	224	776	104	896	45
16	136	864	250	750	114	886	44
17	151	849	276	724	125	875	43
18	166	834	301	699	135	865	42
19	182	818	327	673	145	855	41
20	197	803	353	647	156	844	40
21	213	787	379	621	166	834	39
22	228	772	404	596	176	824	38
23	244	756	430	570	187	813	37
24	259	741	456	544	197	803	36
25	274	726	482	518	207	793	35
26	290	710	507	493	218	782	34
27	305	695	533	467	228	772	33
28	320	680	559	441	238	761	32
29	336	664	585	415	248	751	31
30	80351	19649	91610	08390	11259	88741	30
31	366	634	636	364	270	730	29
32	382	618	662	338	280	720	28
33	397	603	688	312	291	709	27
34	412	588	713	287	301	699	26
35	428	572	739	261	312	688	25
36	443	557	765	235	322	678	24
37	458	542	791	209	332	668	23
38	473	527	816	184	343	657	22
39	489	511	842	158	353	647	21
40	504	496	868	132	364	636	20
41	519	481	893	107	374	626	19
42	534	466	919	081	385	615	18
43	550	450	945	055	395	605	17
44	565	435	971	029	406	594	16
45	580	420	996	004	416	584	15
46	595	405	92022	07978	427	573	14
47	610	390	048	952	437	563	13
48	625	375	073	927	448	552	12
49	641	359	099	901	458	542	11
50	656	344	125	875	469	531	10
51	671	329	150	850	479	521	9
52	686	314	176	824	490	510	8
53	701	299	202	798	501	499	7
54	716	284	227	773	511	489	6
55	731	269	253	747	522	478	5
56	746	254	279	721	532	468	4
57	762	238	304	696	543	457	3
58	777	223	330	670	553	447	2
59	792	208	356	644	564	436	1
60	80807	19193	92381	07619	11575	88425	0
9.	10.	9.	10.	10.	10.	9.	
\angle cos	\angle sec	\angle cot	\angle tan	\angle csc	\angle sin		

Proportional Parts						
	26	25	16	15	11	10
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	1	1	1	0	0	0
3	1	1	1	1	1	0
4	2	2	1	1	1	1
5	2	2	1	1	1	1
6	3	2	2	2	1	1
7	3	3	2	2	1	1
8	3	3	2	2	1	1
9	4	4	2	2	2	2
10	4	4	3	2	2	2
11	5	5	3	3	2	2
12	5	5	3	3	2	2
13	6	5	3	3	2	2
14	6	6	4	4	3	2
15	6	6	4	4	3	2
16	7	7	4	4	3	3
17	7	7	5	4	3	3
18	8	8	5	4	3	3
19	8	8	5	5	3	3
20	9	8	5	5	4	3
21	9	9	6	5	4	4
22	10	9	6	6	4	4
23	10	10	6	6	4	4
24	10	10	6	6	4	4
25	11	10	7	6	5	4
26	11	11	7	6	5	4
27	12	11	7	7	5	4
28	12	12	7	7	5	5
29	13	12	8	7	5	5
30	13	12	8	8	6	5
31	13	13	8	8	6	5
32	14	13	9	8	6	5
33	14	14	9	8	6	6
34	15	14	9	8	6	6
35	15	15	9	9	6	6
36	16	15	10	9	7	6
37	16	15	10	9	7	6
38	16	16	10	10	7	6
39	17	16	10	10	7	6
40	17	17	11	10	7	7
41	18	17	11	10	8	7
42	18	18	11	10	8	7
43	19	18	11	11	8	7
44	19	18	12	11	8	7
45	20	19	12	11	8	8
46	20	19	12	12	8	8
47	20	20	13	12	9	8
48	21	20	13	12	9	8
49	21	20	13	12	9	8
50	22	21	13	12	9	8
51	22	21	14	13	9	8
52	23	22	14	13	10	9
53	23	22	14	13	10	9
54	23	22	14	14	10	9
55	24	23	15	14	10	9
56	24	23	15	14	10	9
57	25	24	15	14	10	10
58	25	24	15	14	11	10
59	26	25	16	15	11	10
60	26	25	16	15	11	10
26	25	16	15	11	10	10
Proportional Parts						

129°

50°

10°

TABLE II

139°

\sin	\cos	\tan	\cot	\sec	\csc
9.	10.	9.	10.	10.	10.
0.80807	19193	92381	07619	11575	88425
1 822	178	407	593	585	415
2 837	163	433	567	596	404
3 852	148	458	542	606	394
4 867	133	484	516	617	383
5 882	118	510	490	628	372
6 897	103	535	465	638	362
7 912	088	561	439	649	351
8 927	073	587	413	660	340
9 942	058	612	388	670	330
10 957	043	638	362	681	319
11 972	028	663	337	692	308
12 987	013	689	311	702	298
13 1002	18998	715	285	713	287
14 017	983	740	260	724	276
15 032	968	766	234	734	266
16 047	953	792	208	745	255
17 061	939	817	183	756	244
18 076	924	843	157	766	234
19 091	909	868	132	777	223
20 106	894	894	106	788	212
21 121	879	920	080	799	201
22 136	864	945	055	809	191
23 151	849	971	029	820	180
24 166	834	996	004	831	169
25 180	820	93022	06978	842	158
26 195	805	048	952	852	148
27 210	790	073	927	863	137
28 225	775	098	901	873	126
29 240	760	124	876	885	115
30 81254	18746	93150	06850	11895	88105
31 269	731	178	825	906	094
32 284	716	201	799	917	083
33 299	701	227	773	928	072
34 314	686	252	748	939	061
35 328	672	278	722	949	051
36 343	657	303	697	960	040
37 358	642	328	671	971	029
38 372	628	354	646	982	018
39 387	613	380	620	993	007
40 402	598	406	594	12004	87996
41 417	583	431	569	015	985
42 431	569	457	543	025	975
43 446	554	482	518	036	964
44 461	539	508	492	047	953
45 475	525	533	467	058	942
46 490	510	559	441	069	931
47 505	495	584	416	080	920
48 519	481	610	390	091	909
49 534	466	636	364	102	898
50 549	451	661	339	113	887
51 563	437	687	313	123	877
52 578	422	712	288	134	866
53 592	408	738	262	145	855
54 607	393	763	237	156	844
55 622	378	789	211	167	833
56 636	364	814	186	178	822
57 651	349	840	160	189	811
58 665	335	865	135	200	800
59 680	320	891	109	211	789
60 81694	18306	93916	06084	12222	87778
9.	10.	9.	10.	10.	9.
\cos	\sec	\cot	\tan	\csc	\sin

Proportional Parts						
"	26	25	15	14	11	10
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	1	1	0	0	0	0
3	1	1	1	1	1	0
4	2	2	1	1	1	1
5	2	2	1	1	1	1
6	3	2	2	1	1	1
7	3	3	2	2	1	1
8	3	3	2	2	1	1
9	4	4	2	2	2	2
10	4	4	2	2	2	2
11	5	5	3	3	2	2
12	5	5	3	3	2	2
13	6	5	3	3	2	2
14	6	6	4	3	3	2
15	6	6	4	4	3	2
16	7	7	4	4	3	3
17	7	7	4	4	3	3
18	8	8	4	4	3	3
19	8	8	5	4	3	3
20	9	8	5	5	4	3
21	9	9	5	5	4	4
22	10	9	6	5	4	4
23	10	10	6	5	4	4
24	10	10	6	6	4	4
25	11	10	6	6	5	4
26	11	11	6	6	5	4
27	12	11	7	6	5	4
28	12	12	7	7	5	5
29	13	12	7	7	5	5
30	13	12	8	7	6	5
31	13	13	8	7	6	5
32	14	13	8	7	6	5
33	14	14	8	8	6	6
34	15	14	8	8	6	6
35	15	15	9	8	6	6
36	16	15	9	8	7	6
37	16	15	9	9	7	6
38	16	16	10	9	7	6
39	17	16	10	9	7	6
40	17	17	10	9	7	7
41	18	17	10	10	8	7
42	18	18	10	10	8	7
43	19	18	11	10	8	7
44	19	18	11	10	8	7
45	20	19	11	10	8	8
46	20	19	12	11	8	8
47	20	20	12	11	9	8
48	21	20	12	11	9	8
49	21	20	12	11	9	8
50	22	21	12	12	9	8
51	22	21	13	12	9	8
52	23	22	13	12	10	9
53	23	22	13	12	10	9
54	23	22	14	13	10	9
55	24	23	14	13	10	9
56	24	23	14	13	10	9
57	25	24	14	13	10	10
58	25	24	14	14	11	10
59	26	25	15	14	11	10
60	26	25	15	14	11	10
"	26	25	15	14	11	10
Proportional Parts						

130°

49°

41°

TABLE II

138°

	\angle sin	\angle csc	\angle tan	\angle cot	\angle sec	\angle cos	
9.	10.	9.	10.	10.	10.	9.	
0	81694	18306	93916	06084	12222	87778	60
1	709	291	942	058	233	767	59
2	723	277	967	033	244	756	58
3	738	262	993	007	255	745	57
4	752	248	94018	05982	266	734	56
5	767	233	044	956	277	723	55
6	781	219	069	931	288	712	54
7	796	204	095	905	299	701	53
8	810	190	120	880	310	690	52
9	825	175	146	854	321	679	51
10	839	161	171	829	332	668	50
11	854	146	197	803	343	657	49
12	868	132	222	778	354	646	48
13	882	118	248	752	365	635	47
14	897	103	273	727	376	624	46
15	911	089	299	701	387	613	45
16	926	074	324	676	399	601	44
17	940	060	350	650	410	590	43
18	955	045	375	625	421	579	42
19	969	031	401	599	432	568	41
20	983	017	426	574	443	557	40
21	998	002	452	548	454	546	39
22	82012	17988	477	523	465	535	38
23	026	974	503	497	476	524	37
24	041	959	528	472	487	513	36
25	055	945	554	446	499	501	35
26	069	931	579	421	510	490	34
27	084	916	604	396	521	479	33
28	098	902	630	370	532	468	32
29	112	888	655	345	543	457	31
30	82126	17874	94681	05810	12554	87446	30
31	141	859	706	294	566	434	29
32	155	845	732	268	577	423	28
33	169	831	757	243	588	412	27
34	184	816	783	217	599	401	26
35	198	802	808	192	610	390	25
36	212	788	834	166	622	378	24
37	226	774	859	141	633	367	23
38	240	760	884	116	644	356	22
39	255	745	910	090	655	345	21
40	269	731	935	065	666	334	20
41	283	717	961	039	678	322	19
42	297	703	986	014	689	311	18
43	311	689	95012	04988	700	300	17
44	326	674	037	963	712	288	16
45	340	660	062	938	723	277	15
46	354	646	088	912	734	266	14
47	368	632	113	887	745	255	13
48	382	618	139	861	757	243	12
49	396	604	164	836	768	232	11
50	410	590	190	810	779	221	10
51	424	576	215	785	791	209	9
52	439	561	240	760	802	198	8
53	453	547	266	734	813	187	7
54	467	533	291	709	825	175	6
55	481	519	317	683	836	164	5
56	495	505	342	658	847	153	4
57	509	491	368	632	859	141	3
58	523	477	393	607	870	130	2
59	537	463	418	582	881	119	1
60	82551	17449	95444	04556	12893	87107	0
9.	\angle cos	\angle sec	\angle cot	\angle tan	\angle csc	\angle sin	
10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	9.	

Proportional Parts						
"	26	25	15	14	12	11
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	1	1	0	0	0	0
3	1	1	1	1	1	1
4	2	2	1	1	1	1
5	2	2	1	1	1	1
6	3	2	2	1	1	1
7	3	3	2	2	1	1
8	3	3	2	2	2	1
9	4	4	2	2	2	2
10	4	4	2	2	2	2
11	5	5	3	3	2	2
12	5	5	3	3	2	2
13	6	5	3	3	3	2
14	6	6	4	3	3	3
15	6	6	4	4	3	3
16	7	7	4	4	3	3
17	7	7	4	4	3	3
18	8	8	4	4	4	3
19	8	8	5	4	4	3
20	9	8	5	5	4	4
21	9	9	5	5	4	4
22	10	9	6	5	4	4
23	10	10	6	5	5	4
24	10	10	6	6	5	4
25	11	10	6	6	5	5
26	11	11	6	6	5	5
27	12	11	7	6	5	5
28	12	12	7	7	6	5
29	13	12	7	7	6	5
30	13	12	8	7	6	6
31	13	13	8	7	6	6
32	14	13	8	7	6	6
33	14	14	8	8	7	6
34	15	14	8	8	7	6
35	15	15	9	8	7	6
36	16	15	9	8	7	7
37	16	15	9	9	7	7
38	16	16	10	9	8	7
39	17	16	10	9	8	7
40	17	17	10	9	8	7
41	18	17	10	10	8	8
42	18	18	10	10	8	8
43	19	18	11	10	9	8
44	19	18	11	10	9	8
45	20	19	11	10	9	8
46	20	19	12	11	9	8
47	20	20	12	11	9	9
48	21	20	12	11	10	9
49	21	20	12	11	10	9
50	22	21	12	12	10	9
51	22	21	13	12	10	9
52	23	22	13	12	10	10
53	23	22	13	12	11	10
54	23	22	14	13	11	10
55	24	23	14	13	11	10
56	24	23	14	13	11	10
57	25	24	14	13	11	10
58	25	24	14	14	12	11
59	26	25	15	14	12	11
60	26	25	15	14	12	11
"	26	25	15	14	12	11
Proportional Parts						

131°

48°

42°

TABLE II

137°

°	'	sin	d	sec	tan	d	cot	sec	d	cos	'
9.	1'	10.	9.	10.	10.	1'	10.	10.	1'	9.	'
0	82551	17449	95444	04556	12893	87107	60	09659	58	0	0
1	565	435	469	531	904	09659	58	08558	58	0	0
2	579	421	495	505	915	07357	57	06256	56	0	0
3	593	407	520	480	927	05055	55	03954	54	0	0
4	607	393	545	455	938	02853	53	01652	52	0	0
5	621	379	571	429	950	00551	51				
6	635	365	596	404	961						
7	649	351	622	378	972						
8	663	337	647	353	984						
9	677	323	672	328	995						
10	691	309	698	302	13007	86993	50				
11	705	295	723	277	018	98249	49				
12	719	281	748	252	030	97048	48				
13	733	267	774	226	041	95947	47				
14	747	253	799	201	053	94746	46				
15	761	239	825	175	064	93645	45				
16	775	225	850	150	076	92444	44				
17	788	212	875	125	087	91343	43				
18	802	198	901	099	098	90242	42				
19	816	184	926	074	110	89041	41				
20	830	170	952	048	121	87940	40				
21	844	156	977	023	133	86739	39				
22	858	142	96002	03998	145	85538	38				
23	872	128	028	972	156	84437	37				
24	885	115	053	947	168	83236	36				
25	899	101	078	922	179	82135	35				
26	913	087	104	896	191	80934	34				
27	927	073	129	871	202	79833	33				
28	941	059	155	845	214	78632	32				
29	955	045	180	820	225	77531	31				
30	82668	17032	96205	03795	13237	86763	30				
31	982	018	231	769	248	75229	29				
32	996	004	256	744	260	74028	28				
33	83010	16990	281	719	272	72827	27				
34	023	977	307	693	283	71726	26				
35	037	963	332	668	295	70525	25				
36	051	949	357	643	306	69424	24				
37	065	935	383	617	318	68223	23				
38	078	922	408	592	330	67022	22				
39	092	908	433	567	341	65921	21				
40	106	894	459	541	353	64720	20				
41	120	880	484	516	365	63519	19				
42	133	867	510	490	376	62418	18				
43	147	853	535	465	388	61217	17				
44	161	839	560	440	400	60016	16				
45	174	826	586	414	411	58915	15				
46	188	812	611	389	423	57714	14				
47	202	798	636	364	435	56513	13				
48	215	785	662	338	446	55412	12				
49	229	771	687	313	458	54211	11				
50	242	758	712	288	470	53010	10				
51	256	744	738	262	482	5189	9				
52	270	730	763	237	493	5078	8				
53	283	717	788	212	505	4957	7				
54	297	703	814	186	517	4836	6				
55	310	690	839	161	528	4725	5				
56	324	676	864	136	540	4604	4				
57	338	662	890	110	552	4483	3				
58	351	649	915	085	564	4362	2				
59	365	635	940	060	575	4251	1				
60	83378	16622	96966	03034	13587	86413	0				
9.	d	10.	9.	d	10.	d	9.	'	10.	d	9.
l cos	1'	l sec	l cot	1'	l tan	l csc	1'	l sin			

Proportional Parts						
"	26	25	14	13	12	11
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	1	1	0	0	0	0
3	1	1	1	1	1	1
4	2	2	1	1	1	1
5	2	2	1	1	1	1
6	3	2	1	1	1	1
7	3	3	2	2	1	1
8	3	3	2	2	2	1
9	4	4	2	2	2	2
10	4	4	2	2	2	2
11	5	5	3	3	2	2
12	5	5	3	3	2	2
13	6	5	3	3	3	2
14	6	6	3	3	3	3
15	6	6	4	3	3	3
16	7	7	4	3	3	3
17	7	7	4	4	3	3
18	8	8	4	4	4	3
19	8	8	4	4	4	3
20	9	8	5	4	4	4
21	9	9	5	5	4	4
22	10	9	5	5	4	4
23	10	10	5	5	5	4
24	10	10	6	5	5	4
25	11	10	6	5	5	5
26	11	11	6	6	5	5
27	12	11	6	6	5	5
28	12	12	7	6	6	5
29	13	12	7	6	6	5
30	13	12	7	6	6	6
31	13	13	7	7	6	6
32	14	13	7	7	6	6
33	14	14	8	7	7	6
34	15	14	8	7	7	6
35	15	15	8	8	7	6
36	16	15	8	8	7	7
37	16	15	9	8	7	7
38	16	16	9	8	8	7
39	17	16	9	8	8	7
40	17	17	9	9	8	7
41	18	17	10	9	8	8
42	18	18	10	9	8	8
43	19	18	10	9	9	8
44	19	18	10	10	9	8
45	20	19	10	10	9	8
46	20	19	11	10	9	8
47	20	20	11	10	9	9
48	21	20	11	10	10	9
49	21	20	11	11	10	9
50	22	21	12	11	10	9
51	22	21	12	11	10	9
52	23	22	12	11	10	10
53	23	22	12	11	11	10
54	23	22	13	12	11	10
55	24	23	13	12	11	10
56	24	23	13	12	11	10
57	25	24	13	12	11	10
58	25	24	14	13	12	11
59	26	25	14	13	12	11
60	26	25	14	13	12	11
"	26	25	14	13	12	11
Proportional Parts						

132°

47°

	\sin	\cos	\tan	\cot	\sec	\csc
9.	10.	9.	10.	10.	10.	10.
1	83378	16622	96966	03034	13587	86413
2	392	608	991	009	599	40159
3	405	595	97016	02984	611	38958
4	419	581	042	958	623	37757
5	432	568	067	933	634	36656
6	446	554	092	908	646	35455
7	459	541	118	882	658	34254
8	473	527	143	857	670	33053
9	486	514	168	832	682	31852
10	500	500	193	807	694	30651
11	513	487	219	781	705	29550
12	527	473	244	756	717	28349
13	540	460	269	731	729	27148
14	554	446	295	705	741	25947
15	567	433	320	680	753	24746
16	581	419	345	655	765	23545
17	594	406	371	629	777	22344
18	608	392	396	604	789	21143
19	621	379	421	579	801	20042
20	634	366	447	553	812	18841
21	648	352	472	528	824	17640
22	661	339	497	503	836	16439
23	674	326	523	477	848	15238
24	688	312	548	452	860	14037
25	701	299	573	427	872	12836
26	715	285	598	402	884	11635
27	728	272	624	376	896	10434
28	741	259	649	351	908	09233
29	755	245	674	326	920	08032
30	768	232	700	300	932	06831
31	781	219	725	275	944	05630
32	795	205	750	250	956	04429
33	808	192	776	224	968	03228
34	821	179	801	199	980	02027
35	834	166	826	174	992	00826
36	848	152	851	149	1004	05996
37	861	139	877	123	016	98424
38	874	126	902	098	028	97223
39	887	113	927	073	040	96022
40	901	099	953	047	052	94821
41	914	086	978	022	064	93620
42	927	073	1003	019	076	92419
43	940	060	029	971	088	91218
44	954	046	054	946	100	90017
45	967	033	079	921	112	88816
46	980	020	104	896	124	87615
47	993	007	130	870	136	86414
48	1006	15994	155	845	149	85113
49	020	980	180	820	161	83912
50	033	967	206	794	173	82711
51	046	954	231	769	185	81510
52	059	941	256	744	197	8039
53	072	928	281	719	209	7918
54	085	915	307	693	221	7797
55	098	902	332	668	234	7666
56	112	888	357	643	246	7545
57	125	875	383	617	258	7424
58	138	862	408	592	270	7303
59	151	849	433	567	282	7182
60	164	836	458	542	294	7061
61	177	15823	98484	01516	14307	85693

Proportional Parts						
	26	25	14	13	12	11
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	1	1	0	0	0	0
3	1	1	1	1	1	1
4	2	2	1	1	1	1
5	2	2	1	1	1	1
6	3	2	1	1	1	1
7	3	3	2	2	1	1
8	3	3	2	2	2	1
9	4	4	2	2	2	2
10	4	4	2	2	2	2
11	5	5	3	3	2	2
12	5	5	3	3	2	2
13	6	5	3	3	3	2
14	6	6	3	3	3	3
15	6	6	4	3	3	3
16	7	7	4	3	3	3
17	7	7	4	4	3	3
18	8	8	4	4	4	3
19	8	8	4	4	4	3
20	9	8	5	4	4	4
21	9	9	5	5	4	4
22	10	9	5	5	4	4
23	10	10	5	5	5	4
24	10	10	6	5	5	4
25	11	10	6	5	5	5
26	11	11	6	6	5	5
27	12	11	6	6	5	5
28	12	12	7	6	6	5
29	13	12	7	6	6	5
30	13	12	7	6	6	6
31	13	13	7	7	6	6
32	14	13	7	7	6	6
33	14	14	8	7	7	6
34	15	14	8	7	7	6
35	15	15	8	8	7	6
36	16	15	8	8	7	7
37	16	15	9	8	7	7
38	16	16	9	8	8	7
39	17	16	9	8	8	7
40	17	17	9	9	8	7
41	18	17	10	9	8	8
42	18	18	10	9	8	8
43	19	18	10	9	9	8
44	19	18	10	10	9	8
45	20	19	10	10	9	8
46	20	19	11	10	9	8
47	20	20	11	10	9	9
48	21	20	11	10	10	9
49	21	20	11	11	10	9
50	22	21	12	11	10	9
51	22	21	12	11	10	9
52	23	22	12	11	10	10
53	23	22	12	11	11	10
54	23	22	13	12	11	10
55	24	23	13	12	11	10
56	24	23	13	12	11	10
57	25	24	13	12	11	10
58	25	24	14	13	12	11
59	26	25	14	13	12	11
60	26	25	14	13	12	11
Proportional Parts						
	26	25	14	13	12	11

44°

TABLE II

135°

	\sin	\cos	\tan	\cot	\sec	\csc	
9.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	9.
0	84177	15823	99484	01516	14307	85693	60
1	190	810	509	491	319	681	59
2	203	797	534	466	331	669	58
3	216	784	560	440	343	657	57
4	229	771	585	415	355	645	56
5	242	758	610	390	368	632	55
6	255	745	635	365	380	620	54
7	269	731	661	339	392	608	53
8	282	718	686	314	404	596	52
9	295	705	711	289	417	583	51
10	308	692	737	263	429	571	50
11	321	679	762	238	441	559	49
12	334	666	787	213	453	547	48
13	347	653	812	188	466	534	47
14	360	640	838	162	478	522	46
15	373	627	863	137	490	510	45
16	385	615	888	112	503	497	44
17	398	602	913	87	515	485	43
18	411	589	939	61	527	473	42
19	424	576	964	36	540	460	41
20	437	563	989	11	552	448	40
21	450	550	99015	00985	564	436	39
22	463	537	040	960	577	423	38
23	476	524	065	935	589	411	37
24	489	511	090	910	601	399	36
25	502	498	116	884	614	386	35
26	515	485	141	859	626	374	34
27	528	472	166	834	639	361	33
28	540	460	191	809	651	349	32
29	553	447	217	783	663	337	31
30	566	434	242	758	675	324	30
31	579	421	267	733	688	312	29
32	592	408	293	707	701	299	28
33	605	395	318	682	713	287	27
34	618	382	343	657	726	274	26
35	630	370	368	632	738	262	25
36	643	357	394	606	750	250	24
37	656	344	419	581	763	237	23
38	669	331	444	556	775	225	22
39	682	318	469	531	788	212	21
40	694	306	495	505	800	200	20
41	707	293	520	480	813	187	19
42	720	280	545	455	825	175	18
43	733	267	570	430	838	162	17
44	745	255	596	404	850	150	16
45	758	242	621	379	863	137	15
46	771	229	646	354	875	125	14
47	784	216	672	328	888	112	13
48	796	204	697	303	900	100	12
49	809	191	722	278	913	87	11
50	822	178	747	253	926	74	10
51	835	165	773	227	938	62	9
52	847	153	798	202	951	49	8
53	860	140	823	177	963	37	7
54	873	127	848	152	976	24	6
55	885	115	874	126	988	12	5
56	898	102	899	101	1000	1	4
57	911	89	924	76	014	986	3
58	923	77	949	51	026	974	2
59	936	64	975	25	039	961	1
60	949	51	1000	0	051	949	0
9.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	10.	9.
\cos	\sec	\cot	\tan	\csc	\sin	\cos	\sin

	Proportional Parts				
	26	25	14	13	12
0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0
2	1	1	0	0	0
3	1	1	1	1	1
4	2	2	1	1	1
5	2	2	1	1	1
6	3	2	1	1	1
7	3	3	2	2	1
8	3	3	2	2	2
9	4	4	2	2	2
10	4	4	2	2	2
11	5	5	3	3	2
12	5	5	3	3	2
13	6	5	3	3	3
14	6	6	3	3	3
15	6	6	4	3	3
16	7	7	4	3	3
17	7	7	4	4	3
18	8	8	4	4	4
19	8	8	4	4	4
20	9	8	5	4	4
21	9	9	5	5	4
22	10	9	5	5	4
23	10	10	5	5	5
24	10	10	6	5	5
25	11	10	6	5	5
26	11	11	6	6	5
27	12	11	6	6	5
28	12	12	7	6	6
29	13	12	7	6	6
30	13	12	7	6	6
31	13	13	7	7	6
32	14	13	7	7	6
33	14	14	8	7	7
34	15	14	8	7	7
35	15	15	8	8	7
36	16	15	8	8	7
37	16	15	9	8	7
38	16	16	9	8	8
39	17	16	9	8	8
40	17	17	9	9	8
41	18	17	10	9	8
42	18	18	10	9	8
43	19	18	10	9	9
44	19	18	10	10	9
45	20	19	10	10	9
46	20	19	11	10	9
47	20	20	11	10	9
48	21	20	11	10	10
49	21	20	11	11	10
50	22	21	12	11	10
51	22	21	12	11	10
52	23	22	12	11	10
53	23	22	12	11	11
54	23	22	13	12	11
55	24	23	13	12	11
56	24	23	13	12	11
57	25	24	13	12	11
58	25	24	14	13	12
59	26	25	14	13	12
60	26	25	14	13	12
	26	25	14	13	12
Proportional Parts					

134°

45°

TABLE III

NATURAL TRIGONOMETRIC FUNCTIONS

This table gives the values of the trigonometric functions to five places of decimals for every minute of arc. For each tabular difference in the main table are listed, under proportional parts (P.P.), the following values.

1. Increment for each second from 1 to 10 seconds.
2. Increment for each 10 seconds from 10 to 50 seconds.

Example 1. To find the natural sine of $44^{\circ}10'39''$. The sine of $44^{\circ}10'$, which appears in the main table, is .69675. The next tabular difference, which is given in Column *d* of the main table, is 21. In the table of proportional parts, under 21, the increment for $30''$ is 10.5 and that for $9''$ is 3.2. Adding 10.5 and 3.2 to .69675, the value sought is obtained, .62689.

This may be tabulated as follows.

Source	Angle	Tabular values	<i>d</i>
Main table	$44^{\circ}10'$.69675	21
P.P. for 21	$30''$	10.5	
P.P. for 21	$9''$	3.2	
Adding gives the value sought		.69689	

Example 2. To find the angle having the natural sine .62019. The value in the main table just smaller than .62019 is .62001, which is the sine of $38^{\circ}19'$. The tabular difference is 23. The remainder, .62019 less .62001, is 18. The value in the table of proportional parts just smaller than 18 is 15.3, which is the increment for $40''$. The second remainder, 18 less 15.3, is 2.7. The value in the table of proportional parts nearest 2.7 is 2.7, which is the increment for $7''$. Adding $40''$ and $7''$ to $38^{\circ}19'$, the value sought is obtained, $38^{\circ}19'47''$.

This may be tabulated as follows.

Source	Tabular values	<i>d</i>	Angles
Given	.62019	23	$38^{\circ}19'$
Main table	.62001		
Remainder	18		
P.P. for 23	15.3		
Second remainder	2.7		
P.P. for 23	2.7		$7''$
Adding gives the value sought			$38^{\circ}19'47''$

TABLE III. NATURAL TRIGONOMETRIC FUNCTIONS

0°										
P. P.		Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.	
		0	.00000	29	1.0000	0	.00000	29		60
		1	.0029	29	000	0	029	29		59
		2	.0058	29	000	0	058	29	3437.7	58
		3	.0087	29	000	0	087	29	1718.9	57
		4	.0116	29	000	0	116	29	1145.9	56
		5	.0145	30	1.0000	0	.00145	29	859.44	55
		6	.0175	30	000	0	175	30	687.55	54
		7	.0204	29	000	0	204	29	572.96	53
		8	.0233	29	000	0	233	29	491.11	52
		9	.0262	29	000	0	262	29	429.72	51
		10	.0291	29	1.0000	0	.00291	29	381.97	50
		11	.0320	29	.99999	1	320	29	343.77	49
		12	.0349	29	.999	0	349	29	312.52	48
		13	.0378	29	.999	0	378	29	286.48	47
		14	.0407	29	.999	0	407	29	264.44	46
		15	.0436	29	.99999	0	.00436	29	245.55	45
		16	.0465	30	.999	0	465	29	229.18	44
		17	.0495	29	.999	0	495	30	214.86	43
		18	.0524	29	.999	0	524	29	202.22	42
		19	.0553	29	.998	1	553	29	190.98	41
		20	.0582	29	.99998	0	.00582	29	180.93	40
		21	.0611	29	.998	0	611	29	171.89	39
		22	.0640	29	.998	0	640	29	163.70	38
		23	.0669	29	.998	0	669	29	156.26	37
		24	.0698	29	.998	0	698	29	149.47	36
		25	.0727	29	.99997	0	.00727	29	143.24	35
		26	.0756	29	.997	0	756	29	137.51	34
		27	.0785	29	.997	0	785	29	132.22	33
		28	.0814	29	.997	0	815	30	127.32	32
		29	.0844	30	.996	1	844	29	122.77	31
		30	.0873	29	.99996	0	.00873	29	118.54	30
		31	.0902	29	.996	0	902	29	114.59	29
		32	.0931	29	.996	0	931	29	110.89	28
		33	.0960	29	.995	1	960	29	107.43	27
		34	.0989	29	.995	0	989	29	104.17	26
		35	.01018	29	.99995	0	.01018	29	101.11	25
		36	.01047	29	.995	0	047	29	98.218	24
		37	.01076	29	.994	1	076	29	95.489	23
		38	.01105	29	.994	0	105	29	92.908	22
		39	.01134	30	.994	1	135	30	90.463	21
		40	.01164	29	.99993	0	.01164	29	88.144	20
		41	.01193	29	.993	0	193	29	85.940	19
		42	.01222	29	.993	0	222	29	83.844	18
		43	.01251	29	.992	1	251	29	81.847	17
		44	.01280	29	.992	0	280	29	79.943	16
		45	.01309	29	.99991	1	.01309	29	78.126	15
		46	.01338	29	.991	0	338	29	76.390	14
		47	.01367	29	.991	0	367	29	74.729	13
		48	.01396	29	.990	1	396	29	73.139	12
		49	.01425	29	.990	0	425	30	71.615	11
		50	.01454	29	.99989	1	.01455	29	70.163	10
		51	.01483	29	.989	0	484	29	68.750	9
		52	.01513	30	.989	0	513	29	67.402	8
		53	.01542	29	.988	1	542	29	66.105	7
		54	.01571	29	.988	0	571	29	64.858	6
		55	.01600	29	.99987	1	.01600	29	63.657	5
		56	.01629	29	.987	0	629	29	62.499	4
		57	.01658	29	.986	1	658	29	61.383	3
		58	.01687	29	.986	0	687	29	60.306	2
		59	.01716	29	.985	1	716	29	59.266	1
		60	.01745	29	.99985	0	.01746	30	58.261	0
									57.290	
P. P.		Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	d.	

89°

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1°										P. P.		
	Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.				
0	.01745	29	.99985	1	.01746	29	57.290	939	60			
1	774	29	984	0	775	29	56.351	909	59			
2	803	29	984	1	804	29	55.442	881	58			
3	832	29	983	0	833	29	54.561	852	57			
4	862	30	983	1	862	29	53.709	827	56			
5	.01891	29	.99982	0	.01891	29	52.882	801	55			
6	920	29	982	1	920	29	.081	778	54			
7	949	29	981	1	949	29	51.303	754	53			
8	978	29	980	0	978	29	50.549	733	52			
9	.02007	29	980	1	.02007	29	49.816	712	51			
10	.02036	29	.99979	0	.02036	30	49.104	692	50			
11	065	29	979	1	066	29	48.412	672	49			
12	094	29	978	1	095	29	47.740	655	48			
13	123	29	977	0	124	29	.085	636	47			
14	152	29	977	1	153	29	46.449	620	46			
15	.02181	30	.99976	0	.02182	29	45.829	603	45			
16	211	29	976	1	211	29	.226	587	44			
17	240	29	975	1	240	29	44.639	573	43			
18	269	29	974	0	269	29	.066	558	42			
19	298	29	974	1	298	30	43.508	544	41			
20	.02327	29	.99973	1	.02328	29	42.964	531	40			
21	356	29	972	0	357	29	.433	517	39			
22	385	29	972	1	386	29	41.916	505	38			
23	414	29	971	1	415	29	.411	494	37			
24	443	29	970	1	444	29	40.917	481	36			
25	.02472	29	.99969	0	.02473	29	40.436	471	35			
26	501	29	969	1	502	29	39.965	459	34			
27	530	30	968	1	531	29	.506	449	33			
28	560	29	967	1	560	29	.057	439	32			
29	589	29	966	0	589	30	38.618	430	31			
30	.02618	29	.99966	1	.02619	29	38.188	419	30			
31	647	29	965	1	648	29	37.769	411	29			
32	676	29	964	1	677	29	.358	402	28			
33	705	29	963	0	706	29	36.956	393	27			
34	734	29	963	1	735	29	.563	385	26			
35	.02763	29	.99962	1	.02764	29	36.178	377	25			
36	792	29	961	1	793	29	35.801	370	24			
37	821	29	960	1	822	29	.431	361	23			
38	850	29	959	0	851	30	.070	355	22			
39	879	29	959	1	881	29	34.716	347	21			
40	.02908	30	.99958	1	.02910	29	34.368	341	20			
41	938	29	957	1	939	29	.027	333	19			
42	967	29	956	1	968	29	33.694	328	18			
43	996	29	955	1	997	29	.366	321	17			
44	.03025	29	954	1	.03026	29	.045	315	16			
45	.03054	29	.99953	1	.03055	29	32.730	309	15			
46	083	29	952	0	084	30	.421	303	14			
47	112	29	952	1	114	29	.118	297	13			
48	141	29	951	1	143	29	31.821	293	12			
49	170	29	950	1	172	29	.528	286	11			
50	.03199	29	.99949	1	.03201	29	31.242	282	10			
51	228	29	948	1	230	29	30.960	277	9			
52	257	29	947	1	259	29	.683	271	8			
53	286	30	946	1	288	29	.412	267	7			
54	316	29	945	1	317	29	.145	263	6			
55	.03345	29	.99944	1	.03346	30	29.882	258	5			
56	374	29	943	1	376	29	.624	253	4			
57	403	29	942	1	405	29	.371	249	3			
58	432	29	941	1	434	29	.122	245	2			
59	461	29	940	1	463	29	28.877	241	1			
60	.03490		.99939		.03492		28.636		0			
	Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	d.		P. P.		

2°										
P. P.		Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.	
	0	.03490		.99939		.03492		28.636		60
	1	519	29	938	1	521	29	.399	237	59
	2	548	29	937	1	550	29	.166	233	58
	3	577	29	936	1	579	29	27.937	229	57
	4	606	29	935	1	609	30	.712	225	56
							29		222	
	5	.03635		.99934		.03638		27.490		55
	6	664	29	933	1	667	29	.271	219	54
	7	693	29	932	1	696	29	.057	214	53
	8	723	30	931	1	725	29	26.845	212	52
	9	752	29	930	1	754	29	.637	208	51
							29		205	
	10	.03781		.99929		.03783		26.432		50
	11	810	29	927	2	812	29	.230	202	49
	12	839	29	926	1	842	30	.031	199	48
	13	868	29	925	1	871	29	25.835	196	47
	14	897	29	924	1	900	29	.642	193	46
							29		190	
	15	.03926		.99923		.03929		25.452		45
	16	955	29	922	1	958	29	.264	188	44
	17	984	29	921	1	987	29	.080	184	43
	18	.04013		.919	2	.04016		24.898	182	42
	19	042	29	918	1	046	30	.719	179	41
							29		177	
	20	.04071		.99917		.04075		24.542		40
	21	100	29	916	1	104	29	.368	174	39
	22	129	29	915	1	133	29	.196	172	38
	23	159	30	913	2	162	29	.026	170	37
	24	188	29	912	1	191	29	23.859	167	36
							29		164	
	25	.04217		.99911		.04220		23.695		35
	26	246	29	910	1	250	30	.532	163	34
	27	275	29	909	1	279	29	.372	160	33
	28	304	29	907	2	308	29	.214	158	32
	29	333	29	906	1	337	29	.058	156	31
							29		154	
	30	.04362		.99905		.04366		22.904		30
	31	391	29	904	1	395	29	.752	152	29
	32	420	29	902	2	424	30	.602	150	28
	33	449	29	901	1	454	29	.454	148	27
	34	478	29	900	1	483	29	.308	146	26
							29		144	
	35	.04507		.99898		.04512		22.164		25
	36	536	29	897	1	541	29	.022	142	24
	37	565	29	896	1	570	29	21.881	141	23
	38	594	29	894	2	599	29	.743	138	22
	39	623	30	893	1	628	30	.606	137	21
									136	
	40	.04653		.99892		.04658		21.470		20
	41	682	29	890	2	687	29	.337	133	19
	42	711	29	889	1	716	29	.205	132	18
	43	740	29	888	1	745	29	.075	130	17
	44	769	29	886	2	774	29	20.946	129	16
							29		127	
	45	.04798		.99885		.04803		20.819		15
	46	827	29	883	2	833	30	.693	126	14
	47	856	29	882	1	862	29	.569	124	13
	48	885	29	881	1	891	29	.446	123	12
	49	914	29	879	2	920	29	.325	121	11
							29		119	
	50	.04943		.99878		.04949		20.206		10
	51	972	29	876	2	978	29	.087	119	9
	52	.05001		.875	1	.05007		19.970	117	8
	53	050	29	873	2	037	30	.855	115	7
	54	059	29	872	1	066	29	.740	115	6
							29		113	
	55	.05088		.99870		.05095		19.627		5
	56	117	29	869	1	124	29	.516	111	4
	57	146	29	867	2	153	29	.405	111	3
	58	175	29	866	1	182	29	.296	109	2
	59	205	30	864	2	212	30	.188	108	1
							29		107	
	60	.05234		.99863		.05241		19.081		0
P. P.		Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	d.	

3°										
	Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.		P. P.
0	.05234		.99863		.05241		19.081		60	
1	263	29	861	2	270	29	18.976	105	59	
2	292	29	860	1	299	29	.871	105	58	
3	321	29	858	2	328	29	.768	103	57	
4	350	29	857	1	357	29	.666	102	56	
		29		2		30		102		
5	.05379		.99855		.05387		18.564		55	
6	408	29	854	1	416	29	.464	100	54	
7	437	29	852	2	445	29	.366	98	53	
8	466	29	851	1	474	29	.268	98	52	
9	495	29	849	2	503	29	.171	97	51	
		29		2		30		96		
10	.05524		.99847		.05533		18.075		50	
11	553	29	846	1	562	29	17.980	95	49	
12	582	29	844	2	591	29	.886	94	48	
13	611	29	842	2	620	29	.793	93	47	
14	640	29	841	1	649	29	.702	91	46	
		29		2		29		91		
15	.05669		.99839		.05678		17.611		45	
16	698	29	838	1	708	30	.521	90	44	
17	727	29	836	2	737	29	.431	90	43	
18	756	29	834	2	766	29	.343	88	42	
19	785	29	833	1	795	29	.256	87	41	
		29		2		29		87		
20	.05814		.99831		.05824		17.169		40	
21	844	30	829	2	854	30	.084	85	39	
22	873	29	827	2	883	29	16.999	85	38	
23	902	29	826	1	912	29	.915	84	37	
24	931	29	824	2	941	29	.832	83	36	
		29		2		29		82		
25	.05960		.99822		.05970		16.750		35	
26	989	29	821	1	999	29	.668	82	34	
27	.06018		819	2	.06029	30	.587	81	33	
28	047	29	817	2	.058	29	.507	80	32	
29	076	29	815	2	.087	29	.428	79	31	
		29		2		29		78		
30	.06105		.99813		.06116		16.350		30	
31	134	29	812	1	.272	29	.272	78	29	
32	163	29	810	2	.175	30	.195	77	28	
33	192	29	808	2	.204	29	.119	76	27	
34	221	29	806	2	.233	29	.043	76	26	
		29		2		29		74		
35	.06250		.99804		.06262		15.969		25	
36	279	29	803	1	.291	29	.895	74	24	
37	308	29	801	2	.321	30	.821	74	23	
38	337	29	799	2	.350	29	.748	73	22	
39	366	29	797	2	.379	29	.676	72	21	
		29		2		29		71		
40	.06395		.99795		.06408		15.605		20	
41	424	29	793	2	.438	30	.534	71	19	
42	453	29	792	1	.467	29	.464	70	18	
43	482	29	790	2	.496	29	.394	70	17	
44	511	29	788	2	.525	29	.325	69	16	
		29		2		29		68		
45	.06540		.99786		.06554		15.257		15	
46	569	29	784	2	.584	30	.189	68	14	
47	598	29	782	2	.613	29	.122	67	13	
48	627	29	780	2	.642	29	.056	66	12	
49	656	29	778	2	.671	29	14.990	66	11	
		29		2		29		66		
50	.06685		.99776		.06700		14.924		10	
51	714	29	774	2	.730	30	.860	64	9	
52	743	29	772	2	.759	29	.795	65	8	
53	773	30	770	2	.788	29	.732	63	7	
54	802	29	768	2	.817	30	.669	63	6	
		29		2				63		
55	.06831		.99766		.06847		14.606		5	
56	860	29	764	2	.876	29	.544	62	4	
57	889	29	762	2	.905	29	.482	62	3	
58	918	29	760	2	.934	29	.421	61	2	
59	947	29	758	2	.963	29	.361	60	1	
		29		2		30		60		
60	.06976		.99756		.06993		14.301		0	
	Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	d.		P. P.

86°

	30	29
1	0.5	0.5
2	1.0	1.0
3	1.5	1.4
4	2.0	1.9
5	2.5	2.4
6	3.0	2.9
7	3.5	3.4
8	4.0	3.9
9	4.5	4.4
10	5.0	4.8
20	10.0	9.7
30	15.0	14.6
40	20.0	19.3
50	25.0	24.2

4°									
P. P.	'	Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.
	0	.06976		.99756		.06993		14.301	
	1	.07005	29	754	2	.07022	29	.241	60
	2	034	29	752	2	051	29	.182	59
	3	063	29	750	2	080	29	.124	58
	4	092	29	748	2	110	30	.065	57
			29		2		29		56
	5	.07121		.99746		.07139		14.008	
	6	150	29	744	2	168	29	13.951	55
	7	179	29	742	2	197	29	.894	54
	8	208	29	740	2	227	30	.838	53
	9	237	29	738	2	256	29	.782	52
			29		2		29		51
	10	.07266		.99736		.07285		13.727	
	11	295	29	734	2	314	29	.672	50
	12	324	29	731	3	344	30	.617	49
	13	353	29	729	2	373	29	.563	55
	14	382	29	727	2	402	29	.510	54
			29		2		29		48
	15	.07411		.99725		.07431		13.457	
	16	440	29	723	2	461	30	.404	45
	17	469	29	721	2	490	29	.352	44
	18	498	29	719	2	519	29	.300	52
	19	527	29	716	3	548	29	.248	42
			29		2		30		51
	20	.07556		.99714		.07578		13.197	
	21	585	29	712	2	607	29	.146	40
	22	614	29	710	2	636	29	.096	39
	23	643	29	708	2	665	29	.046	50
	24	672	29	705	3	695	30	12.996	37
			29		2		29		50
	25	.07701		.99703		.07724		12.947	
	26	730	29	701	2	753	29	.898	35
	27	759	29	699	2	782	29	.850	34
	28	788	29	696	3	812	30	.801	48
	29	817	29	694	2	841	29	.754	33
			29		2		29		49
	30	.07846		.99692		.07870		12.706	
	31	875	29	689	3	899	29	.659	30
	32	904	29	687	2	929	30	.612	29
	33	933	29	685	2	958	29	.566	47
	34	962	29	683	2	987	29	.520	28
			29		3		30		27
	35	.07991		.99680		.08017		12.474	
	36	.08020	29	678	2	046	29	.429	26
	37	049	29	676	2	075	29	.384	45
	38	078	29	673	3	104	29	.339	23
	39	107	29	671	2	134	30	.295	45
			29		3		29		44
	40	.08136		.99668		.08163		12.251	
	41	165	29	666	2	192	29	.207	20
	42	194	29	664	2	221	29	.163	19
	43	223	29	661	3	251	30	.120	18
	44	252	29	659	2	280	29	.077	17
			29		2		29		43
	45	.08281		.99657		.08309		12.035	
	46	310	29	654	3	339	30	11.992	15
	47	339	29	652	2	368	29	.950	14
	48	368	29	649	3	397	29	.909	13
	49	397	29	647	2	427	30	.867	12
			29		3		29		11
	50	.08426		.99644		.08456		11.826	
	51	455	29	642	2	485	29	.785	10
	52	484	29	639	3	514	29	.745	9
	53	513	29	637	2	544	30	.705	8
	54	542	29	635	3	573	29	.664	7
			29		2		29		6
	55	.08571		.99632		.08602		11.625	
	56	600	29	630	2	632	30	.585	5
	57	629	29	627	3	661	29	.546	4
	58	658	29	625	3	690	29	.507	3
	59	687	29	622	3	720	30	.468	2
			29		3		29		1
	60	.08716		.99619		.08749		11.430	
									0
P. P.		Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	'

5°									
'	Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.	P. P.
0	.08716	29	.99619	2	.08749	29	11.430	38	60
1	.745	29	.617	3	.778	29	.392	38	59
2	.774	29	.614	2	.807	29	.354	38	58
3	.805	29	.612	3	.837	30	.316	38	57
4	.831	29	.609	2	.866	29	.279	37	56
5	.08860	29	.99607	3	.08895	30	11.242	37	55
6	.889	29	.604	2	.925	29	.205	37	54
7	.918	29	.602	3	.954	29	.168	37	53
8	.947	29	.599	3	.983	29	.132	36	52
9	.976	29	.596	2	.09013	30	.095	37	51
10	.09005	29	.99594	3	.09042	29	11.059	35	50
11	.034	29	.591	3	.071	29	.024	35	49
12	.063	29	.588	2	.101	30	10.988	36	48
13	.092	29	.586	3	.130	29	.953	35	47
14	.121	29	.583	3	.159	30	.918	35	46
15	.09150	29	.99580	2	.09189	29	10.883	35	45
16	.179	29	.578	3	.218	29	.848	34	44
17	.208	29	.575	3	.247	29	.814	34	43
18	.237	29	.572	2	.277	30	.780	34	42
19	.266	29	.570	3	.306	29	.746	34	41
20	.09295	29	.99567	3	.09335	30	10.712	34	40
21	.324	29	.564	2	.365	29	.678	33	39
22	.353	29	.562	3	.394	29	.645	33	38
23	.382	29	.559	3	.423	30	.612	33	37
24	.411	29	.556	3	.453	29	.579	33	36
25	.09440	29	.99553	2	.09482	29	10.546	32	35
26	.469	29	.551	3	.511	30	.514	33	34
27	.498	29	.548	3	.541	30	.481	32	33
28	.527	29	.545	3	.570	29	.449	32	32
29	.556	29	.542	2	.600	30	.417	32	31
30	.09585	29	.99540	3	.09629	29	10.385	31	30
31	.614	28	.537	3	.658	30	.354	32	29
32	.642	29	.534	3	.688	29	.322	31	28
33	.671	29	.531	3	.717	29	.291	31	27
34	.700	29	.528	2	.746	30	.260	31	26
35	.09729	29	.99526	3	.09776	29	10.229	30	25
36	.758	29	.523	3	.805	29	.199	31	24
37	.787	29	.520	3	.834	29	.168	30	23
38	.816	29	.517	3	.864	29	.138	30	22
39	.845	29	.514	3	.893	30	.108	30	21
40	.09874	29	.99511	3	.09923	29	10.078	30	20
41	.903	29	.508	2	.952	29	.048	29	19
42	.932	29	.506	3	.981	29	.019	29	18
43	.961	29	.503	3	.10011	30	9.9893	292	17
44	.990	29	.500	3	.040	29	.9601	291	16
45	.10019	29	.99497	3	.10069	30	9.9310	289	15
46	.048	29	.494	3	.099	29	.9021	287	14
47	.077	29	.491	3	.128	30	.8734	286	13
48	.106	29	.488	3	.158	29	.8448	284	12
49	.135	29	.485	3	.187	29	.8164	282	11
50	.10164	28	.99482	3	.10216	30	9.7882	281	10
51	.192	29	.479	3	.246	29	.7601	279	9
52	.221	29	.476	3	.275	30	.7322	278	8
53	.250	29	.473	3	.305	29	.7044	276	7
54	.279	29	.470	3	.334	29	.6768	275	6
55	.10308	29	.99467	3	.10363	30	9.6493	273	5
56	.337	29	.464	3	.393	29	.6220	271	4
57	.366	29	.461	3	.422	30	.5949	270	3
58	.395	29	.458	3	.452	29	.5679	268	2
59	.424	29	.455	3	.481	29	.5411	267	1
60	.10453		.99452		.10510		9.5144		0
	Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	d.	P. P.

6°										
P. P.		Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.	
	0	.10453		.99452		.10510		9.5144		60
	1	482	29	449	3	540	30	.4878	266	59
	2	511	29	446	3	569	29	.4614	264	58
	3	540	29	443	3	599	30	.4352	262	57
	4	569	29	440	3	628	29	.4090	262	56
	5		28		3		29		259	
	5	.10597		.99437		.10657		9.3831		55
	6	626	29	434	3	687	30	.3572	259	54
	7	655	29	431	3	716	29	.3315	257	53
	8	684	29	428	3	746	30	.3060	255	52
	9	713	29	424	4	775	29	.2806	254	51
			29		3		30		253	
	10	.10742		.99421		.10805		9.2553		50
	11	771	29	418	3	834	29	.2302	251	49
	12	800	29	415	3	863	29	.2052	250	48
	13	829	29	412	3	893	30	.1803	249	47
	14	858	29	409	3	922	29	.1555	248	46
			29		3		30		246	
	15	.10887		.99406		.10952		9.1309		45
	16	916	29	402	4	981	29	.1065	244	44
	17	945	29	399	3	1011	30	.0821	244	43
	18	973	28	396	3	040	29	.0579	242	42
	19	.11002		.99393		070	30	.0338	241	41
			29		3		29		240	
	20	.11031		.99390		.11099		9.0098		40
	21	060	29	386	4	128	29	8.9860	238	39
	22	089	29	383	3	158	30	.9623	237	38
	23	118	29	380	3	187	29	.9387	236	37
	24	147	29	377	3	217	30	.9152	235	36
			29		3		29		233	
	25	.11176		.99374		.11246		8.8919		35
	26	205	29	370	4	276	30	.8686	233	34
	27	234	29	367	3	305	29	.8455	231	33
	28	263	29	364	3	335	30	.8225	230	32
	29	291	28	360	4	364	29	.7996	229	31
			29		3		30		227	
	30	.11320		.99357		.11394		8.7769		30
	31	349	29	354	3	423	29	.7542	227	29
	32	378	29	351	3	452	30	.7317	225	28
	33	407	29	347	4	482	29	.7093	224	27
	34	436	29	344	3	511	30	.6870	223	26
			29		3		29		222	
	35	.11465		.99341		.11541		8.6648		25
	36	494	29	337	4	570	29	.6427	221	24
	37	523	29	334	3	600	30	.6208	219	23
	38	552	29	331	3	629	29	.5989	219	22
	39	580	28	327	4	659	30	.5772	217	21
			29		3		29		217	
	40	.11609		.99324		.11688		8.5555		20
	41	638	29	320	4	718	30	.5340	215	19
	42	667	29	317	3	747	29	.5126	214	18
	43	696	29	314	3	777	30	.4913	213	17
	44	725	29	310	4	806	29	.4701	212	16
			29		3		30		211	
	45	.11754		.99307		.11836		8.4490		15
	46	783	29	303	4	865	29	.4280	210	14
	47	812	29	300	3	895	30	.4071	209	13
	48	840	28	297	3	924	29	.3863	208	12
	49	869	29	293	4	954	30	.3656	207	11
			29		3		29		206	
	50	.11898		.99290		.11983		8.3450		10
	51	927	29	286	4	12013	30	.3245	205	9
	52	956	29	283	3	042	29	.3041	204	8
	53	985	29	279	4	072	30	.2838	203	7
	54	.12014		.99276		101	29	.2636	202	6
			29		4		30		202	
	55	.12043		.99272		.12131		8.2434		5
	56	071	28	269	3	160	29	.2234	200	4
	57	100	29	265	4	190	30	.2035	199	3
	58	129	29	262	3	219	29	.1837	198	2
	59	158	29	258	4	249	30	.1640	197	1
			29		3		29		197	
	60	.12187		.99255		.12278		8.1443		0
P. P.		Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	d.	

7°									
	Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.	P. P.
0	.12187		.99255		.12278		8.1443		60
1	216	29	251	4	308	30	.1248	195	59
2	245	29	248	3	338	30	.1054	194	58
3	274	29	244	4	367	29	.0860	194	57
4	302	28	240	4	397	30	.0667	193	56
		29		3		29		191	
5	.12331		.99237		.12426		8.0476		55
6	360	29	233	4	456	30	.0285	191	54
7	389	29	230	3	485	29	.0095	190	53
8	418	29	226	4	515	30	7.9906	189	52
9	447	29	222	4	544	29	.9718	188	51
		29		3		30		188	
10	.12476		.99219		.12574		7.9530		50
11	504	28	215	4	603	29	.9344	186	49
12	533	29	211	4	633	30	.9158	186	48
13	562	29	208	3	662	29	.8973	185	47
14	591	29	204	4	692	30	.8789	184	46
		29		4		30		183	
15	.12620		.99200		.12722		7.8606		45
16	649	29	197	3	751	29	.8424	182	44
17	678	29	193	4	781	30	.8243	181	43
18	706	28	189	4	810	29	.8062	181	42
19	735	29	186	3	840	30	.7882	180	41
		29		4		29		178	
20	.12764		.99182		.12869		7.7704		40
21	793	29	178	4	899	30	.7525	179	39
22	822	29	175	3	929	30	.7348	177	38
23	851	29	171	4	958	29	.7171	177	37
24	880	28	167	4	988	30	.6996	175	36
		29		4		29		175	
25	.12908		.99163		.13017		7.6821		35
26	937	29	160	3	1047	30	.6647	174	34
27	966	29	156	4	1076	29	.6473	174	33
28	995	29	152	4	1106	30	.6301	172	32
29	13024	29	148	4	1136	30	.6129	172	31
		29		4		29		171	
30	.13053		.99144		.13165		7.5958		30
31	081	28	141	3	1195	30	.5787	171	29
32	110	29	137	4	1224	29	.5618	169	28
33	139	29	133	4	1254	30	.5449	169	27
34	168	29	129	4	1284	30	.5281	168	26
		29		4		29		168	
35	.13197		.99125		.13313		7.5113		25
36	226	29	122	3	1343	30	.4947	166	24
37	254	28	118	4	1372	29	.4781	166	23
38	283	29	114	4	1402	30	.4615	166	22
39	312	29	110	4	1432	30	.4451	164	21
		29		4		29		164	
40	.13341		.99106		.13461		7.4287		20
41	370	29	102	4	1491	30	.4124	163	19
42	399	29	098	4	1521	29	.3962	162	18
43	427	28	094	4	1550	30	.3800	162	17
44	456	29	091	3	1580	30	.3639	161	17
		29		4		29		160	
45	.13485		.99087		.13609		7.3479		15
46	514	29	083	4	1639	30	.3319	160	14
47	543	29	079	4	1669	30	.3160	159	13
48	572	29	075	4	1698	29	.3002	158	12
49	600	28	071	4	1728	30	.2844	158	11
		29		4		30		157	
50	.13629		.99067		.13758		7.2687		10
51	658	29	063	4	1787	29	.2531	156	9
52	687	29	059	4	1817	30	.2375	156	8
53	716	28	055	4	1846	29	.2220	155	7
54	744	29	051	4	1876	30	.2066	154	6
		29		4		30		154	
55	.13773		.99047		.13906		7.1912		5
56	802	29	043	4	1935	29	.1759	153	4
57	831	29	039	4	1965	30	.1607	152	3
58	860	29	035	4	1995	30	.1455	152	2
59	889	28	031	4	14024	29	.1304	151	1
		29		4		30		150	
60	.13917		.99027		.14054		7.1154		0
	Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	d.	P. P.

8°											
P. P.		Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.		
		0	.13917	29	.99027		.14054		7.1154	150	60
		1	.946	29	.023	4	.084	30	.1004	149	59
		2	.975	29	.019	4	.113	30	.0855	149	58
		3	.14004	29	.015	4	.143	30	.0706	148	57
		4	.033	28	.011	4	.173	30	.0558	148	56
		5	.14061	29	.99006		.14202		7.0410	146	55
		6	.090	29	.002	4	.232	30	.0264	147	54
		7	.119	29	.98998	4	.262	30	.0117	147	53
		8	.148	29	.994	4	.291	30	.69972	145	52
		9	.177	28	.990	4	.321	30	.9827	145	51
		10	.14205	29	.98986		.14351		6.9682	144	50
		11	.234	29	.982	4	.381	30	.9538	143	49
		12	.263	29	.978	4	.410	30	.9395	143	48
		13	.292	28	.973	5	.440	30	.9252	143	47
		14	.320	28	.969	4	.470	30	.9110	142	46
		15	.14349	29	.98965		.14499		6.8969	141	45
		16	.378	29	.961	4	.529	30	.8828	141	44
		17	.407	29	.957	4	.559	30	.8687	141	43
		18	.436	29	.953	4	.588	30	.8548	139	42
		19	.464	28	.948	5	.618	30	.8408	140	41
		20	.14493	29	.98944		.14648		6.8269	138	40
		21	.522	29	.940	4	.678	30	.8131	137	39
		22	.551	29	.936	4	.707	29	.7994	137	38
		23	.580	29	.931	5	.737	30	.7856	138	37
		24	.608	28	.927	4	.767	29	.7720	136	36
		25	.14637	29	.98923		.14796		6.7584	136	35
		26	.666	29	.919	4	.826	30	.7448	136	34
		27	.695	29	.914	5	.856	30	.7313	135	33
		28	.723	28	.910	4	.886	30	.7179	134	32
		29	.752	29	.906	4	.915	29	.7045	134	31
		30	.14781	29	.98902		.14945		6.6912	133	30
		31	.810	29	.897	5	.975	30	.6779	133	29
		32	.838	28	.893	4	.975	30	.6646	133	28
		33	.867	29	.889	4	.034	30	.6514	132	27
		34	.896	29	.884	5	.064	30	.6383	131	26
		35	.14925	29	.98880		.15094		6.6252	130	25
		36	.954	29	.876	4	.124	30	.6122	130	24
		37	.982	28	.871	5	.153	29	.5992	130	23
		38	.15011	29	.867	4	.183	30	.5863	129	22
		39	.040	29	.863	4	.213	30	.5734	129	21
		40	.15069	28	.98858		.15243		6.5606	128	20
		41	.097	28	.854	4	.272	29	.5478	128	19
		42	.126	29	.849	5	.302	30	.5350	128	18
		43	.155	29	.845	4	.332	30	.5223	127	17
		44	.184	28	.841	4	.362	30	.5097	126	16

9°									
	Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.	P. P.
0	.15643		.98769		.15838		6.3138		60
1	672	29	764	5	868	30	.3019	119	59
2	701	29	760	4	898	30	.2901	118	58
3	730	29	755	5	928	30	.2783	118	57
4	758	28	751	4	958	30	.2666	117	56
5	.15787		.98746		.15988		6.2549		55
6	816	29	741	5	.16017	29	.2432	117	54
7	845	29	737	4	.047	30	.2316	116	53
8	873	29	732	5	.077	30	.2200	116	52
9	902	29	728	4	.107	30	.2085	115	51
10	.15931		.98723		.16137		6.1970		50
11	959	28	718	5	.167	30	.1856	114	49
12	988	29	714	4	.196	29	.1742	114	48
13	.16017		.98700		.226	30	.1628	114	47
14	046	28	704	4	.256	30	.1515	113	46
15	.16074		.98700		.16286		6.1402		45
16	103	29	695	5	.316	30	.1290	112	44
17	132	29	690	4	.346	30	.1178	112	43
18	160	28	686	5	.376	30	.1066	112	42
19	189	29	681	5	.405	29	.0955	111	41
20	.16218		.98676		.16435		6.0844		40
31	246	28	671	5	.465	30	.0734	110	39
22	275	29	667	4	.495	30	.0624	110	38
23	304	29	662	5	.525	30	.0514	110	37
24	333	28	657	5	.555	30	.0405	109	36
25	.16361		.98652		.16585		6.0296		35
26	390	29	648	4	.615	30	.0188	108	34
27	419	29	643	5	.645	30	.0080	108	33
28	447	28	638	5	.674	29	.5.9972	108	32
29	476	29	633	4	.704	30	.9865	107	31
30	.16505		.98629		.16734		5.9758		30
31	533	28	624	5	.764	30	.9651	107	29
32	562	29	619	5	.794	30	.9545	106	28
33	591	29	614	5	.824	30	.9439	106	27
34	620	28	609	5	.854	30	.9333	106	26
35	.16648		.98604		.16884		5.9228		25
36	677	29	600	4	.914	30	.9124	104	24
37	706	29	595	5	.944	30	.9019	105	23
38	734	28	590	5	.974	30	.8915	104	22
39	763	29	585	5	.17004	29	.8811	103	21
40	.16792		.98580		.17033		5.8708		20
41	820	28	575	5	.063	30	.8605	103	19
42	849	29	570	5	.093	30	.8502	103	18
43	878	29	565	5	.123	30	.8400	102	17
44	906	28	561	4	.153	30	.8298	102	16
45	.16935		.98556		.17183		5.8197		15
46	964	29	551	5	.213	30	.8095	102	14
47	992	28	546	5	.243	30	.7994	101	13
48	.17021		.98531		.17333		5.7694		10
49	050	29	541	5	.273	30	.7894	100	12
50	.17078		.98506		.17483		5.7199		5
51	107	29	536	5	.303	30	.7794	100	11
52	136	29	531	5	.333	30	.7594	100	9
53	164	28	526	5	.363	30	.7495	99	8
54	193	29	521	5	.393	30	.7396	99	7
55	.17222		.98506		.17483		5.7199		5
56	250	28	516	5	.423	30	.7297	98	6
57	279	29	511	5	.453	30	.7199	98	4
58	308	29	506	5	.483	30	.7101	97	3
59	336	28	501	5	.513	30	.7004	98	2
60	.17365		.98481		.17633		5.6713		0
	Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	d.	P. P.

80°

10°										
P. P.		Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.	
	0	.17365	28	.98481	5	.17633	30	5.6713	96	60
	1	393	29	476	5	663	30	.6617	96	59
	2	422	29	471	5	693	30	.6521	96	58
	3	451	29	466	5	723	30	.6425	96	57
	4	479	28	461	5	753	30	.6329	96	56
			29		6		30		95	
	5	.17508	29	.98455	5	.17783	30	5.6234	94	55
	6	537	28	450	5	813	30	.6140	94	54
	7	565	28	445	5	843	30	.6045	94	53
	8	594	29	440	5	873	30	.5951	94	52
	9	623	28	435	5	903	30	.5857	94	51
			29		5		30		93	
	10	.17651	29	.98430	5	.17933	30	5.5764	93	50
	11	680	28	425	5	963	30	.5671	93	49
	12	708	28	420	5	993	30	.5578	93	48
	13	737	29	414	6	.18023	30	.5485	93	47
	14	766	28	409	5	053	30	.5393	92	46
			29		5		30		92	
	15	.17794	29	.98404	5	.18083	30	5.5301	92	45
	16	823	29	399	5	113	30	.5209	92	44
	17	852	29	394	5	143	30	.5118	91	43
	18	880	28	389	5	173	30	.5026	92	42
	19	909	29	383	6	203	30	.4936	90	41
			28		5		30		91	
	20	.17937	29	.98378	5	.18233	30	5.4845	90	40
	21	966	29	373	5	263	30	.4755	90	39
	22	995	29	368	5	293	30	.4665	90	38
	23	.18023	29	362	6	323	30	.4575	90	37
	24	052	29	357	5	353	31	.4486	89	36
			29		5				89	
	25	.18081	28	.98352	5	.18384	30	5.4397	89	35
	26	109	29	347	5	414	30	.4308	89	34
	27	138	29	341	6	444	30	.4219	89	33
	28	166	28	336	5	474	30	.4131	88	32
	29	195	29	331	5	504	30	.4043	88	31
			29		6		30		88	
	30	.18224	28	.98325	5	.18534	30	5.3955	87	30
	31	252	29	320	5	564	30	.3868	87	29
	32	281	29	315	5	594	30	.3781	87	28
	33	309	28	310	5	624	30	.3694	87	27
	34	338	29	304	6	654	30	.3607	87	26
			29		5		30		86	
	35	.18367	28	.98299	5	.18684	30	5.3521	86	25
	36	395	28	294	5	714	30	.3435	86	24
	37	424	28	288	6	745	31	.3349	86	23
	38	452	29	283	5	775	30	.3263	86	22
	39	481	28	277	6	805	30	.3178	85	21
			28		5		30		85	
	40	.18509	29	.98272	5	.18835	30	5.3093	85	20
	41	538	29	267	5	865	30	.3008	85	19
	42	567	28	261	6	895	30	.2924	84	18
	43	595	29	256	5	925	30	.2839	85	17
	44	624	28	250	6	955	30	.2755	84	16
			28		5		31		83	
	45	.18652	29	.98245	5	.18986	30	5.2672	84	15
	46	681	29	240	5	.19016	30	.2588	84	14
	47	710	28	234	6	046	30	.2505	83	13
	48	739	29	229	5	076	30	.2422	83	12
	49	767	28	223	6	106	30	.2339	83	11
			28		5		30		82	
	50	.18795	29	.98218	6	.19136	30	5.2257	83	10
	51	824	28	212	6	166	30	.2174	83	9
	52	852	29	207	5	197	31	.2092	82	8
	53	881	29	201	6	227	30	.2011	81	7
	54	910	28	196	5	257	30	.1929	82	6
			28		6		30		81	
	55	.18938	29	.98190	5	.19287	30	5.1848	81	5
	56	967	29	185	5	317	30	.1767	81	4
	57	995	28	179	6	347	30	.1686	81	3
	58	.19024	28	174	5	378	31	.1606	80	2
	59	052	28	168	6	408	30	.1526	80	1
			29		5		30		80	
	60	.19081		.98163		.19438		5.1446		0
P. P.		Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	d.	'

11°									
	Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.	P. P.
0	.19081		.98163		.19438		5.1446		60
1	109	28	157	6	468	30	.1366	80	59
2	138	29	152	5	498	30	.1286	80	58
3	167	29	146	6	529	31	.1207	79	57
4	195	28	140	5	559	30	.1128	79	56
		29		6		30		79	
5	.19224		.98135		.19589		5.1049		55
6	252	28	129	6	619	30	.0970	79	54
7	281	29	124	5	649	30	.0892	78	53
8	309	28	118	6	680	31	.0814	78	52
9	338	29	112	5	710	30	.0736	78	51
		28		6		30		78	
10	.19366		.98107		.19740		5.0658		50
11	395	29	101	6	770	30	.0581	77	49
12	423	28	096	5	801	31	.0504	77	48
13	452	29	090	6	831	30	.0427	77	47
14	481	29	084	5	861	30	.0350	77	46
		28		6		30		77	
15	.19509		.98079		.19891		5.0273		45
16	538	29	073	6	921	30	.0197	76	44
17	566	28	067	5	952	31	.0121	76	43
18	595	29	061	6	982	30	.0045	76	42
19	623	28	056	5	.20012	30	4.9969	76	41
		29		6		30		75	
20	.19652		.98050		.20042		4.9894		40
21	680	28	044	6	073	31	.9819	75	39
22	709	29	039	5	103	30	.9744	75	38
23	737	28	033	6	133	30	.9669	75	37
24	766	29	027	5	164	31	.9594	75	36
		28		6		30		74	
25	.19794		.98021		.20194		4.9520		35
26	823	29	016	5	224	30	.9446	74	34
27	851	28	010	6	254	30	.9372	74	33
28	880	29	004	5	285	31	.9298	74	32
29	908	28	.97998	6	315	30	.9225	73	31
		29		6		30		73	
30	.19937		.97992		.20345		4.9152		30
31	965	28	987	5	376	31	.9078	74	29
32	994	29	981	6	406	30	.9006	72	28
33	.20022		975	5	436	30	.8933	73	27
34	051	28	969	6	466	31	.8860	73	26
		29		6		31		72	
35	.20079		.97963		.20497		4.8788		25
36	108	29	958	5	527	30	.8716	72	24
37	136	28	952	6	557	30	.8644	72	23
38	165	29	946	5	588	31	.8573	71	22
39	193	28	940	6	618	30	.8501	72	21
		29		6		30		71	
40	.20222		.97934		.20648		4.8430		20
41	250	28	928	6	679	31	.8359	71	19
42	279	29	922	5	709	30	.8288	71	18
43	307	28	916	6	739	30	.8218	70	17
44	336	29	910	5	770	31	.8147	71	16
		28		6		30		70	
45	.20364		.97905		.20800		4.8077		15
46	393	29	899	6	830	30	.8007	70	14
47	421	28	893	5	861	31	.7937	70	13
48	450	29	887	6	891	30	.7867	70	12
49	478	28	881	5	921	30	.7798	69	11
		29		6		31		69	
50	.20507		.97875		.20952		4.7729		10
51	535	28	869	6	982	30	.7659	69	9
52	563	29	863	5	.21013	31	.7591	68	8
53	592	28	857	6	043	30	.7522	69	7
54	620	29	851	5	073	31	.7453	69	6
		28		6		30		68	
55	.20649		.97845		.21104		4.7385		5
56	677	28	839	6	134	30	.7317	68	4
57	706	29	833	5	164	30	.7249	68	3
58	734	28	827	6	195	31	.7181	68	2
59	763	29	821	5	225	30	.7114	67	1
		28		6		31		68	
60	.20791		.97815		.21256		4.7046		0
	Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	d.	P. P.

12°										
P. P.	'	Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.	
	0	.20791	29	.97815	6	.21256	30	4.7046	67	60
	1	820	28	809	6	286	30	.6979	67	59
	2	848	28	803	6	316	31	.6912	67	58
	3	877	29	797	6	347	31	.6845	67	57
	4	905	28	791	6	377	30	.6779	66	56
			28		7		31		67	
	5	.20933	29	.97784	6	.21408	30	4.6712	66	55
	6	962	28	778	6	438	30	.6646	66	54
	7	990	28	772	6	469	31	.6580	66	53
	8	.21019	29	766	6	499	30	.6514	66	52
	9	047	28	760	6	529	30	.6448	66	51
			29		6		31		66	
	10	.21076	28	.97754	6	.21560	30	4.6382	65	50
	11	104	28	748	6	590	30	.6317	65	49
	12	132	28	742	6	621	31	.6252	65	48
	13	161	29	735	7	651	30	.6187	65	47
	14	189	28	729	6	682	31	.6122	65	46
			29		6		30		65	
7 6										
1 0.1 0.1	15	.21218	28	.97723	6	.21712	31	4.6057	64	45
2 0.2 0.2	16	246	28	717	6	743	31	.5993	64	44
3 0.4 0.3	17	275	29	711	6	773	30	.5928	65	43
4 0.5 0.4	18	303	28	705	6	804	31	.5864	64	42
5 0.6 0.5	19	331	28	698	7	834	30	.5800	64	41
6 0.7 0.6			29		6		31		64	
7 0.8 0.7	20	.21360	28	.97692	6	.21864	31	4.5736	63	40
8 0.9 0.8	21	388	28	686	6	895	31	.5673	63	39
9 1.0 0.9	22	417	29	680	6	925	30	.5609	64	38
10 1.2 1.0	23	445	28	673	7	956	31	.5546	63	37
20 2.3 2.0	24	474	29	667	6	986	30	.5483	63	36
30 3.5 3.0			28		6		31		63	
40 4.7 4.0	25	.21502	28	.97661	6	.22017	30	4.5420	63	35
50 5.8 5.0	26	530	28	655	6	047	30	.5357	63	34
	27	559	29	648	7	078	31	.5294	63	33
	28	587	28	642	6	108	30	.5232	62	32
	29	616	29	636	6	139	31	.5169	63	31
			28		6		30		62	
	30	.21644	28	.97630	7	.22169	31	4.5107	62	30
	31	672	29	623	6	200	31	.5045	62	29
	32	701	29	617	6	231	30	.4983	62	28
	33	729	28	611	6	261	31	.4922	61	27
	34	758	29	604	7	292	31	.4860	62	26
			28		6		30		61	
5	35	.21786	28	.97598	6	.22322	31	4.4799	62	25
1 0.1	36	814	28	592	6	353	31	.4737	62	24
2 0.2	37	843	29	585	7	383	30	.4676	61	23
3 0.3	38	871	28	579	6	414	31	.4615	61	22
4 0.4	39	899	28	573	6	444	30	.4555	60	21
5 0.4			29		7		31		61	
6 0.5	40	.21928	28	.97566	6	.22475	30	4.4494	60	20
7 0.6	41	956	28	560	7	505	30	.4434	60	19
8 0.7	42	985	29	553	7	536	31	.4373	61	18
9 0.8	43	.22013	28	547	6	567	31	.4313	60	17
10 0.8	44	041	28	541	6	597	30	.4253	60	16
20 1.7			29		7		31		59	
30 2.5	45	.22070	28	.97534	6	.22628	30	4.4194	60	15
40 3.3	46	098	28	528	7	658	30	.4134	60	14
50 4.2	47	126	28	521	7	689	31	.4075	59	13
	48	155	29	515	6	719	30	.4015	60	12
	49	183	28	508	7	750	31	.3956	59	11
			29		6		31		59	
	50	.22212	28	.97502	6	.22781	30	4.3897	59	10
	51	240	28	496	7	811	30	.3838	59	9
	52	268	28	489	7	842	31	.3779	59	8
	53	297	29	483	6	872	30	.3721	58	7
	54	325	28	476	7	903	31	.3662	59	6
			28		6		31		58	
	55	.22353	29	.97470	7	.22934	30	4.3604	58	5
	56	382	28	463	6	964	30	.3546	58	4
	57	410	28	457	6	995	31	.3488	58	3
	58	438	29	450	7	.23026	31	.3430	58	2
	59	467	29	444	6	056	30	.3372	58	1
			28		7		31		57	
	60	.22495		.97437		.23087		4.3315		0
P. P.		Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	d.	'

13°										
	Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.		P. P.
0	.22495		.97437		.23087		4.3315		60	
1	523	28	430	7	117	30	.3257	58	59	
2	552	29	424	6	148	31	.3200	57	58	
3	580	28	417	7	179	31	.3143	57	57	
4	608	28	411	6	209	30	.3086	57	56	
		29		7		31		57		
5	.22637		.97404		.23240		4.3029		55	
6	665	28	398	6	271	31	.2972	57	54	
7	693	28	391	7	301	30	.2916	56	53	
8	722	29	384	7	332	31	.2859	57	52	
9	750	28	378	6	363	31	.2803	56	51	
		28		7		30		56		
10	.22778		.97371		.23393		4.2747		50	
11	807	29	365	6	424	31	.2691	56	49	
12	835	28	358	7	455	31	.2635	56	48	
13	863	28	351	7	485	30	.2580	55	47	
14	892	29	345	6	516	31	.2524	56	46	
		28		7		31		56		
15	.22920		.97338		.23547		4.2468		45	
16	948	28	331	7	578	31	.2413	55	44	
17	977	29	325	6	608	30	.2358	55	43	
18	.23005		318	7	639	31	.2303	55	42	
19	033	28	311	7	670	31	.2248	55	41	
		29		7		30		55		
20	.23062		.97304		.23700		4.2193		40	
21	090	28	298	6	731	31	.2139	54	39	
22	118	28	291	7	762	31	.2084	55	38	
23	146	28	284	7	793	31	.2030	54	37	
24	175	29	278	6	823	30	.1976	54	36	
		28		7		31		54		
25	.23203		.97271		.23854		4.1922		35	
26	231	28	264	7	885	31	.1868	54	34	
27	260	29	257	7	916	31	.1814	54	33	
28	288	28	251	6	946	30	.1760	54	32	
29	316	29	244	7	977	31	.1706	54	31	
		29		7		31		53		
30	.23345		.97237		.24008		4.1653		30	
31	373	28	230	7	039	31	.1600	53	29	
32	401	28	223	7	069	30	.1547	53	28	
33	429	28	217	6	100	31	.1493	54	27	
34	458	29	210	7	131	31	.1441	52	26	
		28		7		31		53		
35	.23486		.97203		.24162		4.1388		25	
36	514	28	196	7	193	31	.1335	53	24	
37	542	28	189	7	223	30	.1282	53	23	
38	571	29	182	7	254	31	.1230	52	22	
39	599	28	176	6	285	31	.1178	52	21	
		28		7		31		52		
40	.23627		.97169		.24316		4.1126		20	
41	656	29	162	7	347	31	.1074	52	19	
42	684	28	155	7	377	30	.1022	52	18	
43	712	28	148	7	408	31	.0970	52	17	
44	740	29	141	7	439	31	.0918	52	16	
		29		7		31		51		
45	.23769		.97134		.24470		4.0867		15	
46	797	28	127	7	501	31	.0815	52	14	
47	825	28	120	7	532	31	.0764	51	13	
48	853	28	113	7	562	30	.0713	51	12	
49	882	29	106	7	593	31	.0662	51	11	
		28		6		31		51		
50	.23910		.97100		.24624		4.0611		10	
51	938	28	093	7	655	31	.0560	51	9	
52	966	28	086	7	686	31	.0509	51	8	
53	995	29	079	7	717	31	.0459	50	7	
54	.24023		072	7	747	30	.0408	51	6	
		28		7		31		50		
55	.24051		.97065		.24778		4.0358		5	
56	079	28	058	7	809	31	.0308	50	4	
57	108	29	051	7	840	31	.0257	51	3	
58	136	28	044	7	871	31	.0207	50	2	
59	164	28	037	7	902	31	.0158	49	1	
		28		7		31		50		
60	.24192		.97030		.24933		4.0108		0	
	Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	d.		P. P.

14°										
P. P.		Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.	
	0	.24192		.97030		.24933		4.0108		60
	1	.220	28	.964	7	.25026	31	.9959	50	59
	2	.249	29	.915	8	.995	31	.0009	49	58
	3	.277	28	.008	7	.25026	31	3.9959	50	57
	4	.305	28	.001	7	.056	30	.9910	49	56
			28		7		31		49	
	5	.24333		.96994		.25087		3.9861		55
	6	.362	29	.987	7	.118	31	.9812	49	54
	7	.390	28	.980	7	.149	31	.9763	49	53
	8	.418	28	.973	7	.180	31	.9714	49	52
	9	.446	28	.966	7	.211	31	.9665	49	51
			28		7		31		48	
	10	.24474		.96959		.25242		3.9617		50
	11	.503	29	.952	7	.273	31	.9568	49	49
	12	.531	28	.945	7	.304	31	.9520	48	48
	13	.559	28	.937	8	.335	31	.9471	49	47
	14	.587	28	.930	7	.366	31	.9423	48	46
			28		7		31		48	
	15	.24615		.96923		.25397		3.9375		45
	16	.644	29	.916	7	.428	31	.9327	48	44
	17	.672	28	.909	7	.459	31	.9279	48	43
	18	.700	28	.902	7	.490	31	.9232	47	42
	19	.728	28	.894	8	.521	31	.9184	48	41
			28		7		31		48	
	20	.24756		.96887		.25552		3.9136		40
	21	.784	28	.880	7	.583	31	.9089	47	39
	22	.813	29	.873	7	.614	31	.9042	47	38
	23	.841	28	.866	7	.645	31	.8995	47	37
	24	.869	28	.858	8	.676	31	.8947	48	36
			28		7		31		47	
	25	.24897		.96851		.25707		3.8900		35
	26	.925	28	.844	7	.738	31	.8854	46	34
	27	.954	29	.837	7	.769	31	.8807	47	33
	28	.982	28	.829	8	.800	31	.8760	47	32
	29	.25010	28	.822	7	.831	31	.8714	46	31
			28		7		31		47	
	30	.25038		.96815		.25862		3.8667		30
	31	.066	28	.807	8	.893	31	.8621	46	29
	32	.094	28	.800	7	.924	31	.8575	46	28
	33	.122	29	.793	7	.955	31	.8528	47	27
	34	.151	28	.786	8	.986	31	.8482	46	26
			28		8		31		46	
	35	.25179		.96778		.26017		3.8436		25
	36	.207	28	.771	7	.048	31	.8391	45	24
	37	.235	28	.764	7	.079	31	.8345	46	23
	38	.263	28	.756	8	.110	31	.8299	46	22
	39	.291	28	.749	7	.141	31	.8254	45	21
			29		7		31		46	
	40	.25320		.96742		.26172		3.8208		20
	41	.348	28	.734	8	.203	31	.8163	45	19
	42	.376	28	.727	7	.235	32	.8118	45	18
	43	.404	28	.719	8	.266	31	.8073	45	17
	44	.432	28	.712	7	.297	31	.8028	45	16
			28		7		31		45	
	45	.25460		.96705		.26328		3.7983		15
	46	.488	28	.697	8	.359	31	.7938	45	14
	47	.516	29	.690	7	.390	31	.7893	45	13
	48	.545	28	.682	8	.421	31	.7848	45	12
	49	.573	28	.675	7	.452	31	.7804	44	11
			28		8		31		44	
	50	.25601		.96667		.26483		3.7760		10
	51	.629	28	.660	7	.515	32	.7715	45	9
	52	.657	28	.653	7	.546	31	.7671	44	8
	53	.685	28	.645	8	.577	31	.7627	44	7
	54	.713	28	.638	7	.608	31	.7583	44	6
			28		8		31		44	
	55	.25741		.96630		.26639		3.7539		5
	56	.769	28	.623	7	.670	31	.7495	44	4
	57	.798	29	.615	8	.701	31	.7451	44	3
	58	.826	28	.608	7	.733	32	.7408	43	2
	59	.854	28	.600	8	.764	31	.7364	44	1
			28		7		31		43	
	60	.25882		.96593		.26795		3.7321		0
P. P.		Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	d.	

15°										
	Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.		P. P.
0	.25882	28	.96593	8	.26795	31	3.7321	44	60	
1	910	28	585	7	826	31	.7277	43	59	
2	938	28	578	7	857	31	.7234	43	58	
3	966	28	570	8	888	31	.7191	43	57	
4	994	28	562	7	920	32	.7148	43	56	
		28				31		43		
5	.26022	28	.96555	8	.26951	31	3.7105	43	55	
6	050	28	547	7	982	31	.7062	43	54	
7	079	29	540	7	.27013	31	.7019	43	53	
8	107	28	532	8	044	31	.6976	43	52	
9	135	28	524	7	076	32	.6933	43	51	
		28				31		42		
10	.26163	28	.96517	8	.27107	31	3.6891	43	50	
11	191	28	509	8	138	31	.6848	43	49	
12	219	28	502	7	169	31	.6806	42	48	
13	247	28	494	8	201	32	.6764	42	47	
14	275	28	486	7	232	31	.6722	42	46	
		28				31		42		
15	.26303	28	.96479	8	.27263	31	3.6680	42	45	
16	331	28	471	8	294	32	.6638	42	44	
17	359	28	463	8	326	32	.6596	42	43	
18	387	28	456	7	357	31	.6554	42	42	
19	415	28	448	8	388	31	.6512	42	41	
		28				31		42		
20	.26443	28	.96440	7	.27419	32	3.6470	41	39	
21	471	28	433	8	451	32	.6429	41	40	
22	500	29	425	8	482	31	.6387	42	38	
23	528	28	417	8	513	31	.6346	41	37	
24	556	28	410	7	545	32	.6305	41	36	
		28				31		41		
25	.26584	28	.96402	8	.27576	31	3.6264	42	35	
26	612	28	394	8	607	31	.6222	42	34	
27	640	28	386	8	638	31	.6181	41	33	
28	668	28	379	7	670	32	.6140	41	32	
29	696	28	371	8	701	31	.6100	40	31	
		28				31		41		
30	.26724	28	.96363	8	.27732	32	3.6059	41	30	
31	752	28	355	8	764	32	.6018	41	29	
32	780	28	347	8	795	31	.5978	40	28	
33	808	28	340	7	826	31	.5937	41	27	
34	836	28	332	8	858	32	.5897	40	26	
		28				31		41		
35	.26864	28	.96324	8	.27889	32	3.5856	40	25	
36	892	28	316	8	921	32	.5816	40	24	
37	920	28	308	8	952	31	.5776	40	23	
38	948	28	301	7	983	31	.5736	40	22	
39	976	28	293	8	.28015	32	.5696	40	21	
		28				31		40		
40	.27004	28	.96285	8	.28046	31	3.5656	40	20	
41	032	28	277	8	077	31	.5616	40	19	
42	060	28	269	8	109	32	.5576	40	18	
43	088	28	261	8	140	31	.5536	40	17	
44	116	28	253	7	172	32	.5497	39	16	
		28				31		40		
45	.27144	28	.96246	8	.28203	31	3.5457	39	15	
46	172	28	238	8	234	32	.5418	39	14	
47	200	28	230	8	266	32	.5379	39	13	
48	228	28	222	8	297	31	.5339	40	12	
49	256	28	214	8	329	32	.5300	39	11	
		28				31		39		
50	.27284	28	.96206	8	.28360	31	3.5261	39	10	
51	312	28	198	8	391	32	.5222	39	9	
52	340	28	190	8	423	31	.5183	39	8	
53	368	28	182	8	454	32	.5144	39	7	
54	396	28	174	8	486	31	.5105	38	6	
		28				31		38		
55	.27424	28	.96166	8	.28517	32	3.5067	39	5	
56	452	28	158	8	549	32	.5028	39	4	
57	480	28	150	8	580	31	.4989	39	3	
58	508	28	142	8	612	32	.4951	38	2	
59	536	28	134	8	643	31	.4912	39	1	
		28				32		38		
60	.27564		.96126		.28675		3.4874		0	
	Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	d.		P. P.

16°										
P. P.		Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.	
	0	.27564		.96126		.28675		3.4874		60
	1	592	28	118	8	706	31	.4836	38	59
	2	620	28	110	8	738	32	.4798	38	58
	3	648	28	102	8	769	31	.4760	38	57
	4	676	28	094	8	801	32	.4722	38	56
	5		28		8		31		38	
	5	.27704		.96086		.28832		3.4684		55
	6	731	27	078	8	864	32	.4646	38	54
	7	759	28	070	8	895	31	.4608	38	53
	8	787	28	062	8	927	32	.4570	38	52
	9	815	28	054	8	958	31	.4533	37	51
	10		28		8		32		38	
	10	.27843		.96046		.28990		3.4495		50
	11	871	28	037	9	.29021	31	.4458	37	49
	12	899	28	029	8	053	32	.4420	38	48
	13	927	28	021	8	084	31	.4383	37	47
	14	955	28	013	8	116	32	.4346	37	46
	15		28		8		31		38	
	15	.27983		.96005		.29147		3.4308		45
	16	.28011	28	.95997	8	179	32	.4271	37	44
	17	039	28	989	8	210	31	.4234	37	43
	18	067	28	981	8	242	32	.4197	37	42
	19	095	28	972	9	274	32	.4160	37	41
	20		28		8		31		36	
	20	.28123		.95964		.29305		3.4124		40
	21	150	27	956	8	337	32	.4087	37	39
	22	178	28	948	8	368	31	.4050	37	38
	23	206	28	940	8	400	32	.4014	36	37
	24	234	28	931	9	432	32	.3977	37	36
	25		28		8		31		36	
	25	.28262		.95923		.29463		3.3941		35
	26	290	28	915	8	495	32	.3904	37	34
	27	318	28	907	8	526	31	.3868	36	33
	28	346	28	898	9	558	32	.3832	36	32
	29	374	28	890	8	590	32	.3796	36	31
	30		28		8		31		37	
	30	.28402		.95882		.29621		3.3759		30
	31	429	27	874	8	653	32	.3723	36	29
	32	457	28	865	9	685	32	.3687	36	28
	33	485	28	857	8	716	31	.3652	35	27
	34	513	28	849	8	748	32	.3616	36	26
	35		28		8		32		36	
	35	.28541		.95841		.29780		3.3580		25
	36	569	28	832	9	811	31	.3544	36	24
	37	597	28	824	8	843	32	.3509	35	23
	38	625	28	816	8	875	32	.3473	36	22
	39	652	27	807	9	906	31	.3438	35	21
	40		28		8		32		36	
	40	.28680		.95799		.29938		3.3402		20
	41	708	28	791	8	970	32	.3367	35	19
	42	736	28	782	9		31	.3332	35	18
	43	764	28	774	8	.30001	32	.3297	35	17
	44	792	28	766	8	033	32	.3261	36	16
	45		28		9	065	32		35	
	45	.28820		.95757		.30097		3.3226		15
	46	847	27	749	8	128	31	.3191	35	14
	47	875	28	740	9	160	32	.3156	35	13
	48	903	28	732	8	192	32	.3122	34	12
	49	931	28	724	8	224	32	.3087	35	11
	50		28		9		31		35	
	50	.28959		.95715		.30255		3.3052		10
	51	987	28	707	8	287	32	.3017	35	9
	52	.29015	28	698	9	319	32	.2983	34	8
	53	042	27	690	8	351	32	.2948	35	7
	54	070	28	681	9	382	31	.2914	34	6
	55		28		8		32		35	
	55	.29098		.95673		.30414		3.2879		5
	56	126	28	664	9	446	32	.2845	34	4
	57	154	28	656	8	478	32	.2811	34	3
	58	182	28	647	9	509	31	.2777	34	2
	59	209	27	639	8	541	32	.2743	34	1
	60		28		9		32		34	
	60	.29237		.95630		.30573		3.2709		0
P. P.		Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	d.	

17°										
	Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.		P. P.
0	.29237		.95630		.30573		3.2709		60	
1	.265	28	.622	8	.605	32	.2675	34	59	
2	.293	28	.613	9	.637	32	.2641	34	58	
3	.321	28	.605	8	.669	32	.2607	34	57	
4	.348	27	.596	9	.700	31	.2573	34	56	
		28		8		32		34		
5	.29376		.95588		.30732		3.2539		55	
6	.404	28	.579	9	.764	32	.2506	33	54	
7	.432	28	.571	8	.796	32	.2472	34	53	
8	.460	28	.562	9	.828	32	.2438	34	52	
9	.487	27	.554	8	.860	32	.2405	33	51	
		28		9		31		34		
10	.29515		.95545		.30891		3.2371		50	
11	.543	28	.536	9	.923	32	.2338	33	49	
12	.571	28	.528	8	.955	32	.2305	33	48	
13	.599	28	.519	9	.987	32	.2272	33	47	
14	.626	27	.511	8	.31019	32	.2238	34	46	
		28		9		32		33		
15	.29654		.95502		.31051		3.2205		45	
16	.682	28	.493	9	.083	32	.2172	33	44	
17	.710	28	.485	8	.115	32	.2139	33	43	
18	.737	27	.476	9	.147	32	.2106	33	42	
19	.765	28	.467	8	.178	31	.2073	33	41	
						32		32		
20	.29793		.95459		.31210		3.2041		40	
21	.821	28	.450	9	.242	32	.2008	33	39	
22	.849	28	.441	8	.274	32	.1975	33	38	
23	.876	27	.433	9	.306	32	.1943	32	37	
24	.904	28	.424	8	.338	32	.1910	33	36	
						32		32		
25	.29932		.95415		.31370		3.1878		35	
26	.960	28	.407	8	.402	32	.1845	33	34	
27	.987	27	.398	9	.434	32	.1813	32	33	
28	.30015	28	.389	9	.466	32	.1780	33	32	
29	.043	28	.380	8	.498	32	.1748	32	31	
						32		32		
30	.30071		.95372		.31530		3.1716		30	
31	.098	27	.363	9	.562	32	.1684	32	29	
32	.126	28	.354	9	.594	32	.1652	32	28	
33	.154	28	.345	8	.626	32	.1620	32	27	
34	.182	27	.337	9	.658	32	.1588	32	26	
						32		32		
35	.30209		.95328		.31690		3.1556		25	
36	.237	28	.319	9	.722	32	.1524	32	24	
37	.265	28	.310	9	.754	32	.1492	32	23	
38	.292	27	.301	8	.786	32	.1460	32	22	
39	.320	28	.293	9	.818	32	.1429	31	21	
						32		32		
40	.30348		.95284		.31850		3.1397		20	
41	.376	28	.275	9	.882	32	.1366	31	19	
42	.403	27	.266	9	.914	32	.1334	32	18	
43	.431	28	.257	9	.946	32	.1303	31	17	
44	.459	28	.248	8	.978	32	.1271	32	16	
		27				32		31		
45	.30486		.95240		.32010		3.1240		15	
46	.514	28	.231	9	.042	32	.1209	31	14	
47	.542	28	.222	9	.074	32	.1178	31	13	
48	.570	28	.213	9	.106	32	.1146	32	12	
49	.597	27	.204	9	.139	33	.1115	31	11	
		28				32		31		
50	.30625		.95195		.32171		3.1084		10	
51	.653	28	.186	9	.203	32	.1053	31	9	
52	.680	27	.177	9	.235	32	.1022	31	8	
53	.708	28	.168	9	.267	32	.0991	31	7	
54	.736	28	.159	9	.299	32	.0961	30	6	
		27				32		31		
55	.30763		.95150		.32331		3.0930		5	
56	.791	28	.142	8	.363	32	.0899	31	4	
57	.819	28	.133	9	.396	33	.0868	31	3	
58	.846	27	.124	9	.428	32	.0838	30	2	
59	.874	28	.115	9	.460	32	.0807	31	1	
						32		30		
60	.30902		.95106		.32492		3.0777		0	
	Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	d.		P. P.

18°										
P. P.		Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.	
	0	.30902		.95106		.32492		3.0777		60
	1	.929	27	.097	9	.524	32	.0746	31	59
	2	.957	28	.088	9	.556	32	.0716	30	58
	3	.985	28	.079	9	.588	32	.0686	30	57
	4	.31012	27	.070	9	.621	33	.0655	31	56
			28		9		32		30	
	5	.31040		.95061		.32653		3.0625		55
	6	.068	28	.052	9	.685	32	.0595	30	54
	7	.095	27	.043	9	.717	32	.0565	30	53
	8	.123	28	.033	10	.749	32	.0535	30	52
	9	.151	28	.024	9	.782	33	.0505	30	51
			27		9		32		30	
	10	.31178		.95015		.32814		3.0475		50
	11	.206	28	.006	9	.846	32	.0445	30	49
	12	.233	27	.94997	9	.878	32	.0415	30	48
	13	.261	28	.988	9	.911	33	.0385	30	47
	14	.289	28	.979	9	.943	32	.0356	29	46
			27		9		32		30	
	15	.31316		.94970		.32975		3.0326		45
	16	.344	28	.961	9	.33007	32	.0296	30	44
	17	.372	28	.952	9	.040	33	.0267	29	43
	18	.399	27	.943	9	.072	32	.0237	30	42
	19	.427	28	.933	10	.104	32	.0208	29	41
			27		9		32		30	
	20	.31454		.94924		.33136		3.0178		40
	21	.482	28	.915	9	.169	33	.0149	29	39
	22	.510	28	.906	9	.201	32	.0120	29	38
	23	.537	27	.897	9	.233	32	.0090	30	37
	24	.565	28	.888	9	.266	33	.0061	29	36
			28		10		32		29	
	25	.31593		.94878		.33298		3.0032		35
	26	.620	27	.869	9	.330	32	.0003	29	34
	27	.648	28	.860	9	.363	33	.29974	29	33
	28	.675	27	.851	9	.395	32	.9945	29	32
	29	.703	28	.842	9	.427	32	.9916	29	31
			27		10		33		29	
	30	.31730		.94832		.33460		2.9887		30
	31	.758	28	.823	9	.492	32	.9858	29	29
	32	.786	28	.814	9	.524	32	.9829	29	28
	33	.813	27	.805	9	.557	33	.9800	29	27
	34	.841	28	.795	10	.589	32	.9772	28	26
			27		9		32		29	
	35	.31868		.94786		.33621		2.9743		25
	36	.896	28	.777	9	.654	33	.9714	29	24
	37	.923	27	.768	9	.686	32	.9686	28	23
	38	.951	28	.758	10	.718	32	.9657	29	22
	39	.979	28	.749	9	.751	33	.9629	28	21
			27		9		32		29	
	40	.32006		.94740		.33783		2.9600		20
	41	.034	28	.730	10	.816	33	.9572	28	19
	42	.061	27	.721	9	.848	32	.9544	28	18
	43	.089	28	.712	9	.881	33	.9515	29	17
	44	.116	27	.702	10	.913	32	.9487	28	16
			28		9		32		28	
	45	.32144		.94693		.33945		2.9459		15
	46	.171	27	.684	9	.978	33	.9431	28	14
	47	.199	28	.674	10	.34010	32	.9403	28	13
	48	.227	28	.665	9	.043	33	.9375	28	12
	49	.254	27	.656	9	.075	32	.9347	28	11
			28		10		33		28	
	50	.32282		.94646		.34108		2.9319		10
	51	.309	27	.637	9	.140	32	.9291	28	9
	52	.337	28	.627	10	.173	33	.9263	28	8
	53	.364	27	.618	9	.205	32	.9235	28	7
	54	.392	28	.609	9	.238	33	.9208	27	6
			27		10		32		28	
	55	.32419		.94599		.34270		2.9180		5
	56	.447	28	.590	9	.303	33	.9152	28	4
	57	.474	27	.580	10	.335	32	.9125	27	3
	58	.502	28	.571	9	.368	33	.9097	28	2
	59	.529	27	.561	10	.400	32	.9070	27	1
			28		9		33		28	
	60	.32557		.94552		.34433		2.9042		0
P. P.		Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	d.	

19°											
	Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.		P. P.	
0	.32557	27	.94552	10	.34433	32	2.9042	27	60		
1	584	28	542	9	465	33	.9015	28	59		
2	612	27	533	10	498	32	.8987	27	58		
3	639	28	523	9	530	33	.8960	28	57		
4	667	27	514	10	563	33	.8933	27	56		
5	.32694	28	.94504	9	.34596	32	2.8905	27	55		
6	722	27	495	10	628	33	.8878	28	54		
7	749	28	485	9	661	32	.8851	27	53		
8	777	27	476	10	693	33	.8824	28	52		
9	804	28	466	9	726	32	.8797	27	51		
10	.32832	27	.94457	10	.34758	33	2.8770	27	50		
11	859	28	447	9	791	32	.8743	28	49		
12	887	27	438	10	824	33	.8716	27	48		
13	914	28	428	9	856	32	.8689	28	47		
14	942	27	418	10	889	33	.8662	27	46		
15	.32969	28	.94409	10	.34922	32	2.8636	27	45		
16	997	27	399	9	954	33	.8609	28	44		
17	.33024	27	390	10	987	32	.8582	27	43		
18	051	28	380	9	.35020	33	.8556	28	42		
19	079	27	370	10	052	32	.8529	27	41		
20	.33106	28	.94361	10	.35085	33	2.8502	26	40		
21	134	27	351	9	118	32	.8476	27	39		
22	161	28	342	10	150	33	.8449	28	38		
23	189	27	332	9	183	32	.8423	27	37		
24	216	28	322	10	216	33	.8397	28	36		
25	.33244	27	.94313	10	.35248	32	2.8370	26	35		
26	271	28	303	9	281	33	.8344	27	34		
27	298	27	293	10	314	32	.8318	28	33		
28	326	28	284	9	346	33	.8291	27	32		
29	353	27	274	10	379	32	.8265	28	31		
30	.33381	28	.94264	10	.35412	33	2.8239	26	30		
31	408	27	254	9	445	32	.8213	27	29		
32	436	28	245	10	477	33	.8187	28	28		
33	463	27	235	9	510	32	.8161	27	27		
34	490	28	225	10	543	33	.8135	28	26		
35	.33518	27	.94215	9	.35576	32	2.8109	26	25		
36	545	28	206	10	608	33	.8083	27	24		
37	573	27	196	9	641	32	.8057	28	23		
38	600	28	186	10	674	33	.8032	27	22		
39	627	27	176	9	707	32	.8006	28	21		
40	.33655	28	.94167	10	.35740	33	2.7980	26	20		
41	682	27	157	9	772	32	.7955	27	19		
42	710	28	147	10	805	33	.7929	28	18		
43	737	27	137	9	838	32	.7903	27	17		
44	764	28	127	10	871	33	.7878	28	16		
45	.33792	27	.94118	10	.35904	32	2.7852	26	15		
46	819	28	108	9	937	33	.7827	27	14		
47	846	27	098	10	969	32	.7801	28	13		
48	874	28	088	9	.36002	33	.7776	27	12		
49	901	27	078	10	035	32	.7751	28	11		
50	.33929	28	.94068	10	.36068	33	2.7725	26	10		
51	956	27	058	9	101	32	.7700	27	9		
52	983	28	049	10	134	33	.7675	28	8		
53	.34011	27	039	9	167	32	.7650	27	7		
54	038	28	029	10	199	33	.7625	28	6		
55	.34065	27	.94019	10	.36232	32	2.7600	26	5		
56	093	28	009	9	265	33	.7575	27	4		
57	120	27	.93999	10	298	32	.7550	28	3		
58	147	28	989	9	331	33	.7525	27	2		
59	175	27	979	10	364	32	.7500	28	1		
60	.34202		.93969		.36397		2.7475		0		
	Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	d.		P. P.	

21°										P. P.	
	Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.		P. P.	
0	.35837		.93358		.38386		2.6051		60		
1	864	27	348	10	420	34	.6028	23	59		
2	891	27	337	11	453	33	.6006	22	58		
3	918	27	327	10	487	34	.5983	23	57		
4	945	27	316	11	520	33	.5961	22	56		
		28		10		33		23			
5	.35973		.93306		.38553		2.5938		55		
6	.36000	27	295	11	587	34	.5916	22	54		
7	027	27	285	10	620	33	.5893	23	53		
8	054	27	274	11	654	34	.5871	22	52		
9	081	27	264	10	687	33	.5848	23	51		
		27		11		34		22			
10	.36108		.93253		.38721		2.5826		50		
11	135	27	243	10	754	33	.5804	22	49		
12	162	27	232	11	787	33	.5782	22	48		
13	190	28	222	10	821	34	.5759	23	47		
14	217	27	211	11	854	33	.5737	22	46		
		27		10		34		22			
15	.36244		.93201		.38888		2.5715		45		
16	271	27	190	11	921	33	.5693	22	44		
17	298	27	180	10	955	34	.5671	22	43		
18	325	27	169	11	988	33	.5649	22	42		
19	352	27	159	10	.39022	33	.5627	22	41		
		27		11		33		22			
20	.36379		.93148		.39055		2.5605		40		
21	406	27	137	11	089	34	.5583	22	39		
22	434	28	127	10	122	33	.5561	22	38		
23	461	27	116	11	156	34	.5539	22	37		
24	488	27	106	10	190	34	.5517	22	36		
		27		11		33		22			
25	.36515		.93095		.39223		2.5495		35		
26	542	27	084	11	257	34	.5473	22	34		
27	569	27	074	10	290	33	.5452	21	33		
28	596	27	063	11	324	34	.5430	22	32		
29	623	27	052	10	357	33	.5408	22	31		
		27		11		34		22			
30	.36650		.93042		.39391		2.5386		30		
31	677	27	031	11	425	34	.5365	21	29		
32	704	27	020	10	458	33	.5343	22	28		
33	731	27	010	11	492	34	.5322	21	27		
34	758	27	.92999	11	526	33	.5300	22	26		
		27		11		33		21			
35	.36785		.92988		.39559		2.5279		25		
36	812	27	978	10	593	34	.5257	22	24		
37	839	27	967	11	626	33	.5236	21	23		
38	867	28	956	11	660	34	.5214	22	22		
39	894	27	945	10	694	34	.5193	21	21		
		27		11		33		21			
40	.36921		.92935		.39727		2.5172		20		
41	948	27	924	11	761	34	.5150	22	19		
42	975	27	913	11	795	34	.5129	21	18		
43	.37002	27	902	10	829	34	.5108	21	17		
44	029	27	892	11	862	33	.5086	22	16		
		27		11		34		21			
45	.37056		.92881		.39896		2.5065		15		
46	083	27	870	11	930	34	.5044	21	14		
47	110	27	859	11	963	33	.5023	21	13		
48	137	27	849	10	997	34	.5002	21	12		
49	164	27	838	11	.40031	34	.4981	21	11		
		27		11		34		21			
50	.37191		.92827		.40065		2.4960		10		
51	218	27	816	11	098	33	.4939	21	9		
52	245	27	805	11	132	34	.4918	21	8		
53	272	27	794	10	166	34	.4897	21	7		
54	299	27	784	11	200	34	.4876	21	6		
		27		11		34		21			
55	.37326		.92773		.40234		2.4855		5		
56	353	27	762	11	267	33	.4834	21	4		
57	380	27	751	11	301	34	.4813	21	3		
58	407	27	740	11	335	34	.4792	20	2		
59	434	27	729	11	369	34	.4772	21	1		
		27		11		34		21			
60	.37461		.92718		.40403		2.4751		0		
	Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	d.		P. P.	

22°										
P. P.		Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.	
	0	.37461		.92718		.40403		2.4751		60
	1	488	27	707	11	436	33	.4730	21	59
	2	515	27	697	10	470	34	.4709	21	58
	3	542	27	686	11	504	34	.4689	20	57
	4	569	27	675	11	538	34	.4668	21	56
	5		26		11		34		20	
	5	.37595		.92664		.40572		2.4648		55
	6	622	27	653	11	606	34	.4627	21	54
	7	649	27	642	11	640	34	.4606	21	53
	8	676	27	631	11	674	34	.4586	20	52
	9	703	27	620	11	707	33	.4566	20	51
	10		27		11		34		21	
	10	.37730		.92609		.40741		2.4545		50
	11	757	27	598	11	775	34	.4525	20	49
	12	784	27	587	11	809	34	.4504	21	48
	13	811	27	576	11	843	34	.4484	20	47
	14	838	27	565	11	877	34	.4464	20	46
	15		27		11		34		21	
	15	.37865		.92554		.40911		2.4443		45
	16	892	27	543	11	945	34	.4423	20	44
	17	919	27	532	11	979	34	.4403	20	43
	18	946	27	521	11	.41013	34	.4383	20	42
	19	973	27	510	11	047	34	.4362	21	41
	20		26		11		34		20	
	20	.37999		.92499		.41081		2.4342		40
	21	.38026	27	488	11	115	34	.4322	20	39
	22	053	27	477	11	149	34	.4302	20	38
	23	080	27	466	11	183	34	.4282	20	37
	24	107	27	455	11	217	34	.4262	20	36
	25		27		11		34		20	
	25	.38134		.92444		.41251		2.4242		35
	26	161	27	432	12	285	34	.4222	20	34
	27	188	27	421	11	319	34	.4202	20	33
	28	215	27	410	11	353	34	.4182	20	32
	29	241	26	399	11	387	34	.4162	20	31
	30		27		11		34		20	
	30	.38268		.92388		.41421		2.4142		30
	31	295	27	377	11	455	34	.4122	20	29
	32	322	27	366	11	490	35	.4102	20	28
	33	349	27	355	11	524	34	.4083	19	27
	34	376	27	343	12	558	34	.4063	20	26
	35		27		11		34		20	
	35	.38403		.92332		.41592		2.4043		25
	36	430	27	321	11	626	34	.4023	20	24
	37	456	26	310	11	660	34	.4004	19	23
	38	483	27	299	11	694	34	.3984	20	22
	39	510	27	287	12	728	34	.3964	20	21
	40		27		11		35		19	
	40	.38537		.92276		.41763		2.3945		20
	41	564	27	265	11	797	34	.3925	20	19
	42	591	27	254	11	831	34	.3906	19	18
	43	617	26	243	11	865	34	.3886	20	17
	44	644	27	231	12	899	34	.3867	19	16
	45		27		11		34		20	
	45	.38671		.92220		.41933		2.3847		15
	46	698	27	209	11	968	35	.3828	19	14
	47	725	27	198	11	.42002	34	.3808	20	13
	48	752	27	186	12	036	34	.3789	19	12
	49	778	26	175	11	070	34	.3770	19	11
	50		27		11		35		20	
	50	.38805		.92164		.42105		2.3750		10
	51	832	27	152	12	139	34	.3731	19	9
	52	859	27	141	11	173	34	.3712	19	8
	53	886	27	130	11	207	34	.3693	19	7
	54	912	26	119	11	242	35	.3673	20	6
	55		27		12		34		19	
	55	.38939		.92107		.42276		2.3654		5
	56	966	27	096	11	310	34	.3635	19	4
	57	993	27	085	11	345	35	.3616	19	3
	58	.39020	27	073	12	379	34	.3597	19	2
	59	046	26	062	11	413	34	.3578	19	1
	60		27		12		34		19	
	60	.39073		.92050		.42447		2.3559		0
P. P.		Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	d.	

23°									
	Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.	P. P.
0	.39073	27	.92050	11	.42447	35	2.3559	20	60
1	100	27	039	11	482	34	.3539	19	59
2	127	27	028	11	516	34	.3520	19	58
3	153	26	016	12	551	35	.3501	19	57
4	180	27	005	11	585	34	.3483	18	56
		27		11		34		19	
5	.39207	27	.91994	12	.42619	35	2.3464	19	55
6	234	27	982	12	654	35	.3445	19	54
7	260	26	971	11	688	34	.3426	19	53
8	287	27	959	12	722	34	.3407	19	52
9	314	27	948	11	757	35	.3388	19	51
		27		12		34		19	
10	.39341	26	.91936	11	.42791	35	2.3369	18	50
11	367	27	925	11	826	35	.3351	18	49
12	394	27	914	11	860	34	.3332	19	48
13	421	27	902	12	894	34	.3313	19	47
14	448	27	891	11	929	35	.3294	19	46
		26		12		34		18	
15	.39474	27	.91879	11	.42963	35	2.3276	19	45
16	501	27	868	11	998	35	.3257	19	44
17	528	27	856	12	.43032	34	.3238	19	43
18	555	27	845	11	067	35	.3220	18	42
19	581	26	833	12	101	34	.3201	19	41
		27		11		35		18	
20	.39608	27	.91822	12	.43136	34	2.3183	19	40
21	635	27	810	12	170	34	.3164	19	39
22	661	26	799	11	205	35	.3146	18	38
23	688	27	787	12	239	34	.3127	19	37
24	715	27	775	12	274	35	.3109	18	36
		26		11		34		19	
25	.39741	27	.91764	12	.43308	35	2.3090	18	35
26	768	27	752	12	343	35	.3072	18	34
27	795	27	741	11	378	35	.3053	19	33
28	822	27	729	12	412	34	.3035	18	32
29	848	26	718	11	447	35	.3017	18	31
		27		12		34		19	
30	.39875	27	.91706	12	.43481	35	2.2998	18	30
31	902	27	694	12	516	35	.2980	18	29
32	928	26	683	11	550	34	.2962	18	28
33	955	27	671	12	585	35	.2944	18	27
34	982	26	660	11	620	34	.2925	19	26
		26		12		34		18	
35	.40008	27	.91648	12	.43654	35	2.2907	18	25
36	035	27	636	12	689	35	.2889	18	24
37	062	26	625	11	724	35	.2871	18	23
38	088	27	613	12	758	34	.2853	18	22
39	115	26	601	11	793	35	.2835	18	21
		26		11		35		18	
40	.40141	27	.91590	12	.43828	34	2.2817	18	20
41	168	27	578	12	862	34	.2799	18	19
42	195	27	566	12	897	35	.2781	18	18
43	221	26	555	11	932	35	.2763	18	17
44	248	27	543	12	966	34	.2745	18	16
		27		12		35		18	
45	.40275	26	.91531	12	.44001	35	2.2727	18	15
46	301	26	519	12	036	35	.2709	18	14
47	328	27	508	11	071	35	.2691	18	13
48	355	27	496	12	105	34	.2673	18	12
49	381	26	484	12	140	35	.2655	18	11
		27		12		35		18	
50	.40408	26	.91472	11	.44175	35	2.2637	17	10
51	434	27	461	12	210	35	.2620	17	9
52	461	27	449	12	244	34	.2602	18	8
53	488	27	437	12	279	35	.2584	18	7
54	514	26	425	11	314	35	.2566	18	6
		27		11		35		17	
55	.40541	26	.91414	12	.44349	35	2.2549	18	5
56	567	27	402	12	384	35	.2531	18	4
57	594	27	390	12	418	34	.2513	18	3
58	621	27	378	12	453	35	.2496	18	2
59	647	26	366	11	488	35	.2478	18	1
		27		11		35		18	
60	.40674		.91355		.44523		2.2460		0
	Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	d.	P. P.

25°										
	Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.		P. P.
0	.42262		.90631		.46631		2.1445		60	
1	.288	26	.618	13	.666	35	.1429	16	59	
2	.315	27	.606	12	.702	36	.1413	16	58	
3	.341	26	.594	12	.737	35	.1396	17	57	
4	.367	26	.582	12	.772	35	.1380	16	56	
		27		13		36		16		37 36
5	.42394		.90569		.46808		2.1364		55	
6	.420	26	.557	12	.843	35	.1348	16	54	1 0.6 0.6
7	.446	26	.545	12	.879	36	.1332	16	53	2 1.2 1.2
8	.473	27	.532	13	.914	35	.1315	17	52	3 1.8 1.8
9	.499	26	.520	12	.950	36	.1299	16	51	4 2.5 2.4
		26		13		35		16		5 3.1 3.0
10	.42525		.90507		.46985		2.1283		50	6 3.7 3.6
11	.552	27	.495	12	.47021	36	.1267	16	49	7 4.3 4.2
12	.578	26	.483	12	.056	35	.1251	16	48	8 4.9 4.8
13	.604	26	.470	13	.092	36	.1235	16	47	9 5.6 5.4
14	.631	27	.458	12	.128	36	.1219	16	46	10 6.2 6.0
		26		12		35		16		20 12.3 12.0
15	.42657		.90446		.47163		2.1203		45	30 18.5 18.0
16	.683	26	.433	13	.199	36	.1187	16	44	40 24.7 24.0
17	.709	26	.421	12	.234	35	.1171	16	43	50 30.8 30.0
18	.736	27	.408	13	.270	36	.1155	16	42	
19	.762	26	.396	12	.305	35	.1139	16	41	
		26		13		36		16		
20	.42788		.90383		.47341		2.1123		40	
21	.815	27	.371	12	.377	36	.1107	16	39	
22	.841	26	.358	13	.412	35	.1092	15	38	
23	.867	26	.346	12	.448	36	.1076	16	37	
24	.894	27	.334	12	.483	35	.1060	16	36	
		26		13		36		16		35 27
25	.42920		.90321		.47519		2.1044		35	
26	.946	26	.309	12	.555	36	.1028	16	34	1 0.6 0.4
27	.972	26	.296	13	.590	35	.1013	15	33	2 1.2 0.9
28	.999	27	.284	12	.626	36	.0997	16	32	3 1.8 1.4
29	.43025		.271	13	.662	36	.0981	16	31	4 2.5 2.2
		26		12		36		16		5 3.1 2.7
30	.43051		.90259		.47698		2.0965		30	6 3.7 3.2
31	.077	26	.246	13	.733	35	.0950	15	29	7 4.1 3.7
32	.104	27	.233	13	.769	36	.0934	16	28	8 4.7 3.6
33	.130	26	.221	12	.805	36	.0918	16	27	9 5.2 4.0
34	.156	26	.208	13	.840	35	.0903	15	26	10 5.8 4.5
		26		12		36		16		20 11.7 9.0
35	.43182		.90196		.47876		2.0887		25	30 17.5 13.5
36	.209	27	.183	13	.912	36	.0872	15	24	40 23.3 18.0
37	.235	26	.171	12	.948	36	.0856	16	23	50 29.2 22.5
38	.261	26	.158	13	.984	36	.0840	16	22	
39	.287	26	.146	12	.48019	35	.0825	15	21	
		26		13		36		16		
40	.43313		.90133		.48055		2.0809		20	
41	.340	27	.120	13	.091	36	.0794	15	19	
42	.366	26	.108	12	.127	36	.0778	16	18	
43	.392	26	.095	13	.163	36	.0763	15	17	
44	.418	27	.082	12	.198	35	.0748	15	16	
						36		16		26 25
45	.43445		.90070		.48234		2.0732		15	
46	.471	26	.057	13	.270	36	.0717	15	14	1 0.4 0.4
47	.497	26	.045	12	.306	36	.0701	16	13	2 0.9 0.8
48	.523	26	.032	13	.342	36	.0686	15	12	3 1.3 1.2
49	.549	26	.019	12	.378	36	.0671	15	11	4 1.7 1.7
						36		15		5 2.2 2.1
50	.43575		.90007		.48414		2.0655		10	6 2.6 2.5
51	.602	27	.89994	13	.450	36	.0640	16	9	7 3.0 2.9
52	.628	26	.981	13	.486	36	.0625	15	8	8 3.6 3.3
53	.654	26	.968	13	.521	35	.0609	16	7	9 3.9 3.9
54	.680	26	.956	12	.557	36	.0594	15	6	10 4.3 4.2
		26		13		36		15		20 8.7 8.3
55	.43706		.89943		.48593		2.0579		5	30 13.0 12.6
56	.733	27	.930	13	.629	36	.0564	15	4	40 17.3 16.7
57	.759	26	.918	12	.665	36	.0549	15	3	50 21.7 20.8
58	.785	26	.905	13	.701	36	.0533	15	2	
59	.811	26	.892	13	.737	36	.0518	15	1	
60	.43837		.89879		.48773		2.0503		0	
	Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	d.		P. P.

26°									
P. P.		Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.
	0	.43837		.89879		.48773		2.0503	
	1	863	26	867	12	809	36	.0488	15
	2	889	26	854	13	845	36	.0473	15
	3	916	27	841	13	881	36	.0458	15
	4	942	26	828	13	917	36	.0443	15
			26		12		36		15
	5	.43968		.89816		.48953		2.0428	
	6	994	26	803	13	989	36	.0413	15
	7	.44020	26	790	13	.49026	37	.0398	15
	8	046	26	777	13	062	36	.0383	15
	9	072	26	764	13	098	36	.0368	15
			26		12		36		15
	10	.44098		.89752		.49134		2.0353	
	11	124	26	739	13	170	36	.0338	15
	12	151	27	726	13	206	36	.0323	15
	13	177	26	713	13	242	36	.0308	15
	14	203	26	700	13	278	36	.0293	15
			26		13		37		15
	15	.44229		.89687		.49315		2.0278	
	16	255	26	674	13	351	36	.0263	15
	17	281	26	662	12	387	36	.0248	15
	18	307	26	649	13	423	36	.0233	15
	19	333	26	636	13	459	36	.0219	14
			26		13		36		15
	20	.44359		.89623		.49495		2.0204	
	21	385	26	610	13	532	37	.0189	15
	22	411	26	597	13	568	36	.0174	15
	23	437	26	584	13	604	36	.0160	14
	24	464	27	571	13	640	36	.0145	15
			26		13		37		15
	25	.44490		.89558		.49677		2.0130	
	26	516	26	545	13	713	36	.0115	15
	27	542	26	532	13	749	36	.0101	14
	28	568	26	519	13	786	37	.0086	15
	29	594	26	506	13	822	36	.0072	14
			26		13		36		15
	30	.44620		.89493		.49858		2.0057	
	31	646	26	480	13	894	36	.0042	15
	32	672	26	467	13	931	37	.0028	14
	33	698	26	454	13	967	36	.0013	15
	34	724	26	441	13	.50004	37	1.9999	14
			26		13		36		15
	35	.44750		.89428		.50040		1.9984	
	36	776	26	415	13	076	36	.9970	14
	37	802	26	402	13	113	37	.9955	15
	38	828	26	389	13	149	36	.9941	14
	39	854	26	376	13	185	36	.9926	15
			26		13		37		14
	40	.44880		.89363		.50222		1.9912	
	41	906	26	350	13	258	36	.9897	15
	42	932	26	337	13	295	37	.9883	14
	43	958	26	324	13	331	36	.9868	15
	44	984	26	311	13	368	37	.9854	14
			26		13		36		14
	45	.45010		.89298		.50404		1.9840	
	46	036	26	285	13	441	37	.9825	15
	47	062	26	272	13	477	36	.9811	14
	48	088	26	259	13	514	37	.9797	14
	49	114	26	245	14	550	36	.9782	15
			26		13		37		14
	50	.45140		.89232		.50587		1.9768	
	51	166	26	219	13	623	36	.9754	14
	52	192	26	206	13	660	37	.9740	14
	53	218	26	193	13	696	36	.9725	15
	54	243	25	180	13	733	37	.9711	14
			26		13		36		14
	55	.45269		.89167		.50769		1.9697	
	56	295	26	153	14	806	37	.9683	14
	57	321	26	140	13	843	37	.9669	14
	58	347	26	127	13	879	36	.9654	15
	59	373	26	114	13	916	37	.9640	14
			26		13		37		14
	60	.45399		.89101		.50953		1.9626	
P. P.		Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	d.

27°										
	Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.		P. P.
0	.45399		.89101		.50953		1.9626		60	
1	425	26	087	14	087	36	.9612	14	59	
2	451	26	074	13	.51026	37	.9598	14	58	
3	477	26	061	13	063	37	.9584	14	57	
4	503	26	048	13	099	36	.9570	14	56	
		26		13		37		14		
5	.45529		.89035		.51136		1.9556		55	
6	554	25	021	14	173	37	.9542	14	54	
7	580	26	008	13	209	36	.9528	14	53	
8	606	26	.88995	13	246	37	.9514	14	52	
9	632	26	981	14	283	37	.9500	14	51	
		26		13		36		14		
10	.45658		.88968		.51319		1.9486		50	
11	684	26	955	13	356	37	.9472	14	49	
12	710	26	942	13	393	37	.9458	14	48	
13	736	26	928	14	430	37	.9444	14	47	
14	762	26	915	13	467	37	.9430	14	46	
		25		13		36		14		
15	.45787		.88902		.51503		1.9416		45	
16	813	26	888	14	540	37	.9402	14	44	
17	839	26	875	13	577	37	.9388	14	43	
18	865	26	862	13	614	37	.9375	13	42	
19	891	26	848	14	651	37	.9361	14	41	
		26		13		37		14		
20	.45917		.88835		.51688		1.9347		40	
21	942	25	822	13	724	36	.9333	14	39	
22	968	26	808	14	761	37	.9319	14	38	
23	994	26	795	13	798	37	.9306	13	37	
24	.46020		782	13	835	37	.9292	14	36	
		26		14		37		14		
25	.46046		.88768		.51872		1.9278		35	
26	072	26	755	13	909	37	.9265	13	34	
27	097	25	741	14	946	37	.9251	14	33	
28	123	26	728	13	983	37	.9237	14	32	
29	149	26	715	13	.52020	37	.9223	14	31	
		26		14		37		13		
30	.46175		.88701		.52057		1.9210		30	
31	201	26	688	13	094	37	.9196	14	29	
32	226	25	674	14	131	37	.9183	13	28	
33	252	26	661	13	168	37	.9169	14	27	
34	278	26	647	14	205	37	.9155	14	26	
		26		13		37		13		
35	.46304		.88634		.52242		1.9142		25	
36	330	26	620	14	279	37	.9128	14	24	
37	355	25	607	13	316	37	.9115	13	23	
38	381	26	593	14	353	37	.9101	14	22	
39	407	26	580	13	390	37	.9088	13	21	
		26		14		37		14		
40	.46433		.88566		.52427		1.9074		20	
41	458	25	553	13	464	37	.9061	13	19	
42	484	26	539	14	501	37	.9047	14	18	
43	510	26	526	13	538	37	.9034	13	17	
44	536	26	512	14	575	37	.9020	14	16	
		25		13		38		13		
45	.46561		.88499		.52613		1.9007		15	
46	587	26	485	14	650	37	.8993	14	14	
47	613	26	472	13	687	37	.8980	13	13	
48	639	26	458	14	724	37	.8967	13	12	
49	664	25	445	13	761	37	.8953	14	11	
		26		14		37		13		
50	.46690		.88431		.52798		1.8940		10	
51	716	26	417	14	836	38	.8927	13	9	
52	742	26	404	13	873	37	.8913	14	8	
53	767	25	390	14	910	37	.8900	13	7	
54	793	26	377	13	947	37	.8887	13	6	
		26		14		38		14		
55	.46819		.88363		.52985		1.8873		5	
56	844	25	349	14	.53022	37	.8860	13	4	
57	870	26	336	13	059	37	.8847	13	3	
58	896	26	322	14	096	37	.8834	13	2	
59	921	25	308	14	134	38	.8820	14	1	
		26		13		37		13		
60	.46947		.88295		.53171		1.8807		0	
	Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	d.		P. P.

28°										
P. P.		Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.	
	0	.46947		.88295		.53171		1.8807		60
	1	973	26	281	14	208	37	.8794	13	59
	2	999	26	267	14	246	38	.8781	13	58
	3	.47024	25	254	13	283	37	.8768	13	57
	4	050	26	240	14	320	37	.8755	13	56
			26		14		38		14	
	5	.47076		.88226		.53358		1.8741		55
	6	101	25	213	13	395	37	.8728	13	54
	7	127	26	199	14	432	37	.8715	13	53
	8	153	26	185	14	470	38	.8702	13	52
	9	178	25	172	13	507	37	.8689	13	51
			26		14		38		13	
	10	.47204		.88158		.53545		1.8676		50
	11	229	25	144	14	582	37	.8663	13	49
	12	255	26	130	14	620	38	.8650	13	48
	13	281	26	117	13	657	37	.8637	13	47
	14	306	25	103	14	694	37	.8624	13	46
			26		14		38		13	
14 13										
1 0.2 0.2	15	.47332		.88089		.53732		1.8611		45
2 0.5 0.4			26	075	14	769	37	.8598	13	44
3 0.7 0.6	16	358	25	062	13	807	38	.8585	13	43
4 0.9 0.9	17	383	26	048	14	844	37	.8572	13	42
5 1.2 1.1	18	409	26	034	14	882	38	.8559	13	41
6 1.4 1.3			25		14		38		13	
7 1.6 1.5	20	.47460		.88020		.53920		1.8546		40
8 1.9 1.7			26	006	14	957	37	.8533	13	39
9 2.1 2.0	21	486	25		13	995	38	.8520	13	38
10 2.3 2.2	22	511	26	.87993	14	.54032	37	.8507	13	37
20 4.7 4.3	23	537	25	979	14	070	38	.8495	12	36
30 7.0 6.5			26	965	14		37		13	
40 9.3 8.7	25	.47588		.87951		.54107		1.8482		35
50 11.7 10.8			26	937	14	145	38	.8469	13	34
	26	614	25	923	14	183	38	.8456	13	33
	27	639	26	909	14	220	37	.8443	13	32
	28	665	25	896	13	258	38	.8430	12	31
			26		14		38			
	30	.47716		.87882		.54296		1.8418		30
	31	741	25	868	14	333	37	.8405	13	29
	32	767	26	854	14	371	38	.8392	13	28
	33	793	26	840	14	409	38	.8379	13	27
	34	818	25	826	14	446	37	.8367	12	26
			26		14		38		13	
	35	.47844		.87812		.54484		1.8354		25
	36	869	25	798	14	522	38	.8341	13	24
	37	895	26	784	14	560	38	.8329	12	23
	38	920	25	770	14	597	37	.8316	13	22
	39	946	26	756	14	635	38	.8303	13	21
			25		13		38		12	
12										
1 0.2	40	.47971		.87743		.54673		1.8291		20
2 0.4			26	729	14	711	38	.8278	13	19
3 0.6	41	997	25	715	14	748	37	.8265	13	18
4 0.8	42	.48022	26	701	14	786	38	.8253	12	17
5 1.0	43	048	25	687	14	824	38	.8240	13	16
6 1.2			26		14		38		12	
7 1.4	45	.48099		.87673		.54862		1.8228		15
8 1.6			25	659	14	900	38	.8215	13	14
9 1.8	46	124	26	645	14	938	38	.8202	13	13
10 2.0	47	150	25	631	14	975	37	.8190	12	12
20 4.0	48	175	26	617	14	.55013	38	.8177	13	11
30 6.0			25		14				12	
40 8.0	50	.48226		.87603		.55051		1.8165		10
50 10.0			26	589	14	089	38	.8152	13	9
	51	252	25	575	14	127	38	.8140	12	8
	52	277	26	561	14	165	38	.8127	13	7
	53	303	25	546	15	203	38	.8115	12	6
			26		14		38		12	
	55	.48354		.87532		.55241		1.8103		5
	56	379	25	518	14	279	38	.8090	13	4
	57	405	26	504	14	317	38	.8078	12	3
	58	430	25	490	14	355	38	.8065	13	2
	59	456	26	476	14	393	38	.8053	12	1
			25		14		38		13	
	60	.48481		.87462		.55431		1.8040		0
P. P.		Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	d.	

29°									
	Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.	P. P.
0	.48481	25	.87462	14	.55481	38	1.8040	12	60
1	506	26	448	14	469	38	.8028	12	59
2	532	25	434	14	507	38	.8016	12	58
3	557	25	420	14	545	38	.8003	12	57
4	583	25	406	14	583	38	.7991	12	56
5	.48608	26	.87391	14	.55621	38	1.7979	13	55
6	634	25	377	14	659	38	.7966	12	54
7	659	25	363	14	697	38	.7954	12	53
8	684	25	349	14	736	39	.7942	12	52
9	710	25	335	14	774	38	.7930	12	51
10	.48735	26	.87321	15	.55812	38	1.7917	12	50
11	761	25	306	14	850	38	.7905	12	49
12	786	25	292	14	888	38	.7893	12	48
13	811	25	278	14	926	38	.7881	12	47
14	837	25	264	14	964	38	.7868	13	46
15	.48862	26	.87250	15	.56003	38	1.7856	12	45
16	888	25	235	14	1041	38	.7844	12	44
17	913	25	221	14	1079	38	.7832	12	43
18	938	25	207	14	1117	38	.7820	12	42
19	964	25	193	14	1156	39	.7808	12	41
20	.48989	25	.87178	14	.56194	38	1.7796	13	40
21	.49014	26	164	14	232	38	.7783	12	39
22	040	25	150	14	270	38	.7771	12	38
23	065	25	136	14	309	39	.7759	12	37
24	090	26	121	14	347	38	.7747	12	36
25	.49116	25	.87107	14	.56385	39	1.7735	12	35
26	141	25	093	14	424	38	.7723	12	34
27	166	25	079	14	462	38	.7711	12	33
28	192	26	064	15	501	39	.7699	12	32
29	217	25	050	14	539	38	.7687	12	31
30	.49242	26	.87036	15	.56577	39	1.7675	12	30
31	268	25	021	14	616	38	.7663	12	29
32	293	25	007	14	654	38	.7651	12	28
33	318	25	.86993	14	693	39	.7639	12	27
34	344	25	978	14	731	38	.7627	12	26
35	.49569	25	.86964	15	.56769	39	1.7615	12	25
36	394	25	949	15	808	38	.7603	12	24
37	419	25	935	14	846	38	.7591	12	23
38	445	25	921	14	885	39	.7579	12	22
39	470	25	906	14	923	38	.7567	11	21
40	.49495	26	.86892	14	.56962	38	1.7556	12	20
41	521	25	878	15	.57000	39	.7544	12	19
42	546	25	863	14	039	39	.7532	12	18
43	571	25	849	14	078	38	.7520	12	17
44	596	26	834	14	116	39	.7508	12	16
45	.49622	25	.86820	15	.57155	38	1.7496	11	15
46	647	25	805	14	193	38	.7485	12	14
47	672	25	791	14	232	39	.7473	12	13
48	697	25	777	14	271	38	.7461	12	12
49	723	25	762	14	309	39	.7449	12	11
50	.49748	25	.86748	15	.57348	38	1.7437	11	10
51	773	25	733	14	386	39	.7426	12	9
52	798	26	719	15	425	39	.7414	12	8
53	824	25	704	14	464	39	.7402	11	7
54	849	25	690	15	503	38	.7391	12	6
55	.49874	25	.86675	14	.57541	39	1.7379	12	5
56	899	25	661	15	580	39	.7367	12	4
57	924	26	646	14	619	38	.7355	11	3
58	950	25	632	15	657	39	.7344	12	2
59	975	25	617	14	696	39	.7332	11	1
60	.50000		.86603		.57735		1.7321		0
	Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	d.	P. P.

30°										
P. P.			Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.
			0	.50000		.86603		.57735		1.7321
			1	.025	25	.588	15	.774	39	.7309
			2	.050	26	.573	14	.813	38	.7297
			3	.076	25	.559	15	.851	39	.7286
			4	.101	25	.544	14	.890	39	.7274
			5	.50126		.86530		.57929		1.7262
			6	.151	25	.515	15	.968	39	.7251
			7	.176	25	.501	15	.58007	39	.7239
			8	.201	26	.486	15	.046	39	.7228
			9	.227	25	.471	15	.085	39	.7216
			10	.50252		.86457		.58124		1.7205
			11	.277	25	.442	15	.162	38	.7193
			12	.302	25	.427	15	.201	39	.7182
			13	.327	25	.413	14	.240	39	.7170
			14	.352	25	.398	15	.279	39	.7159
	14	13	15	.50377		.86384		.58318		1.7147
1	0.2	0.2	16	.403	26	.369	15	.357	39	.7136
2	0.5	0.4	17	.428	25	.354	15	.396	39	.7124
3	0.7	0.6	18	.453	25	.340	14	.435	39	.7113
4	0.9	0.9	19	.478	25	.325	15	.474	39	.7102
5	1.2	1.1					15			
6	1.4	1.3								
7	1.6	1.5								
8	1.9	1.7	20	.50503	25	.86310	15	.58513	39	1.7090
9	2.1	2.0	21	.528	25	.295	15	.552	39	.7079
10	2.3	2.2	22	.553	25	.281	14	.591	39	.7067
20	4.7	4.3	23	.578	25	.266	15	.631	40	.7056
30	7.0	6.5	24	.603	25	.251	15	.670	39	.7045
40	9.3	8.7					14			
50	11.7	10.8								
			25	.50628	26	.86237	15	.58709	39	1.7033
			26	.654	25	.222	15	.748	39	.7022
			27	.679	25	.207	15	.787	39	.7011
			28	.704	25	.192	15	.826	39	.6999
			29	.729	25	.178	14	.865	39	.6988
							15		40	
			30	.50754	25	.86163	15	.58905	39	1.6977
			31	.779	25	.148	15	.944	39	.6965
			32	.804	25	.133	15	.983	39	.6954
			33	.829	25	.119	14	.59022	39	.6943
			34	.854	25	.104	15	.061	39	.6932
	12	11					15		40	
1	0.2	0.2	35	.50879	25	.86089	15	.59101	39	1.6920
2	0.4	0.4	36	.904	25	.074	15	.140	39	.6909
3	0.6	0.6	37	.929	25	.059	15	.179	39	.6898
4	0.8	0.7	38	.954	25	.045	14	.218	39	.6887
5	1.0	0.9	39	.979	25	.030	15	.258	40	.6875
6	1.2	1.1					15		39	
7	1.4	1.3								
8	1.6	1.5	40	.51004	25	.86015	15	.59297	39	1.6864
9	1.8	1.6	41	.029	25	.000	15	.336	39	.6853
10	2.0	1.8	42	.054	25	.85985	15	.376	40	.6842
20	4.0	3.7	43	.079	25	.970	15	.415	39	.6831
30	6.0	5.5	44	.104	25	.956	14	.454	39	.6820
40	8.0	7.3					15		40	
50	10.0	9.2								
			45	.51129	25	.85941	15	.59494	39	1.6808
			46	.154	25	.926	15	.533	39	.6797
			47	.179	25	.911	15	.573	40	.6786
			48	.204	25	.896	15	.612	39	.6775
			49	.229	25	.881	15	.651	39	.6764
							15		40	
			50	.51254	25	.85866	15	.59691	39	1.6753
			51	.279	25	.851	15	.730	39	.6742
			52	.304	25	.836	15	.770	40	.6731
			53	.329	25	.821	15	.809	39	.6720
			54	.354	25	.806	14	.849	40	.6709
							15		39	
			55	.51379	25	.85792	15	.59888	40	1.6698
			56	.404	25	.777	15	.928	39	.6687
			57	.429	25	.762	15	.967	39	.6676
			58	.454	25	.747	15	.60007	39	.6665
			59	.479	25	.732	15	.046	39	.6654
							15		40	
			60	.51504		.85717		.60086		1.6643
P. P.			Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	d.

59°

31°										
	Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.		P. P.
0	.51504	25	.85717	15	.60086	40	1.6643	11	60	
1	529	25	702	15	126	39	.6632	11	59	
2	554	25	687	15	165	39	.6621	11	58	
3	579	25	672	15	205	40	.6610	11	57	
4	604	24	657	15	245	40	.6599	11	56	
5	.51628	25	.85642	15	.60284	40	1.6588	11	55	
6	653	25	627	15	324	40	.6577	11	54	
7	678	25	612	15	364	40	.6566	11	53	
8	703	25	597	15	403	39	.6555	11	52	
9	728	25	582	15	443	40	.6545	10	51	
10	.51753	25	.85567	16	.60483	39	1.6534	11	50	
11	778	25	551	16	522	40	.6523	11	49	
12	803	25	536	15	562	40	.6512	11	48	
13	828	25	521	15	602	40	.6501	11	47	
14	852	24	506	15	642	40	.6490	11	46	
15	.51877	25	.85491	15	.60681	40	1.6479	10	45	
16	902	25	476	15	721	40	.6469	11	44	
17	927	25	461	15	761	40	.6458	11	43	
18	952	25	446	15	801	40	.6447	11	42	
19	977	25	431	15	841	40	.6436	10	41	
20	.52002	24	.85416	15	.60881	40	1.6426	11	40	
21	026	25	401	16	921	39	.6415	11	39	
22	051	25	385	16	960	39	.6404	11	38	
23	076	25	370	15	.61000	40	.6393	11	37	
24	101	25	355	15	040	40	.6383	11	36	
25	.52126	25	.85340	15	.61080	40	1.6372	11	35	
26	151	24	325	15	120	40	.6361	11	34	
27	175	24	310	15	160	40	.6351	10	33	
28	200	25	294	16	200	40	.6340	11	32	
29	225	25	279	15	240	40	.6329	10	31	
30	.52250	25	.85264	15	.61280	40	1.6319	11	30	
31	275	24	249	15	320	40	.6308	11	29	
32	299	24	234	15	360	40	.6297	11	28	
33	324	25	218	16	400	40	.6287	10	27	
34	349	25	203	15	440	40	.6276	11	26	
35	.52374	25	.85188	15	.61480	40	1.6265	10	25	
36	399	24	173	16	520	40	.6255	11	24	
37	423	25	157	16	561	41	.6244	11	23	
38	448	25	142	15	601	40	.6234	10	22	
39	473	25	127	15	641	40	.6223	11	21	
40	.52498	24	.85112	16	.61681	40	1.6212	10	20	
41	522	25	096	15	721	40	.6202	11	19	
42	547	25	081	15	761	40	.6191	11	18	
43	572	25	066	15	801	40	.6181	10	17	
44	597	24	051	16	842	41	.6170	11	16	
45	.52621	25	.85035	15	.61882	40	1.6160	11	15	
46	646	25	020	15	922	40	.6149	11	14	
47	671	25	005	15	962	40	.6139	10	13	
48	696	24	.84989	16	.62003	41	.6128	11	12	
49	720	25	974	15	043	40	.6118	10	11	
50	.52745	25	.84959	16	.62083	41	1.6107	10	10	
51	770	24	943	15	124	40	.6097	11	9	
52	794	25	928	15	164	40	.6087	10	8	
53	819	25	913	15	204	40	.6076	11	7	
54	844	25	897	15	245	41	.6066	10	6	
55	.52869	24	.84882	16	.62285	40	1.6055	10	5	
56	893	25	866	15	325	40	.6045	11	4	
57	918	25	851	15	366	41	.6034	10	3	
58	943	24	836	16	406	40	.6024	11	2	
59	967	25	820	15	446	41	.6014	10	1	
60	.52992		.84805		.62487		1.6003		0	
	Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	d.		P. P.

32°										
P. P.		Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.	
	0	.52992		.84805		.62487		1.6003		60
	1	.53017	25	.84789	16	.527	40	.5993	10	59
	2	.041	24	.774	15	.568	41	.5983	10	58
	3	.066	25	.759	15	.608	40	.5972	11	57
	4	.091	25	.743	16	.649	41	.5962	10	56
			24		15		40		10	
	5	.53115		.84728		.62689		1.5952		55
	6	.140	25	.712	16	.730	41	.5941	11	54
	7	.164	24	.697	15	.770	40	.5931	10	53
	8	.189	25	.681	16	.811	41	.5921	10	52
	9	.214	25	.666	15	.852	41	.5911	10	51
			24		16		40		11	
16 15	10	.53238		.84650		.62892		1.5900		50
1	11	.263	25	.635	15	.933	41	.5890	10	49
2	12	.288	25	.619	16	.973	40	.5880	10	48
3	13	.312	24	.604	15	.63014	41	.5869	11	47
4	14	.337	25	.588	16	.055	41	.5859	10	46
5			24		15		40		10	
6	15	.53361		.84573		.63095		1.5849		45
7	16	.386	25	.557	16	.136	41	.5839	10	44
8	17	.411	25	.542	15	.177	41	.5829	10	43
9	18	.435	24	.526	16	.217	40	.5818	11	42
10	19	.460	25	.511	15	.258	41	.5808	10	41
20			24		16		41		10	
21	20	.53484		.84495		.63299		1.5798		40
22	21	.509	25	.480	15	.340	41	.5788	10	39
23	22	.534	25	.464	16	.380	40	.5778	10	38
24	23	.558	24	.448	16	.421	41	.5768	10	37
	24	.583	25	.433	15	.462	41	.5757	11	36
			24		16		41		10	
11 10	25	.53607		.84417		.63503		1.5747		35
1	26	.632	25	.402	15	.544	41	.5737	10	34
2	27	.656	24	.386	16	.584	40	.5727	10	33
3	28	.681	25	.370	16	.625	41	.5717	10	32
4	29	.705	25	.355	15	.666	41	.5707	10	31
5			25		16		41		10	
6	30	.53730		.84339		.63707		1.5697		30
7	1	.754	24	.324	15	.748	41	.5687	10	29
8	2	.779	25	.308	16	.789	41	.5677	10	28
9	3	.804	25	.292	16	.830	41	.5667	10	27
10	4	.828	24	.277	15	.871	41	.5657	10	26
20			25		16		41		10	
30	35	.53853		.84261		.63912		1.5647		25
40	36	.877	24	.245	16	.953	41	.5637	10	24
50	37	.902	25	.230	15	.994	41	.5627	10	23
	38	.926	24	.214	16	.64035	41	.5617	10	22
	39	.951	25	.198	16	.076	41	.5607	10	21
			24		16		41		10	
40	40	.53975		.84182		.64117		1.5597		20
	41	.54000	25	.167	15	.158	41	.5587	10	19
	42	.024	24	.151	16	.199	41	.5577	10	18
	43	.049	25	.135	16	.240	41	.5567	10	17
	44	.073	24	.120	15	.281	41	.5557	10	16
			24		16		41		10	
9	45	.54097		.84104		.64322		1.5547		15
1	46	.122	25	.088	16	.363	41	.5537	10	14
2	47	.146	24	.072	16	.404	41	.5527	10	13
3	48	.171	25	.057	15	.446	42	.5517	10	12
4	49	.195	24	.041	16	.487	41	.5507	10	11
5			25		16		41		10	
6	50	.54220		.84025		.64528		1.5497		10
7	1	.244	24	.009	16	.569	41	.5487	10	9
8	2	.269	25	.83994	15	.610	41	.5477	10	8
9	3	.293	24	.978	16	.652	42	.5468	9	7
10	4	.317	25	.962	16	.693	41	.5458	10	6
20			25		16		41		10	
30	55	.54342		.83946		.64734		1.5448		5
40	56	.366	24	.930	16	.775	41	.5438	10	4
50	57	.391	25	.915	15	.817	42	.5428	10	3
	58	.415	25	.899	16	.858	41	.5418	10	2
	59	.440	24	.883	16	.899	41	.5408	9	1
			24		16		42		10	
60	60	.54464		.83867		.64941		1.5399		0
P. P.		Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	d.	

33°									
	Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.	P. P.
0	.54464		.83867		.64941		1.5399		60
1	488	24	851	16	982	41	.5389	10	59
2	513	25	835	16	.65024	42	.5379	10	58
3	537	24	819	16	065	41	.5369	10	57
4	561	24	804	15	106	41	.5359	10	56
		25		16		42		9	
5	.54586		.83788		.65148		1.5350		55
6	610	24	772	16	189	41	.5340	10	54
7	635	25	756	16	231	42	.5330	10	53
8	659	24	740	16	272	41	.5320	10	52
9	683	24	724	16	314	42	.5311	10	51
		25		16		41		9	
10	.54708		.83708		.65355		1.5301		50
11	732	24	692	16	397	42	.5291	10	49
12	756	24	676	16	438	41	.5282	10	48
13	781	25	660	16	480	42	.5272	10	47
14	805	24	645	15	521	41	.5262	10	46
		24		16		42		9	
15	.54829		.83629		.65563		1.5253		45
16	854	25	613	16	604	41	.5243	10	44
17	878	24	597	16	646	42	.5233	10	43
18	902	24	581	16	688	42	.5224	9	42
19	927	25	565	16	729	41	.5214	10	41
		24		16		42		10	
20	.54951		.83549		.65771		1.5204		40
21	975	24	533	16	813	42	.5195	9	39
22	999	24	517	16	854	41	.5185	10	38
23	.55024	25	501	16	896	42	.5175	10	37
24	048	24	485	16	938	42	.5166	9	36
		24		16		42		10	
25	.55072		.83469		.65980		1.5156		35
26	097	25	453	16	.66021	41	.5147	9	34
27	121	24	437	16	063	42	.5137	10	33
28	145	24	421	16	105	42	.5127	10	32
29	169	25	405	16	147	42	.5118	9	31
		24		16		42		10	
30	.55194		.83389		.66189		1.5108		30
31	218	24	373	16	230	41	.5099	9	29
32	242	24	356	17	272	42	.5089	10	28
33	266	24	340	16	314	42	.5080	9	27
34	291	25	324	16	356	42	.5070	10	26
		24		16		42		9	
35	.55315		.83308		.66398		1.5061		25
36	339	24	292	16	440	42	.5051	10	24
37	363	24	276	16	482	42	.5042	10	23
38	388	25	260	16	524	42	.5032	9	22
39	412	24	244	16	566	42	.5023	9	21
		24		16		42		10	
40	.55436		.83228		.66608		1.5013		20
41	460	24	212	16	650	42	.5004	9	19
42	484	24	196	17	692	42	.4994	10	18
43	509	25	179	16	734	42	.4985	9	17
44	533	24	163	16	776	42	.4975	10	16
		24		16		42		9	
45	.55557		.83147		.66818		1.4966		15
46	581	24	131	16	860	42	.4957	9	14
47	605	24	115	16	902	42	.4947	10	13
48	630	25	098	17	944	42	.4938	9	12
49	654	24	082	16	986	42	.4928	10	11
		24		16		42		9	
50	.55678		.83066		.67028		1.4919		10
51	702	24	050	16	071	43	.4910	9	9
52	726	24	034	16	113	42	.4900	10	8
53	750	24	017	17	155	42	.4891	9	7
54	775	25	001	16	197	42	.4882	10	6
		24		16		42		9	
55	.55799		.82985		.67239		1.4872		5
56	823	24	969	16	282	43	.4863	9	4
57	847	24	953	16	324	42	.4854	10	3
58	871	24	936	17	366	42	.4844	9	2
59	895	24	920	16	409	43	.4835	9	1
		24		16		42		9	
60	.55919		.82904		.67451		1.4826		0
	Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	d.	P. P.

34°										
P. P.		Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.	
	0	.55919		.82904		.67451		1.4826		60
	1	943	24	887	17	493	42	.4816	10	59
	2	968	25	871	16	536	43	.4807	9	58
	3	992	24	855	16	578	42	.4798	9	57
	4	.56016	24	839	16	620	42	.4788	10	56
			24		17		43		9	
	5	.56040		.82822		.67663		1.4779		55
	6	064	24	806	16	705	42	.4770	9	54
	7	088	24	790	16	748	43	.4761	9	53
	8	112	24	773	17	790	42	.4751	10	52
	9	136	24	757	16	832	42	.4742	9	51
			24		16		43		9	
	10	.56160		.82741		.67875		1.4733		50
	11	184	24	724	17	917	42	.4724	9	49
	12	208	24	708	16	960	43	.4715	9	48
	13	232	24	692	16	.68002	42	.4705	10	47
	14	256	24	675	17	045	43	.4696	9	46
			24		16		43		9	
	15	.56280		.82659		.68088		1.4687		45
	16	305	25	643	16	130	42	.4678	9	44
	17	329	24	626	17	173	43	.4669	9	43
	18	353	24	610	16	215	42	.4659	10	42
	19	377	24	593	17	258	43	.4650	9	41
			24		16		43		9	
	20	.56401		.82577		.68301		1.4641		40
	21	425	24	561	16	343	42	.4632	9	39
	22	449	24	544	17	386	43	.4623	9	38
	23	473	24	528	16	429	43	.4614	9	37
	24	497	24	511	17	471	42	.4605	9	36
			24		16		43		9	
	25	.56521		.82495		.68514		1.4596		35
	26	545	24	478	17	557	43	.4586	10	34
	27	569	24	462	16	600	43	.4577	9	33
	28	593	24	446	16	642	42	.4568	9	32
	29	617	24	429	17	685	43	.4559	9	31
			24		16		43		9	
	30	.56641		.82413		.68728		1.4550		30
	31	665	24	396	17	771	43	.4541	9	29
	32	689	24	380	16	814	43	.4532	9	28
	33	713	24	363	17	857	43	.4523	9	27
	34	736	23	347	16	900	43	.4514	9	26
			24		17		42		9	
	35	.56760		.82330		.68942		1.4505		25
	36	784	24	314	16	985	43	.4496	9	24
	37	808	24	297	17	.69028	43	.4487	9	23
	38	832	24	281	16	071	43	.4478	9	22
	39	856	24	264	17	114	43	.4469	9	21
			24		16		43		9	
	40	.56880		.82248		.69157		1.4460		20
	41	904	24	231	17	200	43	.4451	9	19
	42	928	24	214	17	243	43	.4442	9	18
	43	952	24	198	16	286	43	.4433	9	17
	44	976	24	181	17	329	43	.4424	9	16
			24		16		43		9	
	45	.57000		.82165		.69372		1.4415		15
	46	024	24	148	17	416	44	.4406	9	14
	47	047	23	132	16	459	43	.4397	9	13
	48	071	24	115	17	502	43	.4388	9	12
	49	095	24	098	16	545	43	.4379	9	11
			24		17		43		9	
	50	.57119		.82082		.69588		1.4370		10
	51	143	24	065	17	631	43	.4361	9	9
	52	167	24	048	17	675	44	.4352	9	8
	53	191	24	032	16	718	43	.4344	8	7
	54	215	24	015	17	761	43	.4335	9	6
			23		16		43		9	
	55	.57238		.81999		.69804		1.4326		5
	56	262	24	982	17	847	43	.4317	9	4
	57	286	24	965	17	891	44	.4308	9	3
	58	310	24	949	16	934	43	.4299	9	2
	59	334	24	932	17	977	43	.4290	9	1
			24		17		44		9	
	60	.57358		.81915		.70021		1.4281		0
P. P.		Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	d.	

35°										
	Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.		P. P.
0	.57358		.81915		.70021		1.4281		60	
1	381	23	899	16	064	43	.4273	8	59	
2	405	24	882	17	107	43	.4264	9	58	
3	429	24	865	17	151	44	.4255	9	57	
4	453	24	848	16	194	44	.4246	9	56	
5	.57477		.81832		.70238		1.4237		55	
6	501	24	815	17	281	43	.4229	8	54	
7	524	23	798	17	325	44	.4220	9	53	
8	548	24	782	16	368	43	.4211	9	52	
9	572	24	765	17	412	44	.4202	9	51	
10	.57596		.81748		.70455		1.4193		50	
11	619	23	731	17	499	44	.4185	8	49	
12	643	24	714	17	542	43	.4176	9	48	
13	667	24	698	16	586	44	.4167	9	47	
14	691	24	681	17	629	43	.4158	9	46	
15	.57715		.81664		.70673		1.4150		45	
16	738	23	647	17	717	44	.4141	9	44	
17	762	24	631	16	760	43	.4132	9	43	
18	786	24	614	17	804	44	.4124	8	42	
19	810	23	597	17	848	43	.4115	9	41	
20	.57833		.81580		.70891		1.4106		40	
21	857	24	563	17	935	44	.4097	9	39	
22	881	24	546	17	979	44	.4089	8	38	
23	904	23	530	16	.71023	44	.4080	9	37	
24	928	24	513	17	066	44	.4071	9	36	
25	.57952		.81496		.71110		1.4063		35	
26	976	24	479	17	154	44	.4054	9	34	
27	999	23	462	17	198	44	.4045	9	33	
28	.58023		445	17	242	44	.4037	8	32	
29	047	23	428	16	285	43	.4028	9	31	
30	.58070		.81412		.71329		1.4019		30	
31	094	24	395	17	373	44	.4011	8	29	
32	118	24	378	17	417	44	.4002	9	28	
33	141	23	361	17	461	44	.3994	8	27	
34	165	24	344	17	505	44	.3985	9	26	
35	.58189		.81327		.71549		1.3976		25	
36	212	23	310	17	593	44	.3968	8	24	
37	236	24	293	17	637	44	.3959	9	23	
38	260	24	276	17	681	44	.3951	8	22	
39	283	23	259	17	725	44	.3942	9	21	
40	.58307		.81242		.71769		1.3934		20	
41	330	23	225	17	813	44	.3925	9	19	
42	354	24	208	17	857	44	.3916	8	18	
43	378	24	191	17	901	44	.3908	9	17	
44	401	23	174	17	946	45	.3899	9	16	
45	.58425		.81157		.71990		1.3891		15	
46	449	24	140	17	.72034	44	.3882	9	14	
47	472	23	123	17	078	44	.3874	8	13	
48	496	24	106	17	122	44	.3865	9	12	
49	519	23	089	17	167	45	.3857	9	11	
50	.58543		.81072		.72211		1.3848		10	
51	567	24	055	17	255	44	.3840	8	9	
52	590	23	038	17	299	44	.3831	9	8	
53	614	24	021	17	344	45	.3823	8	7	
54	637	23	004	17	388	44	.3814	9	6	
55	.58661		.80987		.72432		1.3806		5	
56	684	23	970	17	477	45	.3798	8	4	
57	708	24	953	17	521	44	.3789	9	3	
58	731	23	936	17	565	44	.3781	8	2	
59	755	24	919	17	610	45	.3772	9	1	
60	.58779		.80902		.72654		1.3764		0	
	Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	d.		P. P.

36°										
P. P.		Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.	
	0	.58779		.80902		.72654		1.3764		60
	1	802	23	885	17	699	45	.3755	9	59
	2	826	24	867	18	743	44	.3747	8	58
	3	849	23	850	17	788	45	.3739	8	57
	4	873	24	833	17	832	44	.3730	9	56
			23		17		45		8	
	5	.58896		.80816		.72877		1.3722		55
	6	920	24	920	17	921	44	.3713	9	54
	7	943	23	782	17	966	45	.3705	8	53
	8	967	24	765	17	.73010	44	.3697	8	52
	9	990	23	748	17	055	45	.3688	9	51
			24		18		45		8	
	10	.59014		.80730		.73100		1.3680		50
	11	037	23	713	17	144	44	.3672	8	49
	12	061	24	696	17	189	45	.3663	9	48
	13	084	23	679	17	234	45	.3655	8	47
	14	108	24	662	17	278	44	.3647	9	46
			23		18		45		8	
	15	.59131		.80644		.73323		1.3638		45
	16	154	23	627	17	368	45	.3630	8	44
	17	178	24	610	17	413	45	.3622	8	43
	18	201	23	593	17	457	44	.3613	9	42
	19	225	24	576	17	502	45	.3605	8	41
			23		18		45		8	
	20	.59248		.80558		.73547		1.3597		40
	21	272	24	541	17	592	45	.3588	9	39
	22	295	23	524	17	637	45	.3580	8	38
	23	318	23	507	17	681	44	.3572	8	37
	24	342	24	489	18	726	45	.3564	9	36
			23		17		45		8	
	25	.59365		.80472		.73771		1.3555		35
	26	389	24	455	17	816	45	.3547	8	34
	27	412	23	438	17	861	45	.3539	8	33
	28	436	24	420	18	906	45	.3531	8	32
	29	459	23	403	17	951	45	.3522	9	31
			23		17		45		8	
	30	.59482		.80386		.73996		1.3514		30
	31	506	24	368	18	.74041	45	.3506	8	29
	32	529	23	351	17	086	45	.3498	8	28
	33	552	23	334	17	131	45	.3490	8	27
	34	576	24	316	18	176	45	.3481	9	26
			23		17		45		8	
	35	.59599		.80299		.74221		1.3473		25
	36	622	23	282	17	267	46	.3465	8	24
	37	646	24	264	18	312	45	.3457	8	23
	38	669	23	247	17	357	45	.3449	8	22
	39	693	24	230	17	402	45	.3440	9	21
			23		18		45		8	
	40	.59716		.80212		.74447		1.3432		20
	41	739	23	195	17	492	45	.3424	8	19
	42	763	24	178	17	538	46	.3416	8	18
	43	786	23	160	18	583	45	.3408	8	17
	44	809	23	143	17	628	45	.3400	8	16
			23		18		46		8	
	45	.59832		.80125		.74674		1.3392		15
	46	856	24	108	17	719	45	.3384	8	14
	47	879	23	091	17	764	45	.3376	9	13
	48	902	23	073	18	810	46	.3367	8	12
	49	926	24	056	17	855	45	.3359	8	11
			23		18		45		8	
	50	.59949		.80038		.74900		1.3351		10
	51	972	23	021	17	946	46	.3343	8	9
	52	995	23	003	18	991	45	.3335	8	8
	53	.60019	24	.79986	17	.75037	46	.3327	8	7
	54	042	23	968	18	082	45	.3319	8	6
			23		17		46		8	
	55	.60065		.79951		.75128		1.3311		5
	56	089	24	934	17	173	45	.3303	8	4
	57	112	23	916	18	219	46	.3295	8	3
	58	135	23	899	17	264	45	.3287	8	2
	59	158	23	881	18	310	46	.3278	9	1
			24		17		45		8	
	60	.60182		.79864		.75355		1.3270		0
P. P.		Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	d.	

37°										
	Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.		P. P.
0	.60182	23	.79864	18	.75355	46	1.3270	8	60	
1	205	23	846	17	.3262	401	.3262	8	59	
2	228	23	829	17	447	46	.3254	8	58	
3	251	23	811	18	492	45	.3246	8	57	
4	274	23	793	18	538	46	.3238	8	56	
		24		17		46		8		48 47
5	.60298	23	.79776	18	.75584	45	1.3230	8	55	1 0.8 0.8
6	321	23	758	18	.3222	629	.3222	8	54	2 1.6 1.6
7	344	23	741	17	675	46	.3214	8	53	3 2.4 2.4
8	367	23	723	18	721	46	.3206	8	52	4 3.2 3.1
9	390	23	706	17	767	46	.3198	8	51	5 4.0 3.9
		24		18		45		8		6 4.8 4.7
10	.60414	23	.79688	17	.75812	46	1.3190	8	50	7 5.6 5.5
11	437	23	671	18	.3182	858	.3182	8	49	8 6.4 6.3
12	460	23	653	18	904	46	.3175	7	48	9 7.2 7.0
13	483	23	635	18	950	46	.3167	8	47	10 8.0 7.8
14	506	23	618	17	996	46	.3159	8	46	20 16.0 15.7
		23		18		46		8		30 24.0 23.5
15	.60529	24	.79600	17	.76042	46	1.3151	8	45	40 32.0 31.3
16	553	23	583	18	.3143	088	.3143	8	44	50 40.0 39.2
17	576	23	565	18	134	46	.3135	8	43	
18	599	23	547	18	180	46	.3127	8	42	
19	622	23	530	17	226	46	.3119	8	41	
		23		18		46		8		
20	.60645	23	.79512	18	.76272	46	1.3111	8	40	
21	668	23	494	17	.3103	318	.3103	8	39	
22	691	23	477	17	364	46	.3095	8	38	
23	714	23	459	18	410	46	.3087	8	37	
24	738	24	441	18	456	46	.3079	8	36	
		23		17		46		7		46 45
25	.60761	23	.79424	18	.76502	46	1.3072	8	35	1 0.8 0.8
26	784	23	406	18	.3064	548	.3064	8	34	2 1.5 1.5
27	807	23	388	18	594	46	.3056	8	33	3 2.5 2.2
28	830	23	371	17	640	46	.3048	8	32	4 3.1 3.0
29	853	23	353	18	686	46	.3040	8	31	5 3.8 3.5
		23		18		47		8		6 4.5 4.5
30	.60876	23	.79335	17	.76733	46	1.3032	8	30	7 5.4 5.2
31	899	23	318	17	.3024	779	.3024	8	29	8 6.1 6.0
32	922	23	300	18	825	46	.3017	7	28	9 6.9 6.8
33	945	23	282	18	871	46	.3009	8	27	10 7.7 7.5
34	968	23	264	17	918	46	.3001	8	26	20 15.3 15.0
		23		17		46		8		30 23.0 22.5
35	.60991	24	.79247	18	.76964	46	1.2993	8	25	40 30.7 30.0
36	.61015	23	229	18	.77010	46	.2985	8	24	50 38.3 37.5
37	038	23	211	18	057	47	.2977	8	23	
38	061	23	193	18	103	46	.2970	7	22	
39	084	23	176	17	149	46	.2962	8	21	
		23		18		47		8		
40	.61107	23	.79158	18	.77196	46	1.2954	8	20	
41	130	23	140	18	.2946	242	.2946	8	19	
42	153	23	122	18	289	47	.2938	7	18	
43	176	23	105	17	335	46	.2931	8	17	
44	199	23	087	18	382	47	.2923	8	16	
		23		18		46		8		24 23
45	.61222	23	.79069	18	.77428	47	1.2915	8	15	1 0.4 0.4
46	245	23	051	18	.2907	475	.2907	8	14	2 0.8 0.8
47	268	23	033	18	521	46	.2900	7	13	3 1.2 1.2
48	291	23	016	17	568	47	.2892	8	12	4 1.5 1.5
49	314	23	.78998	18	615	47	.2884	8	11	5 2.0 1.9
		23		18		46		8		6 2.4 2.3
50	.61337	23	.78980	18	.77661	47	1.2876	8	10	7 2.8 2.7
51	360	23	962	18	.2869	708	.2869	7	9	8 3.2 3.1
52	383	23	944	18	754	46	.2861	8	8	9 3.6 3.4
53	406	23	926	18	801	47	.2853	8	7	10 4.0 3.8
54	429	22	908	17	848	47	.2846	7	6	20 8.0 7.7
		23		17		47		8		30 12.0 11.5
55	.61451	23	.78891	18	.77895	46	1.2838	8	5	40 16.0 15.3
56	474	23	873	18	.2830	941	.2830	8	4	50 20.0 19.2
57	497	23	855	18	.2822	988	.2822	8	3	
58	520	23	837	18	.78035	47	.2815	7	2	
59	543	23	819	18	.2807	47	.2807	8	1	
60	.61566		.78801		.78129		1.2799		0	
	Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	d.		P. P.

38°										
P. P.		Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.	
	0	.61566		.78801		.78129		1.2799		60
	1	589	23	783	18	175	46	.2792	7	59
	2	612	23	765	18	222	47	.2784	8	58
	3	635	23	747	18	269	47	.2776	8	57
	4	658	23	729	18	316	47	.2769	7	56
			23		18		47		8	
	5	.61681		.78711		.78363		1.2761		55
	6	704	23	694	17	410	47	.2753	8	54
	7	726	22	676	18	457	47	.2746	7	53
	8	749	23	658	18	504	47	.2738	8	52
	9	772	23	640	18	551	47	.2731	7	51
			23		18		47		8	
	10	.61795		.78622		.78598		1.2723		50
	11	818	23	604	18	645	47	.2715	8	49
	12	841	23	586	18	692	47	.2708	7	48
	13	864	23	568	18	739	47	.2700	8	47
	14	887	23	550	18	786	47	.2693	7	46
			22		18		48		8	
	15	.61909		.78532		.78834		1.2685		45
	16	932	23	514	18	881	47	.2677	8	44
	17	955	23	496	18	928	47	.2670	7	43
	18	978	23	478	18	975	47	.2662	8	42
	19	.62001	23	460	18	.79022	47	.2655	7	41
			23		18		48		8	
	20	.62024		.78442		.79070		1.2647		40
	21	046	22	424	18	117	47	.2640	7	39
	22	069	23	405	19	164	47	.2632	8	38
	23	092	23	387	18	212	48	.2624	8	37
	24	115	23	369	18	259	47	.2617	7	36
			23		18		47		8	
	25	.62138		.78351		.79306		1.2609		35
	26	160	22	333	18	354	48	.2602	7	34
	27	183	23	315	18	401	47	.2594	8	33
	28	206	23	297	18	449	48	.2587	7	32
	29	229	23	279	18	496	47	.2579	8	31
			22		18		48		7	
	30	.62251		.78261		.79544		1.2572		30
	31	274	23	243	18	591	47	.2564	8	29
	32	297	23	225	18	639	48	.2557	7	28
	33	320	23	206	19	686	47	.2549	8	27
	34	342	22	188	18	734	48	.2542	7	26
			23		18		47		8	
	35	.62365		.78170		.79781		1.2534		25
	36	388	23	152	18	829	48	.2527	7	24
	37	411	23	134	18	877	48	.2519	8	23
	38	433	22	116	18	924	47	.2512	7	22
	39	456	23	098	18	972	48	.2504	8	21
			23		19		48		7	
	40	.62479		.78079		.80020		1.2497		20
	41	502	23	061	18	067	47	.2489	8	19
	42	524	22	043	18	115	48	.2482	7	18
	43	547	23	025	18	163	48	.2475	7	17
	44	570	23	007	18	211	48	.2467	8	16
			22		19		47		7	
	45	.62592		.77988		.80258		1.2460		15
	46	615	23	970	18	306	48	.2452	8	14
	47	638	23	952	18	354	48	.2445	7	13
	48	660	22	934	18	402	48	.2437	8	12
	49	683	23	916	18	450	48	.2430	7	11
			23		19		48		7	
	50	.62706		.77897		.80498		1.2423		10
	51	728	22	879	18	546	48	.2415	8	9
	52	751	23	861	18	594	48	.2408	7	8
	53	774	23	843	18	642	48	.2401	7	7
	54	796	22	824	19	690	48	.2393	8	6
			23		18		48		7	
	55	.62819		.77806		.80738		1.2386		5
	56	842	23	788	18	786	48	.2378	8	4
	57	864	22	769	19	834	48	.2371	7	3
	58	887	23	751	18	882	48	.2364	8	2
	59	909	22	733	18	930	48	.2356	7	1
			23		18		48		7	
	60	.62932		.77715		.80978		1.2349		0
P. P.		Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	d.	

39°										
	Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.		P. P.
0	.62932		.77715		.80978		1.2349		60	
1	.955	23	.696	19	.81027	49	.2342	7	59	
2	.977	22	.678	18	.8075	48	.2334	8	58	
3	.63000	23	.660	19	.123	48	.2327	7	57	
4	.022	23	.641	18	.171	49	.2320	7	56	
5	.63045		.77623		.81220		1.2312		55	
6	.068	23	.605	18	.268	48	.2305	7	54	
7	.090	22	.586	19	.316	48	.2298	7	53	
8	.113	23	.568	18	.364	49	.2290	8	52	
9	.135	23	.550	19	.413	48	.2283	7	51	
10	.63158		.77531		.81461		1.2276		50	
11	.180	22	.513	18	.510	48	.2268	8	49	
12	.203	23	.494	19	.558	48	.2261	7	48	
13	.225	22	.476	18	.606	49	.2254	7	47	
14	.248	23	.458	19	.655	48	.2247	8	46	
15	.63271		.77439		.81703		1.2239		45	
16	.293	22	.421	18	.752	49	.2232	7	44	
17	.316	23	.402	19	.800	48	.2225	7	43	
18	.338	22	.384	18	.849	49	.2218	8	42	
19	.361	22	.366	19	.898	48	.2210	7	41	
20	.63383		.77347		.81946		1.2203		40	
21	.406	23	.329	18	.995	49	.2196	7	39	
22	.428	22	.310	19	.82044	48	.2189	7	38	
23	.451	23	.292	18	.092	49	.2181	8	37	
24	.473	23	.275	19	.141	49	.2174	7	36	
25	.63496		.77255		.82190		1.2167		35	
26	.518	22	.236	19	.238	48	.2160	7	34	
27	.540	22	.218	18	.287	49	.2153	7	33	
28	.563	23	.199	19	.336	49	.2145	8	32	
29	.585	23	.181	19	.385	49	.2138	7	31	
30	.63608		.77162		.82434		1.2131		30	
31	.630	22	.144	18	.483	49	.2124	7	29	
32	.653	23	.125	19	.531	48	.2117	8	28	
33	.675	22	.107	18	.580	49	.2109	7	27	
34	.698	23	.088	18	.629	49	.2102	7	26	
35	.63720		.77070		.82678		1.2095		25	
36	.742	22	.051	19	.727	49	.2088	7	24	
37	.765	23	.033	18	.776	49	.2081	7	23	
38	.787	22	.014	19	.825	49	.2074	8	22	
39	.810	23	.76996	19	.874	49	.2066	7	21	
40	.63832		.76977		.82923		1.2059		20	
41	.854	22	.959	18	.972	49	.2052	7	19	
42	.877	23	.940	19	.83022	50	.2045	7	18	
43	.899	22	.921	19	.071	49	.2038	7	17	
44	.922	23	.903	19	.120	49	.2031	7	16	
45	.63944		.76884		.83169		1.2024		15	
46	.966	22	.866	18	.218	49	.2017	7	14	
47	.989	23	.847	19	.268	50	.2009	8	13	
48	.64011		.828		.317	49	.2002	7	12	
49	.033	23	.810	19	.366	49	.1995	7	11	
50	.64056		.76791		.83415		1.1988		10	
51	.078	22	.772	19	.465	50	.1981	7	9	
52	.100	23	.754	18	.514	49	.1974	7	8	
53	.123	23	.735	19	.564	50	.1967	7	7	
54	.145	22	.717	19	.613	49	.1960	7	6	
55	.64167		.76698		.83662		1.1953		5	
56	.190	23	.679	19	.712	50	.1946	7	4	
57	.212	22	.661	18	.761	49	.1939	7	3	
58	.234	22	.642	19	.811	50	.1932	7	2	
59	.256	23	.623	19	.860	50	.1925	7	1	
60	.64279		.76604		.83910		1.1918		0	
	Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	d.		P. P.

40°										
P. P.		Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.	
	0	.64279	22	.76604	18	.83910	50	1.1918	8	60
	1	301	22	586	19	960	50	.1910	7	59
	2	323	22	567	19	.84009	49	.1903	7	58
	3	346	23	548	19	059	50	.1896	7	57
	4	368	22	530	18	108	49	.1889	7	56
			22		19		50		7	
	5	.64390	22	.76511	19	.84158	50	1.1882	7	55
	6	412	23	492	19	208	50	.1875	7	54
	7	435	23	473	19	258	50	.1868	7	53
	8	457	22	455	18	307	49	.1861	7	52
	9	479	22	436	19	357	50	.1854	7	51
			22		19		50		7	
	10	.64501	23	.76417	19	.84407	50	1.1847	7	50
	11	524	22	398	19	457	50	.1840	7	49
	12	546	22	380	18	507	50	.1833	7	48
	13	568	22	361	19	556	49	.1826	7	47
	14	590	22	342	19	606	50	.1819	7	46
			22		19		50		7	
	15	.64612	23	.76323	19	.84656	50	1.1812	6	45
	16	635	22	304	18	706	50	.1806	7	44
	17	657	22	286	18	756	50	.1799	7	43
	18	679	22	267	19	806	50	.1792	7	42
	19	701	22	248	19	856	50	.1785	7	41
			22		19		50		7	
	20	.64723	23	.76229	19	.84906	50	1.1778	7	40
	21	746	22	210	19	956	50	.1771	7	39
	22	768	22	192	18	.85006	50	.1764	7	38
	23	790	22	173	19	057	51	.1757	7	37
	24	812	22	154	19	107	50	.1750	7	36
			22		19		50		7	
	25	.64834	22	.76135	19	.85157	50	1.1743	7	35
	26	856	22	116	19	207	50	.1736	7	34
	27	878	22	097	19	257	50	.1729	7	33
	28	901	23	078	19	308	51	.1722	7	32
	29	923	22	059	19	358	50	.1715	7	31
			22		18		50		7	
	30	.64945	22	.76041	19	.85408	50	1.1708	6	30
	31	967	22	022	19	458	50	.1702	7	29
	32	989	22	003	19	509	51	.1695	7	28
	33	.65011	22	.75984	19	559	50	.1688	7	27
	34	033	22	965	19	609	51	.1681	7	26
			22		19		51		7	
	35	.65055	22	.75946	19	.85660	50	1.1674	7	25
	36	077	23	927	19	710	51	.1667	7	24
	37	100	22	908	19	761	51	.1660	7	23
	38	122	22	889	19	811	50	.1653	7	22
	39	144	22	870	19	862	51	.1647	6	21
			22		19		50		7	
	40	.65166	22	.75851	19	.85912	51	1.1640	7	20
	41	188	22	832	19	963	51	.1633	7	19
	42	210	22	813	19	.86014	51	.1626	7	18
	43	232	22	794	19	064	50	.1619	7	17
	44	254	22	775	19	115	51	.1612	7	16
			22		19		51		6	
	45	.65276	22	.75756	18	.86166	50	1.1606	7	15
	46	298	22	738	19	216	51	.1599	7	14
	47	320	22	719	19	267	51	.1592	7	13
	48	342	22	700	19	318	51	.1585	7	12
	49	364	22	680	20	368	50	.1578	7	11
			22		19		51		7	
	50	.65386	22	.75661	19	.86419	51	1.1571	6	10
	51	408	22	642	19	470	51	.1565	7	9
	52	430	22	623	19	521	51	.1558	7	8
	53	452	22	604	19	572	51	.1551	7	7
	54	474	22	585	19	623	51	.1544	6	6
			22		19		51		6	
	55	.65496	22	.75566	19	.86674	51	1.1538	7	5
	56	518	22	547	19	725	51	.1531	7	4
	57	540	22	528	19	776	51	.1524	7	3
	58	562	22	509	19	827	51	.1517	7	2
	59	584	22	490	19	878	51	.1510	7	1
			22		19		51		6	
	60	.65606		.75471		.86929		1.1504		0
P. P.		Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	d.	

41°										
	Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.		P. P.
0	.65606	22	.75471	19	.86929	51	1.1504	7	60	
1	.628	22	.452	19	.980	51	.1497	7	59	
2	.650	22	.433	19	.87031	51	.1490	7	58	
3	.672	22	.414	19	.082	51	.1483	7	57	
4	.694	22	.395	20	.133	51	.1477	6	56	
5	.65716	22	.75375	19	.87184	52	1.1470	7	55	
6	.738	21	.356	19	.236	51	.1463	7	54	
7	.759	22	.337	19	.287	51	.1456	7	53	
8	.781	22	.318	19	.338	51	.1450	6	52	55 54
9	.803	22	.299	19	.389	51	.1443	7	51	1 0.9 0.9
10	.65825	22	.75280	19	.87441	51	1.1436	6	50	2 1.8 1.8
11	.847	22	.261	20	.492	51	.1430	6	49	3 2.8 2.7
12	.869	22	.241	19	.543	52	.1423	7	48	4 3.7 3.6
13	.891	22	.222	19	.595	52	.1416	7	47	5 4.6 4.5
14	.913	22	.203	19	.646	51	.1410	6	46	6 5.4 5.4
15	.65935	21	.75184	19	.87698	51	1.1403	7	45	7 6.4 6.3
16	.956	22	.165	19	.749	51	.1396	7	44	8 7.3 7.2
17	.978	22	.146	20	.801	52	.1389	7	43	9 8.2 8.1
18	.66000	22	.126	19	.852	52	.1383	6	42	10 9.2 9.0
19	.022	22	.107	19	.904	51	.1376	7	41	20 18.3 18.0
20	.66044	22	.75088	19	.87955	52	1.1369	6	40	30 27.5 27.0
21	.066	22	.069	19	.88007	52	.1363	6	39	40 36.7 36.0
22	.088	21	.050	20	.059	51	.1356	7	38	50 45.8 45.0
23	.109	22	.030	19	.110	52	.1349	7	37	
24	.131	22	.011	19	.162	52	.1343	6	36	
25	.66153	22	.74992	19	.88214	51	1.1336	7	35	53 52
26	.175	22	.973	20	.265	52	.1329	6	34	1 0.9 0.9
27	.197	21	.953	19	.317	52	.1323	7	33	2 1.8 1.7
28	.218	22	.934	19	.369	52	.1316	7	32	3 2.6 2.6
29	.240	22	.915	19	.421	52	.1310	7	31	4 3.5 3.5
30	.66262	22	.74896	20	.88473	51	1.1303	6	30	5 4.4 4.3
31	.284	22	.876	19	.524	52	.1296	7	29	6 5.3 5.2
32	.306	21	.857	19	.576	52	.1290	7	28	7 6.2 6.1
33	.327	22	.838	20	.628	52	.1283	7	27	8 7.1 6.9
34	.349	22	.818	19	.680	52	.1276	6	26	9 8.0 7.8
35	.66371	22	.74799	19	.88732	52	1.1270	7	25	10 8.8 8.7
36	.393	21	.780	20	.784	52	.1263	7	24	20 17.7 17.3
37	.414	22	.760	19	.836	52	.1257	6	23	30 26.5 26.0
38	.436	22	.741	19	.888	52	.1250	7	22	40 35.3 34.7
39	.458	22	.722	19	.940	52	.1243	6	21	50 44.2 43.3
40	.66480	21	.74703	20	.88992	53	1.1237	7	20	
41	.501	22	.683	19	.89045	52	.1230	7	19	
42	.523	22	.664	20	.097	52	.1224	6	18	
43	.545	21	.644	19	.149	52	.1217	7	17	
44	.566	22	.625	19	.201	52	.1211	6	16	51
45	.66588	22	.74606	20	.89253	53	1.1204	7	15	1 0.8
46	.610	22	.586	19	.306	52	.1197	7	14	2 1.7
47	.632	22	.567	19	.358	52	.1191	6	13	3 2.6
48	.653	21	.548	20	.410	53	.1184	7	12	4 3.4
49	.675	22	.528	19	.463	52	.1178	6	11	5 4.2
50	.66697	21	.74509	20	.89515	52	1.1171	7	10	6 5.1
51	.718	22	.489	19	.567	53	.1165	6	9	7 6.0
52	.740	22	.470	19	.620	52	.1158	7	8	8 6.8
53	.762	21	.451	20	.672	53	.1152	6	7	9 7.6
54	.783	22	.431	19	.725	52	.1145	7	6	10 8.5
55	.66805	22	.74412	20	.89777	53	1.1139	6	5	20 17.0
56	.827	21	.392	19	.830	53	.1132	7	4	30 25.5
57	.848	22	.373	20	.883	52	.1126	6	3	40 34.0
58	.870	21	.353	19	.935	53	.1119	7	2	50 42.5
59	.891	22	.334	20	.988	52	.1113	6	1	
60	.66913		.74314		.90040		1.1106		0	
Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	d.			P. P.

42°										
P. P.		Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.	
	0	.66913	22	.74314	19	.90040	53	1.1106	6	60
	1	935	21	295	19	093	53	.1100	7	59
	2	956	22	276	19	146	53	.1093	7	58
	3	978	22	256	20	199	53	.1087	6	57
	4	999	21	237	19	251	52	.1080	7	56
			22		20		53		6	
	5	.67021	22	.74217	19	.90304	53	1.1074	7	55
	6	043	22	198	19	357	53	.1067	7	54
	7	064	21	178	20	410	53	.1061	6	53
	8	086	22	159	19	463	53	.1054	7	52
	9	107	21	139	20	516	53	.1048	6	51
			22		19		53		7	
	10	.67129	22	.74120	20	.90569	52	1.1041	6	50
	11	151	22	100	20	621	52	.1035	7	49
	12	172	21	080	20	674	53	.1028	7	48
	13	194	22	061	19	727	53	.1022	6	47
	14	215	21	041	20	781	54	.1016	7	46
			22		19		53		6	
	15	.67237	21	.74022	20	.90834	53	1.1009	6	45
	16	258	22	002	20	887	53	.1003	7	44
	17	280	22	.73983	19	940	53	.0996	7	43
	18	301	21	963	20	993	53	.0990	6	42
	19	323	22	944	19	.91046	53	.0983	7	41
			21		20		53		6	
	20	.67344	22	.73924	20	.91099	54	1.0977	6	40
	21	366	21	904	19	153	53	.0971	7	39
	22	387	22	885	20	206	53	.0964	7	38
	23	409	22	865	20	259	53	.0958	6	37
	24	430	21	846	19	313	54	.0951	7	36
			22		20		53		6	
	25	.67452	21	.73826	20	.91366	53	1.0945	6	35
	26	473	22	806	19	419	53	.0939	7	34
	27	495	22	787	20	473	54	.0932	7	33
	28	516	22	767	20	526	53	.0926	6	32
	29	538	21	747	19	580	54	.0919	7	31
			22		20		53		6	
	30	.67559	21	.73728	20	.91633	54	1.0913	6	30
	31	580	22	708	20	687	53	.0907	7	29
	32	602	22	688	20	740	53	.0900	7	28
	33	623	21	669	19	794	54	.0894	6	27
	34	645	22	649	20	847	53	.0888	7	26
			21		20		54		6	
	35	.67666	22	.73629	19	.91901	54	1.0881	6	25
	36	688	21	610	20	955	54	.0875	7	24
	37	709	21	590	20	.92008	53	.0869	6	23
	38	730	22	570	20	062	54	.0862	7	22
	39	752	21	551	19	116	54	.0856	6	21
			22		20		54		6	
	40	.67773	22	.73531	20	.92170	54	1.0850	7	20
	41	795	21	511	20	224	54	.0843	7	19
	42	816	21	491	20	277	53	.0837	6	18
	43	837	21	472	19	331	54	.0831	6	17
	44	859	22	452	20	385	54	.0824	7	16
			21		20		54		6	
	45	.67880	21	.73432	19	.92439	54	1.0818	6	15
	46	901	22	413	20	493	54	.0812	7	14
	47	923	22	393	20	547	54	.0805	7	13
	48	944	21	373	20	601	54	.0799	6	12
	49	965	22	353	20	655	54	.0793	7	11
			22		20		54		6	
	50	.67987	21	.73333	19	.92709	54	1.0786	6	10
	51	.68008	21	314	20	763	54	.0780	7	9
	52	029	22	294	20	817	54	.0774	6	8
	53	051	22	274	20	872	55	.0768	6	7
	54	072	21	254	20	926	54	.0761	7	6
			22		20		54		6	
	55	.68093	22	.73234	19	.92980	54	1.0755	6	5
	56	115	21	215	20	.93034	54	.0749	7	4
	57	136	21	195	20	088	54	.0742	7	3
	58	157	22	175	20	143	55	.0736	6	2
	59	179	22	155	20	197	54	.0730	6	1
			21		20		55		6	
	60	.68200		.73135		.93252		1.0724		0
P. P.		Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	d.	

43°										
	Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.		P. P.
0	.68200		.73135		.93252		1.0724		7	60
1	221	21	116	19	306	54	.0717	6	59	
2	242	21	096	20	360	54	.0711	6	58	
3	264	22	076	20	415	55	.0705	6	57	
4	285	21	056	20	469	54	.0699	6	56	
		21		20		55		7		
5	.68306		.73036		.93524		1.0692		6	55
6	327	21	016	20	578	54	.0686	6	54	
7	349	22	.72996	20	633	55	.0680	6	53	
8	370	21	976	20	688	55	.0674	6	52	
9	391	21	957	19	742	54	.0668	6	51	
		21		20		55		7		
10	.68412		.72937		.93797		1.0661		6	50
11	434	22	917	20	852	55	.0655	6	49	
12	455	21	897	20	906	54	.0649	6	48	
13	476	21	877	20	961	55	.0643	6	47	
14	497	21	857	20	.94016	55	.0637	6	46	
		21		20				7		
15	.68518		.72837		.94071		1.0630		6	45
16	539	21	817	20	125	54	.0624	6	44	
17	561	22	797	20	180	55	.0618	6	43	
18	582	21	777	20	235	55	.0612	6	42	
19	603	21	757	20	290	55	.0606	6	41	
		21		20		55		7		
20	.68624		.72737		.94345		1.0599		6	40
21	645	21	717	20	400	55	.0593	6	39	
22	666	21	697	20	455	55	.0587	6	38	
23	688	22	677	20	510	55	.0581	6	37	
24	709	21	657	20	565	55	.0575	6	36	
		21		20				6		
25	.68730		.72637		.94620		1.0569		7	35
26	751	21	617	20	676	56	.0562	7	34	
27	772	21	597	20	731	55	.0556	6	33	
28	793	21	577	20	786	55	.0550	6	32	
29	814	21	557	20	841	55	.0544	6	31	
		21		20		55		6		
30	.68835		.72537		.94896		1.0538		6	30
31	857	22	517	20	952	56	.0532	6	29	
32	878	21	497	20	.95007	55	.0526	6	28	
33	899	21	477	20	062	55	.0519	7	27	
34	920	21	457	20	118	56	.0513	6	26	
		21		20		55		6		
35	.68941		.72437		.95173		1.0507		6	25
36	962	21	417	20	229	56	.0501	6	24	
37	983	21	397	20	284	55	.0495	6	23	
38	.69004		.72337		.95451		1.0477		6	22
39	025	21	377	20	340	56	.0489	6	21	
		21	357	20	395	55	.0483	6		
		21		20		56		6		
40	.69046		.72337		.95451		1.0477		7	20
41	067	21	317	20	506	55	.0470	7	19	
42	088	21	297	20	562	56	.0464	6	18	
43	109	21	277	20	618	56	.0458	6	17	
44	130	21	257	21	673	55	.0452	6	16	
		21		21		56		6		
45	.69151		.72236		.95729		1.0446		6	15
46	172	21	216	20	785	56	.0440	6	14	
47	193	21	196	20	841	56	.0434	6	13	
48	214	21	176	20	897	56	.0428	6	12	
49	235	21	156	20	952	55	.0422	6	11	
		21		20		56		6		
50	.69256		.72136		.96008		1.0416		6	10
51	277	21	116	20	064	56	.0410	6	9	
52	298	21	095	21	120	56	.0404	6	8	
53	319	21	075	20	176	56	.0398	6	7	
54	340	21	055	20	232	56	.0392	7	6	
		21		20		56		6		
55	.69361		.72035		.96288		1.0385		6	5
56	382	21	015	20	344	56	.0379	6	4	
57	403	21	.71995	20	400	56	.0373	6	3	
58	424	21	974	21	457	57	.0367	6	2	
59	445	21	954	20	513	56	.0361	6	1	
		21		20		56		6		
60	.69466		.71934		.96569		1.0355			0
	Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	d.		P. P.

46°

44°										
P. P.		Sin.	d.	Cos.	d.	Tan.	d.	Cot.	d.	
	0	.69466	21	.71934	20	.96569	56	1.0355	6	60
	1	487	21	914	20	625	56	.0349	6	59
	2	508	21	894	20	681	56	.0343	6	58
	3	529	21	873	21	738	57	.0337	6	57
	4	549	20	853	20	794	56	.0331	6	56
			21		20		56		6	
	5	.69570	21	.71833	20	.96850	57	1.0325	6	55
	6	591	21	813	20	907	57	.0319	6	54
	7	612	21	792	21	963	56	.0313	6	53
	8	633	21	772	20	97020	57	.0307	6	52
	9	654	21	752	20	076	56	.0301	6	51
			21		20		57		6	
	10	.69675	21	.71732	21	.97133	56	1.0295	6	50
	11	696	21	711	21	189	56	.0289	6	49
	12	717	21	691	20	246	57	.0283	6	48
	13	737	20	671	20	302	56	.0277	6	47
	14	758	21	650	21	359	57	.0271	6	46
			21		20		57		6	
	15	.69779	21	.71630	20	.97416	56	1.0265	6	45
	16	800	21	610	20	472	56	.0259	6	44
	17	821	21	590	20	529	57	.0253	6	43
	18	842	20	569	21	586	57	.0247	6	42
	19	862	21	549	20	643	57	.0241	6	41
			21		20		57		6	
	20	.69883	21	.71529	21	.97700	56	1.0235	5	40
	21	904	21	508	21	756	56	.0230	5	39
	22	925	21	488	20	813	57	.0224	6	38
	23	946	21	468	20	870	57	.0218	6	37
	24	966	20	447	21	927	57	.0212	6	36
			21		20		57		6	
	25	.69987	21	.71427	20	.97984	57	1.0206	6	35
	26	.70008	21	407	20	98041	57	.0200	6	34
	27	029	21	386	21	098	57	.0194	6	33
	28	049	20	366	20	155	57	.0188	6	32
	29	070	21	345	21	213	58	.0182	6	31
			21		20		57		6	
	30	.70091	21	.71325	20	.98270	57	1.0176	6	30
	31	112	21	305	20	327	57	.0170	6	29
	32	132	20	284	21	384	57	.0164	6	28
	33	153	21	264	20	441	57	.0158	6	27
	34	174	21	243	21	499	58	.0152	5	26
			21		20		57		6	
	35	.70195	20	.71223	20	.98556	57	1.0147	6	25
	36	215	21	203	21	613	57	.0141	6	24
	37	236	21	182	21	671	58	.0135	6	23
	38	257	20	162	21	728	57	.0129	6	22
	39	277	21	141	21	786	58	.0123	6	21
			21		20		57		6	
	40	.70298	21	.71121	21	.98843	58	1.0117	6	20
	41	319	20	100	21	901	58	.0111	6	19
	42	339	21	080	20	958	57	.0105	6	18
	43	360	21	059	21	99016	58	.0099	6	17
	44	381	20	039	20	073	57	.0094	5	16
			20		20		58		6	
	45	.70401	21	.71019	21	.99131	58	1.0088	6	15
	46	422	21	.70998	20	189	58	.0082	6	14
	47	443	20	978	21	247	58	.0076	6	13
	48	463	21	957	20	304	57	.0070	6	12
	49	484	21	937	21	362	58	.0064	6	11
			21		20		58		6	
	50	.70505	20	.70916	20	.99420	58	1.0058	6	10
	51	525	21	896	21	478	58	.0052	6	9
	52	546	21	875	21	536	58	.0047	5	8
	53	567	21	855	20	594	58	.0041	6	7
	54	587	20	834	21	652	58	.0035	6	6
			21		20		58		6	
	55	.70608	20	.70813	20	.99710	58	1.0029	6	5
	56	628	21	793	21	768	58	.0023	6	4
	57	649	21	772	21	826	58	.0017	5	3
	58	670	20	752	21	884	58	.0012	6	2
	59	690	21	731	20	942	58	.0006	6	1
			21		20		58		6	
	60	.70711		.70711		1.0000		1.0000		0
P. P.		Cos.	d.	Sin.	d.	Cot.	d.	Tan.	d.	

TABLE IV

STADIA REDUCTION TABLE

This table is entered with the value of the vertical angle as an argument. The value found in the columns must be multiplied by the stadia intercept.

The values in the columns were computed according to the following formulas.

Upper Part of Table	Lower Part of Table
Hor. dist. = $100 \cos^2 \alpha$	$(f + c) \cos \alpha$
Hor. cor. = $100 - 100 \cos^2 \alpha$	$(f + c) - (f + c) \cos \alpha$
Diff. elev. = $100 \sin \alpha \cos \alpha$	$(f + c) \sin \alpha$

where α = vertical angle

Example of the Use of the Table

Assume

$$f + c = 1.00 \quad s' = 3.00 \quad \alpha = 9^\circ 00'$$

From the table, for $9^\circ 00'$

	Hor. Dist.	Hor. Cor.	Diff. Elev.
	97.55	2.45	15.45
C	0.99	0.01	0.16

Method 1:

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 97.55 \times 3.00 + 0.99 = 293.6 \\ \text{or } H &= 300 - (3.00 \times 2.45) + 1.00 - 0.01 = 293.6 \\ V &= 15.45 \times 3.00 + 0.16 = 46.51 \end{aligned}$$

Method 2:

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 97.55 \times 3.01 = 293.6 \\ \text{or } H &= 301 - (3.01 \times 2.45) = 293.6 \\ V &= 15.45 \times 3.01 = 46.50 \end{aligned}$$

TABLE IV.¹—HORIZONTAL DISTANCES AND ELEVATIONS FROM STADIA READINGS

Minutes	0°			1°			2°		
	Hor. Dist.	Hor. Cor.	Diff. Elev.	Hor. Dist.	Hor. Cor.	Diff. Elev.	Hor. Dist.	Hor. Cor.	Diff. Elev.
0.....	100.00	0.00	0.00	99.97	0.03	1.74	99.88	0.12	3.49
2.....	100.00	0.00	0.06	99.97	0.03	1.80	99.87	0.13	3.55
4.....	100.00	0.00	0.12	99.97	0.03	1.86	99.87	0.13	3.60
6.....	100.00	0.00	0.17	99.96	0.04	1.92	99.87	0.13	3.66
8.....	100.00	0.00	0.23	99.96	0.04	1.98	99.86	0.14	3.72
10.....	100.00	0.00	0.29	99.96	0.04	2.04	99.86	0.14	3.78
12.....	100.00	0.00	0.35	99.96	0.04	2.09	99.85	0.15	3.84
14.....	100.00	0.00	0.41	99.95	0.05	2.15	99.85	0.15	3.90
16.....	100.00	0.00	0.47	99.95	0.05	2.21	99.84	0.16	3.95
18.....	100.00	0.00	0.52	99.95	0.05	2.27	99.84	0.16	4.01
20.....	100.00	0.00	0.58	99.95	0.05	2.33	99.83	0.17	4.07
22.....	100.00	0.00	0.64	99.94	0.06	2.38	99.83	0.17	4.13
24.....	100.00	0.00	0.70	99.94	0.06	2.44	99.82	0.18	4.18
26.....	99.99	0.01	0.76	99.94	0.06	2.50	99.82	0.18	4.24
28.....	99.99	0.01	0.81	99.93	0.07	2.56	99.81	0.19	4.30
30.....	99.99	0.01	0.87	99.93	0.07	2.62	99.81	0.19	4.36
32.....	99.99	0.01	0.93	99.93	0.07	2.67	99.80	0.20	4.42
34.....	99.99	0.01	0.99	99.93	0.07	2.73	99.80	0.20	4.48
36.....	99.99	0.01	1.05	99.92	0.08	2.79	99.79	0.21	4.53
38.....	99.99	0.01	1.11	99.92	0.08	2.85	99.79	0.21	4.59
40.....	99.99	0.01	1.16	99.92	0.08	2.91	99.78	0.22	4.65
42.....	99.99	0.01	1.22	99.91	0.09	2.97	99.78	0.22	4.71
44.....	99.98	0.02	1.28	99.91	0.09	3.02	99.77	0.23	4.76
46.....	99.98	0.02	1.34	99.90	0.10	3.08	99.77	0.23	4.82
48.....	99.98	0.02	1.40	99.90	0.10	3.14	99.76	0.24	4.88
50.....	99.98	0.02	1.45	99.90	0.10	3.20	99.76	0.24	4.94
52.....	99.98	0.02	1.51	99.89	0.11	3.26	99.75	0.25	4.99
54.....	99.98	0.02	1.57	99.89	0.11	3.31	99.74	0.26	5.05
56.....	99.97	0.03	1.63	99.89	0.11	3.37	99.74	0.26	5.11
58.....	99.97	0.03	1.69	99.88	0.12	3.43	99.73	0.27	5.17
60.....	99.97	0.03	1.74	99.88	0.12	3.49	99.73	0.27	5.23
C = 0.75.....	0.75	0.00	0.01	0.75	0.00	0.02	0.75	0.00	0.03
C = 1.00.....	1.00	0.00	0.01	1.00	0.00	0.03	1.00	0.00	0.04
C = 1.25.....	1.25	0.00	0.02	1.25	0.00	0.03	1.25	0.00	0.05

TABLE IV¹.—HORIZONTAL DISTANCES AND ELEVATIONS FROM STADIA READINGS.—(Continued)

Minutes	3°			4°			5°		
	Hor. Dist.	Hor. Cor.	Diff. Elev.	Hor. Dist.	Hor. Cor.	Diff. Elev.	Hor. Dist.	Hor. Cor.	Diff. Elev.
0.....	99.73	0.27	5.23	99.51	0.49	6.96	99.24	0.76	8.68
2.....	99.72	0.28	5.28	99.51	0.49	7.02	99.23	0.77	8.74
4.....	99.71	0.29	5.34	99.50	0.50	7.07	99.22	0.78	8.80
6.....	99.71	0.29	5.40	99.49	0.51	7.13	99.21	0.79	8.85
8.....	99.70	0.30	5.46	99.48	0.52	7.19	99.20	0.80	8.91
10.....	99.69	0.31	5.52	99.47	0.53	7.25	99.19	0.81	8.97
12.....	99.69	0.31	5.57	99.46	0.54	7.30	99.18	0.82	9.03
14.....	99.68	0.32	5.63	99.46	0.54	7.36	99.17	0.83	9.08
16.....	99.68	0.32	5.69	99.45	0.55	7.42	99.16	0.84	9.14
18.....	99.67	0.33	5.75	99.44	0.56	7.48	99.15	0.85	9.20
20.....	99.66	0.34	5.80	99.43	0.57	7.53	99.14	0.86	9.25
22.....	99.66	0.34	5.86	99.42	0.58	7.59	99.13	0.87	9.31
24.....	99.65	0.35	5.92	99.41	0.59	7.65	99.11	0.89	9.37
26.....	99.64	0.36	5.98	99.40	0.60	7.71	99.10	0.90	9.43
28.....	99.63	0.37	6.04	99.39	0.61	7.76	99.09	0.91	9.48
30.....	99.63	0.37	6.09	99.38	0.62	7.82	99.08	0.92	9.54
32.....	99.62	0.38	6.15	99.38	0.62	7.88	99.07	0.93	9.60
34.....	99.62	0.38	6.21	99.37	0.63	7.94	99.06	0.94	9.65
36.....	99.61	0.39	6.27	99.36	0.64	7.99	99.05	0.95	9.71
38.....	99.60	0.40	6.33	99.35	0.65	8.05	99.04	0.96	9.77
40.....	99.59	0.41	6.38	99.34	0.66	8.11	99.03	0.97	9.83
42.....	99.59	0.41	6.44	99.33	0.67	8.17	99.01	0.99	9.88
44.....	99.58	0.42	6.50	99.32	0.68	8.22	99.00	1.00	9.94
46.....	99.57	0.43	6.56	99.31	0.69	8.28	98.99	1.01	10.00
48.....	99.56	0.44	6.61	99.30	0.70	8.34	98.98	1.02	10.05
50.....	99.56	0.44	6.67	99.29	0.71	8.40	98.97	1.03	10.11
52.....	99.55	0.45	6.73	99.28	0.72	8.45	98.96	1.04	10.17
54.....	99.54	0.46	6.78	99.27	0.73	8.51	98.94	1.06	10.22
56.....	99.53	0.47	6.84	99.26	0.74	8.57	98.93	1.07	10.28
58.....	99.52	0.48	6.90	99.25	0.75	8.63	98.92	1.08	10.34
60.....	99.51	0.49	6.96	99.24	0.76	8.68	98.91	1.09	10.40
C = 0.75.....	0.75	0.00	0.05	0.75	0.00	0.06	0.75	0.00	0.07
C = 1.00.....	1.00	0.00	0.06	1.00	0.00	0.08	0.99	0.01	0.09
C = 1.25.....	1.25	0.00	0.08	1.25	0.00	0.10	1.24	0.01	0.11

TABLE IV¹.—HORIZONTAL DISTANCES AND ELEVATIONS FROM STADIA READINGS.—(Continued)

	6°			7°			8°		
Minutes	Hor. Dist.	Hor. Cor.	Diff. Elev.	Hor. Dist.	Hor. Cor.	Diff. Elev.	Hor. Dist.	Hor. Cor.	Diff. Elev.
0.....	98.91	1.09	10.40	98.51	1.49	12.10	98.06	1.94	13.78
2.....	98.90	1.10	10.45	98.50	1.50	12.15	98.05	1.95	13.84
4.....	98.88	1.12	10.51	98.48	1.52	12.21	98.03	1.97	13.89
6.....	98.87	1.13	10.57	98.47	1.53	12.26	98.01	1.99	13.95
8.....	98.86	1.14	10.62	98.46	1.54	12.32	98.00	2.00	14.01
10.....	98.85	1.15	10.68	98.44	1.56	12.38	97.98	2.02	14.06
12.....	98.83	1.17	10.74	98.43	1.57	12.43	97.97	2.03	14.12
14.....	98.82	1.18	10.79	98.41	1.59	12.49	97.95	2.05	14.17
16.....	98.81	1.19	10.85	98.40	1.60	12.55	97.93	2.07	14.23
18.....	98.80	1.20	10.91	98.39	1.61	12.60	97.92	2.08	14.28
20.....	98.78	1.22	10.96	98.37	1.63	12.66	97.90	2.10	14.34
22.....	98.77	1.23	11.02	98.36	1.64	12.72	97.88	2.12	14.40
24.....	98.76	1.24	11.08	98.34	1.66	12.77	97.87	2.13	14.45
26.....	98.74	1.26	11.13	98.33	1.67	12.83	97.85	2.15	14.51
28.....	98.73	1.27	11.19	98.31	1.69	12.88	97.83	2.17	14.56
30.....	98.72	1.28	11.25	98.29	1.71	12.94	97.82	2.18	14.62
32.....	98.71	1.29	11.30	98.28	1.72	13.00	97.80	2.20	14.67
34.....	98.69	1.31	11.36	98.27	1.73	13.05	97.78	2.22	14.73
36.....	98.68	1.32	11.42	98.25	1.75	13.11	97.76	2.24	14.79
38.....	98.67	1.33	11.47	98.24	1.76	13.17	97.75	2.25	14.84
40.....	98.65	1.35	11.53	98.22	1.78	13.22	97.73	2.27	14.90
42.....	98.64	1.36	11.59	98.20	1.80	13.28	97.71	2.29	14.95
44.....	98.63	1.37	11.64	98.19	1.81	13.33	97.69	2.31	15.01
46.....	98.61	1.39	11.70	98.17	1.83	13.39	97.68	2.32	15.06
48.....	98.60	1.40	11.76	98.16	1.84	13.45	97.66	2.34	15.12
50.....	98.58	1.42	11.81	98.14	1.86	13.50	97.64	2.36	15.17
52.....	98.57	1.43	11.87	98.13	1.87	13.56	97.62	2.38	15.23
54.....	98.56	1.44	11.93	98.11	1.89	13.61	97.61	2.39	15.28
56.....	98.54	1.46	11.98	98.10	1.90	13.67	97.59	2.41	15.34
58.....	98.53	1.47	12.04	98.08	1.92	13.73	97.57	2.43	15.40
60.....	98.51	1.49	12.10	98.06	1.94	13.78	97.55	2.45	15.45
C = 0.75.....	0.75	0.00	0.08	0.74	0.01	0.10	0.74	0.01	0.11
C = 1.00.....	0.99	0.01	0.11	0.99	0.01	0.13	0.99	0.01	0.15
C = 1.25.....	1.24	0.01	0.14	1.24	0.01	0.16	1.23	0.02	0.18

STADIA REDUCTION TABLE

TABLE IV'.—HORIZONTAL DISTANCES AND ELEVATIONS FROM STADIA READINGS.—(Continued)

	9°			10°			11°		
Minutes	Hor. Dist.	Hor. Cor.	Diff. Elev.	Hor. Dist.	Hor. Cor.	Diff. Elev.	Hor. Dist.	Hor. Cor.	Diff. Elev.
0.....	97.55	2.45	15.45	96.98	3.02	17.10	96.36	3.64	18.73
2.....	97.53	2.47	15.51	96.96	3.04	17.16	96.34	3.66	18.78
4.....	97.52	2.48	15.56	96.94	3.06	17.21	96.32	3.68	18.84
6.....	97.50	2.50	15.62	96.92	3.08	17.26	96.29	3.71	18.89
8.....	97.48	2.52	15.67	96.90	3.10	17.32	96.27	3.73	18.95
10.....	97.46	2.54	15.73	96.88	3.12	17.37	96.25	3.75	19.00
12.....	97.44	2.56	15.78	96.86	3.14	17.43	96.23	3.77	19.05
14.....	97.43	2.57	15.84	96.84	3.16	17.48	96.21	3.79	19.11
16.....	97.41	2.59	15.89	96.82	3.18	17.54	96.18	3.82	19.16
18.....	97.39	2.61	15.95	96.80	3.20	17.59	96.16	3.84	19.21
20.....	97.37	2.63	16.00	96.78	3.22	17.65	96.14	3.86	19.27
22.....	97.35	2.65	16.06	96.76	3.24	17.70	96.12	3.88	19.32
24.....	97.33	2.67	16.11	96.74	3.26	17.76	96.09	3.91	19.38
26.....	97.31	2.69	16.17	96.72	3.28	17.81	96.07	3.93	19.43
28.....	97.29	2.71	16.22	96.70	3.30	17.86	96.05	3.95	19.48
30.....	97.28	2.72	16.28	96.68	3.32	17.92	96.03	3.97	19.54
32.....	97.26	2.74	16.33	96.66	3.34	17.97	96.00	4.00	19.59
34.....	97.24	2.76	16.39	96.64	3.36	18.03	95.98	4.02	19.64
36.....	97.22	2.78	16.44	96.62	3.38	18.08	95.96	4.04	19.70
38.....	97.20	2.80	16.50	96.60	3.40	18.14	95.93	4.07	19.75
40.....	97.18	2.82	16.55	96.57	3.43	18.19	95.91	4.09	19.80
42.....	97.16	2.84	16.61	96.55	3.45	18.24	95.89	4.11	19.86
44.....	97.14	2.86	16.66	96.53	3.47	18.30	95.86	4.14	19.91
46.....	97.12	2.88	16.72	96.51	3.49	18.35	95.84	4.16	19.96
48.....	97.10	2.90	16.77	96.49	3.51	18.41	95.82	4.18	20.02
50.....	97.08	2.92	16.83	96.47	3.53	18.46	95.79	4.21	20.07
52.....	97.06	2.94	16.88	96.45	3.55	18.51	95.77	4.23	20.12
54.....	97.04	2.96	16.94	96.42	3.58	18.57	95.75	4.25	20.18
56.....	97.02	2.98	16.99	96.40	3.60	18.62	95.72	4.28	20.23
58.....	97.00	3.00	17.05	96.38	3.62	18.68	96.70	4.30	20.28
60.....	96.98	3.02	17.10	96.36	3.64	18.73	95.68	4.32	20.34
C = 0.75.....	0.74	0.01	0.12	0.74	0.01	0.14	0.73	0.02	0.15
C = 1.00.....	0.99	0.01	0.16	0.98	0.02	0.18	0.98	0.02	0.20
C = 1.25.....	1.23	0.02	0.21	1.23	0.02	0.23	1.22	0.03	0.25

TABLE IV¹.—HORIZONTAL DISTANCES AND ELEVATIONS FROM STADIA READINGS.—(Continued)

Minutes	12°			13°			14°		
	Hor. Dist.	Hor. Cor.	Diff. Elev.	Hor. Dist.	Hor. Cor.	Diff. Elev.	Hor. Dist.	Hor. Cor.	Diff. Elev.
0.....	95.68	4.32	20.34	94.94	5.06	21.92	94.15	5.85	23.47
2.....	95.65	4.35	20.39	94.91	5.09	21.97	94.12	5.88	23.52
4.....	95.63	4.37	20.44	94.89	5.11	22.02	94.09	5.91	23.58
6.....	95.61	4.39	20.50	94.86	5.14	22.08	94.07	5.93	23.63
8.....	95.58	4.42	20.55	94.84	5.16	22.13	94.04	5.96	23.68
10.....	95.56	4.44	20.60	94.81	5.19	22.18	94.01	5.99	23.73
12.....	95.53	4.47	20.66	94.79	5.21	22.23	93.98	6.02	23.78
14.....	95.51	4.49	20.71	94.76	5.24	22.28	93.95	6.05	23.83
16.....	95.49	4.51	20.76	94.73	5.27	22.34	93.93	6.07	23.88
18.....	95.46	4.54	20.81	94.71	5.29	22.39	93.90	6.10	23.93
20.....	95.44	4.56	20.87	94.68	5.32	22.44	93.87	6.13	23.99
22.....	95.41	4.59	20.92	94.66	5.34	22.49	93.84	6.16	24.04
24.....	95.39	4.61	20.97	94.63	5.37	22.54	93.81	6.19	24.09
26.....	95.36	4.64	21.03	94.60	5.40	22.60	93.79	6.21	24.14
28.....	95.34	4.66	21.08	94.58	5.42	22.65	93.76	6.24	24.19
30.....	95.32	4.68	21.13	94.55	5.45	22.70	93.73	6.27	24.24
32.....	95.29	4.71	21.18	94.52	5.48	22.75	93.70	6.30	24.29
34.....	95.27	4.73	21.24	94.50	5.50	22.80	93.67	6.33	24.34
36.....	95.24	4.76	21.29	94.47	5.53	22.85	93.65	6.35	24.39
38.....	95.22	4.78	21.34	94.44	5.56	22.91	93.62	6.38	24.44
40.....	95.19	4.81	21.39	94.42	5.58	22.96	93.59	6.41	24.49
42.....	95.17	4.83	21.45	94.39	5.61	23.01	93.56	6.44	24.55
44.....	95.14	4.86	21.50	94.36	5.64	23.06	93.53	6.47	24.60
46.....	95.12	4.88	21.55	94.34	5.66	23.11	93.50	6.50	24.65
48.....	95.09	4.91	21.60	94.31	5.69	23.16	93.47	6.53	24.70
50.....	95.07	4.93	21.66	94.28	5.72	23.22	93.45	6.55	24.75
52.....	95.04	4.96	21.71	94.26	5.74	23.27	93.42	6.58	24.80
54.....	95.02	4.98	21.76	94.23	5.77	23.32	93.39	6.61	24.85
56.....	94.99	5.01	21.81	94.20	5.80	23.37	93.36	6.64	24.90
58.....	94.97	5.03	21.87	94.17	5.83	23.42	93.33	6.67	24.95
60.....	94.94	5.06	21.92	94.15	5.85	23.47	93.30	6.70	25.00
C = 0.75.....	0.73	0.02	0.16	0.73	0.02	0.17	0.73	0.02	0.19
C = 1.00.....	0.98	0.02	0.22	0.97	0.03	0.23	0.97	0.03	0.25
C = 1.25.....	1.22	0.03	0.27	1.21	0.04	0.29	1.21	0.04	0.31

STADIA REDUCTION TABLE

TABLE IV¹.—HORIZONTAL DISTANCES AND ELEVATIONS FROM STADIA READINGS.—(Continued)

Minutes	15°			16°			17°		
	Hor. Dist.	Hor. Cor.	Diff. Elev.	Hor. Dist.	Hor. Cor.	Diff. Elev.	Hor. Dist.	Hor. Cor.	Diff. Elev.
0.....	93.30	6.70	25.00	92.40	7.60	26.50	91.45	8.55	27.96
2.....	93.27	6.73	25.05	92.37	7.63	26.55	91.42	8.58	28.01
4.....	93.24	6.76	25.10	92.34	7.66	26.59	91.39	8.61	28.06
6.....	93.21	6.79	25.15	92.31	7.69	26.64	91.35	8.65	28.10
8.....	93.18	6.82	25.20	92.28	7.72	26.69	91.32	8.68	28.15
10.....	93.16	6.84	25.25	92.25	7.75	26.74	91.29	8.71	28.20
12.....	93.13	6.87	25.30	92.22	7.78	26.79	91.26	8.74	28.25
14.....	93.10	6.90	25.35	92.19	7.81	26.84	91.22	8.78	28.30
16.....	93.07	6.93	25.40	92.15	7.85	26.89	91.19	8.81	28.34
18.....	93.04	6.96	25.45	92.12	7.88	26.94	91.16	8.84	28.39
20.....	93.01	6.99	25.50	92.09	7.91	26.99	91.12	8.88	28.44
22.....	92.98	7.02	25.55	92.06	7.94	27.04	91.09	8.91	28.49
24.....	92.95	7.05	25.60	92.03	7.97	27.09	91.06	8.94	28.54
26.....	92.92	7.08	25.65	92.00	8.00	27.13	91.02	8.98	28.58
28.....	92.89	7.11	25.70	91.97	8.03	27.18	90.99	9.01	28.63
30.....	92.86	7.14	25.75	91.93	8.07	27.23	90.96	9.04	28.68
32.....	92.83	7.17	25.80	91.90	8.10	27.28	90.92	9.08	28.73
34.....	92.80	7.20	25.85	91.87	8.13	27.33	90.89	9.11	28.77
36.....	92.77	7.23	25.90	91.84	8.16	27.38	90.86	9.14	28.82
38.....	92.74	7.26	25.95	91.81	8.19	27.43	90.82	9.18	28.87
40.....	92.71	7.29	26.00	91.77	8.23	27.48	90.79	9.21	28.92
42.....	92.68	7.32	26.05	91.74	8.26	27.52	90.76	9.24	28.96
44.....	92.65	7.35	26.10	91.71	8.29	27.57	90.72	9.28	29.01
46.....	92.62	7.38	26.15	91.68	8.32	27.62	90.69	9.31	29.06
48.....	92.59	7.41	26.20	91.65	8.35	27.67	90.66	9.34	29.11
50.....	92.56	7.44	26.25	91.61	8.39	27.72	90.62	9.38	29.15
52.....	92.53	7.47	26.30	91.58	8.42	27.77	90.59	9.41	29.20
54.....	92.49	7.51	26.35	91.55	8.45	27.81	90.55	9.45	29.25
56.....	92.46	7.54	26.40	91.52	8.48	27.86	90.52	9.48	29.30
58.....	92.43	7.57	26.45	91.48	8.52	27.91	90.48	9.52	29.34
60.....	92.40	7.60	26.50	91.45	8.55	27.96	90.45	9.55	29.39
C = 0.75.....	0.72	0.03	0.20	0.72	0.03	0.21	0.72	0.03	0.23
C = 1.00.....	0.96	0.04	0.27	0.96	0.04	0.28	0.95	0.05	0.30
C = 1.25.....	1.20	0.05	0.34	1.20	0.05	0.35	1.19	0.06	0.38

TABLE IV¹.—HORIZONTAL DISTANCES AND ELEVATIONS FROM STADIA READINGS.—(Continued)

Minutes	18°			19°			20°		
	Hor. Dist.	Hor. Cor.	Diff. Elev.	Hor. Dist.	Hor. Cor.	Diff. Elev.	Hor. Dist.	Hor. Cor.	Diff. Elev.
0.....	90.45	9.55	29.39	89.40	10.60	30.78	88.30	11.70	32.14
2.....	90.42	9.58	29.44	89.36	10.64	30.83	88.26	11.74	32.18
4.....	90.38	9.62	29.48	89.33	10.67	30.87	88.23	11.77	32.23
6.....	90.35	9.65	29.53	89.29	10.71	30.92	88.19	11.81	32.27
8.....	90.31	9.69	29.58	89.26	10.74	30.97	88.15	11.85	32.32
10.....	90.28	9.72	29.62	89.22	10.78	31.01	88.11	11.89	32.36
12.....	90.24	9.76	29.67	89.18	10.82	31.06	88.08	11.92	32.41
14.....	90.21	9.79	29.72	89.15	10.85	31.10	88.04	11.96	32.45
16.....	90.18	9.82	29.76	89.11	10.89	31.15	88.00	12.00	32.49
18.....	90.14	9.86	29.81	89.08	10.92	31.19	87.96	12.04	32.54
20.....	90.11	9.89	29.86	89.04	10.96	31.24	87.93	12.07	32.58
22.....	90.07	9.93	29.90	89.00	11.00	31.28	87.89	12.11	32.63
24.....	90.04	9.96	29.95	88.96	11.04	31.33	87.85	12.15	32.67
26.....	90.00	10.00	30.00	88.93	11.07	31.38	87.81	12.19	32.72
28.....	89.97	10.03	30.04	88.89	11.11	31.42	87.77	12.23	32.76
30.....	89.93	10.07	30.09	88.86	11.14	31.47	87.74	12.26	32.80
32.....	89.90	10.10	30.14	88.82	11.18	31.51	87.70	12.30	32.85
34.....	89.86	10.14	30.19	88.78	11.22	31.56	87.66	12.34	32.89
36.....	89.83	10.17	30.23	88.75	11.25	31.60	87.62	12.38	32.93
38.....	89.79	10.21	30.28	88.71	11.29	31.65	87.58	12.42	32.98
40.....	89.76	10.24	30.32	88.67	11.33	31.69	87.54	12.46	33.02
42.....	89.72	10.28	30.37	88.64	11.36	31.74	87.51	12.49	33.07
44.....	89.69	10.31	30.41	88.60	11.40	31.78	87.47	12.53	33.11
46.....	89.65	10.35	30.46	88.56	11.44	31.83	87.43	12.57	33.15
48.....	89.61	10.39	30.51	88.53	11.47	31.87	87.39	12.61	33.20
50.....	89.58	10.42	30.55	88.49	11.51	31.92	87.35	12.65	33.24
52.....	89.54	10.46	30.60	88.45	11.55	31.96	87.31	12.69	33.28
54.....	89.51	10.49	30.65	88.41	11.59	32.01	87.27	12.73	33.33
56.....	89.47	10.53	30.69	88.38	11.62	32.05	87.24	12.76	33.37
58.....	89.44	10.56	30.74	88.34	11.66	32.09	87.20	12.80	33.41
60.....	89.40	10.60	30.78	88.30	11.70	32.14	87.16	12.84	33.46
C = 0.75.....	0.71	0.04	0.24	0.71	0.04	0.25	0.70	0.05	0.26
C = 1.00.....	0.95	0.05	0.32	0.94	0.06	0.33	0.94	0.06	0.35
C = 1.25.....	1.19	0.06	0.40	1.18	0.07	0.42	1.17	0.08	0.44

TABLE IV¹.—HORIZONTAL DISTANCES AND ELEVATIONS FROM STADIA READINGS.—(Continued)

Minutes	21°			22°			23°		
	Hor. Dist.	Hor. Cor.	Diff. Elev.	Hor. Dist.	Hor. Cor.	Diff. Elev.	Hor. Dist.	Hor. Cor.	Diff. Elev.
0.....	87.16	12.84	33.46	85.97	14.03	34.73	84.73	15.27	35.97
2.....	87.12	12.88	33.50	85.93	14.07	34.77	84.69	15.31	36.01
4.....	87.08	12.92	33.54	85.89	14.11	34.82	84.65	15.35	36.05
6.....	87.04	12.96	33.59	85.85	14.15	34.86	84.61	15.39	36.09
8.....	87.00	13.00	33.63	85.80	14.20	34.90	84.57	15.43	36.13
10.....	86.96	13.04	33.67	85.76	14.24	34.94	84.52	15.48	36.17
12.....	86.92	13.08	33.72	85.72	14.28	34.98	84.48	15.52	36.21
14.....	86.88	13.12	33.76	85.68	14.32	35.02	84.44	15.56	36.25
16.....	86.84	13.16	33.80	85.64	14.36	35.07	84.40	15.60	36.29
18.....	86.80	13.20	33.84	85.60	14.40	35.11	84.35	15.65	36.33
20.....	86.77	13.23	33.89	85.56	14.44	35.15	84.31	15.69	36.37
22.....	86.73	13.27	33.93	85.52	14.48	35.19	84.27	15.73	36.41
24.....	86.69	13.31	33.97	85.48	14.52	35.23	84.23	15.77	36.45
26.....	86.65	13.35	34.01	85.44	14.56	35.27	84.18	15.82	36.49
28.....	86.61	13.39	34.06	85.40	14.60	35.31	84.14	15.86	36.53
30.....	86.57	13.43	34.10	85.36	14.64	35.36	84.10	15.90	36.57
32.....	86.53	13.47	34.14	85.31	14.69	35.40	84.06	15.94	36.61
34.....	86.49	13.51	34.18	85.27	14.73	35.44	84.01	15.99	36.65
36.....	86.45	13.55	34.23	85.23	14.77	35.48	83.97	16.03	36.69
38.....	86.41	13.59	34.27	85.19	14.81	35.52	83.93	16.07	36.73
40.....	86.37	13.63	34.31	85.15	14.85	35.56	83.89	16.11	36.77
42.....	86.33	13.67	34.35	85.11	14.89	35.60	83.84	16.16	36.80
44.....	86.29	13.71	34.40	85.07	14.93	35.64	83.80	16.20	36.84
46.....	86.25	13.75	34.44	85.02	14.98	35.68	83.76	16.24	36.88
48.....	86.21	13.79	34.48	84.98	15.02	35.72	83.72	16.28	36.92
50.....	86.17	13.83	34.52	84.94	15.06	35.76	83.67	16.33	36.96
52.....	86.13	13.87	34.57	84.90	15.10	35.80	83.63	16.37	37.00
54.....	86.09	13.91	34.61	84.86	15.14	35.85	83.59	16.41	37.04
56.....	86.05	13.95	34.65	84.82	15.18	35.89	83.54	16.46	37.08
58.....	86.01	13.99	34.69	84.77	15.23	35.93	83.50	16.50	37.12
60.....	85.97	14.03	34.73	84.73	15.27	35.97	83.46	16.54	37.16
C = 0.75.....	0.70	0.05	0.27	0.69	0.06	0.29	0.69	0.06	0.30
C = 1.00.....	0.93	0.07	0.37	0.92	0.08	0.38	0.92	0.08	0.40
C = 1.25.....	1.16	0.09	0.46	1.15	0.10	0.48	1.15	0.10	0.50

TABLE IV¹.—HORIZONTAL DISTANCES AND ELEVATIONS FROM STADIA READINGS.—(Continued)

Minutes	24°			25°			26°		
	Hor. Dist.	Hor. Cor.	Diff. Elev.	Hor. Dist.	Hor. Cor.	Diff. Elev.	Hor. Dist.	Hor. Cor.	Diff. Elev.
0.....	83.46	16.54	37.16	82.14	17.86	38.30	80.78	19.22	39.40
2.....	83.41	16.59	37.20	82.09	17.91	38.34	80.74	19.26	39.44
4.....	83.37	16.63	37.23	82.05	17.95	38.38	80.69	19.31	39.47
6.....	83.33	16.67	37.27	82.01	17.99	38.41	80.65	19.35	39.51
8.....	83.28	16.72	37.31	81.96	18.04	38.45	80.60	19.40	39.54
10.....	83.24	16.76	37.35	81.92	18.08	38.49	80.55	19.45	39.58
12.....	83.20	16.80	37.39	81.87	18.13	38.53	80.51	19.49	39.61
14.....	83.15	16.85	37.43	81.83	18.17	38.56	80.46	19.54	39.65
16.....	83.11	16.89	37.47	81.78	18.22	38.60	80.41	19.59	39.69
18.....	83.07	16.93	37.51	81.74	18.26	38.64	80.37	19.63	39.72
20.....	83.02	16.98	37.54	81.69	18.31	38.67	80.32	19.68	39.76
22.....	82.98	17.02	37.58	81.65	18.35	38.71	80.28	19.72	39.79
24.....	82.93	17.07	37.62	81.60	18.40	38.75	80.23	19.77	39.83
26.....	82.89	17.11	37.66	81.56	18.44	38.78	80.18	19.82	39.86
28.....	82.85	17.15	37.70	81.51	18.49	38.82	80.14	19.86	39.90
30.....	82.80	17.20	37.74	81.47	18.53	38.86	80.09	19.91	39.93
32.....	82.76	17.24	37.77	81.42	18.58	38.89	80.04	19.96	39.97
34.....	82.72	17.28	37.81	81.38	18.62	38.93	80.00	20.00	40.00
36.....	82.67	17.33	37.85	81.33	18.67	38.97	79.95	20.05	40.04
38.....	82.63	17.37	37.89	81.28	18.72	39.00	79.90	20.10	40.07
40.....	82.58	17.42	37.93	81.24	18.76	39.04	79.86	20.14	40.11
42.....	82.54	17.46	37.96	81.19	18.81	39.08	79.81	20.19	40.14
44.....	82.49	17.51	38.00	81.15	18.85	39.11	79.76	20.24	40.18
46.....	82.45	17.55	38.04	81.10	18.90	39.15	79.72	20.28	40.21
48.....	82.41	17.59	38.08	81.06	18.94	39.18	79.67	20.33	40.24
50.....	82.36	17.64	38.11	81.01	18.99	39.22	79.62	20.38	40.28
52.....	82.32	17.68	38.15	80.97	19.03	39.26	79.58	20.42	40.31
54.....	82.27	17.73	38.19	80.92	19.08	39.29	79.53	20.47	40.35
56.....	82.23	17.77	38.23	80.87	19.13	39.33	79.48	20.52	40.38
58.....	82.18	17.82	38.26	80.83	19.17	39.36	79.44	20.56	40.42
60.....	82.14	17.86	38.30	80.78	19.22	39.40	79.39	20.61	40.45
C = 0.75.....	0.68	0.07	0.31	0.68	0.07	0.32	0.67	0.08	0.33
C = 1.00.....	0.91	0.09	0.41	0.90	0.10	0.43	0.89	0.11	0.45
C = 1.25.....	1.14	0.11	0.52	1.13	0.12	0.54	1.12	0.13	0.56

STADIA REDUCTION TABLE

TABLE IV¹.—HORIZONTAL DISTANCES AND ELEVATIONS FROM STADIA READINGS.—(Continued)

Minutes	27°			28°		
	Hor. Dist.	Hor. Cor.	Diff. Elev.	Hor. Dist.	Hor. Cor.	Diff. Elev.
0.....	79.39	20.61	40.45	77.96	22.04	41.45
2.....	79.34	20.66	40.49	77.91	22.09	41.48
4.....	79.30	20.70	40.52	77.86	22.14	41.52
6.....	79.25	20.75	40.55	77.81	22.19	41.55
8.....	79.20	20.80	40.59	77.77	22.23	41.58
10.....	79.15	20.85	40.62	77.72	22.28	41.61
12.....	79.11	20.89	40.66	77.67	22.33	41.65
14.....	79.06	20.94	40.69	77.62	22.38	41.68
16.....	79.01	20.99	40.72	77.57	22.43	41.71
18.....	78.96	21.04	40.76	77.52	22.48	41.74
20.....	78.92	21.08	40.79	77.48	22.52	41.77
22.....	78.87	21.13	40.82	77.43	22.57	41.81
24.....	78.82	21.18	40.86	77.38	22.62	41.84
26.....	78.77	21.23	40.89	77.33	22.67	41.87
28.....	78.73	21.27	40.92	77.28	22.72	41.90
30.....	78.68	21.32	40.96	77.23	22.77	41.93
32.....	78.63	21.37	40.99	77.18	22.82	41.97
34.....	78.58	21.42	41.02	77.13	22.87	42.00
36.....	78.54	21.46	41.06	77.09	22.91	42.03
38.....	78.49	21.51	41.09	77.04	22.96	42.06
40.....	78.44	21.56	41.12	76.99	23.01	42.09
42.....	78.39	21.61	41.16	76.94	23.06	42.12
44.....	78.34	21.66	41.19	76.89	23.11	42.15
46.....	78.30	21.70	41.22	76.84	23.16	42.19
48.....	78.25	21.75	41.26	76.79	23.21	42.22
50.....	78.20	21.80	41.29	76.74	23.26	42.25
52.....	78.15	21.85	41.32	76.69	23.31	42.28
54.....	78.10	21.90	41.35	76.64	23.36	42.31
56.....	78.06	21.94	41.39	76.59	23.41	42.34
58.....	78.01	21.99	41.42	76.55	23.45	42.37
60.....	77.96	22.04	41.45	76.50	23.50	42.40
C = 0.75.....	0.66	0.09	0.35	0.66	0.09	0.36
C = 1.00.....	0.89	0.11	0.46	0.88	0.12	0.48
C = 1.25.....	1.11	0.14	0.58	1.10	0.15	0.60

TABLE IV¹.—HORIZONTAL DISTANCES AND ELEVATIONS FROM STADIA READINGS.—(Concluded)

Minutes	29°			30°		
	Hor. Dist.	Hor. Cor.	Diff. Elev.	Hor. Dist.	Hor. Cor.	Diff. Elev.
0.....	76.50	23.50	42.40	75.00	25.00	43.30
2.....	76.45	23.55	42.43	74.95	25.05	43.33
4.....	76.40	23.60	42.46	74.90	25.10	43.36
6.....	76.35	23.65	42.49	74.85	25.15	43.39
8.....	76.30	23.70	42.53	74.80	25.20	43.42
10.....	76.25	23.75	42.56	74.75	25.25	43.45
12.....	76.20	23.80	42.59	74.70	25.30	43.47
14.....	76.15	23.85	42.62	74.65	25.35	43.50
16.....	76.10	23.90	42.65	74.60	25.40	43.53
18.....	76.05	23.95	42.68	74.55	25.45	43.56
20.....	76.00	24.00	42.71	74.49	25.51	43.59
22.....	75.95	24.05	42.74	74.44	25.56	43.62
24.....	75.90	24.10	42.77	74.39	25.61	43.65
26.....	75.85	24.15	42.80	74.34	25.66	43.67
28.....	75.80	24.20	42.83	74.29	25.71	43.70
30.....	75.75	24.25	42.86	74.24	25.76	43.73
32.....	75.70	24.30	42.89	74.19	25.81	43.76
34.....	75.65	24.35	42.92	74.14	25.86	43.79
36.....	75.60	24.40	42.95	74.09	25.91	43.82
38.....	75.55	24.45	42.98	74.04	25.96	43.84
40.....	75.50	24.50	43.01	73.99	26.01	43.87
42.....	75.45	24.55	43.04	73.93	26.07	43.90
44.....	75.40	24.60	43.07	73.88	26.12	43.93
46.....	75.35	24.65	43.10	73.83	26.17	43.95
48.....	75.30	24.70	43.13	73.78	26.22	43.98
50.....	75.25	24.75	43.16	73.73	26.27	44.01
52.....	75.20	24.80	43.18	73.68	26.32	44.04
54.....	75.15	24.85	43.21	73.63	26.37	44.07
56.....	75.10	24.90	43.24	73.58	26.42	44.09
58.....	75.05	24.95	43.27	73.52	26.48	44.12
60.....	75.00	25.00	43.30	73.47	26.53	44.15
C = 0.75.....	0.65	0.10	0.37	0.65	0.10	0.38
C = 1.00.....	0.87	0.13	0.49	0.86	0.14	0.51
C = 1.25.....	1.09	0.16	0.62	1.08	0.17	0.64

¹ In part from "Theory and Practice of Surveying," by Prof. J. B. Johnson; John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York.

LIST OF VISUAL AIDS

The following visual aids may be found useful in presenting the material covered in this text. These filmstrips can be obtained from the source listed or in many cases they can be borrowed from your nearest film library.

FILMSTRIPS

Army Pictorial Service, Motion Picture Branch, The Pentagon, Washington 25, D. C.

Surveying: Measuring and Leveling (FS 5-76).

Surveying: Traversing (FS 5-77).

Surveying: Building and Utility Lay-out (FS 5-78).

The Transit, Part 1: Description Setup and Leveling (FS 6-33).

The Transit, Part 2: Verniers (FS 6-34).

The Use of the Transit (FS 4-192).

The Transit Traverse: Organization and Duties of the Party (FS 4-195).

W. & L. E. Gurley, Troy, N. Y.

The Construction of the Engineer's Transit

The Transit, Its Care, Cleaning and Lubrication

DISPLAYS, CHARTS AND LITHOGRAPHS

Keuffel & Esser Co., Adams and Third Sts., Hoboken, N. J.

Vernier Display (A large board with movable parts showing the operation of several straight verniers and one transit vernier.)

C. L. Berger & Sons, Inc., 37 Williams St., Boston 19, Mass.

Surveying Instruments (A chart showing enlarged cross sectional views of Surveying Instruments.)

Buff & Buff Mfg. Co., Jamaica Plain, Mass.

A Transit (A large colored lithograph of a transit.)

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